



Annual Report 2021

Driving
GROWTH,
Enhancing
PERFORMANCE

# Driving GROWTH, Enhancing PERFORMANCE

At Millat Tractors, we believe in delivering performance above anything else. With our time tested products and dynamic team, we have paved the way for high growth with performance even in difficult time's. Over the last couple of years with Covid19 Pandemic, we have continually strived to develop cost-effective solutions – that not only fulfill the technological demands of the farming community, but also provide empowering opportunities for the community at large strived

#### **KEY FIGURES**











#### **CHRONICLES**

1964

Company established CBU Import (MF Tractors)

1965

Assembly of tractors from SKD

1972

Nationalization

1973

Licensing and transfer of Technology Agreement with MF, UK

1973

Licensing and transfer of Technology Agreement with Perkins, UK

1982

Inauguration of Engine Assembly Plant (Perkins Engines) 1984

Inauguration of Machining Plant

1990

Perkins distributor Agreement

1992

Privatization through Employee Buyout

1992

Inauguration of New Tractor Assembly Plant (MF Design)

1993

Bolan Castings Ltd Buyout

1994

Mass Production of Generating Sets.

Millat Equipment Ltd established.

1998

1994

ISO 9002 Certification Achieved

2000

Licensing Agreement – Heli Forklift Trucks (China)

2002

Quality Management System Upgraded to ISO 9001:2000

2002

Millat Industrial Products Ltd established.

2011

Record tractor production of 42,188 and sale of 42,011

2012

TIPEG Inter-trade DMCC, UAE established

2015

Export Agreement with AGCO

2017

- Business Partnership Agreement with IFS

- Development of Emission Compliant Euro II Engines

2018

- Diversification by investment in Hyundai Nishat Motors (Pvt.) Limited

- Highest ever sales of 42,708 and production of 42,507 units achieved

2019

Operations started byIFS segment
 4WD Models of MF-360 and MF-375 launched for exports

2020

Export of over 1,000 tractor units

2021

Export of over 2,000 tractor units

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**GROUP FINANCIAL** 

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#### COMPANY OVERVIEW

Millat Tractors Limited (MTL), an ISO 9001:2008 certified company is Pakistan's leading engineering concern in the automobile sector engaged in the manufacturing and marketing of the world renowned Massey Ferguson (MF) tractors under licensing agreement with AGCO Ltd. UK; Forklift Trucks under license from Anhui Forklift Trucks, China; Prime Movers; Diesel Generating Sets and a range of allied agricultural and industrial implements.

Millat Tractors has played a pivotal role in transfer of technology and transformation of fledgling local light engineering sector into a robust, vibrant, quality conscious Auto Vending Industry. The Company is regarded as a pioneer in setting up country's automotive vendor base. Today, a local content of more than 90% has been achieved in Massey Ferguson tractors. The company offers eight tractor models in the range of 50 hp -100 hp, diesel gen sets of capacities -12.5kVA to 150 kVA and a 3 and 4 ton forklift truck.



#### GROUP STRUCTURE



#### MILLAT EQUIPMENT LIMITED

Millat Equipment Limited, was incorporated as a private limited company under the repealed Companies Ordinance 1984 (Repealed with the enactment of the Companies Act, 2017 on May 30, 2017), and was converted into an unlisted public limited company on April 20, 2004 is a subsidiary of Millat Tractors Limited which holds 45% of the company's equity. The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing of automotive, agricultural and industrial vehicles, parts and components thereof. The registered office of the Company is situated at Sheikhupura Road, Lahore and the manufacturing facility of is situated at 10 km Raiwind Road. Lahore.

#### TIPEG INTERTRADE DMCC

TIPEG Intertrade DMCC, a limited liability company registered with Dubai Multi Commodities Centre (DMCC) Authority, is a subsidiary of Millat Tractors Limited which holds 75% of the company's equity. The principal place of business of the company is located at Jumeirah Lake Towers, Dubai-UAE. The company is formed for trading of machinery and heavy equipment and registered office of the company is situated at Unit No.705, Fortune Executive Tower, Jumeirah lake Towers, Dubai. United Arab Emirates.

#### MILLAT INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS LIMITED

Millat Industrial Products Limited (MIPL), an unlisted public company registered under the Companies Ordinance 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017), is a subsidiary of Millat Tractors Limited which holds 64.09% of the company's equity. MIPL is engaged in the business of manufacturing of industrial, domestic and vehicular batteries, cells and components. The geographical location and address of the Company's business units, including mills/plant is as under: The registered office of the company is situated at 8.8 km, Lahore- Sheikhupura Road, Shahdara, Lahore

The manufacturing facility of the company is located at 49 km., off Multan Road, Bhai Pheru, Distt. Kasur.

#### BOLAN CASTINGS LIMITED

Bolan Castings Limited (BCL), a public limited company incorporated in Pakistan under the repealed Companies Ordinance 1984 (now the Companies Act), and listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange, is a subsidiary of Millat Tractors Limited which holds 46.26% of the company's equity. BCL is engaged in the business of manufacturing of castings for tractors and automotive parts thereof. The geographical location and address of the Company's business unit, including plant is RCD Highway, Hub Chowki, District Lasbela, Balochistan, Pakistan.

#### FINANCIAL **HIGHLIGHTS**



Revenue from Contract with customers

2020

22,942

Rs. in Million

43,954



**Profit After Tax** 

2020

2,151

Rs. in Million

5,781



No. of Outstanding Shares

2020

(000's)

56,058 49,829



Earning per Share

Basic and Diluted

2020

38.36

103.12



Dividend

2020

Rs. / Share 100

50



**Dividend Payout** 

2020 130.34 Percentage

96.97



Long Term Investments

2020

2.040

Rs. in Million

6,199



**Total Current Assets** 

2020

7,782

17,481



Shareholder's Equity

**2020** 4,072

Rs. in Million

9,093



Return on Capital Employed

**2020** 84.44

Percentage

139.45



**Current Ratio** 

**2020** 1.22:1

Times

1.20:1



Debt : Equity

**2020** 0.03:100 Times

0.03:100



**Market Capitalization** 

(Year End)
2020
35,187

Rs. in Million

60,521



**Market Captalization** 

(Year End)
2020
209

US \$ in Million

382



Price to Earning Ratio

**2020** 18.41

10.47

Times



Net Assets per Share

**2020** 81.72

Hs

162.20

# CORPORATE INFORMATION

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### Chairman

Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan

#### **Chief Executive**

Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel

#### **Directors**

Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari Mian Muhammad Saleem Mr. Saad Iqbal Mrs. Ambreen Waheed

Mr. Ahsan Imran Shaikh

#### **Company Secretary**

Mr. Muhammad Faisal Azeem

#### **Chief Financial Officer**

Mr. Sohail A. Nisar

#### **Auditors**

M/s. A. F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants

#### **Legal Advisors**

Riaa Barker Gillete Akhtar Ali & Associates Ch. Law Associates Inn

#### **Company Share Registrar**

M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Ltd., 1st Floor, H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore.

Tel: 042-37235081-82 Fax: 042-37358817

E-mail: shares@hmaconsultants.com

#### **Bankers**

Bank Alfalah Ltd.
Habib Bank Ltd.
MCB Bank Ltd.
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Ltd.
United Bank Ltd.
Allied Bank Ltd.
Meezan Bank Ltd.

#### REGISTERED OFFICE AND PLANT

9 - km Sheikhupura Road, Distt. Sheikhupura. Tel: 042-37911021-25,

UAN: 111-200-786

Fax: 042-37924166, 37925835 Website: www.millat.com.pk E-mail: info@millat.com.pk

#### **REGIONAL OFFICES**

#### Karachi

3-A, Faiyaz Centre, Sindhi Muslim Co-operative Housing Society, Karachi

Tel: 021-34553752 UAN: 111-200-786 Fax: 021-34556321

#### Islamabad

H. No. 22, St. No. 41, Sector F-6/1, Islamabad Tel: 051-2271470

UAN: 111-200-786 Fax: 051-2270693

#### Multan Cantt.

Garden Town, (Daulatabad), Shershah Road, Multan - Cantt. Tel: 061-6537371

Fax: 061-6539271

#### Sukkur

House No B/106 Akuwat Nagar Society, Near Gol Masjid, Airport Road, Sukkur

Tel: 071-5815041 Fax: 071-5815042

# OBJECTIVES & STRATEGIC PLANNING

#### **OBJECTIVES**

Constantly endeavour to be market leader in terms of market share and technology pace-setters in areas of operations and to continuously improve efficiency and competitive strength. To offer customers quality products and support services at competitive prices and to their satisfaction.

By continuously improving performance, aim to generate earnings sufficient to ensure a secure future for the Company and to protect and increase shareholders' return. To enhance creativity and job satisfaction, provide employees opportunity for personal development. Be an integral part of national economy with a strong sense of responsibility to society and the environment.

#### STRATEGIC PLANNING

To make optimum use of ancillary industry in Pakistan to maximize indigenization of tractor parts and farm equipment. To create in-house plant facilities for manufacture of components for tractors and other agricultural machinery which cannot be fabricated by the ancillary industry, where investments required are heavy or where technology involved is intricate.

MTL will maintain a strong R&D Department to provide technical assistance to local manufacturers and for product development. Ensure customer satisfaction by providing quality products at competitive prices which warranty coverage and ensuring after sale service.

#### CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company's Code of Conduct conforms to the Millat Group Vision and the Company's Mission Statement.

The Code of Conduct defines the expected behaviors for all employees of Millat Tractors Limited (MTL). MTL will conduct its business fairly, impartially, in an ethical and proper manner, in full compliance with all applicable laws and regulations, and consistent with the values of the Company, Integrity must be ensured in all Company business relationships, including those with customers, suppliers, shareholders, other communities and among employees. The highest standards of ethical business conduct are required of employees in the performance of their responsibilities. Employees will not engage in any conduct or activity that may raise doubts to the honesty, impartiality and reputation of the organization or result in embarrassment to the Company.

Every employee of the Company will ensure that he/she:

 Will not engage in any activity that might create a conflict of interest for him/her or MTL. Conflict of interest shall be disclosed where it exists and guidance sought.

- Will not take advantage of his/her position for personal gain through the inappropriate use of Company name or non-public information or abuse of position.
- Will refrain from insider trading.
- Will follow all restrictions on use and disclosure of information. This includes protecting Company's information and ensuring that non-company proprietary information is used and disclosed only as authorized by the owner of the information or as otherwise permitted by law and abide by the employee non-disclosure & confidentiality undertaking already signed by him/her.
- Will observe fair dealing in all of his/her transactions and interactions.
- Will protect all assets of the Company and use them only for appropriate Company-approved activities.
- Without exception, will comply with all statutory applicable laws, regulations, company policies and rules etc.

### CORE VALUES

- Our Customers are our first priority
- Profitability for the prosperity of our stakeholders that allows us to constantly invest, improve and succeed.
- Corporate Social Responsibilities to Enrich the Lives of community where we operate.
- Recognition and Reward for the talented and high performing employees.
- Excellence in every thing we do.
- Integrity in all our dealings.
- Respect for our customers and each other.



# HEALTH, SAFETY & ENVIRONMENT POLICY

#### SAFFTY POLICY

All the employees have been provided appropriate safety equipment during performance of their duties.

An upgraded fire fighting system has been installed to cope with any mishap.

All the machinery has been fenced and guarded properly to avoid any type of accident causing injury to the employees as well as to the machinery.

Special arrangements have been made for the availability of filtered drinking water for the employees.

All the employees are insured under Group Life Insurance Scheme.

Regular safety inspections are carried out to improve the preparedness.

Safety fire drills & other exercises are carried out periodically to keep employees prepared for any unforeseen incident.

#### **HEALTH POLICY**

MTL is committed to managing its operations and ensuring the safety and health of its employees, visitors, contractors, customers, vendors and all those who are affected by its operations.

While striving to achieve health and safety excellence, MTL commits:

 To provide premises, plant, equipment and work instructions that are free from all kinds of health and safety risks

- To carry out comprehensive risk assessment and mitigate any potential threat to health and safety of employees
- To maintain high standards of health and safety wherever possible and keep measurable standards and improvement plans
- To comply with all applicable health & safety codes, National legislation and International regulatory requirements
- To evaluate risks before commencement of new activities or starting operations in new locations
- To communicate the health and safety policy to all stakeholders including employees, visitors, vendors and customers
- To train its employees on health and safety standards so that everyone takes the responsibility of safe operations and stands accountable for unsafe actions
- To investigate and report all incidents/ near misses and ensure corrective actions to avoid recurrence
- To drive safety culture emphasizing on collective participation and excellence

#### ENVIRONMENT POLICY

The Company has a separate horticulture department to make the environment pleasant, green and full of flowers. The Company also participates in various competitions on horticulture arranged by Government and other Institutions.

# POSITION OF THE ORGANIZATION WITHIN THE VALUE CHAIN

Millat Tractors Limited in an assembler of agricultural tractors, implements, forklifts, generators and multi-application products. The raw material is procured from local and international vendors and the company employs around 346 permanent personnel.



Once the raw material is procured, value addition and assembly is done in-house to deliver the best tractors to its customers. Therefore, Pre Delivery Inspection (PDI) and continuous after-sales service are integral part of our operations.



Value Addition, Assembly and Quality Assurance



Pre - Delivery Inspection



Hand-Over to Dealers



After-Sales Service



#### **PESTLE ANALYSIS**

Factors	Description	Change during the year	Response	
Political	Political situation and its stability effect other factors which in turn effect your company	Political situation has somewhat stabilized during the year but uncertainty still persists for this Government which results in lack of long term planning	Periodical review of the situation to assess impact, If any and adjust its business policies to address these risks.	
Economical	Inflation , Currency devaluation, Economic growth and economic stability directly affect purchasing power of customers which can impact supply / demand factors	-Overall recovery in the economy -Increase in Minimum support price of agricultural products -Increase of agricultural output of major crops	Increased the production of tractors to cope with the increased demand and increase its market share and also place its footprint in global market as well.	
Social	A change in brand perception, loyalty or how a customer sees a certain product can greatly affect performance of a company	Emphasis on quality and greater value for money	Free service campaigns and emphasis on "Right-First-Time" analogy to deliver quality products	

Factors	Description	Change during the year	Response
Technological	Rapid change in technological landscape requires constant upkeep otherwise product(s) may become obsolete or outdated	No significant change as farmers are usually content with proven technology	Continuous research and development coupled with launch of new products
Legal	Tax and regulatory measures can have a significant impact on how a company operates and presents its financial and legal information	Significant updates in tax and regulatory laws like; -Taxation laws -Labour related laws -SBP regulations	Continuous review of compliance with legal, regulatory and reporting requirements
Ecological	Global warming, availability of water and shift in seasons are impacting agriculture significantly which can have a significant impact on the company's performance	Crop yield has increased due to favorable conditions for the major crops and more focus of regulators towards environmental protection such as plantation drives.	Focus on sustainable and eco- friendly measures to reduce environmental impact and reduce its carbon footprint by installing 998 KW solar energy system



#### Strengths

- Market leader
- Comprehensive 3S and 2S dealer network throughout the country
- Partnership with AGCO for technology and expertise sharing
- A vast vendor-ship network for procurement of supplies



#### Weaknesses

- Limited Diversification
- Quality and reliability of the Supply Chain



#### SWOT ANALYSIS



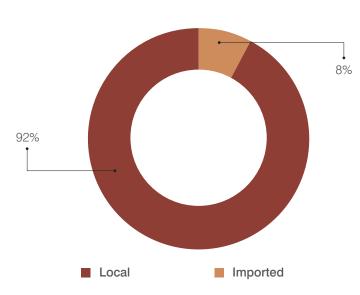
#### Opportunities

- Expand export market by increasing presence in Africa and Middle East
- Increase market share by expanding spare parts sales
- Farm mechanization

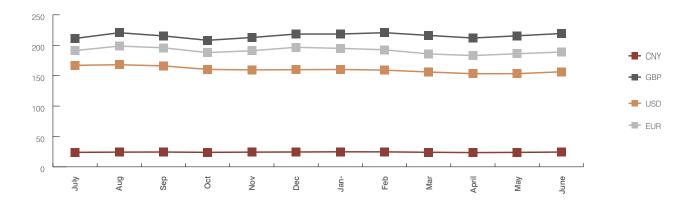
#### **Threats**

- Global warming
- Inflation and currency devaluation

# COMPOSITION OF LOCAL VERSUS IMPORTED MATERIAL AND SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS



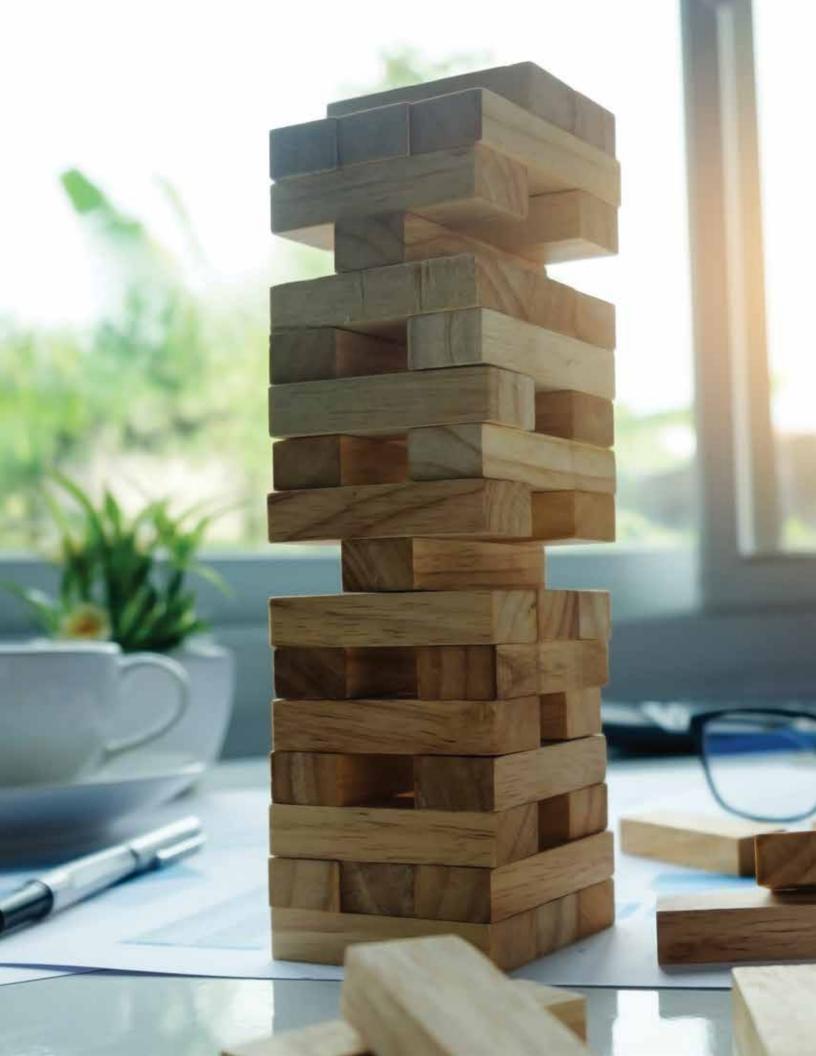
Average composition of raw material for products manufactured by the company is as above. However, most of the base raw materials for local components are indirectly imported by vendors resulting in exposure to foreign currency. The fluctuation in major foreign currencies during the year is as presented in the below graph.



USD, the major foreign currency for international trade, has weakened (6%) against PKR during the year because of lowest current account deficit, highest ever workers remittance, high exports and rising foreign currency reserves of Pakistan. This has led to a stable USD exchange rate for most part of the year after attaining its market-based exchange rate.

However, after year-end PKR has been devaluing against USD owing to significant increase in import bill and there is an uncertainty regarding future movement.

The Company is actively monitoring its exposure and since no hedging options are available, selling prices will be adjusted as and when needed to maintain profitability.





# STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

#### LONG TERM OBJECTIVES

- Constantly endeavor to be market leader in terms of market share
- Technology pace-setters in areas of operations
- Continuously improve efficiency and competitive strength.
- Offer customers quality products and support services at competitive prices and customer satisfaction.
- Ensure sustainability of company returns to shareholders
- Enhance creativity and job satisfaction
- Provide employees opportunity for personal development.
- Be an integral part of national economy with a strong sense of responsibility to society and the environment.

#### MEDIUM AND SHORT-TERM OBJECTIVES

- Increase export market share
- Ensure safe navigation in these testing waters
- Secure working capital requirements by effective cash flow management
- Ensure employee retention
- Safeguard shareholders' return

#### STRATEGIC PLAN

Millat Tractors Limited will ensure its facilities and operations are state of the art and enabled with latest technology to



deliver quality products at optimum price point. In order to achieve this, the company will continue to invest in its employees and technology.

Support to vendor industry will continue even more so in these times. The company will continue to enable them through technological and financial support. The company also plans to work closely with those charged with governance of this country to ensure maximum wealth creation for all stakeholders.

#### LIQUIDITY ANALYSIS

Given the current situation under global pandemic of COVID-19, it is important to discuss and assure our stakeholders of the company's liquidity position. During the year, sales of the Company has increased significantly which resulted in favorable cash flows to the Company. The Company has managed to effectively use these funds and also provide support to fellow vendors industry in these testing times.

However, during the year Sales tax refunds of the Company have ballooned up-to Rs 4.59 Billion which is creating problems for the Company with the increased activity level. Management of the Company is actively pursuing this matter at every possible forum so that operations of your Company are not disturbed.

#### SIGNIFICANT PLANS

The company aims to expand its global outreach by expanding its export operations and focus on diversification through providing IT-enabled solutions. The immediate goal is to keep the company secure with aspect to the global pandemic and ensure safety and well-being of all stakeholders and employees.

#### CHANGES IN OBJECTIVES

There has been no significant change in strategy and objectives from prior years other than those caused by the global pandemic.



# KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

#### QUANTITATIVE



Tractors
Units Sold



**Export** Sales



Earnings per Share



Market Share

#### **QUALITATIVE**



Warranty Claims



**Employee** Retention



Right-First-Time Build



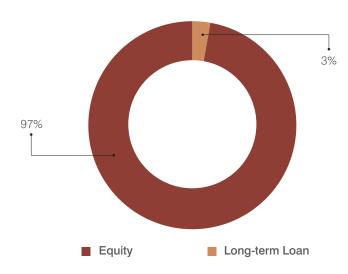
Compliance of Laws & Regulations

#### RESOURCE ALLOCATION PLANS

Human	Financial	Manufactured	Intangible	Relationship
Capital	Capital	Capital	Capital	Capital
<ul> <li>Annual performance appraisals</li> <li>On-job training and development</li> </ul>	Continuous monitoring of working capital requirement     Investment of surplus funds to generate additional income     No long-term financing requirements	Right-first-time manufacturing concept  Strong affiliation with AGCO and Massey Ferguson to develop quality and cost effective tractors  Diversification through other products such as forklifts, power generators, implements and multi-application products	Development of in-house and independent IT-service provider     Partnership with International Financial Solutions (IFS) to develop Oracle based ERP	<ul> <li>Cordial relationship with all supply chain stakeholders</li> <li>Liasion and cooperationg with government</li> <li>Compliance with laws and regulations</li> <li>Sustainable growth of the Community by providing job opportunities for local population</li> </ul>

The company periodically reviews its plans to effectively and efficiently utilize its available resources as outlined above. The senior management is aggressively involved in monitoring and supervision of day to day activities to ensure accurate and appropriate actions.

#### CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY



The company relied completely on equity to finance its operations and does not hold any long-term loans except for State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) long term financing facilities of

- Refinance Scheme for Payment of Wages and Salaries to Workers and Employees of Business Concerns and;
- renewable energy finance scheme





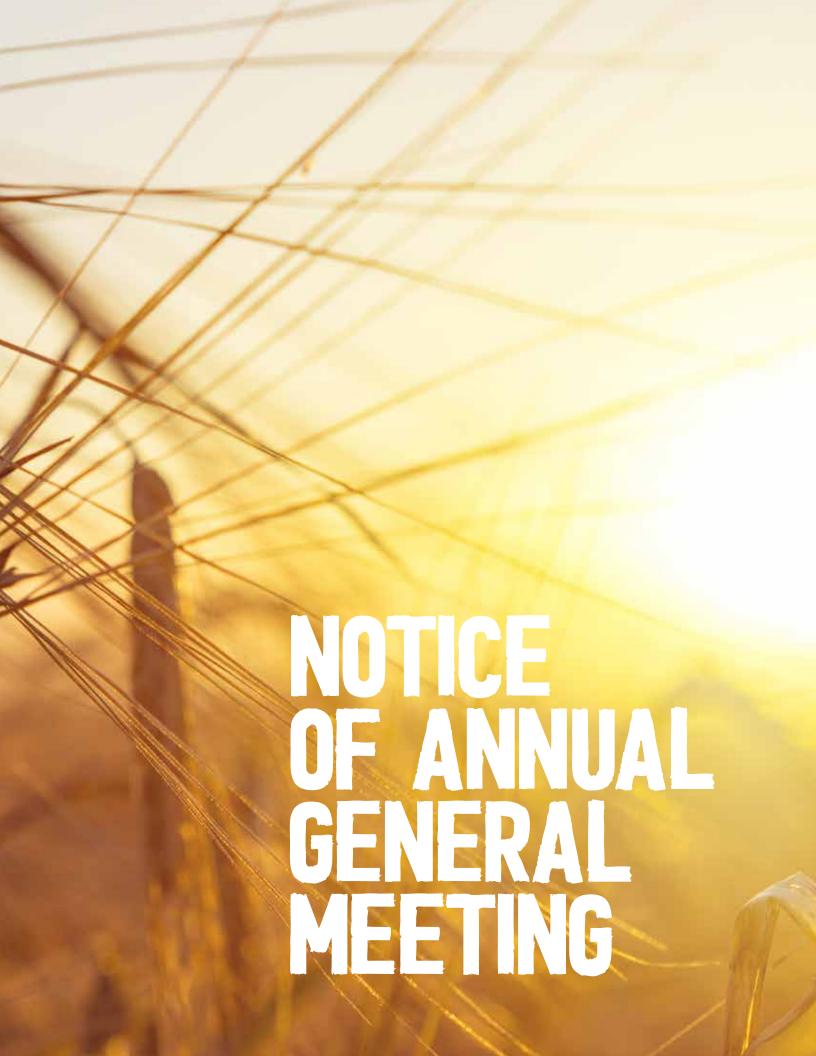
# RISKS AND OPPORTUNITIES

Risks	Source	Magnitude	Chance of occurrence	Plan to address
COVID-19  COVID-19 has caused havoc on local and global economy since the beginning of calendar year 2020. The Government of Pakistan has managed to curtail the adverse effects of the ongoing pandemic on overall economy through different support measures. However, there is a significant risk that business performance and operations will be affected and result in declining sales / profitability.  Liquidity Risk  The Company is in net sales tax refund due to lower output tax rate on its products. Delay in the release of sales tax refunds may create liquidity issues for the Company which will hamper its operations.	External	High	Medium	1. Follow of Standard Operating Procedures issued by Federal and Provincial government to ensure safety of everyone and minimal disruption to business processes  2. Periodic review of business performance to devise a mitigating plan, if necessary  3. Ensure that supply chain management is not affected by the ongoing restrictions around the World.  1. Timely compliance of the requirements of laws and regulations to avoid delay in processing  2. Actively engaging with relevant tax authorities for release of sales tax refunds
Deterioration in quality of products  Quality plays an important role in product image, market share and customer perception.  Quality of MTL products may deteriorate due to following factors:  Supply of low quality products by a single-source vendor  Decrease in Right-First-Time assembly due to untrained staff  Failure to detect procurement of low quality components  This may result in loss of sales and reputation among prospective customers as well as reduction in market share	Internal	Medium	Low	Ensure proper quality checks of supplies from vendors by qualified and trained staff     Conduct periodical trainings of staff to ensure their competency     Strict vendor screening and monitoring process
Increase in costs due to currency devaluation and Inflation Inflation and devaluation of PKR against USD which will MTL directly as well as indirectly. Bill of imports is expected to increase for MTL; on the other hand, local vendors are likely to push for price increase as majority of their raw material is also imported which will impact profitability of MTL.	External	High	Medium	Continuous monitoring of costs and impact of currency devaluation to evaluate any change required in strategy and targets.

Information system / Enterprise Resource System failure ERP system in place may malfunction or stop working causing delays in operations and / or loss of sensitive information. Although there is a disaster recovery site in place, restoring of ERP database takes considerable time.  High turnover of key employees resulting in loss of expertise	Internal	Medium	Low	1. 2. 3.	Keep disaster recovery plan up to date and ensure its implementation in case of any event  Train relevant personnel with respect to disaster recovery plan  Ensure an effective business continuity plan is put up in concurrence with disaster recovery plan  Train people to develop specialized skills and add width to their job
There is a risk that employees at key position may leave the company for better opportunity elsewhere. This may result in diminishing of competitive manpower.				2.	description through role transition / job rotation  Develop and maintain an effective succession plan to minimize sudden loss of key personnel, if any

Opportunities	Source	Magnitude	Chance of occurrence	Plan to capture
Export markets  The company has increased its efforts in global markets, especially Africa, Middle	nal	ч	E	<ol> <li>Increase quality of products to compete with global competitors</li> <li>Research and develop tailored</li> </ol>
East and Afghanistan to increase its global market share	External	H	Medium	products for different markets  3. Actively engage with principle (AGCO) to explore new avenues
Diversification  The company had setup a retail outlet in Badami Bagh Lahore to expand its spare parts sales. Based on performance of this venture there is a large potential in establishing more retail outlets all over Pakistan to capture this market as well.  Moreover, there is also huge potential	Internal	Medium	Low	Educate customers about importance of usage of genuine spare parts     Expand spare parts dealer network     Introduction of new products of implements
for agricultural related accessories as customer awareness for new technology is enhancing.				





# NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 58th Annual General Meeting of Millat Tractors Limited will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 9 K.M. Sheikhupura Road, Shahdara, Lahore, on Saturday October 30, 2021 at 11:30 A.M to transact the following business:

#### A. ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1) To confirm minutes of the 57th Annual General Meeting held on October 26, 2020.
- 2) To receive, consider and adopt the Financial Statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended June 30, 2021 together with the Chairman's Review, Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- 3) To approve final cash dividend of Rs.50.00 per share i.e., 500% in addition to the interim dividend of Rs. 50.00 per share i.e.,500% already paid making a total cash dividend of Rs. 100.00 per share i.e., 1,000%.
- 4) To appoint auditors and fix their remuneration for the year ending June 30, 2022.
- 5) To elect eight directors of the Company for a period of three years. The retiring directors are M/s. Sikandar Mustafa Khan, Sohail Bashir Rana, Laeeq Uddin Ansari, Mian Muhammad Saleem, Saad Iqbal, Ahsan Imran Shaikh and Mrs. Ambreen Waheed.

As resolved by the Board in its meeting held on September 17, 2021 the number of Directors to be elected shall be eight of which two male independent and one female independent director are proposed to be elected.

#### **B. SPECIAL BUSINESS**

6) To ratify and approve issuance of 12.5% Bonus Shares already issued and approved by the Board, by passing the following ordinary resolution.

#### "RESOLVED THAT:

A sum of Rs. 62,286,390 out of the profit available for appropriations as at December 31, 2020 be capitalized and be applied to the issue of 6,228,639 ordinary shares of Rs.10 each allotted as fully paid Bonus Shares to the members whose names appear in the register of members as at the close of business on March 11, 2021 in the proportion of one share for every eight ordinary shares held i.e.,12.5%.

These Bonus Shares shall rank pari passu in all respects with existing shares except that these shares shall not qualify for the interim dividend declared for the year ending June 30, 2021.

The Directors be and are hereby authorized and empowered to give effect to this resolution and to do or cause to be done all acts, deeds and things that may be necessary or required for the issue, allotment and distribution of Bonus Shares."

- **"RESOLVED** that the Directors be and are hereby authorized to consolidate all fractions of bonus shares and sell the same in the Stock Market and pay the proceeds of sales when realized to charitable institution(s).
- 7) To consider and if deemed appropriate to approve issuance of 20% Bonus Shares in addition to 12.5% Bonus Shares already issued by passing the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

#### "RESOLVED THAT

A sum of Rs. 112,115,502 (rounded to Rs. 112,115,500) out of the profit available for appropriations as at June 30, 2021 be capitalized and be applied to the issue of 11,211,550.2(rounded to 11,211,550) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each allotted as fully paid Bonus Shares to the members whose names appear in the register of members as at the close of business on October 23, 2021 in the proportion of one share for every five ordinary shares held i. e..20%.

These Bonus Shares shall rank pari passu in all respects with existing shares except that these shares shall not qualify for the final dividend declared for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The Directors be and are hereby authorized and empowered to give effect to this resolution and to do or cause to be done all acts, deeds and things that may be necessary or required for the issue, allotment and distribution of Bonus Shares."

"RESOLVED that the Directors be and are hereby authorized to consolidate all fractions of bonus shares and sell the same in the Stock Market and pay the proceeds of sales when realized to charitable institution(s)."

- To ratify and approve transactions conducted with Related Parties for the year ended June 30, 2021 by passing the following special resolution with or without modification.
  - "Resolved that the following transactions conducted with Related Parties for the year ended June 30, 2021 be and are hereby ratified, approved and confirmed."

2021 (AMOUNTS IN RUPEES)							
Particulars	Tipeg Intertrade DMCC	Millat Industrial Products Limited	Bolan Castings Limited	Millat Equipment Limited	Hyundai Nishat Motor (Pvt.) Limited		
Purchase of components	494,304,320	352,454,967	2,293,971,017	4,795,535,637	14,608,200		
Sale of components	1,966,089,164	66,020	99,100	227,429	-		
Sale of Services	-	-	-	-	4,850,000		

9) To authorize Chief Executive of the Company to approve transactions with Related Parties for the year ending June 30, 2022 by passing the following special resolution with or without modification.

"Resolved that the Chief Executive of the Company be and is hereby authorized to approve the transactions with Related Parties during the period from July 01, 2021 till the next Annual General Meeting of the Company."

"Resolved further that these transactions shall be placed before the shareholders in the next Annual General Meeting for their ratification/approval."

 To receive, consider, adopt with or without modification the following Special Resolution for increase in Authorized Capital of the Company.

"RESOLVED that increase in authorized capital of the Company from Rs. 750,000,000/- divided into 75,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each to Rs. 1,000,000,000/- divided into 100,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each be and is hereby approved.

FURTHER RESOLVED that in Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company, words and figures "Rs. 750,000,000/- (Rupees Seven Hundred Fifty Million) divided into 75,000,000/- (Seventy Five Million)" be substituted by words and figures "Rs.1,000,000,000/- (Rupees One Thousand Million) divided into 100,000,000 (One Hundred Million)".

FURTHER RESOLVED that in Article 5 of the Articles of Association of the Company, words and figures "Rs.750,000,000/-(Rupees Seven Hundred Fifty Million) divided into 75,000,000 (Seventy Five Million)" be substituted by words and figures "Rs. 1,000,000,000/- (Rupees One Thousand Million) divided into 100,000,000 (One Hundred Million)"

FURTHER RESOLVED that Chief Executive and / or Company Secretary of the Company be and is / are hereby authorized to fulfill all legal, corporate and procedural formalities in this regard and file all necessary documents as may be necessary or incidental for the purpose of implementing the aforesaid resolutions."

 To consider, adopt with or without modification the following ordinary resolution for holding office of profit by the directors.

"Resolved that sanction/approval be and is hereby accorded for holding the office of profit under the Company by the Directors Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan and Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana for a period of three years commencing October 30, 2021 subject to their election as directors."

#### C. ANY OTHER BUSINESS

To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board

-SD-

#### Muhammad Faisal Azeem

Company Secretary

Lahore:

October 08, 2021

#### NOTES

- 1. The share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from October 24, 2021 to October 30, 2021 (both days inclusive) and no transfer will be accepted during this period. Transfers received, complete in all respect by the Shares Registrar, M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Limited, 1st Floor, H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore by the close of business on October 23, 2021 will be considered in time for the purpose of payment of final cash dividend, issuance of bonus shares, and for the purpose of attending and voting at the meeting.
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another person as his/her proxy to attend the meeting and vote for him/her. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the Registered Office of the Company duly stamped and signed not less than 48 hours before the meeting.
- Members, who have deposited their shares into Central Depository Company of Pakistan will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines.

#### A. Attending of Meeting in Person:

- i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration detail are uploaded as per the regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC)/ original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- ii) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of meeting.

#### B. Appointment of Proxies:

- i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and /or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
- ii) Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iii) The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC/original passport at the time of the meeting.
- iv) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted along with proxy form to the Company.

#### 4. Filing of Consent for Election of Directors

As required u/s 159(3) of Companies Act, 2017, any member who seeks to contest an election to the office of a director, shall whether he/ she is retiring director or otherwise, file with the Company, not later than fourteen days before the date of meeting at which elections are to be held, a notice of his/her intention to offer himself/herself for election as a director along with consent to act as a director in form 28, duly completed as required under section 167(1) of the Companies Act, 2017; and a detailed personal profile along with office address for placement on to the Company's website in accordance with SECP's SRO No.1196(I)/2019 dated October 03, 2019 before the election.

The following declaration should also be furnished as required under the Code of Corporate Governance and Listing Regulations of the Stock Exchange: I hereby declare that:

- a) I am a member of the Company. (Number of shares held along with Folio number or CDC participant id and account number, be mentioned)
- b) I am not ineligible to become a director of the company under any applicable laws and regulations.
- I am not serving as a director on the Boards of more than seven (07) listed companies.
- d) I am a registered tax payer and my National Tax No. is
- e) I have never been declared defaulter in payment of any loan to banking company, a Development Financial Institution or a Non Banking Financial Institution.
- Neither I nor my spouse has ever been engaged in the business of "Stock Brokerage" in any Stock Exchange.

In case of Independent director, an additional declaration confirming that he/she qualifies the criteria of independence as contained in Section 166 of the Companies Act, 2017.

## 5. Participation in the Annual General Meeting

SECP, through its Circular No. 04 of 2021 dated February 15, 2021, has directed the listed companies to also arrange the provision of video link facility. Accordingly, in the best health interest of our valued shareholders and to ensure maximum participation, the Company has also arranged video link facility for attending this AGM. The shareholders interested in attending AGM through video link are requested to register their following particulars by sending an email at cdcsr@cdcsrsl.com.

Folio / CDC Account No.	Company Name	No. of shares held	Name	CNIC	Cell No.	Email Address
	Millat Tractors Limited					

The video link and login credentials will be shared with the shareholders whose emails, containing all the requested particulars, are received at the above email address by or before the close of business hours (5:00 P.M.) on October 21, 2021.

#### 6. Video Conference Facility

Without prejudice to the requirements and the arrangements as described in "Note 5" above, keeping in view of the requirements of Section 132 of the Companies Act, 2017 read with SECP Circular 10 of 2014, if the Company receives consent from members holding in aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at a geographical location, to participate in the Annual General Meeting (AGM) through video conference at least seven days prior to the date of AGM, the Company will arrange a video conference facility in that city subject to availability of such facility in that city. The Company will intimate members regarding the video conference facility venue at least 5 days before the date of the AGM along with the complete information needed to access the facility.

f you would like to avail video conferencing facility, as per
above, please fill the following and submit to registered
office of the Company at least 07 days before AGM.

/ We,	of	being
a member of l	Millat Tractors Limited, holder of	
Ordinary Share	e(s) as per Register Folio No / CDC	Account
No	hereby opt for video conferen	ce facility
at		

#### 7. Postal Ballot

Pursuant to Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018, for the purpose of election of directors and agenda item subject to the requirements of Section 143 and 144 of the Companies Act, 2017, members will be allowed to exercise their right of vote through e-voting in accordance with the requirements and procedure contained in the aforesaid regulations. Further in view of SECP's Circular No. 25 of 2020 dated August 31, 2020 read with Circular No. 05 of 2020 dated March 17, 2020, for the purpose of special business proposed in the agenda, members will be able

to opt to vote through e-voting. The requirements and procedure contained in aforesaid regulations with respect to e-voting shall also be applicable to the e-voting for the special business.

8. Non CDC Shareholders are requested to notify the change of address, if any, immediately and submit, if applicable, the CZ-50 Form (for non deduction of Zakat) to the Registrar of the Company M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Limited, 1st Floor, H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore. All the shareholders holding shares through CDC are requested to update their addresses and Zakat status with their participants. This will assist in prompt receipt of Dividend.

#### 9. Mandatory submission of CNIC

As per clause 6 of the Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulations, 2017 read with Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017, the company has withheld and in future will also withhold cash dividend payment to shareholders who have not yet provided their valid CNIC number. In case your cash dividend is withheld due to aforesaid reason, you are requested to kindly provide legible copy of your valid CNIC to Company's Share Registrar if you hold shares in physical form or to the respective Participant/Investor Account Services if shares are held in book entry form.

#### 10. Payment of Cash Dividend Electronically

As per provision of Section 242 of Companies Act, 2017 any dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly in to the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders. Notices of the foregoing seeking information from shareholders for payment of dividend through electronic mode were sent earlier. The shareholders who have not submitted their details are now once again requested to provide their folio number, name and details of bank account consisting of bank name, branch name, branch code, Account number, Title of Account and IBAN in which they desire their dividend to be credited, failing which the Company will be unable to pay the dividend through any other mode. Standard request form has also been placed on website of the Company. The members are requested to send the information on the same at the earliest possible.

In case shares are held in CDC then the form must be submitted directly to shareholder's Participant/CDC Investor Account Services.

#### 11. Deduction of Tax from Dividend Income

The rates of deduction of income tax under section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 out of payments of dividend shall be as follows:

- (a) Members whose names are appearing in Active Taxpayers List (ATL) 15%
- (b) Members whose names are not appearing in Active Taxpayers List (ATL) 30%

To enable the Company to make tax deduction from cash dividend @15.00% instead of 30.00% all the members whose names are not entered into the Active Tax-payers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR, despite the fact that they are filers, are advised to make sure that their names are entered into ATL before the date of payment of cash dividend, otherwise tax on their dividend will be deducted @ 30.00% instead of 15.00%.

For members holding their shares jointly, as per the clarification issued by the Federal Board of Revenue, withholding tax will be determined separately on 'Filer/Non-Filer' status of principal shareholder as well as joint holder(s) based on their shareholding proportions, in case of joint accounts. Therefore all shareholders who hold shares jointly are requested to provide shareholding proportions of principal shareholder and joint holder(s) in respect of shares held by them to the Share registrar as follows.

			Principal s	hareholder	Joint shareholder		
Company Name	Folio/CDS Account#	Total Shares		Shareholding Proportion(no. of Shares		Shareholding Proportion(no. of Shares	

The above required information must be provided to Share Registrar, otherwise it will be assumed that the shares are equally held by Principal shareholder and Joint Holder(s)

For any further query/problem/information, the investors may contact the Company Share Registrar: M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Limited, 1st Floor, H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore, Phone: 042-37235081-82, e-mail address: shares@hmaconsultants.com Fax: 042-37358817. The corporate shareholders having CDC accounts are required to have their National Tax Number (NTN) updated with their respective participants, whereas corporate physical shareholders should send a copy of their NTN certificate to the Company or the Shares Registrar. The shareholders while sending NTN certificates must quote company name and their respective folio numbers.

## Valid Tax Exemption Certificate for Exemption from Withholding Tax

A valid tax exemption certificate is necessary for exemption from the deduction of withholding tax under Section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Members who qualify under Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and wish to seek an exemption must provide a copy of their valid tax exemption certificate to the Shares Registrar prior to the date of book closure otherwise tax will be deducted according to applicable law.

#### 12. E-Dividend Registration

Central Depository Company (CDC) has developed a Centralized Cash Dividend Register (CCDR), an eServices web portal which would incorporate details pertaining to cash dividends paid, unpaid or withheld by company. counter foil of cash dividend showing details of dividend, tax withheld and Zakat deducted etc shall be available electronically via CCDR Web Portal. Shareholders can get the counterfoil and complete information of all cash dividends paid by the company by registering and accessing CCDR Web Portal at following link: https://eservices.cdcaccess.com.pk/public/index.xhtml

#### 13. Placement of Accounts on website

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021 along with reports have been placed at the website of the Company www.millat.com.pk.

## 14. Transmission of Annual Financial Statements through email

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan through SRO 787(I)/2014 dated September 08, 2014 has allowed companies to circulate annual balance sheet, profit & loss account, auditors' and directors' reports along with notice of annual general meeting to its members through e-mail. Members who wish to avail this facility can give their consent.

## 15. Transmission of Annual Financial Statements through CD/DVD/USB

SECP through its SRO 470(I)/2016 dated May 31, 2016 have allowed companies to circulate the annual balance sheet, profit and loss account, auditors' report and directors' report etc to its members through CD/DVD/USB at their registered addresses. In view of the above the Company has sent its Annual Report-2021 to the shareholders in the form of CD. Any Member can send request for printed copy of the Annual Report-2021 to the Company on standard request form placed on its website.

#### 16. Conversion of Physical Shares in to Book Entry Form

Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) through its circular no. CSD/ED/Misc/2016-639-640 dated March 26, 2021 has advised the Listed Companies to adhere with the provisions of section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) by replacing shares issued by them in physical form with the shares to be issued in the Book entry Form. The shareholders having physical folios/share certificates are requested to convert their shares from physical form to book entry form at the earliest. The shareholders may contact any stock broker, CDC Participant (member of PSX) or CDC Investor Account services for assistance in opening of CDS Account and subsequent deposit of physical shares into the account in Book entry form.

The same would facilitate the shareholders in many ways including safe custody of shares, no loss of shares, avoidance of formalities required for issuance of duplicate shares and readily available for sale and purchase in open market at prevailing better rates. The shareholders may contact our share registrar for details.

## STATEMENT U/S 134(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017

#### **AGENDA ITEM NO.6 & 7**

#### **Issuance of Bonus Shares**

The Board of Directors is of the view that the Company's financial position and its reserves justify this capitalization for the issue of Bonus Shares. The Directors of the Company, directly or indirectly are not interested in the resolution except to the extent of their shareholding in the Company.

## Disposal of Bonus Share Fractions

The Board in its 179th & 181st meetings held on February 19, 2021 and September 17, 2021 has recommended that the fractions of bonus shares will be immaterial and of no significant financial disadvantage to the shareholders. Therefore the proceeds of the above may be donated to one or more charitable institutions (engaged in the welfare of human being) in line with the Company's policy of maximum participation in welfare.

#### **AGENDA ITEM NO.8**

## Related Party Transactions (RPTs)

(As per Regulation 5(1) of The Companies (Related party Transactions and Maintenance of Related Records) regulations, 2018

The Related Party Transactions conducted with group companies had to be approved by the Board duly recommended by the Audit Committee periodically pursuant to regulation 15 of the Code of Corporate Governance. However, the majority of Company Directors were interested in these transactions due to their common directorship and holding of shares in the group companies, the quorum of directors could not be formed for approval of these transactions therefore, these transactions have to be approved by the shareholders in General Meeting. It may be noted that principal activity of the company is assembly/ manufacture of Agri tractors for which components are procured from approximately 150 vending industries including group companies in the normal course of business. Bolan Castings Limited (BCL) and Millat Equipment Limited (MEL) manufacture intricate tractor components i.e., major tractor castings and gears & shafts etc respectively for which limited sources are available in the country. Millat Industrial Products Limited (MIPL) manufactures tractor batteries while tractors and components are exported through TIPEG INTERTRADE DMCC (TIPEG). In addition, components are imported through TIPEG for in house use by the Company. During the year sale of scrap and swarf etc was also made to BCL for in house consumption.

The commercial reasons for entering into RPTs are the following.

- a. Availability of state of the art production facilities.
- b. Advanced Technical Know How.
- c. Dedicated production facilities.
- d. Elaborated testing facilities for MTL.
- e. Smooth supply chain

The Company has the following equity in the Subsidiary Companies.

TIPEG Inter Trade DMCC	75.00%
Millat Industrial Products Limited	64.09%
Bolan Castings Limited	46.26%
Millat Equipment Limited	45.00%

The common directors and their relatives have the following shareholding in the associated companies.

		TIPEG	MIPL	BCL	MEL
Sr. No.	Name of Director(s)	No. of Shares	No. of Shares	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
1	Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan	100	541,250	166,369	1,622,859
2	Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana	100	361,500	144,359	1,705,001
3	Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari	100	339,500	3,120	2,047,801
4	Mian Muhammad Saleem	100	2,499	2,993	2,500
5	Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel (CEO, MTL and			2,500	100,000
5	Director of MEL only)	-	-	2,500	100,000
	TOTAL	400	1,244,749	319,341	5,478,161
	Percentage Of Shareholding	20.00 %	13.90 %	2.78%	21.06 %

In the last Annual General Meeting, the share holders had authorized the Chief Executive of the Company to approve these transactions in the normal course of business subject to final approval/ratification by the shareholders. Therefore these transactions are being placed before the shareholders for final approval/ratification. The information of the Related party transactions as required under Regulation 5(1) of the Companies (Related Party Transactions and Maintenance of Related Records) Regulations, 2018 is as under:-

Name of rela	ated party	TIPEG	MIPL	BCL	MEL	Hyundai Nishat Motor (Pvt.) Limited
			Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana(Not a Director in MEL) Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari Mian Muhammad Saleem(Not a Director in MEL) haikh (CEO, MEL and Director of MIPL Not a Director in BCL and TIPEG) Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel ( Director of MEL only)			Sohail Bashir Rana
Nature of relationship, interest or concern along with complete information of financial or other interest or concern of directors, managers or key managerial personnel in related party  Mr. Ahsar			Common Directorship & shareholding: Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana(Not a Director in MEL) Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari Mian Muhammad Saleem(Not a Director in MEL) n Imran Shaikh (Not a Director & shareholder in BCL and TIPEG) Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel ( Director of MEL only)			Shareholding of MTL & common Directorship of Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana
conditions of transactions componing Confirme  2. Sale of c		Purchase of components against Confirmed orders      Sale of components against Confirmed orders	Purchase of components against Confirmed orders      Sale of components against Confirmed orders     Services	Purchase of components against Confirmed orders      Sale of components against Confirmed orders      Services	Purchase of components against Confirmed orders      Sale of components against Confirmed orders      Services	Services as per agreement     Purchase of fixed assets against order
Amount of Transactions	Purchase of components	494,304,320	352,454,967	2,293,971,017	4,795,535,637	14,608,200
	Sale of components 1,966,089,164		66,020	99,100	227,429	-
	Services	-	-	-	-	4,850,000
Time frame or duration of the transactions or contracts or arrangements.		01-07-2020 to 30-06-2021	01-07-2020 to 01-07-2020 to 01-07-2020 to 30-06-2021 01-07-2020 to 30-06-2021			As per timeline set in Service Level Agreement
Purchase of co		omponents	At Mutually Agreed price			At Market price
Pricing Policy	Sale of compo	o-nents	At Mutually Agreed price			N/A
	Services		As per Agreement			

The Directors are interested in the resolution to the extent of their common directorships and shareholding in the group companies.

#### **AGENDA ITEM NO.9**

#### Authorization to CEO for Related Party Transactions (RPTs)

The Company shall be conducting Related Party Transactions (RPTs) with subsidiary companies during the year ending June 30, 2022 in the normal course of business. The majority of Directors are interested in these transactions due to their common directorship and shareholding in the subsidiary companies. Therefore these transactions with subsidiary companies have to be approved by the shareholders.

In order to ensure smooth supply during the year, the shareholders may authorize the Chief Executive to approve transactions with subsidiary companies on case to case basis for the period from July 01, 2021 to Next AGM. The summary of commercial reasons, nature and scope of RPTs is explained above. However, these transactions shall be placed before the shareholders in the next AGM for their approval/ratification.

The Directors are interested in the resolution to the extent of their common directorships and shareholding in the subsidiary companies.

**Comparative Analysis** 

#### **AGENDA ITEM NO.10**

**Existing Clause V** 

of Memorandum of

#### **Increase in Authorized Capital**

or wellioralidum of	
Association	
The Capital of the Company is Rs. 750,000,000/- (Rupees Seven Hundred Fifty Million) divided into 75,000,000/- (Seventy Five Million)	3
ordinary shares of Rs. 10/-each. The Company shall have the powers to increase reduce or reorganise the Capital of the Company and divide shares in the Capital	
for the time being into several classes in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017.	al

#### Substituted Clause V of Memorandum of Association

The Capital of the Company is Rs. 1,000,000,000/-(Rupees One Thousand Million) divided into 100,000,000/- (One Hundred Million) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each. The Company shall have the powers to increase, reduce or reorganise the Capital of the Company and divide shares in the Capital for the time being into several classes in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act. 2017.

Comparative Analysis				
Existing Article 5 of Articles of Association	Substituted Article 5 of Articles of Association			
The Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 750,000,000/- (Rupees Seven Hundred Fifty Million) divided into 75,000,000/- (Seventy Five Million) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each.	The Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 1,000,000,000/- (Rupees One Thousand Million) divided into 100,000,000/- (One Hundred Million) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each.			

#### Reasons for change

The Current authorized capital of the company is 75 million and paid up capital is 56.057 million. The same is being enhanced in order to have a provision in authorized capital for any future increase in paid up capital of the Company.

#### Statement by the Board

The aforesaid substitution has been approved by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 17, 2021 and is in line with the applicable provisions of the law and regulatory framework.

A copy of the amended Articles of Association is available with the Company Secretary for inspection by the members.

#### **AGENDA ITEM NO.11**

#### Approval of Holding of office of Profit

Section 171 (1) (c) (i) of the Companies Act, 2017 requires sanction/approval of shareholders in the general meeting for the holding of office of profit by the directors.

## Details of the office of profit proposed to be held by directors and brief job description

Subject to their election as directors, M/s. Sikandar Mustafa Khan and Sohail Bashir Rana shall be holding office of profit under the Company for performing extra services including acting as member(s) of different committees to be constituted and terms of reference thereof approved by the Board.

#### The role and responsibilities of Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan shall be as under.

- I. chair the Board and General Meetings of the Company including setting the agenda of such meetings;
- promote the highest standards of integrity, probity and corporate governance throughout the Company and particularly at Board level;

- ensure that the Board receives accurate, timely and clear information;
- ensure effective communication with members of the Company;
- facilitate the effective contribution of non-executive directors and ensure constructive relations between executive and non-executive directors:
- ensure that the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors is evaluated at least once a year; and
- ensure clear structure for, and the effective running of, Board committees.
- 8. Disclosure of interest where it exists.

#### **Extra Services**

In addition to the above he will perform the following.

- To perform duties and responsibilities as defined in the Code of Corporate Governance.
- To act as Chairman of Board's Committee for Group supervision (BCGS) constituted by the Board to review overall business performance, major projects and new investments of group companies.
- iii) To perform functions as contained in Article 103 (2) (iv) of the Articles of Association of the Company which reads as under:
  - "act as Chairman of Board's Committee for Group Supervision (BCGS) and monitor the functions of units through BCGS members and in furtherance thereof, may from time to time call for
  - information, issue directions, guidelines or assign a specific task to any member of the Committee."
- iv) To monitor functioning of Finance and Marketing committees.
- v) Exercise such powers, functions & duties as may be assigned / delegated by the Board from time to time pursuant to Article 103(2) (iii) of the Articles of Association of the Company.

## The role and responsibilities of Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana shall be as under.

 As Executive director he shall have the same general legal responsibilities to the Company as any other director and shall be required to take decisions in the best interests of the Company.

- constructively challenge and contribute to the development of Company strategy;
- ensure that financial information is accurate and that financial controls and systems of risk management are robust and defensible:
- 4. at all time comply with the Articles of Association of the Company;
- disclose interest where it exists.

#### **Extra Services**

In addition to the above he will perform the following.

- Play a key role in coordinating and managing all operational, financial and personnel functions of the Company to ensure continued profit growth.
- 2. Provide entrepreneurial leadership of the Company within a framework of prudent and effective controls which enable risk to be assessed and managed.
- Set the Company's strategic goals, ensure that the necessary financial and human resources are in place for the Company to meet its objectives, and review management performance; and
- Set the Company's values and standards and ensure that its obligations to its shareholders and others are understood and met.
- 5. Implement the approved operational plans of the Company and arrange timely availability of required resources.
- Define short term and long term marketing objectives for the Company.
- Review and approve strategies budgets for production plans to ensure these meet objectives already set.
- 8. Define reporting formats including key performance indicators and critical success factors for sales and marketing qualitative and quantitative performance measurement.
- 9. Review actual performance against budget, reasons for variations and plans to bridge the gaps on monthly basis.
- 10. Define critical success factors for performance measurement.
- 11. Define critical controls to be implemented in the operations.
- 12. Review and approve operations policies.
- 13. Review and approve policies for procurement, inventories, maintenance etc.

- 14. Review and approve quality control standards.
- Review performance evaluation of senior personnel of the Company.
- 16. Review and approve IT Budget and approve IT projects.

## Remuneration of the directors including perks and benefits, pecuniary or otherwise;

The maximum per annum limit of remunerations to the above directors shall be as under.

1. Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan Rs. 49.00 million

2. Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana Rs. 38.00 million

## Any other benefit or profits arising out of such profit for the directors

Authorized for free use of Company maintained transport for official and private purposes and reimbursement of medical expenses for self and dependants.

## Benefits to the Company and its members as a result of such office of profit to be held by the directors

Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan is a mechanical engineer and has varied experience in the automotive and engineering industry and has been associated with it since 1972. Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana is also a mechanical engineer with over 38 years experience in the automobile sector in Pakistan and abroad. Both have a vast and in depth experience of the automotive sector especially of tractor industry. The Company will have improved working and better controls resulting in better profitability ultimately for the benefit of shareholders of the company in the shape of higher dividends.

#### Period of holding of such office

Three years from the date of election i.e., up till next elections of directors of the Company.

The board approves the above remuneration packages in accordance with Articles of Association of the Company subject to their election as directors. However, the holding of office of profit in the Company by the directors has to be sanctioned/approved by the shareholders in the general meeting. Therefore the resolution is placed before the shareholders for their consideration and approval, if deemed appropriate.

Each director is interested in the resolution to the extent of his remuneration.

## SELECTION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

As per Section 166 (1) read with clause 6(1) and 7 of Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019, the company has selected following three candidates ( two male and one Female to be elected under section 159 of the Companies Act, 2017 in this AGM) from the data bank maintained by the institute duly authorized by SECP.

The names of directors selected and justification for their selection as required under section 166(3) is as under:-

- 1. Mr. Mohammad Javed Rashid
- 2. Mr. Nasr us Samad Qureshi
- 3. Ms. Ambreen Waheed

#### 1. Mohammad Javed Rashid

Mr. Javed is a highly seasoned, results oriented, professional banker with over 50 years' experience in the corporate banking, risk management and quality assurance areas. His recent responsibilities include Secretary to all key management committees within Alkhabeer Capital. Well conversant with the business culture and regulatory environment of Bahrain and Saudi Arabia where he has resided for nearly 44 years. Prior to joining Alkhabeer, Javed worked for prime international as well as regional banks in Pakistan and the Gulf, like Bank of America, American Express Bank, Chase Manhattan Bank, the Saudi Investment Bank and the National Commercial Bank. He holds a Master's degree from the University of the Punjab in Pakistan.

#### 2. Nasar us Samad Qureshi

Mr. Qureshi started his career in 1974 in Pakistan and served in senior positions with various insurance companies for almost 30 years in UAE from 1977. He has received training at College of Insurance, London and with various leading international brokers and reinsures in the UK, France, Italy and the Middle East. In 2006 he establish Alfalah Insurance Company where he served as founding Managing Director & CEO of the company from its inception in 2006 till his voluntary retirement on March 31, 2019.

Mr. Qureshi graduated from University of the Punjab in 1974 with majors in Economics and Statistics and is a certified director from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance. During these 44+ years, besides gaining immense industry experience, he supported efforts for development

of insurance industry in the UAE and in Pakistan. He was elected as a member of the Energy Committee and Non-Marine Committee of Emirates Insurance Association, United Arab Emirates. As an honorary visiting faculty he joined UAE Institute of Bankers in Sharjah teaching various insurance subjects to local students.

He served as Senior Vice Chairman in 2015/16 and prior to that as Vice Chairman in 2011 of Insurance Association of Pakistan. Also, served as Chairman of Lahore Insurance Institute for the year 2013 and 2014. He was nominated to the Insurance Industry Reforms Committee formed by the SECP in 2012 and served as Chairman of the Operational Challenges Sub Committee. Till voluntary retirement from Alfalah Insurance on 31st March, 2019, he served as Chairman of Insurance Association of Pakistan for the year 2018/19 and represented the industry on National Financial

Inclusion Strategy Steering Committee. He is presently a member of the National Task Force for Insurance Sector Reforms established by the Ministry of Commerce.

As a social sector contribution, he is serving as Vice Chairman of CYTE Foundation (www.cytefoundation. com) since 2015. CYTE is a NGO dedicated to educating underprivileged children in Pakistan. After his retirement from Alfalah Insurance he is devoting more time to take CYTE to next level and expand its footprint across the country.

After retirement from Alfalah Insurance, he has established an insurance advisory firm known as TameenTech Insurance Advisory Private Limited (www.tameentech.com). In addition, he is advising Boards of Directors of some insurance establishments and other stakeholders on various insurance matters.



#### 3. Mrs. Ambreen Waheed

Mrs. Ambreen is MSC Computer Science, MPhil Management Studies from University of Cambridge, UK and is a Visiting Professor at Wharton Business School (USA), ESSEC Business School (France), LUMS (Pakistan). She is Founder & Advisor Responsible Business Initiative, Director Global Responsibility BSP Stora Enso JV (former), Chair SAFORB- South Asia Forum on Responsible Business, Core Group member PRME (Principles of Responsible Management Education) Anti-Corruption & Poverty Alleviation

She is globally recognized and among the pioneers of Corporate Citizenship, Sustainability and Workplace Process Integrity. Founder Responsible Business Initiative (RBI), a citizen sector enabler dedicated to Responsible Entrepreneurship and Information Communication Technology. Co-founder & Chair South Asia Forum on Responsible Business (SAFORB), the region's

representative network of citizen-sector organizations. Assessing and mitigating Risks related to Responsible Business through coherent and effective engagement with all stakeholders, developing and Steering Environmental, Social, Ethical and Eco-Efficiency initiatives around Company and its Supply chains.

Ms. Ambreen has served on: the Board of Millat Tractors Limited since, 2018, Nominating Committee of Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Netherland; the Steering Board UN Global Compact in Pakistan; the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) Governance Taskforce; Board of Trustees–Asia-Pacific Roundtable on Sustainable Consumption & Production (APRSCP); Founding member of Asia-Pacific CSR Centers Group; the South Asia Alliance for Responsible Business (SAARB) and the Asian Forum on CSR; Fair-trade Pakistan; and the Globally Responsible Leaders Initiative of the UN Global Compact (US) & EFMD (Europe).



الفلاح انشورنس سے ریٹائرمنٹ کے بعد، اس نے ایک انشورنس ایڈوائزری فرم قائم کی ہے جے تمین ٹیک انشورنس ایڈوائزری پرائیویٹ لمیٹٹر (ww.tameentech.com) کے نام سے جانا جاتا ہے۔اس کے علاوہ ، وہ کچھانشورنس اداروں کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز اور دیگر اسٹیک ہولٹررز کوشنف انشورنس معاملات پرایڈ وائزر کے طور پرخدمات سرانجام دے رہے ہیں۔

#### 3\_محترمهامبرين وحيد

محتر مدا مبرین وحید ایم ایس کی کمپیوٹر سائنس اور پینجنٹ سائنس میں ایم فل کیمرج یو نیورٹی یو کے سے کو اکیفائیڈ ہیں اور ESSEC) برنس سکول فرانس اور

کواکیفائیڈ ہیں اور وارٹن برنس سکول یو ایس اے ،ای ایس ایس کی (ESSEC) برنس سکول فرانس اور

Business Initiative ہور پاکستان میں "visiting professor" ہیں ۔وہ Stora Enso کی فونڈر ممبر اور ایڈوائزر کی ذمہ داریاں بھی ان کے پاس ہیں۔ Chair SAFORB-South Asia فارم کی گلویل کی

نه داریا ں بھی نبھا رہی ہیں ہے گتر مہ ) PRME Principle of Reasonable نرمہ واریا ں بھی نبھا رہی ہیں۔ (Management Education) ٹنگ کر پش اور غربت مٹاؤ کورکروپ ممبر تھی ہیں۔

یہ کار پوریٹ سیٹرن شپ کے حوالے سے گلو بل سطح کی تسلیم هُده مجبران میں سے ہیں پہتر مدورک پلیس شفافیت کے کام سمبھالے ہوئے ہیں۔اور ذمد دار برنس (RBI) کی تائید کندہ اور کلیدی مجبر ہیں۔ساتھ ساتھ وہ ایک متاثر کن اور ذمد دار Enterpreneurship کے لیئے ساجی شعبہ میں خدمات دے رہی ہیں۔وہ (SAFORS) ساؤتھ ایشیا برنس فورم کی کلیدی مجبر ہیں جو کہ علاقائی ساجی شعبہ کے نٹ ورک کی نمائیندگی بھی کرتی ہیں۔

تمام سئیک ہولڈرز کیساتھ وہ ہمیشہ متاثر کن انداز میں برنس سے وابسة خطرات کی قبل از وقت تشخیص کرنے اور کسی حد تک اُن کو کم کرنے میں بھی معانت کرتی ہیں۔ کمپنی اور اس کی سپلائی چین کے لیے ترقی پزیر اور موسماتی تبدیلیوں کی راہنمائی ساتی، اخلاقی اور معاشی بہتری کے اقد امات کرنا۔

محتر مدامبرین نے2018 سے بورڈ آف ملت ٹریکٹر زلمیٹٹر میں ضدمات سرانجام دے رہی ہیں، وہ گلوبل رپورٹنگ انیشی ایٹو (GRI) نیدرلینڈ کی نامزد کمیٹی؛ پاکستان میں اسٹیٹر نگ بورڈ یواین گلوبل کمپیکٹ سیکیو رٹیز اینڈ ایجھنے کمیشن آف پاکستان (الیس ای می پی) گورنش ٹاسک فورس بورڈ آف ٹرسٹیز - پائیدار کھیت اور پیداوار پرایشیا پییفک گول میز (APRSCP) ایشیا پیسیفک CSR سینٹرز گروپ کے بانی رکن جنوبی ایشیا اتحاد برائے نمہددارانہ کاروبار (سارب) اورایشیائی فورم برائے می ایس آر؛ مصفانہ تجارت پاکستان اورا قوام متحدہ کے گلوبل کمپیکٹ (یوایس) اورای ایف ایم ڈی (یورپ) کا عالمی سطح یز خدواریاں سنجیال رہی ہیں۔

دُّائرَ يَكِتْرِزَ كَامِعَا وَضِهِ بَشُمُولِ مِراعات اورفوائد، مالى يا دوسرى صورت مين؛

ندکوره بالا ڈائر بکٹرز کومعاوضے کی زیادہ سے زیادہ سالا نہ حددرج ذیل ہوگی۔

1۔ مسٹر سکندر مصطفیٰ خان 49.00 ملین روپے

2\_مسٹر سہیل بشیررانا 38.00 ملین روپے

## ڈائر میٹرز کے لیےاس طرح کے منافع سے پیدا ہونے والاکوئی دوسرافا کدہیا منافع۔

سر کاری اور ختی مقاصد کے لیے کمپنی کے زیرا نیظام ٹرانسپورٹ کے مفت استعمال اور خود اور انتصار کرنے والوں کے لیے طبی اخراجات کی ادائیگی کے مجاز ہول گے۔

#### کمپنی اوراس کے ممبران کواس طرح کے منافع کے دفتر کے نتیج میں جو کہ ڈائر یکٹرز کے پاس ہوں گے۔

مسٹر سکندر مصطفیٰ خان ایک مکینیکل انجینئر ہیں اور آٹو موٹو اور انجینئر نگ انڈسٹری میں وسیع تجربه رکھتے ہیں اور 1972 سے اب سے وابستہ ہیں۔

مٹر سہیل بثیر رانا بھی ایک مکینیکل انجینئر ہیں اور یہ بھی پاکستان اور بیرونِ ملک کے آٹو موموبائیل سیکٹر میں 38 سال سے زیادہ کا تجربدر کھتے ہیں بیرون ملک دونوں کو آٹو موٹو سیکٹر خاص طور پرٹر یکٹر انڈسٹری کا وسیتے اور گہرا تجربہ ہے۔ کمپنی بہتر کام اور بہتر کنٹرول کرے گی جس کے منتیجے میں بہتر منافع بالآخر کمپنی کے حصص یافتگان کے فائدے کے لیے زیادہ منافع کی شکل میں ہوگا۔

#### عہدے کے انعقاد کی مدت

الیکش کی تاریخ سے تین سال یعنی کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز کے اٹکے انتخابات تک۔

بورڈ نے ندکورہ بالامعاوضے کے پیکچر کو کمپنی کے آرٹیکل آف ایسوی ایش آف کے مطابق ان کے بطورڈ ائزیکٹر انتخاب کی منظوری دیتا ہے۔ تا ہم ، ڈائزیکٹروں کی طرف ہے کمپنی میں آفس آف پرافٹ کو عام میٹنگ میں شیئر ہولڈرز کی طرف سے منظوری/اجازت لینی ہوگی۔ چنانچہ اگر مناسب سمجھا جائے تو بیقرار دادشیئر ہولڈرز کے سامنے ان کے غوراورمنظوری کے لیے دکھی گئی ہے۔

ہرڈائر یکٹرا پنے معاوضے کی حد تک قر ارداد میں دلچیپی رکھتا ہے۔

#### آزاد ڈائر یکٹرز کاانتخاب

سیشن 166(1) کواگر لیڈیکینیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس)ریگولیشنز، 2019کی شق6(1) اور 7 کے ساتھ پڑھاجائے تو اس کے مطابق، کمپنی نے الیں ای بی کے ذریعہ بااختیار انسٹی ٹیوٹ کے زیرا نظام ڈیٹا بینک سے مندرجہذیل 3017کے کیشن 159کے تحت اجلاس میں فتخب کیا ہے۔ تحت اجلاس میں فتخب کیا ہے۔

منتخب ڈائر کیٹرز کے نام اوران کے انتخاب کا جواز سیکٹن 166(3) کے تحت حسب ذیل ہے:-

1 مسٹرمحمد جاویدراشد۔

2 \_مسٹرنصر صد قریشی۔

3 محتر مهامبرین وحید۔

#### 1 \_مسٹر محمد جاویدراشد

مسٹر جاوید کارپوریٹ بینکنگ، رسک پنجمنٹ اور کوائی اشور پنس کے شعبوں میں 50 سال سے زیادہ کا تجربہ رکھنے والے انتہائی تجربہ کاربہ کا جہر ہیں۔ ان کی حالیہ ذمہ دار ایوں میں الخبیر کمپیول کے اندرتمام کلیدی انتظامی کمیٹیوں کے سیکرٹری شامل ہیں۔ بحربین اور سعودی عرب کے کاروباری کلچر اور یگولیٹری ماحول کلیدی انتظامی کمیٹیوں کے سیکرٹری شامل ہونے سے پہلے، جاوید سے انجھی طرح واقف ہیں جہال وہ تقریبا 44 سالوں سے مقیم ہیں۔ الخبیر میں شامل ہونے سے پہلے، جاوید نے پاکستان اور طبح کے اعلی بین الاقوامی اور علاقائی بیکوں کے ساتھ ساتھ بینیک آف امریکہ، امریکن ایک بیرلیس بینک، چیس مین ہٹن مینک، سعودی انویسٹمنٹ بینک اور نیشنل کمرشل بینک میں بھی کام کیا۔ انہوں نے پاکستان میں بھی کام کیا۔ انہوں نے پاکستان میں بنجاب یو نیورٹی سے مامری ڈگری حاصل کی ہے۔

#### 2 \_مسٹرنفر صدقریتی۔

مسٹر قریش نے 1974 میں پاکستان میں اپنے کیر ئیر کا آغاز کیا اور 1977 سے متحدہ عرب امارات میں تقریبا 30 سال تک مختلف انشورنس کمپنیوں کے ساتھ سینٹر عہدوں پر خدمات انجام دیں۔ انہوں نے کالح آف انشورنس، لندن میں تربیت حاصل کی اور برطانیہ میں مختلف معروف میں الاقوامی بروکرز اورری انشورز کے ساتھ، فرانس، اٹلی اور مشرق وسطی میں کام کیا۔ 2006 میں انہوں نے الفلاح انشورنس کمپنی تائم کی جہاں انہوں نے کمپنی کے بانی بنیجنگ ڈائر کیٹر اوری اوری حیثیت سے 2006 میں اپنے قیام سے لے کر 31 مارچ، 2019 تک اپنی رضا کا راندر پٹائر منٹ تک خدمات انجام دیں۔

مسٹر قریتی نے 1974 میں پنجاب یو نیورٹی ہے معاشیات اور شاریات میں ماسٹرز کے ساتھ گر یجویشن کیا اور میں پاکستان انسٹی ٹیوٹ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس ہے سندیا فتہ ڈائر کیکٹر ہیں۔ان + 44 سالوں کے دوران، صنعت کا بے پناہ تجربہ حاصل کرنے کے علاوہ، انہوں نے متحدہ عرب امارات اور پاکستان میں انشورنس انٹونس الیسوی الیشن، متحدہ عرب امارات کی انرجی کمیٹی اور نان میرین کمیٹی کی کوششوں کی جمایت کی ۔وہ امارات انٹونس الیسوی الیشن، متحدہ عرب امارات کی انرجی کمیٹی اور نان میرین کمیٹی کے کرکن کے طور پر نانہوں نے شارجہ میں متحدہ عرب امارات کے انسٹی ٹیوٹ آف بینکرز میں شمولیت اختیار کی تاکہ مقامی طلباء کوشناف انشورنس مضامین سکھائے جا کمیں۔

انہوں نے15/16 میں بینئر واکس چیئر مین اور اس سے پہلے 2011 میں انشورنس ایسوی ایش آف پاکستان کے واکس چیئر مین کی حیثیت سے خدمات انجام دیں۔ اس کے علاوہ ، سال 2013 اور 2014 کے پاکستان کے واکس چیئر مین کی حیثیت سے خدمات انجام دیں۔ وہ 2012 میں ایس ای بی پی لیے لا ہور انشورنس انسٹی ٹیوٹ کے چیئر مین کے طور پر بھی خدمات انجام دیں۔ وہ 2012 میں ایس ای بی پی کی طرف سے بنائی گئی انشورنس انڈسٹری ریفار مزیم گئی کے لیے نامزد ہوئے اور آپریشنل چیلنجز سب میٹی کے چیئر مین کی طور پر خدمات انجام دیں۔ 15 مارچ، 2019 کو الفلا کی انشورنس سے رضا کا را ندریئا کرمنٹ تک ، انہوں نے سال 2018/19 کے لیے انشورنس ایسوی ایشن آف پاکستان کے چیئر مین کی حیثیت سے خدمات انجام دیں اور نیشنل فنائشل انگلوژن اسٹریٹی کے میٹیش میں انڈسٹری کی نمائندگی کی۔ اس وقت وہ وزارت بچارت کے قائم کر وہ انشورنس کیکٹریئی میں انڈسٹری کی نمائندگی کی۔ اس وقت وہ وزارت بچارت کے قائم کر وہ انشورنس کیکٹریئی میں انڈسٹری کی نمائندگی کی۔ اس وقت وہ وزارت بچارت کے قائم کر وہ انشورنس کیکٹریئی میں انڈسٹری کی نمائندگی کی۔ اس وقت وہ وزارت بچارت کے قائم کر وہ انشورنس کیکٹریئی میں انڈسٹری کی نمائندگی کی۔ اس وقت وہ وزارت بچارت کے قائم کر وہ انشورنس کیکٹریئی میں نام کیٹریئی میں انڈسٹری کی نمائندگی کی۔ اس وقت وہ وزارت بچارت کے قائم کر وہ انشورنس کیکٹریئی کی نمائندگی کی۔ اس وقت وہ وزارت بچارت کے قائم کر وہ انشورنس کیکٹریئی کی کیٹریئی کی طور پر کھرین ہیں۔

ساجی شیعے میں شراکت دارکے طور پر، وہ 5 1 0 2 سے CYTE فاؤنڈیشن (Www.cytefoundation.com)کے دائس چیئر مین کے طور پر خدمات سرانجام دے رہے ہیں۔ الفلاح انشورنس سے ریٹائز منٹ کے بعدوہ CYTE کوانگلے در ج تک لے جانے اور ملک بھر میں اس کے قدم بڑھانے کے لیے زیادہ وقت دے رہے ہیں۔

#### مسٹرسکندرمصطفیٰ خان کا کرداراور ذمہداریاں حسب ذیل ہوں گی:

- 1 کمپنی کے بورڈ اور اجلاس عام کی سربراہی بشمول ایسی میٹنگز کیلئے ایجنڈ اتر تیب دینا
- ئے سیمپنی بالخصوص بورڈ میں ایما نداری سیائی اور کار پوریٹ گورننس کے اعلیٰ معیارات برعملدرآ مد
  - 3 اس بات کی یقین د ہانی کے بورڈ تک سیحے ، برونت اور واضح معلومات باہم ہنچے
    - 4 کمبنی کے مبران کے ساتھ موء ثربات چیت
- 5 نان ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹرزی موء ٹرشمولیت کیلئے سہولیات اورا گیزیکٹواورنان ایگزیکٹوڈائریٹرز کے مامین اصلاحی تعلقات
- و اس بات کی یفتین دہانی کہ بورڈ ،اسکے انفرادی ڈائر یکٹرزاورا کی کمیٹیوں کی کارکردگی سال میس کم از کم ایک دفعہ جائے جائے
  - 7 بورد کمیٹیوں کیلئے واضح ڈھانچے کی تیاری اور اسکے اُمور کی موء ثرادائیگی
    - 8 مفاد کی صورت میں اس کی نشاند ہی

#### اضافی خدمات:

مذکورہ بالا کےعلاوہ وہ درج ذیمہ داریاں بھی سرانجام دیں گے۔

- i کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گوننس میں بتائے گئے فرائض اور ذمہداریوں کی انجام دہی
- ii۔ بورڈ کی جانب ہے مجموعی کار وہاری کارکردگی ، بڑے پیانے کے منصوبہ جات اور گروپکینیز کی نئی سرماییہ کاری کے جائزہ کیلئے قائم کردہ گروپ سپرویژن (BCGS) کی بورڈ کیلٹی کے چیئر مین کے طور برخدمات
- iii۔ کمپنی کے آرٹیکلز آف ایسوی ایش کے آرٹیکل (iv)(2)(103کے مطابق اُمورسرانجام دیٹا،جس کے تحت:
- " گروپ بپرویژن (BCGS) کیلئے بورڈ کمیٹی کے چیئر مین کے طور پر کام کرنا اور BCGS ممبران کے ذریعے یوٹش کے فنکشنہ کی
- گرانی اوروقناً فو قناً معلومات، را ہنمائی مہدایات کی فراہمی یا سمیلی کے سم ممبر کوخصوص ٹاسک سو پینے کی خدمات"
  - iv فنانس اور مارکیٹنگ کمیٹیز کے امور کی تگرانی
- کپنی کے آرٹیکلرآف ایسوی ایشن کے آرٹیکل (iii) (2) 103 کے تحت بورڈ کی جانب سے
   وقاً فو قداً تفویض کردہ ایسی ہدایات، امورا ورفر ائفل پر عملدرآ مد

#### مسرسهیل بشیرراناکی ذمه داریان حسب ذیل ہوں گی۔

- 1۔ بطورا گیزیکٹوڈائریکٹروہ کمپنی کے کسی بھی دیگرڈائریکٹر کی طرح قانونی ذمہ داریاں سرانجام دیں گے اور کمپنی کے وسیع تر مفادییں فیصلہ سازی کریں گے
  - 2۔ کمپنی کے لائح کمل کی ڈوبلپینٹ میں تغمیر کی چینج اور شمولیت

- 3۔ اس بات کی یقین دہانی کرنا کہ مالی معلومات بالکل درست ہیں اور رسک ہنجنٹ کے کنٹرولزاور سنٹر مضبوطاور شخوظ ہیں
  - 4۔ کھے بہلجہ کمپنی کے آرٹیکلز آف ایسوسی ایشن پرعملدر آمد
    - 5۔ مفادی صورت میں اس کی نشاندہی

#### اضافی خدمات:

مذکورہ بالا کےعلاوہ وہ درج ذمہ داریاں بھی سرانجام دیں گے۔

- 1۔ کمپنی کیلئے دریا منافع کا حصول بقینی بنانے کیلئے تمام اُمور میں کورآ ڈینیشن اور مینجنگ بمپنی کے فنانشل اور پرسونل فنکشنز میں کلیدی کر دادادا کرنا
- 2۔ کمپنی میں رسک کی نشاندہی اوراس سے تمٹینے کیلئے مختاظ اور موئز فریم ورک ترتیب دینے کیلئے entrepreneurial leadership کی فراہمی
- 3۔ کمپنی کے سڑی بنجگ اہداف کاقعین،اس بات کی یقین دہانی کرنا کہ کمپنی کے مقاصد کے حصول کیلئے ضروری مالی اورافرادی وسائل مکمل انداز میں اپنی جگہ پر موجود ہیں اور مینجنٹ کی کارکر دگی کا جائزہ؛اور
- 4۔ سمپنی کی اقد اراور معیارات کاتعین کرنااوراس بات کی یقین دہانی کرنا کہ شیئر ہولڈرز اور دیگر سے متعلقہ اس کی ذمد داریوں کی سوجھ بوجھ ہے اوران پرعملدر آمد جاری ہے
  - 5۔ کمپنی کے منظور شدہ انتظامی منصوبوں برعملدر آمداور مطلوبہ وسائل کا بروقت انتظام کرنا
    - 6۔ کمپنی کے لیے مختصرا ورطویل مدتی مارکیٹنگ مقاصد واضح کرنا
- 7۔ پہلے سے متعین کردہ اہداف کاحصول بقینی بنانے کیلئے پروڈکشن پلانز کیلئے سڑ ینجگ بجٹ کاجائزہ اورمنظوری
- 8۔ سیلز اور ہارکیٹنگQualitative اور Quantitative کارکردگی کی جانچ کیلئے رپورننگ فارمیٹس بشمول بنیادی کارکردگی کےاعشار یوں اور پیچیدہ کامیا بی سےعوامل واضح کرنا
  - 9۔ ماہانہ بنیادوں پر فرق کم کرنے کیلئے بجٹ ہتغیری وجوہات اور منصوبوں کی حقیقی کارکردگی کا جائزہ
    - 10۔ کارکردگی کی جانچ کیلئے کامیابی کے پیچیدہ عوامل واضح کرنا
      - 11\_ آپریشنزمین نافذ العمل پیچیده عوامل واضح کرنا
        - 12 آپریشنز پالیسیز کا جائزه اور منظوری
    - 13 پروكيورمنك، انوينٹريز اورمينٹي نينس وغيره كيلئے پاليسيز كاجائزه اورمنظوري
      - 14\_ كوالنى كنشرول اسٹينڈ رڈ ز كا جائز ہ اور منظوري
        - 15۔ کمپنی کے سینئرافراد کی کارکردگی کی تشخیص
      - 16 آئی ٹی بجٹ اور آئی ٹی پراجیکٹس کا جائزہ اور منظوری

ہنڈائی نشاط موٹر (پی وی ٹی ) کمیٹڈ	اليم اى ايل	بيىايل	ايم آئی پی ایل	ٹائی پیگ	رثی کا نام	رِلبيد پا		
14,608,200	4,795,535,637	2,293,971,017	352,454,967	494,304,320	پارٹس کی خرید	ٹرانز کشنز کی رقم		
-	227,429	99,100	66,020	1,966,089,164	پارٹس کی فروخت			
4,850,000	-	-	-	-	ית פית'	-		
2_سروس ليول معاہدے مقررہ ٹائم لائن	01-07-2020	01-07-2020	01-07-2020	01-07-2020	ت باانتظامات کا	ٹرانز کشنز یامعاہدات یاانتظامات کا		
· ·	C	t ·	t	t <sup>-</sup>	**	دورانیه		
_ کےمطابق	30-06-2021	30-06-2021	30-06-2021	30-06-2021		#		
ماركيث قيمت پر	متفقه بالهمي قيت							
N/A	متفقه بالهمي قيمت					قیمت کی پالیسی		
		کے مطابق	معاہدے۔		זק פזיך			

اں قرار داد میں ڈائر بکٹرز کی دلچیں عمومی ڈائر بکٹرشپ اور منسلک کمپنیوں میں شیئر ہولڈنگ تک ہے۔

#### ایجنڈا آئٹم نمبر 9

مسلک پارٹیوں سے لین دین (آرپی ٹیز) کے لیے چیف ایگزیکٹوآفیسر کا اختیار

کمپنی 30 جون، 2022 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران عموی کاروباری انداز میں نسلک کمپنیز کے ساتھ ریابیڈ پارٹی ٹراز کشنز کا اہتمام کرے کی کمپنی کے ڈائز کیٹرز کی ایک بڑی تعداد شتر کہ ڈائز کیٹر شپ اور نسلک کمپنیوں میں شیئر زر کھنے کی وجہ سے دلچے ہی رکھتی ہے۔اس لیے نسلک کمپنیوں کے ساتھ ان ٹرانز یکشنز کی منظور می شیئر ہولڈرز سے لی جائے گی۔

اِس برس ہمواررسدکو برقر ارر کھنے کے لئے شیئر ہولڈرز چیف ایگز یکٹوکوا ختیار دے سکتے ہیں کہ وہ کیم جولائی، 2021 سے الگے اجلاس عام تک منسلک کمپنیوں کے ساتھ کیس ٹوکیس لین دین کی منظوری دے سکیس تجارتی وجوہات منسلک کمپنیوں کے ساتھ کاروبار کی نوعیت اورتشریخ اور کر ردی گئی ہے۔ تاہم بیتمام ٹرانز یکشنر سالانہ اجلاسِ عام میں شئیر ہولڈرز کی منظوری او ثیق کے لیے ان کے سامنے رکھی جائیں گی۔

اس قرار داد میں ڈائر کیٹرز کی دلچین عمومی ڈائر مکٹرشپ اور منسلک نمپنیوں میں شیئر ہولڈنگ تک ہے۔

#### ايجنداآئم نمبر10

منظورشده سرماييه مين اضافيه

	- * /
<i>جائز</i> ه	نقا بلی
ميمورنڈم آف ايسوسي ايشن كى تبديل شده شق٧	ميمورنژم آف ايسوسي ايشن كي موجوده شق٧
کمپنی کاسر مایه 1,000,000,000 (ایک ہزار	تمینی کاسر مایه 750,000,000 (سات سوپچپاس
ملین روپے )جو کہ 10 روپے فی شیئر کے	ملین)روپے جو کہ 10روپے فی شیئر کے
100,000,000(ايك سوملين) آر ڈنری شيئرز	75,000 000, 75( پچھتر ملین ) آرڈ زی شیئر زمیں
میں تقسیم کیا گیاہے کمپنیزا یکٹ2017کےمطابق	تقسیم کیا گیاہے کمپنیزا یکٹ2017 کےمطابق نمپنی
سميني كبييل ميںاضا فه كمي ياتشكيل نواور وقتى طور پر	کیپیٹل میںاضا فہ کمی یاتشکیل نواور وقتی طور پرسر مایہ کے
سرمایه کے شیئرز کی مختلف درجہ بندیوں میں تقسیم کی پاور	شیئرز کی مختلف درجہ بندیوں میں تقسیم کی پاورر تھتی ہے۔
رکھتی ہے۔	

#### نقابلی جائزہ آرٹیکلزآف ایسوی ایشن کا موجودہ آرٹیکل 5 آرٹیکلزآف ایسوی ایشن کا موجودہ آرٹیکل 5 آرٹیزی کاشیئر سرماید 75,000,000,000 (ایک جرک کی شیئر 10روپے کے جو کہ فی شیئر 10روپے کے 75,000,000 (ایک موملین) آرڈزی شیئرز آرڈزی شیئرز میں تقسیم کیا گیا ہے۔

#### تېدىلى كى وجو ہات\_

کمپنی کاموجودہ مجاز سرمایہ 75 ملین اور اداشدہ سرمایہ 56.05 ملین اداشدہ سرمایہ ہے۔ اس کو بڑھایا جارہا ہے تا کہ کمپنی کے ادائیگی شدہ سرمائے میں مستقبل کے کسی بھی اضافے کے لیے مجاز سرمائے میں فراہمی ہو۔

#### بورڈ کی طرف سے بیان۔

نہ کورہ متبادل کو بورڈ آف ڈائز بکٹرز نے 17 ستمبر، 2021 کو ہونے والے اپنے اجلاس میں منظور کیا ہے اور بہتا نون اورریگولیٹری فریم ورک کی قابل اطلاق شقوں کے مطابق ہے۔

تر میم شدہ آرٹکل آف ایسوی ایشن کی ایک کا پی کمپنی سیکرٹری کے پاس ممبران کے معائنے کے لیے دستیاب ۔

#### ایجنڈاآئٹم نمبر11

#### آفس آف برافك بولد كرنے كى منظورى:

کمپنیزا کیٹ2017 کے میکشن (i) (c) (j) کتحت بیضروری ہے کدڈ ائر بیٹرز کی جانب سے آفس آف پرافٹ ہولڈنگ کیلئے اجلاس عام میں شیئر ہولڈرز سے منظوری لی جائے۔

#### آفس آف براف کی تفصیلات ڈائر کیٹرز کے پاس رکھنے کی تجویز اور ملازمت کی مختر تفصیل:

ڈ ائز کیٹر زمسٹر سکندر مصطفیٰ خان اور سہیل بشیر رانا اضافی خدمات کی انجام دبی کیلیے کمپنی کے زیرا نظام آفس آف پرافٹ سنجالیں گے جبکہ اس امر کا انحصاراً کئے بطور ڈائز کیٹرانتخاب پر ہوگا۔اس کے ساتھ ساتھ وہ مختلف کمیٹیوں کے ممبران اور بورڈ کے منتعین کردہ قواعد وضوالط کے مطابق خدمات جاری رکھیں گے۔

#### مشتر کہ ڈائر یکٹرز کی منسلک کمپنیوں میں شیئر ہولڈنگ درج ذیل ہے:

ايماىايل	بىتحايل	ايم آئی پی ايل	ٹائی پیگ		
شير ز کی تعداد	شئير ز کی تعداد	شير ز کی تعداد	شئير ز کی تعداد	ۋاز يكثر(ز) كانام	نمبرشار
1,622,859	166,369	541,250	100	مسٹر سکندر مصطفیٰ خان	1
1,705,001	144,359	361,500	100	مسٹر سہبل بشیررانا	2
2,047,801	3,120	339,500	100	مسٹرلئیق الدین انصاری	3
2,500	2,993	2,499	100	ميال محمسليم	4
100,000	2,500	-	-	سيد څه عرفان عقيل (سي اي او،ايم ڻي ايل اور ډائر يکثرا يم اي ايل)	5
5,478,161	319,341	1,244,749	400	کل	
21.06 فيصد	2.78 فيصد	13.90 فيصد	20.00 فيصد	شيئر ہولڈنگ کی شرح	

سے لین دین اور متعلقہ ریکارڈ کی دیکیے بھال )ریگولیشنز 2018 کے ریگولیشن (1)5کے تحت لازم متعلقہ پارٹی لین دین کی معلومات حب ذیل ہیں:

پچھلے سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں شیئر ہولڈروں نے کمپنی کے چیف اگیز مکٹو کو اختیار دیا تھا کہ وہ ان ٹرانز میشنز کو برنس کے عمومی طریقۂ کار کے مطابق شیئر ہولڈروں کی حتی منظوری اور تصدیق کے ساتھ مشروط منظوری دیں۔اس لیے بیڑرانز میشنز حتمی منظوری/نوشق کے لیے شیئر ہولڈرز کو پیش کی جارہی ہیں کمپنیز (متعلقہ پارٹی

ہنڈائی نشاط موٹر (پی وی ٹی) کمیٹڈ	اليماى امل	بی سیایل	ايم آئی پی ايل	ٹائی پیگ	رِلبيٹہ پارٹی کا نام
مسترسهيل بشيررانا		صطفئ خاك	مسرسكندرم		دلچیپی رکھنے والوں کے نام یامتعلقہ افراد
		یا مل کے ڈائر یکٹرنہیں )	مسرسهیل بشیررانا(ایماک		يا ڈائر يکٹرز
		ین انصاری	مسٹر لئیق الد		
		) کے ڈائر یکٹرنہیں ہیں )			
		ل اور ایم آئی پی ایل میں ڈائر یکٹر ہیں۔)	(مسٹراحسن عمران شیخ (سی ای او،ایم ای ایا		
		میں ڈائر یکٹرنہیں ہیں)	*		
		یم ای ایل کے ڈائز یکٹر ہیں )	سيدمحمه عرفان عقيل (صرف!		
ایم ٹی ایل		پاورشيئر ہولڈنگ:	كومن ڈائر يكٹرزشب		تعلق کی نوعیت، دلچینی، یا واسطه بشمول
ى شيئر ہولڈنگ		<sup>صطف</sup> ی خان	مسٹرمسکندر ژ		مکمل مالی آگاہی یادیگر د <sup>کچ</sup> یپی یا
اور کومن		یامل کے ڈائر یکٹرنہیں )	مسٹر سہیل بشیررانا (ایم ا		ڈائر یکٹرز کامینیجرز یابنیادی انتظامی
ڈائر <i>یکٹر</i> زشپ آف		رین انصاری	مسٹر لکیق الد		لوگوں کاریلیٹڈ پارٹی کیساتھ واسطہ
مسترسهبيل بشيررانا	میاں محمسلیم (ایم ای ایل کے ڈائر یکٹرنیس میں )				
	مسٹراحسن عمران شیخ (بی بی املی اور ٹائی پیگ ملیں ڈائر بیکٹر اور شیئر ہولڈر نہیں ہیں )				
		یم ای ایل کے ڈائز یکٹر ہیں )	سيدمجمه عرفان عقيل (صرف!		
	1- طےشدہ آرڈرز کےمطابق پُرزہ جات	1- طےشدہ آرڈرز کےمطابق پُرزہ جات	1- طےشدہ آرڈرز کےمطابق پُرزہ جات	1- طےشدہ آرڈرز کےمطابق پُرزہ جات	مکمل کوا کف اورٹرانز یکشنز کے قواعدو
2 ِ حَكُم كِ خلاف فَكَسَدُّ السِّدُ كَيْ خريداري	کی خرید	کی خرید	کی خرید	کی خرید	ضوابط
	2- طےشدہ آرڈرز کےمطابق پُرزہ جات	2- طےشدہ آرڈرز کےمطابق پُرزہ جات	2- طےشدہ آرڈرز کےمطابق پُرزہ جات	2- طےشدہ آرڈرز کےمطابق پُرزہ جات	
	کی فروخت	کی فروخت	كى فروخت	کی فروخت	
	3-זקפיקי	3-404	3-17,675		

#### 14\_سالانه مالياتي تفصيلات بذريعهاي ميل

الیں ای پی نے اپنے SRO 787(I)/2014 ہاریؒ 80 تتمبر، 2014 کمپنیوں کو اجازت دی ہے کہ وہ سالا نہ بیکنس شیٹ، پرافٹ اینڈ لاس اکاؤنٹ، آڈیٹر کی رپورٹ اور ڈائر یکٹرز رپورٹ مع اطلاع سالانہ اجلاس عام ای میل کے ذریعے ممبران کو بھیج سکتی ہیں۔ جوممبران اس سبولت سے فائدہ اٹھانا جا ہیں وہ اپنی رضامند کی کا اظہار کر سکتے ہیں۔

#### 15\_سالانه مالياتي تفصيلات بذريعيى دى ادى وى دى اليواليس بي

الس ای سی پی نے اپند 3 مئی، 2016 کے جاری کردہ نوٹیفلیشن (1) SRO 470 الس النہ بیلنس شیٹ، پرافٹ اینڈ الس اکاؤنٹس، 2016 میں کمپنیوں کواس بات کی اجازت دی ہے کہ سالانہ بیلنس شیٹ، پرافٹ اینڈ الس اکاؤنٹس، آڈیٹرزر پورٹ وغیرہ تمام ممبران کوان کے رجٹر ڈپتے پری ڈی/ڈی وی ڈی/ لا یورٹ کیا لیوالیس بی کے ذریعے ارسال کر سکتے ہیں۔ اس بات کے پیش نظر کمپنی نے اپنی سالانہ رپورٹ ہرائے 2021 کی پر پھڑگا کی میں ارسال کی ہے۔ سالانہ رپورٹ برائے 2021 کی پر پھڑگا کی سے اس بات کے لیے کوئی بھی ممبر کمپنی کی و یب سائٹ پر دیئے گئے درخواست فارم کے ذریعے درخواست کرسکتا

#### 16\_فزيكل حصص كى بك انثرى فارم مين تبديلي:

سکیور شیزاینڈ ایکی کیشن آف پاکستان (ایس ای سی پی) نے اپنے مرکز رشیزاینڈ ایکی کی کے اپنے اپنے در لیے حرکز مرکز کو بدارے کا 2020ء روک کارچ 2021ء کے در لیے کی کو بدارے کو بدارے کی ہے کہ و کمپینز ایک 2016ء کارچ 2011ء کی بیٹم کر دہ شیئر زکو بک انٹری فارم میں جاری کردہ شیئر زسے تبدیل کریں فریکل فارم میں جاری کردہ شیئر زکو بک انٹری فولیوز اسٹیئر مرشیقیٹ شرک کھنے الشیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ اپنے فریکل شیئر زکو بک انٹری فارم میں جمع کروانے کی ایس اکاؤنٹ کھلوانے اور فریکل فارم سے جلداز جلد تبدیل کروائیں شیئر ہولڈرز سی ڈی ایس اکاؤنٹ کھلوانے اور فریکل شیئر کواکاؤنٹ میں بک انٹری فارم میں جمع کروانے کیلئے کی بھی شاک پروکر ہی ڈی می پارٹیسینٹ (یاکستان شاک ) بچیخ کامم کر یا ہی ڈی می انولیسی بیٹ ہیں۔

یہ عمل شیئر ہولڈرز کو مختلف طریقوں مثلاً شیئرز کی حفاظت، شیئرز کے نقصان سے بچاؤ، ڈوپلکیٹ شیئرز کے اجراء میں در پیش رسی کارروائی سے بیخنے اورادین مارکیٹ میں اجھے داموں خرید وفروخت کیلئے بھی فوراً اوستیاب ہوگا شیئر ہولڈرز تفصیلات کیلئے ہمارے شیئر رجٹرارسے رابط کر سکتے ہیں۔

#### كمپنيزا يك بيزا كيك 2017 كيشن (3) 134 كتت بيان

ایجنڈا آئٹم نمبر 6اور 7 بونس شیئر ز کا اجراء

بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹراس بات سے منتفق ہیں کہ کمپنی کی مالی حالت اوراسکے ذخائر بونس شیئرز کے اجراء کیلئے اس کمپٹلا ئزیشن کا جواز پیش کرتے ہیں۔ کمپنی کے ڈائر بکٹرزاس قرار دادیٹس اس سے زیادہ دلچپی نہیں رکھتے کہ وہ کمپنی میں شیئر ہولڈنگ رکھتے ہیں۔

#### بونس شيئر زفريكشنز كالوسيوزل:

بورڈ نے 19 فروری ، 2021 اور 17 متمبر 2021 کومنعقدہ اپنے 179 ویں اور 181 ویں اجلاس میں سیہ تجویز دی ہے کہ بونسشیئرز کے فریکشنز غیر مادی اور شیئر ہولڈرز کیلئے کسی نمایاں مالی نقصان سے پاک ہوں گے۔ان کی فروخت سے حاصل ہونے والی رقم ایک یاز اندخیراتی اداروں (فلاح عامہ سے منسلک) میں تقسیم کی جائے جو کہ کمپنی کی فلاح عامہ کے کاموں میں زیادہ سے زیادہ شولیت کی پالیسی کے عین مطابق ہے۔

#### ايجنڈا آئٹم نمبر 8

#### ريلييد پارٹيزے لين دين (آريي ٹيز)

کمپنیزریگولیشنز، 2018 کے ریگولیشن(1)05 (متعلقه پارٹی ٹرانز یکشنزاورمتعلقه ریکارڈزی دیکیو بھال) کے مطالق

ريلييڈ پارٹيز ٹرانز يكشنز كاحصہ بننے كى تجارتى وجوہات مندرجہ ذيل ہيں۔

- اسٹیٹ آف دی آرٹ بروڈکشن کی سہولیات کی دستیابی
  - ب) جديد تکنيکي سمجھ بوجھ
- ج) بہترین،معیاری اور ہمہوقت فعال بروڈکشن سہولیات
  - د) ملت ٹریکٹرز کے لیے ٹیسٹنگ کی تفصیلی سہولیات
    - ر) بلانغطل ہموارسیلائی چین

منسلک کمپنیوں کے ساتھ کمپنی کی ایکوئٹی مندرجہ ذیل ہے۔

ٹائی پیگ انٹرٹریڈرزڈی ایم ہی سی 75.00 فیصد

ملت اندُسٹریل پراڈ کٹس لمیٹڈ 64.09 فیصد

بولان كاستُنگر لميثر 46.26 فيصد

ملت! يكو پيمن لمبيّد 45.00 فيصد

#### 9۔ شاختی کارڈ کالازمی جمع کروانا:

کمپنیزریگولیشنز،2017 (برائے منافع منقسمہ)، جے کمپنیزا یک 2017 کے سیشن 242 کے ساتھ پڑھا جائے ، گولیشنز کا 2017 کے سیشن 242 کے ساتھ پڑھا جائے ، کی شق نمبر 6 کے تحت کمپنی نے ان تھس داران کی ادائیگیاں روک دی ہیں، اور آئیر جمع نہیں کروایا ہے۔ اگر فرکورہ وجہ سے آپ کا منافع منقسمہ روک لیا گیا ہے تو آپ سے درخواست ہے کہ از راہ کرم کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارکوا ہے شاختی کارڈ کی مصد قد نقل فراہم کردیں (اگر آپ کے تھس فزیکل ہیں یا اگر بک انٹری فارم ہیں منعلقہ شراکت دار/ انویسرا کا وُنٹ سروسز کے پاس ہیں)۔

#### 10\_ كيش دُيويْدِنْدُ كِي الْكِيْرُونِكِ إِدانَيْكَى:

کینیز ایک 17 کے کیشن 242 کے تحت ، کیش کی صورت میں ادا کیا جانے والا منافع ، صرف الکیٹر ویک طریقہ کا رہے ہوائی اللہ شیئر ہولڈرز کے بتائے گئے اکاؤنٹ میں براہ راست ٹرانسفر کیا جائے گئے اکاؤنٹ میں براہ کے کی ادائیگی سے متعلق کا شیئر ہولڈرز کو اس سے قبل بھی الکیٹر ویک طریقہ کار کے ذریعے منافع کی ادائیگی سے متعلق معلومات کے لیے توٹسز جاری کیے جا بھی بیں ۔ اب ایک مرتبہ پھر شیئر بولڈرز سے ان کے فولیونمبرز، معلومات کے لئے توٹسز جاری کیے جا بھی بیں ۔ اب ایک مرتبہ پھر شیئر بولڈرز سے ان کے فولیونمبرز، اکاؤنٹ نمبر، اکاؤنٹ ٹائشل) اور BAN افراہم کرنے کی درخواست کی جاتی ہے۔ بیمعلومات نیفراہم کرنے کی صفید ٹر رڈ صورت میں ممبولی کی ویب سائٹ بر بھی سفید ٹر رڈ صورت میں معلومات کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ بر بھی سفید ٹر رڈ درخواست ہے کہ بیتمام معلومات کمپنی تک جلدا زجلد درخواست ہے کہ بیتمام معلومات کمپنی تک جلدا زجلد

شیئرز CDC کی صورت میں موجود ہونے پر درخواست فارم شیئر ہولڈر کے شراکت دارایا CDC انولیشراکاؤنٹ سرومزکوتھ کروائے جاکیں گے۔

#### 11- دُيويدُندُى آمدن سے تيس كى كوتى:

اَئُم نَیْس آرڈ یننس،2001 کے سیکشن150 تحت کمپنیوں کی طرف سے ادا کی گئی منافع کی رقم پرود ہولڈنگ نیکس کی کو تی کو مختلف شرح سے لا گوکیا جا سکتا ہے۔ بیشرح مندرجہ ذیل ہیں۔

الف) ممبران جن كنام المينونيكس پيئر زلسك ( ATL ) ميں شامل ہيں۔15.00 فيصد

ب) ممبران جن کے نام ایکٹوٹیکس پیئر زلسٹ ( ATL ) میں شامل نہیں ہیں۔30.00 فیصد

ایسے تمام شیئر ہولڈرز جوائم ٹیکس بیٹرن فائل کرتے ہیں مگران کا نام ایف بی آر کی ویب سائٹ پرایٹو کیکس پیئر زلسٹ (اے ٹی ایل) میں درج نہیں ہیں، اُنہیں مطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ وہ اپنے منافع کی ادائیگی کی تاریخ سے پہلے پہلے اے ٹی ایل میں نام درج کروالیں ورنہ منافع پرود ہولڈنگ ٹیکس کی کوئی کی 15.00 فیصد ہوگی۔

مشتر کرشیئر زر کھنے والے شیئر ز ہولڈرز کے لیے، ایف بی آر کی جانب سے جاری کی گئی وضاحت کے تحت فائل کرنے والوں اور فائل نہ کرنے والوں کے شیئس کے مطابق ، پرٹیپل شیئر ہولڈر اور جوائنٹ شیئر ر ہولڈر کے حصص کی مقدار کے تناسب سے ود ہولڈنگ ٹیکس لاگو کیا جائے گا۔ اس لیے تمام شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ پرٹیپل شیئر ہولڈرز اور جوائنٹ شیئر ہولڈر(ز) کے حصص میں تناسب کے ہارے میں شیئر رجٹر ارکوروج ذیل طریقہ ہے آگاہ کرس۔

بئر ہولڈرز	مشتر كه ثبا	بئر ہولڈرز	بنیادی شی			
شيئر ہولڈنگ کا	نام اور شناختی	شيئر ہولڈنگ کا	نام اور شناختی	كلشيئرز	فوليواسى ڈى	سمينى كانام
تناسب(شيئرز	كارڈنمبر	تناسب(شيئرز	كارڈنمبر		اليساكاؤنث	
کی تعداد		کی تعداد			تبر	

مندرجہ بالامعلومات شیئر رجٹرارکو ہرصورت مہیا کریں ورنہ فرض کرلیا جائے گا کہ پرٹیل شیئر ہولڈراور جوائنٹ شیئر ہولڈرز برابر کے حصد دار ہیں۔

کسی مسئلہ، استفسار، یا معلومات کے لیے انو پیٹرز کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارمیسرز حمید جمید ایسوی ایٹس (پائیویٹ) کمیٹر مسئلہ، استفسار، یا معلومات نگور ہے اور ان کی ایش میئر کہ ہوا کہ ہور سے راابطہ فرما کیں۔ فون نمبر 2 8 - 1 8 0 5 2 3 7 3 5 8 8 1 7 کا میٹل:
منبر 2 8 - 1 8 0 5 2 3 7 3 - 2 4 0 قیاس نمبر 7 1 8 8 5 3 7 3 - 2 4 0 میٹل:
منبر 2 8 - 1 8 0 5 2 3 7 3 - 2 4 0 قیاس نمبر کے مطابق کھیں دولے کارپوریٹ شیئر مولڈرز کو چا ہے کہ وہ اپنے کہ وہ اپنی ٹی این سرٹیکیلیٹ کمپنی یاشیئر رجٹر ارکوشیمیں شیئر ہولڈرز کو چا ہے کہ وہ این ٹی این سرٹیکیلیٹ کمپنی یاشیئر رجٹر ارکوشیمیں شیئر ہولڈرز کو چا ہے کہ وہ این ٹی این سرٹیکیلیٹ کمپنی یاشیئر رجٹر ارکوشیمیں شیئر ہولڈرز کو چا ہے کہ وہ این ٹی این سرٹیکیلیٹ کینی یاشیئر رجٹر ارکوشیمیں شیئر ہولڈرز کو چا ہے کہ وہ این ٹی این سرٹیکیلیٹ کینی یاشیئر رجٹر ارکوشیمیں شیئر ہولڈرز کو چا ہے کہ وہ این ٹی این سرٹیکیلیٹ کینی یاشیئر رجٹر ارکوشیمیں سیئر ہولڈرز کو چا ہے کہ وہ این ٹی این سرٹیکیلیٹ کینی یاشیئر رجٹر ارکوشیمیں سیئر جولڈرز کو چا ہے کہ وہ این ٹی این سرٹیکیلیٹ کینی یاشیئر رجٹر ارکوشیمیلیٹ کین کی ایک نام اور متعلق ہوگئر کیس ہولڈرز کو چا ہے کہ وہ کیس ہولئر کین کین کیسٹر نیسٹر کیسٹر نیسٹر کیسٹر ک

#### ود ہولڈنگ ٹیکس سے بچنے کے لیے ٹیکس ایگیزمیشن سرٹیفیکیٹ کی فراہمی

انگریکس آرڈیٹینس ، 2001 کے سیشن 150 کے تحت منافع کی رقم ہے آید نی ٹیکس ہے متنلی کرنے کے لیے ٹیکس ایگزیمپیشن سرٹیٹیکیٹ لازمی ہے۔انگم ٹیکس آرڈیٹینس ، 2001 کے تحت ٹیکس ہے متنگی ممبران اپنے انگم ٹیکس ایگزیمپیشن سرٹیٹیکیٹ کی کا پی کھاتے بند ہونے کی تاریخ سے پہلے شیم رجٹرار کے ہاس جمع کروائمیں بصورت دیگرمزافع کی رقم برقانون کے مطابق ٹیکس لاگوہوگا۔

#### 12-اى دْ يويدْندْر جسرْيش:

سنشرل ڈیپوزیٹری کمپنی نے ایک سنشرالائز ڈیش ڈیویڈیٹر رجشر (CCDR) تیار کیا ہے جو ایک ای سنٹرل ڈیپوزیٹری کمپنی نے ایک سنٹر الائز ڈیش ڈیویڈیڈرادا
سروں ویب پورٹل ہے، جس میں کیش ڈیویڈیڈ دی باہت تفصیلات رکھی جا ئیس گی آیا کہ کیش ڈیویڈیڈرادا
اور زکو ق کی ادائیگی وغیرہ کی تفصیلات کا حامل کیش ڈیویڈیٹر کا ایک کاؤئٹر فوئل محض الکیٹرڈوکلی
اور زکو ق کی ادائیگی وغیرہ کی تفصیلات کا حامل کیش ڈیویڈیٹر کا ایک کاؤئٹر فوئل محض الکیٹرڈوکلی
CCDR ویب پورٹل کے ذریعے میسر ہوگا شیئر ہولڈرز مندرجہ ذیل لئک کے ذریعے
CCDR ویب پورٹل پر رجشریشن اوررسائی حاصل کر کے کاؤئٹر فوئل اور کمپنی کی طرف سے اداکیے
گئے کئی گئی ڈی ٹیمام معلومات حاصل کر سے ہیں۔

https://eservices.cdcaccess.com.pk/public/index.xhtml

#### 13 ـ ويب سائك برا كاؤنٹس كى تفصيلات

کمپنی کی سالانہ فنانشل شیمنٹس (30 جون، 2021 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے )ر پورٹس کے ہمراہ کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.millat.com.pk پررکھودی گئی ہیں۔

اینڈ ایمینی کمیش آف پاکتان کے ایس آراد نجبر (1030/(1)/1961 بتاریُّ 03 اکتوبر، 2019 الیکش کی تاریخ سے قبل اپنے ذاتی کوائف پرمنی تفصیلی پروفائل دفتر کے پیتہ پرارسال کرے تاکہ میر تفصیلات کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پرورج کی جاسکیں۔

کو ڈ آ ف کارپوریٹ گورننس اینڈلسٹنگ ریگولیشنز آف شاک ایکیچنج کے مطابق ورکار درج ذیل حلف نامہ بھی مہیا کرنا ہوگا۔ میں اس بات کا افر ارکرتا ہوں کہ:

- a) میں کمپنی کاممبر ہوں۔(پاس موجود شیئر زکی تعداد مع فولیونمبریا ہی ڈی می پارٹیسپشن آئی ڈی اورا کا وَنث نمبر درج ہو)
  - b) میں نافذ العمل قوانین وضوابط کے تحت کمپنی ڈائر یکٹر بننے کیلئے نااہل نہیں ہوں
  - c) میں سات سے زائد لے ٹر کمپنیوں میں بطور ڈائر کیٹر خدمات سرانجام نہیں دے رہا
    - d میں رجسٹر ڈئیکس دہندہ ہول اور میر انیشنل ٹیکس نمبر۔۔۔۔۔
- e) میں کسی بینکنگ کمپنی، ڈوبلیبنٹ فنانشل انسٹی ٹیوتن یا کسی نان بینکنگ فنانشل انسٹی ٹیوتن کا کبھی بھی ناد ہندہ نہیں رہا
- f) میں اور نہ ہی میرا شریک حیات کسی بھی شاک ایکھینج میں "شاک بروکر تے" کے کاروبار ہے بھی منسلک رہے ہیں

خود مختار ڈائر کیٹر کی صورت میں ایک اضافی حلف نامہ جمع کروانا ہوگا کہ وہ کمپنیز ایکٹ2017کے سیشن 166کے مطابق خود مختاری کی اہلیت پر پورا اُتر تا ہے

#### 5\_ سالانه اجلاس عام میں شمولیت:

سیکورٹیزائیڈائیجیج کمیشن آف پاکستان نے اپنے سرکلرنبر 4 0(1 2 0 2) ہتاری کے 1 فروری، 2 0 2 اعداد کی بیٹن آف پاکستان نے اپنے سرکلرنبر 4 10(1 2 0 2) ہتاریے 1 2 0 2 اعداد کی بیٹن نے سال کئے ہمارے معزز شیئر ہولڈرز کے صحت مندانہ مفاواورزیاہ سے زیادہ شمولیت تینی بنانے کیلئے کمپنی نے سالانہ اجلاس عام میں شرکت کیلئے ویڈیولئک کی سہولت کا انتظام کیا ہے۔سالانہ اجلاس عام میں بذریعہ ویڈیولئک شرکت کے خواہشمند شیئر ہولڈرزسے درخواست ہے کہ وہ درج ذیل معلومات ای میل المرکس۔

ای میل ایڈریس	موبائل نمبر	قومی شناختی کارڈنمبر	موجوده شیئرز کی تعداد	کپنی نام	فوليو/ى ڈى ي ا كاؤنٹ نمبر
				ملت ٹریکٹرزلمیٹٹر	

ا بیے ممبران جن کی تمام مطلوبہ کوائف کی تفصیلات 21 اکتوبر، 2021 کاروباری دورانیہ کے اختیام تک (05:00 بیجشام) ندکورہ بالا ای میل ایڈرلیس پرموصول ہوں گی اُ نکوویڈ بولٹک اورلاگ اِن کی معلومات شیئر کر دی جائیں گی۔

#### 6 - ویڈیوکانفرنس کال کی سہولت:

نہ کورہ "نوٹ 5 "میں بیان کردہ ضروریات اورانظامات کے مطابق بغیرتعصب کے کمپنیزا کیٹ 7 ا 20 کے زیرسیشن 2 1 3 کے ساتھ کمپنیزا کیٹ 7 ا 2 0 کا زیرسیشن 2 3 1 جے ایس ای می پی سرکلر 1 آ آف 2 1 0 کے ساتھ پڑھا جائے، اگر کمپنی کے ممبران جن کے پاس مجموعی طور پر 10 فیصدیا اس سے زیادہ شیئرز ہوں، اگر کسی خاص جغرافیا کی حدود (کسی خاص جگہ اشہر) میں موجود ہوں اوروہ سالانہ اجلاس سے 7 روز قبل میٹنگ میں ویڈیو کا افرنس کے ذریعے شرکت کی اطلاع دیں تو کمپنی اس شہر میں ویڈیو کا افرنس کی سہولیات میسر ہوں۔ کمپنی اس سہولیات میسر ہوں۔ کمپنی اس بات کو یقنی بنائے گی کہ ویڈیو کا افرنس کی جگہ اور دیگر تمام تفصیلات سالانہ عمومی اجلاس سے 5 روز قبل بات کو یقنی بنائے گی کہ ویڈیو کا افرنس کی جگہ اور دیگر تمام تفصیلات سالانہ عمومی اجلاس سے 5 روز قبل بات کو یقنی بنائے گی کہ ویڈیو کا افرنس کی جگہ اور دیگر تمام تفصیلات سالانہ عمومی اجلاس سے 5 روز قبل

اگر مندرجہ بالا تفصیلات کے تحت آپ بھی سالانہ میٹنگ میں ویڈیو کانفرنس کے ذریعے شرکت کرنا چاہتے میں تو براہ مہر بانی اجلاس سے کم ازم کم 7 روز قبل ذیل میں دیا گیا فارم پُر کر کے کمپنی کے رجسڑ ڈ دفتر میں جمع کروائیں۔

میں اہم ۔۔۔۔۔۔ آف ۔۔۔۔۔ ملت ٹریکٹرز لمیٹڈ کے ممبران ، جن کے شیئر نمبر۔۔۔۔۔ رجشرار فولیونمبر ۱ می ڈی می اکاؤنٹ نمبر ۔۔۔۔۔ ویڈیو کانفرنس کی سہولت۔۔۔۔میں چاہتاہوں/چاہتے ہیں۔

#### 7- يوشل بيك:

کمپنیز (پوشل بیک ) ریگولیشنز ، 2018 کے مطابق ڈائر یکٹرز کے انتخاب اورکھینیز ایکٹ 2017 کے سینٹن 143 کے بخت ندکورہ البیت اور طریقہ کار کے تحت ندکورہ البیت اور طریقہ کار کے تحت ندکورہ البیت المان پر رید براں الیس ای بی پی قواعد کے مطابق بنا جق رائے دہی استعمال کر سکتے ہیں۔ مزید براں الیس ای بی پی کے سرکلر نمبر آف 2020 بتاریخ کے سرکلر نمبر آف 2020 بتاریخ کے اس کاروبار میں ممبران بذریعہ ای وونٹگ اپنا حق رائے دہی استعمال کر سکتے ہیں۔خصوصی کاروبار میں ممبران بذریعہ ای وونٹگ اپنا حق رائے البیت دہی استعمال کر سکتے ہیں۔خصوصی کاروبار کیلئے بھی ای وونٹگ کیلئے متذکرہ قواعد کے مطابق البیت اور طریقہ کارلوگو بھوگا۔

نان ی ڈی تی شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے پیۃ میں تبدیلی کی صورت میں فوری طور پر مطلع کریں۔ اور قابل اطلاق ہوتو CZ-50 فارم (زکوۃ کٹوتی کی ممانعت) جرکرشیئر رجسٹر ار میسرز جمید ایسوی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) کم پیڈ، فرسٹ فلوران گا ایم ہاؤس، 7 بینک سکوائر، لا ہور، وفتر میں جمید ایسوی ایٹس کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے پیۃ میں جمع کروا میں سے ڈی تی کے ذریعی شیئر ہولڈرز حضرات سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے پیۃ اور زکوۃ کی موجودہ حیثیت سے شرکاء کو مطلع رکھیں۔ اس عمل سے منافع کی بسرعت ادائیگی میں مدوسلے گی۔

- 9۔ سمپنی کے چیف ایگز کیٹوکومندرجہ ذیل قرارداد (تبدیلی کے ساتھ یا تبدیلی کے بغیر) کی منظوری کے ذریعے اختیار دینا کہوہ 30 جون، 2022 کوشم ہونے والے سال کے لیے ریلیٹڈ پارٹی ٹرانز یکشنز کی منظوری دیسکیس گے۔
- '' طے پایا کہ کمپنی کے چیف ایگز کیٹو بااختیار ہیں اور رہیں گے کہ کیم جولائی، 2021 سے کمپنی کے اگلے سالانة عمومی اجلاس تک ریلیٹد پارٹی ٹرانز یکشنز کی منظوری دیں گے''۔
- " مزید طے پایا کہ لین دین کی بیتفصیلات آئندہ سالانہ اجلاس عام میں شئیر ہولڈرز کی توثیق ومنظوری کے لیے پیش کی جائیں گی۔"
- 10 سمینیٰ کے مجاز سرمایہ میں اضافہ کے لیے درج ذیل خصوصی قرار داد کی وصولی غور و خوض اور ترمیمی یاغیر ترمیمی حالت میں آسکی نوثیق۔
- " طے پایا کہ کمپنی کے مجاز سرمایہ میں 750,000,000 (سات سو پیپاس ملین روپے) کی 000,000 (سات سو پیپاس ملین روپے) کی 000,000,000 (فی شیئر 10,000,000,000 (ایک ہزارملین روپے) کی 100,000,000 (ایک سوملین) آروزی شیئر دارفی شیئر دارفی شیئر 10روپے) میں تقسیم سے اضافہ کی منظوری دی جاتی ہے۔
- مزید طے پایا کہ سمپنی کے میمورنڈم آف ایسوی ایشن کی شق ۷ میں 750,000,000 (سات سو پچاس ملین روپے) کی 0 0 0 , 0 0 0 , 7 7 ( پچھٹر ملین ) میں تقتیم کے الفاظ اور ہندسوں کو 1,000,000,000 (ایک ہزار ملین روپے) کی 100,000,000 (ایک سوملین ) میں تقتیم کے الفاظ اور ہندسوں سے بدلا جائے۔
- مزید طے پایا کہ کمپنی کے آرٹیکٹر آف ایسوی ایشن کی شق 5 میں 750,000,000 (سات سوپیاس ملین روپے) کی 0 0 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 7 ( پچھٹر ملین ) میں تقتیم کے الفظ اور ہندسوں کو 1,000,000,000 (ایک ہزارملین روپے) کی100,000,000 (ایک سوملین ) میں تقتیم کے الفاظ اور ہندسوں سے بدلاجائے "۔
- مزید طے پایا کہ نمپنی کے چیف اگیزیکٹواور ایا نمپنی سیکرٹری اس سلسلہ میں تمام قانونی اورادارہ جاتی اور طریقہ کار کاروائیوں اوراس قرار داد پڑمل کے لیے لازم یا حادثاتی وستاویزات فائل کرنے کے مجاز ہوں گے۔
- 11۔ ڈائر کیٹران کی جانب سے آفس آف پرافٹ ہولڈنگ کیلئے درج ذیل عموی قرار داد (ترامیم کے ساتھ یا بغیرترامیم) پرفورو خوص اور منظوری۔
- " بیقرار پایا کہ مپنی کے زیرسا بیآف آف پرافٹ تین سال کیلئے (جس کا آغاز 30 اکتوبر، 2021 ہے ہوگا) مسٹرسکندر مصطفیٰ خان اور محتر مسہیل بشیر رانا کے سپر دکرنے کی منظوری دی جاتی ہے"

#### سی) امورِدیگر

صاحبِ صدر کی اجازت ہے کوئی اور دوسری ٹرانز یکشن کرنا

بحكم بورد

لا ہور: محمد فیصل عظیم ممپنی سیکریٹری 108

- نوڻس:
- 1۔ سمپنی کی ختلے حصص کی کتابیں 24 اکتوبر، 2021 سے 30 اکتوبر، 2021 تک (بشمول ہر دوایام)
  بندر ہیں گی۔ اوراس مدت کے دوران کوئی ختلی قبول نہیں کی جائے گی۔ شیئر زرجشر ارمیسر زحمید مجیدالیوی
  ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹیڈ فرسٹ فلوران کی ایم ہاؤس، 7 بنک سکوائر لا ہور کے دفتر میں 23 اکتوبر، 2021
  کو برنس کلوز ہونے تک وصول ہونے والی ہر لحاظ سے مکمل منتقلیاں حتمی منافع اداکرنے، بونس شیئر زکا
  اجراء، اجلاس میں شریک ہونے اور ووٹ ڈالنے کے لیے بروقت تصور کی جائیں گی۔
- 2 اجلاس پذاہیں شرکت اور ووٹ دینے کا اہل ممبرا پنے بجائے کی دوسر سے ممبر کو اجلاس ہیں شرکت اور ووٹ دینے کے لیے پراکسی (اپنا نمائندہ) مقرر کرسکتا/ سکتی ہے۔ مہراور دستخط شدہ پراکسیاں تا آئکہ مئوثر ہوسکیس کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈ دفتر میں اجلاس سے کم از کم 48 گھنے قبل لازماً وصول ہونی چا بئیں۔
- 3 ممبران جوسنشرل ڈیپازیٹری کمپنی آف پاکتان میں شیر جمع کروا چکے ہیں،مندرجہ ذیل ہدایات پڑعمل کریں۔

#### الف) انفرادی طور براجلاس میں شمولیت

- i) انفرادی شہولیت کی صورت میں اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر،سب اکاؤنٹ ہولڈریا وہ افراد جن کی سیکیو رٹیز گروپ اکاؤنٹ میں میں اور ان کی رجشریشن کی تفصیلات کا ہدایات کے مطابق اندراج ہے، اجلاس میں حاضری کے وقت اپنااصلی پاسپورٹ یا اصلی کمپیوٹرائز ڈ شناختی کارڈ دکھا کر اپنی شناخت کی تقیدیق کروائیں۔
- نار پوریٹ ادارول کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائز کیٹرز کی قراردادیا پاور آف اٹارنی نامز دالیہ کے دستخط
   کے نمونوں کے ہمراہ اجلاس میں پیش کئے جائیں۔

#### ب) براکسیون کاتقرر

- i) انفرادی صورت میں ،اکاؤنٹ ہولٹر یاسب اکاؤنٹ ہولٹر اور ایا وہ افراد جن کے گروپ اکاؤنٹ میں سیکیو رٹی موجود ہواور قواعد کے تحت اپنی رجنزیشن کی تفصیلات درج کرائی ہوں وہ درج بالاضرورت کے تحت یراکسی فارم جمع کرائیں گے۔
- ii) شیئر ز مالکان اور پراکسی کے پاسپورٹ اور شناختی کارڈ کی تصدیق شدہ نقول پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ پیش کی جائیں گی۔
  - iii) پراکسی افرادا جلاس کے وقت اصلی شناختی کارڈ اپاسپورٹ پیش کریں گے۔
- iv کار پوریٹ اداروں کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹر کی قرار دادیا پاور آف اٹارنی دستخط شدہ نمونے پراکسی فارم کے ہمراہ جمع کرائے جائیں گے۔

#### 4- بطور دُائرَ يكثر زانتخاب كيليّ درخواست:

کمپنیزا یک 2017 کی شق (3) 159 کے تحت کوئی بھی شخص جوبطورڈ ائر یکٹرریٹائر مورہا ہے یااپٹی تعیناتی کا خواہشند ہے، الیکش کی تاریخ ہے کم از کم چودہ دن قبل اپنی خواہش کے اظہار کی درخواست کمپنی کے پاس جمع کروائے اوکیپنزا یکٹ 2017 کے سیشن (1) 167کے مطابق بطورڈ ائریکٹرڈ مہ داریاں سرانجام دینے کی خواہش فارم 28 کوکمل پُرکر کے جمع کروائے۔اس کے ساتھ ساتھ سیکیو رٹیز

## نونس برائے سالا ندا جلاس عام

اطلاع دی جاتی ہے کہ ملت ٹر مکٹر زلمیٹڈ کا85 وال سالاندا جلاس عام کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈوفتر بمقام 9 کومیٹر شخو پورہ روڈ ، شاہدرہ ، لاہور بروز ہفتہ 30 اکتوبر ، 2021 بوقت سے 30 : 11 بیجے مندرجہ ذیل امور کی انجام وہی کے لیے منعقد ہوگا۔

#### الف) امورعام

- 1- 57ويى سالانه اجلاس عام منعقده 26 اكتوبر، 2020 كے مندر جات كى تصديق
- 2۔ 0 8 جون، 1 2 0 2 تک کمپنی اور گروپ کے آڈٹ شدہ حمابات بشول چیئر مین جائزہ رپورٹ، ڈائر کیٹرزاور آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹس کی وصولی اوران رپنوروخوش اور منظوری۔
- 3۔ حتی منافع منظمہ 50روپ فی شیئر لینی 500 فیصد اور عبوری نقد منافع منظمہ 50روپ فی شیئر بو لینی 500 فیصد (جو کہ پہلے سے اداشدہ ہے)، مجموعی نقد منافع منظمہ 100روپ فی شیئر جو کہ 1,000 فیصد بنآ ہے کی منظوری۔
  - 4۔ 30 جون، 2022 كونتم ہونے والے سال كے ليے آڈيٹرز كاتقرراوران كے مشاہروں كانعين۔
- 5۔ تین سال کے عرصہ کیلئے سمپنی کے آٹھ ڈائر کیٹرز کاانتخاب۔ ریٹائر ہونے والے ڈائر کیٹران میں مسٹرسکندر مصطفیٰ خان سہبل بشیررانا، لیّق الدین انصاری، میاں مجملیم، سعدا قبال، احسن عمران شخ اورمحتر مدامبرین وحید شامل میں۔

جیسا کہ بورڈ کی 17 متمبر، 2021 کو منعقدہ میٹنگ میں طے پایا تھا کہ نتخب ہونے والے ڈائر مکٹرز کی تعداد 8 ہوگی جس میں سے دوخود مختار مرداورا یک خود مختار خالون ڈائر مکٹر کے انتخاب کی تجویز شامل تھی

#### ب) امورخاص:

6۔ بورڈ کی جانب سے درج ذیل قرار داد کی منظوری کے ساتھ پہلے سے جاری کردہ اور منظور شدہ 12.50 فیصد بونس شیئرز کی تو ثیق اور منظوری۔

#### " قرار پایا که

31 د تمبر، 2020 تک اختصاصی کھاظ ہے موجود مجموعی منافع میں ہے 62,286,390 و پے 100 د تھا۔ 62,286,390 و پے 100 دوپے مالیت کے 63,228,639 مومی شیئرز کے اجراء کیلئے قابل استعال لائے جا ئیس گے جوکہ 11 مارچ، 2021 تک کاروباری اختتام تک کمپنی کے دہٹر میں موجود مجبران کو لیطور کمل ادائیگی پونس شیئرز (ہر 8 عمومی شیئرز کیلئے ایک شیئر کے تناسب سے جو کہ 12.50 فیصد ہے ) ادا کیے جا ئیس گے۔

یہ بونس شیئر زموجودہ شیئرز کے ساتھ ہر لحاظ سے Pari Passu متصور ہوں گے ماسوائے اس کے کہ یہ 30 جون، 2021 تک اختتام پذیر ہونے والے سال کیلئے اعلان کردہ عبوری منقسمہ کیلئے اہل نہیں ہوں گے۔

ولاً مُركبر الله قرار داد كوموء ثر بناني، بونس شيئرزك اجراء، الأمنث اورتقتيم كيك متعلقه تمام أمور، كامول اوراشياء كيكي مسلح الوربكا مول اوراشياء كيكي مسلح كالوربكا مول

" قرار پایا که ڈائز بکٹران بونس شیئرز کے تمام اجزاء کو یکجا کرنے اورانہیں شاک مارکیٹ میں فروخت کرنے اورفلامی اداروں کی صورت میں سیز کے مل کی ادا بیگی کے مجاز ہیں "

7۔ درج ذیل قرارداد کی بطور عمومی قرارداد منظوری سے پہلے سے جاری کردہ 12.50 فیصد بونس شیئرز کے ساتھ ساتھ 20 فیصد بونس شیئرز کے اجراء پرخور وخوص اور مناسب ہونے کی صورت میں منظوری۔ "قرار پایا کہ

30 جون، 2021 تک اختصاصی کھاظ سے موجود مجھوٹی منافع میں سے 2021,115,502 روپے (راؤنڈٹو 500 کی 11,211,215,500 کے اللہ سے 10,050 کی اللہ کے 20 کا 11,211,550 کی اللہ کے جائیں گے جو کہ (راؤنڈٹو 500 کی تک کاروباری اختتام تک کمپنی کے رجٹر میں موجود مجمران کو لیلورکمل اوائیگی کونس شیئرزادا کے جائیں گے (مجموعی شیئرز کیلئے 1 شیئر کے تناسب سے، جو کہ 202 فیصد ہے)۔

یہ پونس شیئر زموجودہ ثیئر ز کے ساتھ ہر کھا ظ ہے Pari Passuمتصور ہوں گے ماسوائے اس کے کہ یہ 30 جون،202 تک اختیام پذیر سال کیلئے اعلان کر دہ فائنل ڈیویڈ ٹڈ کیلئے اہل نہیں ہوں گے۔ ڈائر کیکٹران اس قرار داد کوموء ٹرینانے ، لوئس شیئر ز کے اجراء، الاثمنیف اورتشتیم کیلئے متعلقہ تمام

دُّارٌ يكثران اس قراردادكوموء ثربنانے، بونس شيرّز كے اجراء،الائمنٹ اورتشيم كيليّے متعلقہ تمام أمور،كاموں اوراشياء كيليخ كمل مجاز اور بااختيار بين -"

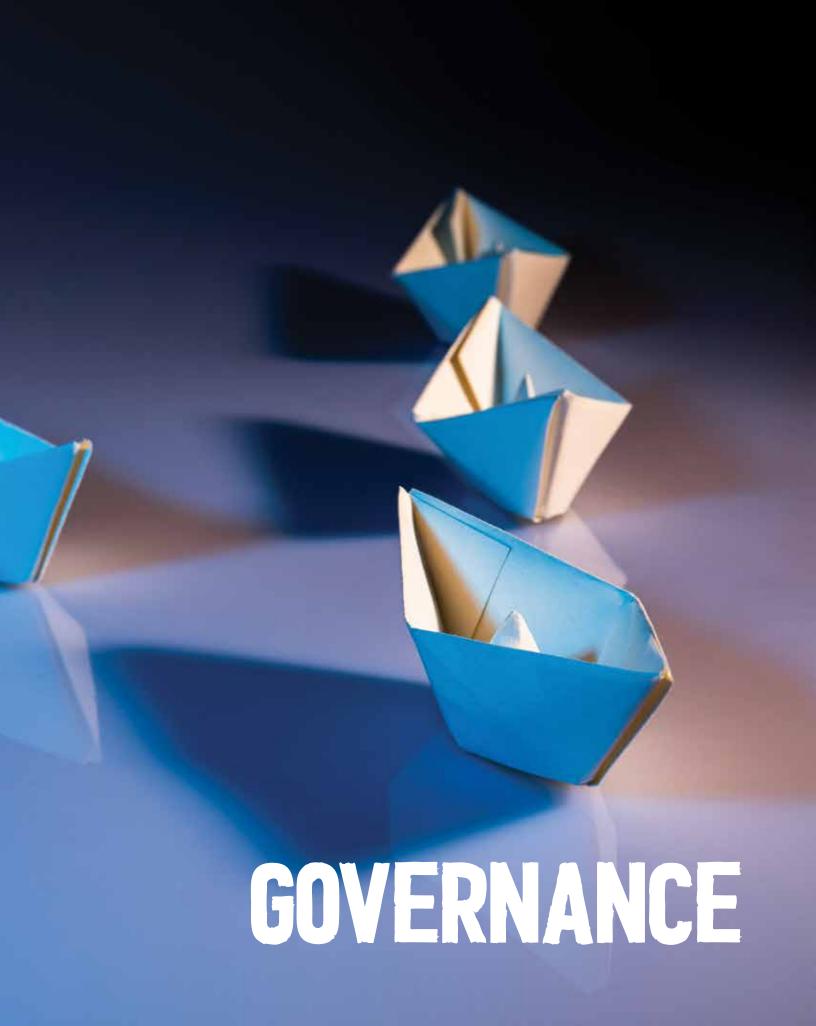
" قرار پایا کہ ڈائر کیٹران بونس شیئر زکے تمام اجزاء کو یجا کرنے اورانہیں شاک مارکیٹ میں فروخت کرنے اور فلاحی اداروں کی صورت میں سیز کے عمل کی ادائیگی کے مجاز ہیں "

8۔ مندرجہ ذیل خصوصی قرار داد کی ترمیم یا بغیر ترمیم کے ساتھ منظوری کے ذریعے 30 جون، 2021 کوختم
 ہونے والے سال کیلئے ریابیدٹر یار ٹیرٹر انزیکشنز کی توثیق اور منظوری۔

" طے پایا کہ سال مختتمہ 0 3 جون ،1 2 0 2 کیلئے ریلیٹڈ پارٹیز کے ساتھ درج ذیل ٹرانز یکشنز کی توشق منظوری اوریقین دہانی کی جاتی ہے"

2021(رَقْم رو پُول بيّن)					
ہنڈائی نشاط موٹر (پی وی ٹی )لمیٹڈ	ملّت ايكوپمنٺ لميشِرُ	بولان كاستنكر لميثثه	ملّت اندُسر بل پرادُ کش لمیشدُ	ٹائی پیگ انٹرٹریڈ(ڈی ایم سی سی)	پار <sup>ئى</sup> يكلر ز
14,608,200	4,795,535,637	2,293,971,017	352,454,967	494,304,320	پارٹس کی خرید
-	227,429	99,100	66,020	1,966,089,164	پارٹس کی فروخت
4,850,000	-	-	-	-	ין פין:





# BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### Sitting Left to Right

Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari

Director

Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana

Directo

Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan

Chairman

Mrs. Ambreen Waheed

Director

#### Standing Left to Right

Mian Muhammad Saleem

Director

Mr. Ahsan Imran Shaikh

Directo

Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel

Chief Executive

Mr. Saad Iqbal

Director



## BOARD COMMITTEES

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

1.	Mr. Saad Iqbal,	Chairman
2.	Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari	Member
3.	Mian Muhammad Saleem	Member
4.	Mrs. Ambreen Waheed	Member

The terms of reference are as per Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

#### HUMAN RESOURCE AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

1.	Mr. Saad Igbal	Chairman
2.	Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari	Member
3.	Mian Muhammad Saleem	Member
4.	Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel	Member
5	Mrs Amhreen Waheed	Memher

The terms of reference of HR&R committee are as follows:

- Recommend to the board for consideration and approval a policy framework for determining remuneration of directors (both executive and non-executive directors).
- ii) Recommending human resource management policies to the board.
- iii) Recommending to the board the selection, evaluation, development, compensation (including retirement benefits) of CFO, Company Secretary and head of internal audit.

#### FINANCE COMMITTEE

1.	Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana	Chairman
2.	Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari	Member
3.	Mian Muhammad Saleem	Member
4.	Syed Muhammad Irfan Agueel,	Member

The terms of reference of the Finance Committee are as follows:

- i) Product(s) pricing including tractors
- ii) Procurement/import of raw materials
- iii) Investment/disinvestment of funds

- iv) Capital Expenditure
- Review Budget proposals prior to finalization.
- vi) Approval of Traveling abroad up to Executive Grade
- vii) Retainership (approval and fixation of compensation).
- viii) Any matter(s) brought to the notice of committee for consideration.

The Chairman of the Board shall monitor functioning of the committee.

#### MARKETING COMMITTEE

1.	Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana	Chairman
2.	Mian Muhammad Saleem	Member
3.	Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel	Member

The terms of reference of the Marketing Committee are as follows:

- i) Formulation of sales/marketing strategy
- i) Appointment/termination of dealers including agreements
- iii) Allowing commission /discounts.
- iv) Approval of priority for early delivery
- v) Introducing of incentive schemes
- vi) Other matters relating to sales & marketing

The Chairman of the Board shall monitor functioning of the committee.

#### BOARD'S COMMITTEE FOR GROUP SUPERVISION (BCGS)

1.	Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan,	Chairman
2.	Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana	Member
3.	Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari	Member
4.	Mian Muhammad Saleem	Member

The Board committee for Group supervision is responsible for reviewing over all business performance, major projects including new investment of group companies.



With the blessings of Almighty Allah, Company sales have rebounded despite challenging economic conditions and COVID-19 pandemic. Overall tractor sales have increased to 35,515 units as compared to 20,707 units in comparative period, which reflects strong and resilient foothold of the Company.

## GOVERNANCE ROLE OF THE BOARD

## Composition and Dynamics of the Board

Board's role is to provide entrepreneurial leadership of the company within a framework of prudent effective controls, which enables risk to be assessed and managed. The Board performs three major roles in a company – it provides direction (i.e. sets the strategic direction of the company), monitors and provides support and advice to management (advisory role). These roles are in accordance with the vision and mission of the company for achieving the company's business objectives.

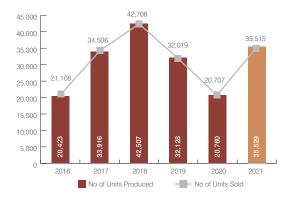
## The composition of the Board is given below:

- Independent Directors:02
- Executive Directors:02
- Non-Executive Directors:04

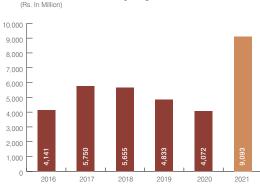
In order to ensure stewardship and monitor direction of the company the Board has made sub-committees which in my opinion have significantly contributed in steering and managing the company. These committees ensure due compliance of Code of Corporate Governance and include:

- Audit Committee
- Human Resource and Remuneration Committee
- Finance Committee
- Marketing Committee
- Board Committee for Group Supervision

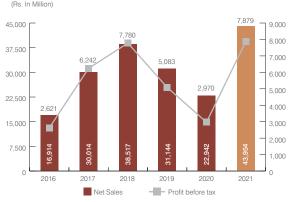
#### Sale / Production Volume Units



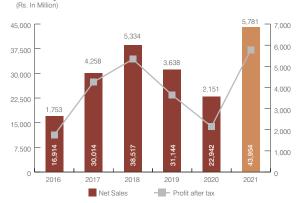
#### **Shareholders Equity**



#### Sales / Pre-Tax Profit



Sales / After-Tax Profit



#### **Board Evaluation**

As required vide regulation 10 (3) (v) of the Code of Corporate Governance, a mechanism consisting of a comprehensive questionnaire was circulated to all directors of the Board for evaluation of performance of Board of Directors. The key areas covered included:

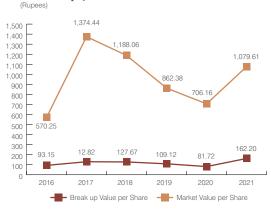
- Strategy and planning
- Board operations and effectiveness
- Measuring and monitoring of performance
- Professional development

Individual feedback was obtained and on the basis of that feedback the average rating of the performance of the Board and role of Chairman regarding governing the BOD was found up to the mark as is evident by the performance of the company and its overall image.

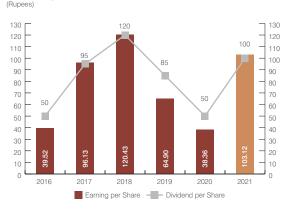
#### **Gross Profit / Net Profit After Tax**



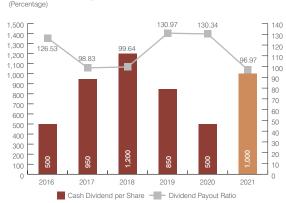
#### **Break up / Market Value Per Share**



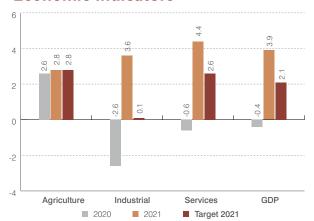
#### **Earning / Dividend Per Share**



#### **Dividend Payout Ratio**



#### **Economic Indicators**



## Overall Economic and Industry Review

The FY2021 began in the midst of the most severe global health crisis experienced in modern history. Pakistan's economy, like rest of the world, has struggled to combat the economic consequences of COVID-19 shock through prompt measures for supporting the economy and saving the lives and livelihoods. The measures adopted by the Government helped the economy in lessening the negative impact of the pandemic. As a result, Pakistan economy started witnessing recovery during the first half of FY2021 on the back of continued domestic economic activity. The impact of the government's timely and appropriate measures is visible in the form of a V-shaped economic recovery on the back of broad-based growth across all sectors. The real GDP growth rate for FY2021 has been clocked at 3.94 percent against target of 2.1 percent on account of growth in all sectors.

The agriculture sector's performance during the year has been encouraging as the sector has shown 2.8% growth this year. Wheat, regarded as the most important crop, production has reached all time high because of bumper crop. Other major cash crops Sugarcane, Rice and Maize have also shown significant growth. Moreover, increase in minimum support price by the Government has also benefited the farmers with increased cash flows, which resulted in improved liquidity position for the farmers.

On the industrial front , Large scale manufacturing (LSM) has shown astounding growth as LSM growth has been recorded

at 16 years high (14.85%)\* on account of high exports and improved local demand. Prime Minister's construction package has also supported well all other allied industries such as increased cement dispatches and iron and steel production.

The tractor industry has also followed the overall recovery trend and has shown significant growth as compared to the previous period. Improved liquidity position of farmers and improvement in local demand has led to increase in sales of tractors. Furthermore, despite the prevailing pandemic, the Company has achieved an export sale of over 2,000 tractors for the first time in its history, which depicts your Company's resolve to thrive and set up its footprint globally.

Looking ahead, outlook for tractor industry remains positive since Government has set high growth target for next year and expected support to agriculture sector to ensure food availability for upcoming years. Moreover, with the significant increase in minimum support price of agricultural commodities such as wheat and sugarcane, we expect demand for agricultural tractors and related products to grow for the next fiscal year as well.

Last, but not least, I would like to take this opportunity to extend my gratitude towards Board of Directors, shareholders, vendors, dealers and employees of MTL and would like to acknowledge their hard-work in such testing times.

I would like to end with a prayer that may we all stay safe during these testing times and may Allah pull us out of these testing times successfully.

UM

#### Sikandar Mustafa Khan

Chairman

Millat Tractors Limited Lahore: September 17, 2021

\* Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS)

ہرطرح کی بروقت مدد کے لیے اقد امات اٹھائے گے تاکہ لوگوں کی زندگیوں ،ضروریات اور معشیت کو مد دفرا ہم کی جاسکے گورنمنٹ کے اٹھائے گے مناسب اقد امات سے معشیت پراس وباء کے منفی اثر کو کم کرنے میں بہت مدد ملی نیتجاً پاکستان کی معشیت کے مالی سال 2021ء کے پہلے چھ مہینے میں ہی بہتری کے اثرات نمایاں ہونے لگے۔ گورنمنٹ کے بروقت اور مناسب اقد امات کا اثر وی میں معشیت کی بہالی اور تمام سیکٹرز میں بہتری کی صورت میں نظر آنے لگا اور اس طرح حقیق جی ڈی کئی گئی معشیت کی بہالی اور تمام سیکٹرز میں بہتری کی صورت میں نظر آنے لگا اور اس طرح حقیق جی ڈی کئی گئی وقت رہے برائے سال 2021ء تارگٹ (2.1 فیصد ) سے بڑھ کر 2034 فی صدیر جا پہنجا۔

سال کے دوران زرعی شعبہ کی کارکردگی حوصلہ افزاء رہی کیونکہ اس سال شعبہ میں 2.8 فیصد تق د کیفے میں آئی۔ گندم جو کہ سب سے اہم فصل ہے اس کی شاندار فصل کی وجہ سے تاریخ ساز پیداوار حاصل ہوئی۔ دیگر بڑی فصلات مثلاً گنا، چاول اور کئی کی پیداوار میں بھی اضافہ دکھائی دیا۔ مزید بران حکومت کی جانب سے کم سے کم سپورٹ پرائس میں اضافہ بھی کسانوں کیلئے فائدہ منداورکیش فلوز میں بہتری کا سبب بناجس کا نتیجہ کسانوں کیلئے بہتر کیلیو یڈیٹی پوزیش کی صورت میں فکا۔

صنعتی شعبہ پرنگاہ دوڑائی جائے تولارج سکیل مینوفیکچرنگ (LSM) میں نا قابل یقین ترقی دیکھنے میں آئی جو کہ زیادہ برآ مدات اور مقامی طور پرطلب بڑھنے سے ایل ایس ایم 16 سال کی بلند ترین سطح (14.85 فیصد)\* پر جائیبٹی ۔ وزیراعظم پاکستان کا کنسٹرکشن پیلیج دیگر منسلک انڈسٹر پز کیلئے بھی معاون ٹابت ہوا اور سیمنٹ کی فروخت، آئر کن اور سٹیل کی پیداوار میں اضافہ کا ماعث بنا۔

ٹریکٹرانڈسٹری میں بھی یہی رججان ویکھنے کوملااور گزشتہ سال کے مقابلہ میں نمایاں ترقی ویکھنے میں آئی۔ کسانوں کی بہتر کیکیو ٹیر پٹی پوزیشن اور مقامی طلب میں اضافہ ٹریکٹرز کی فروخت بڑھنے کا سبب بنا۔ مزید براں وباء کے اثرات کے باوجود کمپنی نے اپنی تاریخ میں پہلی وفعہ 2,000 ٹریکٹرز کی ایکسپورٹ سیز کا ہدف حاصل کیا جواس بات کا نمازے کہ آپ کی کمپنی آگے بڑھ رہی ہے اور عالمی سطح پرائے قدم جمارہی ہے۔

آ گے بڑھتے ہوئے ٹر کیٹرانڈسٹری کیلئے مستقبل مثبت دکھائی دے رہاہے کیونکہ حکومت نے اگلے سال کیلئے بڑے گروتھ اہداف مقرر کیے ہیں اور آنے والے سالوں میں غذائی ضروریات پوری کرنے کیلئے زرعی شعبہ کی معاونت کی توقع کی جاتی ہے۔ مزید بران زرعی اجناس مثلاً گندم اور گنا کی کم سے کم سپورٹ پرائس میں نمایاں اضافہ ہونے سے ہم بیقو تع کر سکتے ہیں کہ آنے والے مالی سال کے دوران زرعی ٹریکٹروں اور متعلقہ مصنوعات کی طلب میں بھی اضافہ ہوگا۔

آخر میں، میں ملت ٹریکٹرزلمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز، شیئر ہولڈرز، وینڈرز، ڈیلرز اورایمپلائیز کوخراج تحسین پیش کرتا ہوں اوران مشکل حالات میں اُن کی شخت محنت کوسراہتا ہوں۔

میری دُعا ہے کہ آپ سب خیروعافیت سے رہیں اوراس مشکل وقت سے بحفاظت نجات کیلئے اللہ کی رحمتیں ہرلمحہ ہمارے ساتھ رہیں۔

سكندر مصطفىٰ خان

ملت ٹریکٹرزلہ پیٹٹر

:197

چيئر مين

17 ستمبر 2021

\*سورس: یا کشان شاریات بیورو(یی بی ایس)

64

## چيئر مين كاجائزه

میں کمپنیز ایک ، 2017 کے سیشن 192 کے تحت بورڈ کی مجموعی کارکردگی اور کمپنی کے مقاصد کے حصول کے لئے بورڈ کے مئوثر کردار پر چیئر مین کی جانب سے دیۓ گئے جائز کے وپیش کرنے پرخوشی محصول کرتا ہوں۔

اللہ تعالی کے فضل وکرم سے چیلجنگ معاثی حالات اور کرونا دباء ( Covid-19 ) کے باوجود کمپنی کی سیلز بحالی کی جانب گامزن ہوئیں ۔ٹریکٹر کی مجموعی فروخت 35,515 بوٹٹس تک بڑھ گئیں جبکہ گزشتہ آئ مدت کے دوران سیسیز 20,707 بوٹٹس تھیں۔ بیاعدادو ٹار کمپنی کی مضبوط اور پائیدار بنیاد کی عقاس میں۔

#### بورڈ کاا نظامی کردار

#### بورد کی تشکیل اور ساخت

کمپنی کوایی مختاط موء ترکنٹرول کے فریم ورک میں رکھتے ہوئے منظم قیادت فراہم کرنا بورڈ کی ذمہ داریوں میں شامل ہے تاکہ کسی بھی قشم کے خطرے کا جائز ہ لے کر باآسانی نبرد آزما ہواجا سکے۔ بورڈ کمپنی میں تین اہم کردار ادا کرتا ہے۔ سمت کا تعین (کمپنی کی سٹر پیجُل ڈائر پکشن کا تعین)، انتظامیہ کی نگرانی، انتظامیہ کومشورے اور معاونت فراہم کرنا (مشاورتی کردار)۔ میکردار کمپنی کے نظریے اور مقصد سے مطابقت رکھتے ہیں تاکہ کمپنی کے کاروباری اہداف کو یورا کیا جا سکے۔

#### بورڈ کی تشکیل درج ذیل ہے۔

۔ خودمختار ڈائر یکٹرز: 02

۔ ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹرز: 02

\_ دیگرنان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹرز: 04

سٹیوارڈ شپ کی ضانت اور کمپنی کی درست سمت کی نگرانی کیلئے بورڈ نے ذیلی کمیٹیاں تشکیل دی ہیں اور میری نظر میں ان کمیٹیوں نے مطلوب مقاصد کے حصول کیلئے اہم کرداراداکیا ہے۔ یہ کمیٹیاں کوڈ آف کار پوریٹ گورنش کی درج ذیل مطلوب تبیل کویٹین بناتی ہیں۔

- . آ ڈٹ میٹی
- ہیومن ریسورس اور ریمنزیش کمینی
  - ۔ فنانس میٹی
  - ۔ مارکیٹنگ سمیٹی
- ۔ گروپ سپرویژن کے لئے بورڈ تمیٹی

#### بورڈ کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ

کار پوریٹ گورنٹس کوڈ کی شق(V) (3) (10 کے مطابق ایک وضع کردہ طریقہ کار کے تحت بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹٹرز کی کارکردگی کو جانچنے کے لئے تمام ڈائر کیٹٹرز کوالک جامع سوالنامہ تقسیم کیا گیا جومندرجہ ذیل اہم شعبہ جات پر شتمل ہے۔

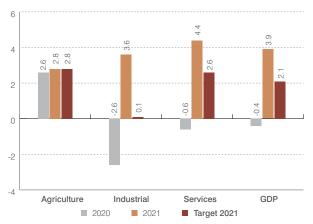
- ۔ حکمت عملی اور منصوبہ بندی
- ۔ بورڈ کے آپریشنزاوراٹراندازی
  - ۔ کارکردگی کا جائزہ اورنگرانی
    - ۔ پرونیشنل ڈویلیمنٹ

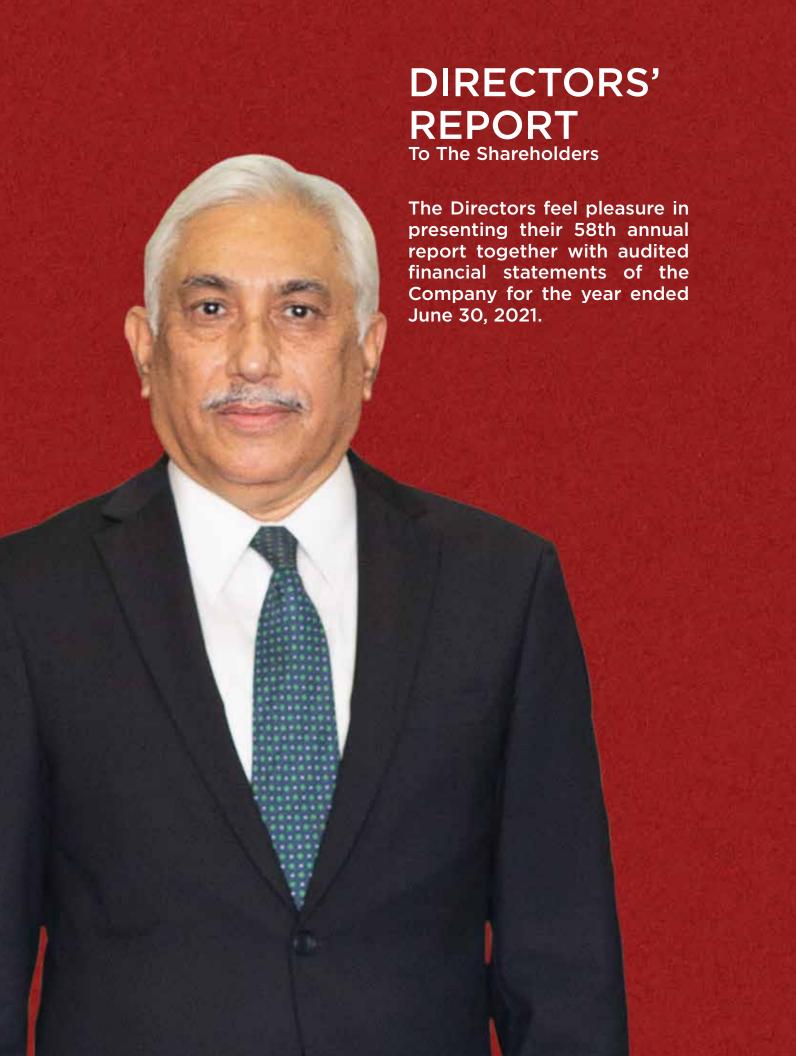
انفرادی طور پررائے کی گئی اور اِس رائے کی بنیاد پر بورڈ کی کارکردگی اور بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی گورنگ کے حوالے سے چیئر مین کی کارکردگی کو بہتر پایا گیا۔ کمپنی کی مجموعی کارکردگی اور ساکھ اس کی عقاس ہے۔

#### مجموعي اقتصادي اورصنعتى جائزه

ما لی سال 2021ء کلوبل ہمیلتھ مسائل کی وجہ سے جدید دنیا کی تاریخ کی ایک بدترین شروعات تھی۔ یا کتان کی معشیت کے لیے بھی دوسری دنیا کی طرح کووڈ-19 کے اثرات کو کم کرنے کے لیے

#### **Economic Indicators**





#### **APPROPRIATIONS**

Your Directors recommended a payment of final cash dividend @ Rs.50.00 per share (500 %) and issuance of 20% Bonus shares.

The aforesaid payout shall be in addition to the interim cash dividend of Rs. 50.00 per share (500%) and 12.5% Bonus shares already making a total of Rs. 100.00 per share (1,000%) as cash dividend and 32.5 Bonus shares.

The following appropriations were made during the year:

	(Rupees in thousands) General Reserve	(Rupees in thousands) Un-appropriated Profit
Opening balance	2,278,935	997,460
Less: Final dividend @ 300% of 2020	-	(1,494,873)
Transfer to general reserves	-	-
	2,278,935	(497,413)
Profit for the year ended June 30, 2021	-	5,868,525
Less: Interim dividend @ 500% of 2021	-	(2,491,456)
Less: Bonus shares @ 12.5% of 2021	-	(62,286)
Un-appropriated profit carried forward	2,278,935	2,817,370

#### **EARNINGS PER SHARE**

Earning per share for the year ended June 30, 2021 was Rs.103.12 as against Rs. 38.36 (restated) of the preceding year.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board comprises of eight directors as on June 30, 2021.

(a) Male:	07
(b) Female:	01
Composition:	
(i) Independent Directors:	02
(ii) Other Non-Executive Directors:	04
(iii) Executive Directors:	02

#### NAME(S) OF DIRECTORS

1. Mr. Sikandar M. Khan – Chairman (Non Executive Director)	5. Mian Muhammad Saleem (Non Executive Director)
2. Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel-CEO(Executive Director)	6. Mr. Ahsan Imran Shaikh (Non Executive Director)
3. Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana (Executive Director)	7. Mr. Saad Iqbal (Independent Director)
4. Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari (Non Executive Director)	8. Mrs. Ambreen Waheed (Independent Director)

Since the last report, there has been a change in the composition of the Board, Director, Mr. Latif Khalid Hashmi passed away on 09-02-2021 and Mr. Ahsan Imran Shaikh was appointed as director w.e.f March 22, 2021. The three years term of the present Board shall expire on October 30, 2021. The Board has fixed eight number of directors to be elected for the next term of which two independent (male) and one female independent director are proposed to be elected (after selection of independent directors from data bank of directors and completion of due diligence) on completion of present tenure as resolved by the Board in its meeting held on September 17, 2021.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The names of members of Board Committees as on June 30, 2021 are as follows:-

#### 1. Audit Committee

Mr. Saad Iqbal	Chairman
Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari	Member
Mian Muhammad Saleem	Member
Mrs. Ambreen Waheed,	Member

## 2. Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Saad Iqbal	Chairman
Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari	Member
Mian Muhammad Saleem	Member
Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel	Member
Mrs. Ambreen Waheed	Member

#### 3. Finance Committee

Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana	Chairman
Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari	Member
Mian Muhammad Saleem	Member
Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel	Member

#### 4. Marketing Committee

Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana	Chairman
Mian Muhammad Saleem	Member
Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel	Member

## 5. Board's Committee for Group Supervision

Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan	Chairman
Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana	Member
Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari	Member
Mian Muhammad Saleem	Member

## DIRECTOR'S REMUNERATION POLICY

The Directors Remuneration policy of non-executive directors including independent directors as approved by the Board is as follows:-

## i) Non-Executive Directors (Including Independent Directors)

Any fee / remuneration payable to the Independent and / or Non-Executive Directors of the Company shall be in following manner.

#### **Meeting Fee**

Independent and / or Non- Executive Director(s) may receive remuneration by way of fee for attending meetings of the Board or Committee(s) thereof as per Articles of Association of the Company.

#### **Performing Extra Service**

The remuneration for performing extra service may be paid to Non- Executive Director(s) as may be decided by the Board of Directors of the Company from time to time, depending on the extra time and effort as may be devoted and contribution as may be made by the Non-Executive Director(s).

#### Reimbursement of actual expenses incurred

Independent and / or Non- Executive Director(s) may also be paid / reimbursed such sums either as fixed allowance and /or actual as fair compensation for travel, boarding and lodging and incidental and /or actual out of pocket expenses incurred by such Directors for attending Board / Committee Meetings.

#### AGGREGATE DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Details of the Directors' remunerations for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as under:

	Chief Executive Officer	Executive Director	Non Executive Director	Independent Directors
Number of Persons	1	1	1	2
	Rupees			
Managerial remuneration	14,558,177	872,532	1,115,502	-
Cost of living allowance	-	872,532	1,115,502	-
Bonus	8,603,175	4,948,317	6,380,362	-
House rent	6,551,179	392,639	501,976	-
Contribution to Provident Fund	1,457,618	-	-	-
Medical Expenses	222,000	992,500	1,165,680	-
Utilities	389,889	834,103	898,835	-
Other allowances and reimbursable expenses	2,256,224	686,262	745,501	47,911
Fees	-	-	-	1,800,000

# PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES, DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE OF COMPANY'S BUSINESS DURING FINANCIAL YEAR2021

The Company is principally engaged in assembly and manufacture of agricultural tractors, farm equipment and multi-application products including forklift trucks and generators.

The financial statements of the Company truly reflect the state of Company's affairs and fair review of its business. The overall economy including tractor industry witnessed growth in output owing to improvement in domestic economic activity, higher agricultural output and significant growth in large scale manufacturing.

The country's economy has shown strong recovery spurred by the measures adopted by the Government to help the economy in lessening the negative impact of the pandemic. Current Account Deficit had reduced significantly, which is lowest in 10 years and Foreign exchange reserves of State Bank of Pakistan has reached to level of 18 Billion USD as reported by SBP. Moreover, the ongoing vaccination drive has managed to curtail the harsh lockdown conditions the like of which was imposed in March 2020, which hamper the economic activity.

Resultantly, overall tractor sales of the company increased by 72% to 35,515 units as compared to 20,707 units sold last year. This has been achievable due to efforts of the employees, dealers, vendors and every stakeholder involved despite the ongoing pandemic of COVID-19.

Gross profit margin increased significantly by 260 basis points due to increase in sales volume.

Net profit for the period stood at 13.1% of sales versus 9.37% in previous year. The increase is due to significant increase in sales revenue, other income and considerable decrease in finance cost for the year.

# PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES FACING THE COMPANY

Effective risk management is the key to sustainable business. Our risk management framework, coupled with our internal control policies have helped us maintain our focus and mitigating principal risks affecting our Company. The internal control framework established by the Company ensures appropriate risk mitigation plans by assigning designated accountability and policy framework for upward communication of any material issues and incidents. The Company is susceptible to the following principal risks which are mitigated via specific policies and plans:

#### **Operational risks**

Operational risks are those which hinder the entity from running its operations smoothly. Our main operational risks are:

#### **Taxation regime of Pakistan**

The taxation measures taken by the government during the fiscal year to increase tax-net seem to have not been fruitful due to inconsistencies in the application of law and frequent ad-hoc operational changes. This was most evident in processing of sales tax refunds, which have accumulated to the tune of Rs. 4.59 billion. Extreme measures need to be taken to rationalize tax laws and increase investors' confidence.

#### **Environmental Risk**

The effects of global warming continued to increase during this fiscal year. Unexpected temperature shifts, locust attack and water shortage are critical indicators of the fact that we need to ramp up our efforts to address this risk quickly and effectively.

The unforeseen changes in environment may hamper the growth trajectory of the agricultural products, which is worrisome for a country that relies so much on it financially and economically. Our company is also directly linked with agriculture and any adverse impact severely affects company's performance as well.

#### **Financial Risks**

Financial risks are those that may cause financial loss to the entity. Financial risk has been described in detail in note 47 of the attached financial statements that include market risks, credit risks and liquidity risk.

#### **Compliance Risk**

Non-compliance with laws and regulations may result in imposition of punitive action. Therefore, the Company has zero tolerance policy for non-compliance activities and behaviours. In addition, to mitigate such risks, a very comprehensive and effective compliance function is in place in the Company. Further, the Company's Code of Conduct clearly defines expectations from employees of the Company. The Company encourages employees and business partners to report compliance violations that they may encounter

#### CHANGES DURING FINANCIAL YEAR CONCERNING THE NATURE OF THE BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY

There has been no change in the principal activity of the Company during the year. The Company continued to increase its efforts in retail and exports sector and has delivered highest ever export sales during the year crossing the over 2,000 tractors export mark for the first time in the history of the company.

## FUTURE PROSPECTS OF PROFIT

Tractor sales are expected to retain the same trajectory in upcoming fiscal year provided rupee devaluation, pace of vaccination against COVID-19, success in managing the avoidance of lockdown and other economic indicators move along the predicted path. With recent approval of budget for 2021-2022, it is expected that tractor sales will increase to meet the growth targets set by the Government.

# ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Board of Millat Tractors Limited is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of the Company's system of internal control in order to identify and manage risks faced by the Company.

The System provides reasonable, though not absolute, assurance that:

- assets are safeguarded against unauthorized use or disposition;
- proper and reliable accounting records are available for use within the business; and
- adequate control mechanisms have been established within the operational businesses
- Internal financial controls deployed within the Company have been satisfactory throughout the year.

# MAIN TRENDS AND FACTORS LIKELY TO AFFECT THE FUTURE DEVELOPMENT, PERFORMANCE AND POSITION OF THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS

The major factors that are likely to affect the company's business are:

- Rupee parity
- Kharif and Rabi season crop output
- Supply chain performance
- · Security situation in Afghanistan for export market
- Pace of CPEC and other development projects

Shift in any of these parameters will impact company's performance. It is anticipated that upcoming fiscal year will be on the same trajectory as current year.

#### **DUTY & TAXES**

Information about taxes and levies is given in the respective notes to the annexed financial statements.

#### **AUDITORS**

The present auditors M/s. A. F. Ferguson & Company, Chartered Accountants, Lahore retire and offer themselves for re-appointment. The Board Audit Committee and Board of Directors of the Company have endorsed their appointment at remuneration of Rs. 2,680,000 for shareholders' consideration at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The external auditors have certified that they have been given satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and are registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan and being eligible offer themselves for re-appointment.

# DIRECTORS' ORIENTATION PROGRAM

An orientation course was arranged for the Directors to acquaint them with the code, applicable laws, their duties and responsibilities to enable them to effectively manage affairs of the Company for and on behalf of the shareholders. Written material was also provided to them.

#### SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company and the date of this report except as disclosed in this report.

# AUDITOR'S OBSERVATIONS

No adverse remark, observation was given by the auditor's in their report for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### STATEMENT ON CORPORATE FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAME WORK

The Company has complied with all the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance.

Accordingly, the Directors are pleased to confirm the following:

- a) The financial statements together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017. These statements present fairly the Company's state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flow and changes in equity.
- Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.
- c) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements, except for the changes as disclosed in Note 4.1 of the financial statements, which conform to the International Accounting and Reporting Standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting estimates, wherever required are based on reasonable and prudent judgement.
- d) The International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in the preparation of financial statements.
- e) The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- f) There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

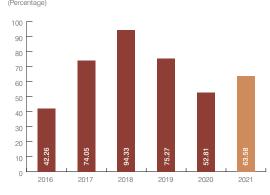
- g) There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance.
- The key operating and financial data for the last six years is annexed.
- The value of investments of provident, gratuity and pension funds based on their audited accounts as on June 30, 2021 were the following:

Provident Fund
 Gratuity Fund
 Pension Fund
 Rs. 432,994,568
 Rs. 278,959,174
 Rs. 1,070,376,578

The value of investment includes accrued interest.

j) The purchase and sale of shares by directors / executive during the year was as follows:-

#### **Return on Equity**



#### **Purchase of Shares**

	No. of shares Purchased
Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan, Director	1,333
Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana, Director	18,960
Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari, Director	154,820
S. M Irfan Aqueel, CEO	20,000
Mrs. Shireen Shah Aqueel (Spouse	
of Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel, CEO	3,000
Mr. Sohail Ahmed Nisar, CFO	1.495

#### Sale/Gift of Shares

	Sold/Gifted
Mr. Latif Khalid Hashmi	
(Late) Ex. Director	200,000
Mian Muhammad Saleem, Director	1.098.600

No. of shares

#### CODE OF CONDUCT

In order to put in place professional standards and corporate values for promotion of integrity of the Board, senior management and other employees, the board has approved and disseminated a Code of Conduct, defining therein acceptable and unacceptable behaviors. The same has also been placed on the Company's website.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance, relevant for the year ended June 30, 2021 have been duly complied with. A statement to this effect is annexed separately with the report.

#### CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

The Directors of your Company endorse the contents of the Chairman's Review.

# RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related party transactions conducted with group companies had to be approved by the board duly recommended by the audit committee periodically pursuant to regulation 15 of the Code of Corporate Governance. However, the majority of company directors were interested in these transactions due to their common directorship and holding of shares in the group companies, the quorum of directors could not be formed for approval of these transactions pursuant to section 207 of the Companies Act, 2017 and therefore, these transactions are presented to the shareholders in General Meeting for their approval and ratification.

# HOLDING OF OFFICE OF PROFIT BY THE DIRECTORS

Subject to their election, the directors namely M/s. Sikandar Mustafa Khan and Sohail Bashir Rana shall be holding office of profit under the Company for performing extra services including acting as member(s) of different committees to be constituted and terms of reference thereof approved by the Board.

#### The role and responsibilities of Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan shall be as under.

- 1. chair the Board and General Meetings of the Company including setting the agenda of such meetings;
- promote the highest standards of integrity, probity and corporate governance throughout the Company and particularly at Board level;

- 3. ensure that the Board receives accurate, timely and clear information;
- 4. ensure effective communication with members of the Company;
- 5. facilitate the effective contribution of non-executive directors and ensure constructive relations between executive and non-executive directors;
- ensure that the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors is evaluated at least once a year; and
- ensure clear structure for, and the effective running of, Board committees.
- 8. disclosure of interest where it exists.

#### **Extra Services**

In addition to the above he will perform the following.

- To perform duties and responsibilities as defined in the Code of Corporate Governance.
- ii) To act as Chairman of Board's Committee for Group supervision (BCGS) constituted by the Board to review overall business performance, major projects and new investments of group companies.
- iii) To perform functions as contained in Article 103 (2) (iv) of the Articles of Association of the Company which reads as under:
  - "act as Chairman of Board's Committee for Group Supervision (BCGS) and monitor the functions of units through BCGS members and in furtherance thereof, may from time to time call for information, issue directions, guidelines or assign a specific task to any member of the Committee."
- iv) To monitor functioning of Finance and Marketing committees.
- Exercise such powers, functions & duties as may be assigned / delegated by the Board from time to time pursuant to Article 103(2) (iii) of the Articles of Association of the Company.

#### The role and responsibilities of Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana shall be as under.

- As Executive director he shall have the same general legal responsibilities to the Company as any other director and shall be required to take decisions in the best interests of the Company.
- constructively challenge and contribute to the development of Company strategy;
- ensure that financial information is accurate and that financial controls and systems of risk management are robust and defensible;
- at all time comply with the Articles of Association of the Company;
- 5. disclose interest where it exists.

#### **Extra Services**

In addition to the above he will perform the following.

- Play a key role in coordinating and managing all operational, financial and personnel functions of the Company to ensure continued profit growth.
- 2. Provide entrepreneurial leadership of the Company within a framework of prudent and effective controls which enable risk to be assessed and managed.
- Set the Company's strategic goals, ensure that the necessary financial and human resources are in place for the Company to meet its objectives, and review management performance; and
- Set the Company's values and standards and ensure that its obligations to its shareholders and others are understood and met.
- Implement the approved operational plans of the Company and arrange timely availability of required resources.
- Define short term and long term marketing objectives for the Company.

- 7. Review and approve strategies budgets for production plans to ensure these meet objectives already set.
- 8. Define reporting formats including key performance indicators and critical success factors for sales and marketing qualitative and quantitative performance measurement.
- Review actual performance against budget, reasons for variations and plans to bridge the gaps on monthly basis.
- 10. Define critical success factors for performance measurement.
- 11. Define critical controls to be implemented in the operations.
- 12. Review and approve operations policies.
- 13. Review and approve policies for procurement, inventories, maintenance etc.
- 14. Review and approve quality control standards.
- 15. Review performance evaluation of senior personnel of the Company.
- 16. Review and approve IT Budget and approve IT projects.

The board shall approve their remuneration packages in accordance with Articles of Association of the Company subject to their election as directors. However, the holding of office of profit in the Company by the directors has to be sanctioned/ approved by the shareholders in the general meeting. Therefore a resolution is being placed before the shareholders in the forthcoming AGM for their consideration and approval, if deemed appropriate. Each director is interested in the resolution to the extent of his remuneration.

# PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

The pattern of shareholding is annexed.

#### NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The numbers of permanent employees as on June 30, 2021 were 346 compared to 360 of last year.

# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Consolidated financial statements of the Company as on June 30, 2021 are annexed.

# CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Disclosure of Corporate Social Responsibility is annexed and forms part of this report.

#### WEB PRESENCE

Company's periodic financial statements for the current financial year including annual reports for the last three years are available on the Company's website www.millat.com.pk for information of the investors.

For and on behalf of the Board

Chief Executive

Chairman

Lahore: September 17, 2021 کمپنی کے آرٹیکلز آف ایسوی ایشن کے مطابق بورڈ ان کے معاوضہ پیکنیج کی منظوری دے گااوراس کا انھاراً نئے بطورڈ ائر کیٹرانتخاب پر ہے۔ تاہم کمپنی میں ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب ہے آفس آف پرافٹ ہولڈنگ سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں شیئر ہولڈرز کی منظوری سے منسلک ہے۔ اس لئے آنے والے اجلاس عام میں بید قرار وادا گرمناسب سمجھا گیا تو بخورونوس اور منظوری کیلئے شیئر ہولڈرز کے سامنے رکھی جائے گی۔ ہرڈ ائر کیٹراس قرار دار دار میں اپنے معاوضہ سے متعلق ولچے ہی رکھتا ہے۔

#### شيئر ہولڈنگ کا طریقہ

شيئر ہولڈنگ کا طریقہ منسلک کیا گیاہے۔

#### ملاز مین کی تعداد:

30 جون، 2021 کوختم ہونے والے سال پر ممپنی کے مستقل ملاز مین کی تعداد 346 تھی جبکہ گزشتہ سال یہ تعداد 360 تھی۔

#### مجموى مالياتي استيثمنث

30 جون، 2021 تک کی مجموعی مالیاتی اسٹیٹنٹ منسلک کی گئی ہے۔

#### کار پوریٹ ساجی ذمہداری

کارپوریٹ ہاجی ذمہداریوں کے متعلق بیان مسلک ہے اور اِس رپورٹ کالازمی حصہ بنایا گیا ہے۔

#### ویب سائٹ پرموجودگی

، موجودہ مالی سال کے لئے کمپنی کی فنانش اشیمنٹس بشمول گزشتہ تین سالوں کی سالا نہر پورٹس سرماییہ داروں کی معلومات کیلئے کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.millat.com.pk پرموجود ہے۔

چيئر مين

چيف الگِزُ يكڻو

:1921

17 ستمبر 2021

#### اضافی خدمات:

- ندکورہ بالا کےعلاوہ وہ درج ذمہ داریاں بھی سرانجام دیں گے۔
- 1۔ کمپنی کیلئے دیر پامنافع کاحصول یقنی بنانے کیلئے تمام اُمور میں کورا ڈینیشن اور مینجنگ ، کمپنی کے فانشل اور برسونل فنکشنز میں کلیدی کر دادادا کرنا
- 2۔ کمپنی میں رسک کی نشاندہی اوراس سے نمٹنے کیلیے حتاظ اور موئئر فریم ورک ترتیب دینے کیلئے entrepreneurial leadership کی فراہمی
- 3۔ کمپنی کے سڑے بچک اہداف کا تعین ،اس بات کی یقین دہانی کرنا کہ کمپنی کے مقاصد کے حصول کسینے ضروری مالی اورافرادی وسائل مکمل انداز میں اپنی جگه پر موجود ہیں اور مینجنٹ کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ؛اور
- 4۔ سمپنی کی اقداراورمعیارات کانعین کرنااوراس بات کی یقین دہانی کرناکہ شیئر ہولڈرزاوردیگرہے متعلقہ اس کی ذمدداریوں کی سوجھ بوجھ ہے اوران پرعملدرآ مدجاری
  - 5- محمینی کے منظور شدہ انتظامی منصوبوں پرعملدر آمداور مطلوبہ وسائل کا بروقت انتظام کرنا
    - 6۔ کمپنی کے لئے مختصرا ورطویل مدتی مارکیٹنگ مقاصد واضح کرنا
- 7۔ پہلے سے متعین کردہ اہداف کا حصول یقینی بنانے کیلئے پروڈ کشن بلانز کیلئے سڑ پیگل بجٹ کا جائزہ اور منظوری
- 8۔ سیلز اور مارکیٹنگ Qualitative اور Quantitative کارکردگی کی جانچ کیلئے رپورٹنگ فارمیٹس بشمول بنیادی کارکردگی کے اعشار یوں اور پیچیدہ کا میابی کے عوامل واضح کرنا
- 9۔ ماہانہ بنیادوں رفرق کم کرنے کیلئے بجٹ، تغیر کی وجوہات اور منصوبوں کی حقیقی کارکردگ کاجائزہ
  - 10۔ کارکردگی کی جانچ کیلئے کامیابی کے پیچیدہ عوامل واضح کرنا
    - 11\_ آيريشنزمين نافذ العمل پيچيده عوامل واضح كرنا
      - 12 آپریشنز پالیسیز کا جائز ه اور منظوری
  - 13 پروكيورمن ،انوينٹريز اورمينٹي نينس وغيره كيلئے پاليسيز كاجائزه اورمنظوري
    - 14 كوالٹي كنٹرول اسٹينڈ رڈ ز كا جائز ہ اور منظوري
      - 15۔ کمپنی کے سینئرافراد کی کارکردگی کی تشخیص
    - 16۔ آئی ٹی بجٹ اور آئی ٹی پراجیکٹس کا جائزہ اور منظوری

#### اضافی خدمات:

- ندکورہ بالا کے علاوہ وہ درج ذمہ داریاں بھی سرانجام دیں گے۔
- i کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گوننس میں بتائے گئے فرائض اور ذمہ داریوں کی انجام دہی
- ii بورڈ کی جانب ہے مجموعی کاروباری کارکردگی ، بڑے پیانے کے منصوبہ جات اور گروپیکینز کی نئی سرمایہ کاری کے جائزہ کیلئے قائم کردہ گروپ سپرویژن (BCGS) کی بورڈ کمیٹی کے چیئر مین کے طور برخد مات
- iii۔ کمپنی کے آرٹیکلزآف ایسوی ایشن کے آرٹیکل (iv) (2)(2) مطابق اُمورسرانجام دینا،جس کے تحت:
- " گروپ سپرویژن ( B C G S) کیلیے بورڈ کمیٹی کے چیئر مین کے طور پرکام کرنا اور BCGS ممبران کے ذریعے نوٹش کے فنکشنز کی نگرانی اوروقٹا فو قٹا معلومات،راہنمائی، ہدایات کی فراہمی یا کمیٹی کے کسی ممبرکو مخصوص ٹاسک سونینے کی خدمات
  - iv فنانس اور مار کیٹنگ کمیٹیز کے امور کی نگرانی
- کینی کے آرٹیکلز آف ایسوی ایش کے آرٹیکل (iii) (2) 103 کے تحت بورڈ کی جانب سے
   وقافو قنا تفویض کردہ ایسی ہدایات، اُموراور فرائض پر عملدر آمد
  - مسرسهیل بشیررانا کی ذمه داریاں حسب ذیل ہوں گی۔
- 1۔ بطورا مگزیکٹوڈائر بکٹروہ کمپنی کے کسی بھی دیگرڈائر بکٹری طرح قانونی ذمہ داریاں سرانجام دیں گےاور کمپنی کے وسیع تر مفادییں فیصلہ سازی کریں گے
  - 2۔ کمپنی کے لائحہُ ل کی ڈویلپہنٹ میں تعمیری چیلنج اور شمولیت
- 3۔ اس بات کی یقین دہانی کرنا کہ مالی معلومات بالکل درست ہیں اور رسک مینجمنٹ کے کنٹرولزاور سسٹر مضبوطاور محفوظ ہیں
  - 4۔ کھی بہتھ کہنی کے آرٹیکلز آف ایسوسی ایشن پر عملدر آمد
    - 5۔ مفادی صورت میں اس کی نشاندہی

#### متعلقه يارٹی کیٹرانز يكشنز

متعلقہ پارٹی کی اپنی گروہ ی کمپنیوں کے ساتھ رقوم کی منتقلی بورڈ سے منظور ہوناتھی جے کار پوریٹ گورنینس کے کوڈکی شق (1) 15 کے ساتھ میعادی طور پرمطابقت رکھنے والی آڈٹ کمیٹی نے تجویز کرنا تھا۔ تاہم کمپنیوں کے ڈائز یکٹرز کی اکثریت اپنی مشتر کہ ڈائز یکٹرشپ اور گروہ ی کمپنیوں میں تھے مصل کھنے کے باعث رقوم کی ان منتقلیوں میں دلچیسی رکھتی تھی کمپنیز ایکٹ، 2017 کے سیشن 207 کے مطابق رقوم کی منتقلی کی منظوری کے لیے ڈائز یکٹرز کا کورم پورانہیں ہوسکا اوراسی لیے ان رقوم کی منتقلی کی منظوری اور تو بیش میں جزل میڈنگ میں شئیر ہولڈرز کے سامنے بیش کی جاتا ہے۔

#### ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے آفس آف پرافٹ کا کنٹرول

ڈائر کیٹر مسٹر سکندر مصطفیٰ خان اور سہیل بشیر را نااضافی خدمات کی انجام دہی کیلئے کمپنی کے زیرا تنظام آفس آف پرافٹ سنجالیں گے جبکہ اس امر کا انتصاراً کئے بطور ڈائر کیٹرانتخاب پر ہوگا۔اس کے ساتھ ساتھ وہ مختلف کمیٹیوں کے ممبران اور بورڈ کے متعین کردہ قواعد وضوابط کے مطابق خدمات جاری رکھیں گے۔

#### مسٹرسکندر مصطفیٰ خان کی ذمہ داریاں حسب ذیل ہوں گی:

- 1۔ سمپنی کے بورڈ اورا جلاس عام کی سربرائی بشمول ایسی میٹنگز کیلئے ایجنڈ اتر تیب دینا
- 2 سمینی بالخصوص بورڈ میں ایما نداری، سپائی اور کارپوریٹ گورنٹ کے اعلیٰ معیارات پرعملدرآ مد
  - 3۔ اس بات کی یقین دہانی کے بورڈ تک صحیح، بروقت اورواضح معلومات باہم پہنچے
    - 4۔ کمپنی کے ممبران کے ساتھ موء ثربات چیت
- 5۔ نان ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹرز کی مؤ ژشمولیت کیلئے سہولیات اور ایگزیکٹو اور نان ایگزیکٹواور ڈائریکٹرز کے مابین اصلاحی تعلقات
- 6۔ اس بات کی یقین دہانی کہ بورڈ ، اسکے انفرادی ڈائر بکٹرزاورا کئی کمیٹیوں کی کارکر دگی سال میں کم از کم ایک دفعہ جانچی جائے
  - 7- بورد کمیٹیوں کیلئے واضح ڈھانچہ کی تیاری اور ایکے اُمور کی موء ثر ادائیگی
    - 8۔ مفاد کی صورت میں اس کی نشاند ہی

#### شيئرز کی خريداري:

القصيل	خریدے گئے شیئرز کی تعداد
مسٹرسکندرمصطفیٰ خان( ڈائر یکٹر )	1,333
مىشەبىل بشيررانا ( ڈائر يكٹر )	18,960
مىٹرلئىق الدىن انصارى ( ڈائر يكيٹر )	154,820
اليساميم عرفان عقيل (سي اي او)	20,000
محترمة شيرين شاعقيل	
(الیںایم عرفان عقیل، ہی ای او کی شریک حیات)	3,000
مىٹرسىيل احد شار (سى ايف او )	1,495

#### شيئرز كى فروخت/تجا ئف:

, ,	
مسٹرلطیف خالد ہاشمی (مرحوم)سابقہ ڈائر بکٹر	200,000
میال محسلیم ( ڈائر بکٹر )	1,098,600

#### ضابطهاخلاق:

پروفیشنل اسٹینڈرڈ زاورکار پوریٹ اقدار کے فروغ سینئر مینجنٹ ، دیگر ملازمین اور بورڈ کی سالمیت برقر ارر کھنے کے لئے بورڈ نے ایک ضابطہ اخلاق کی منظوری دی ہے جس میں قابل قبول اور نا قابل قبول عمل کی وضاحت کی گئے ہے۔ بیضابطہ اخلاق کمپنی کی ویبسائٹ پربھی موجود ہے۔

#### کار بوریٹ گورنس کے ضابطہ اخلاق کی تعمیل کابیان

30 جون،2021 کوختم ہونے والے سال کیلئے مقرر کردہ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کے تقاضوں کلقیل کی گئی ہے۔ اِس مے متعلق ایک بیان رپورٹ کے ساتھ علیحدہ سے منسلک ہے۔

#### چيئر مين كاجائزه

آپ کی کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرز چیئر مین کے جائزہ کی تائید کرتے ہیں جو کہ ڈائر کیٹرز رپورٹ کا حصہ ہے۔

مندرجہ بالاعوامل میں سے کسی ایک میس نمایاں تنبر ملی کمپنی کی کارکردگی کومتا ٹر کرے گی۔ تو قع کی جاتی ہے کہ آئندہ مالی سال بھی رواں مالی سال جیسیا ہی ہوگا۔

#### ڈ **یوٹی اور ٹسکیس**ز

شیسزاورلیویز کے بارے میں معلومات منسلک مالیاتی شیشنس کے متعلقہ نوٹس میں دی گئی ہیں۔

#### آ ڈیٹرز

موجودہ آڈیٹرزمیسرزاے۔ایف فرگوئ اینڈ کمپنی ، چارٹرڈ اکاؤٹٹس ، لا ہور، ریٹائرمنٹ کے بعد این دوبارہ تقرر کی پیش ش کررہے ہیں۔بورڈ آڈٹ کمپٹی اور کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز نے اسے دوبارہ تقیناتی کی توثیق کی ہے جو کہ اگلے سالانہ اجلاس عام میں شیئر ہولڈرز کے روبرور کھی جائے گی۔ا یکشٹرل آڈیٹرز نے نے توثیق کی ہے کہ انہیں انشیٹیوٹ آف چارٹرڈ اکاؤٹٹیٹس پاکتان کے کوالٹی کنٹرول ریویو کی جانب سے تسلی بخش انہیں انشیٹیوٹ آف چارٹرڈ اکاؤٹٹیٹس پاکتان کے کوالٹی کنٹرول ریویو کی جانب سے تسلی بخش ریڈنگ کمی ہے، نیز وہ آڈٹ اوور سائیٹ بورڈ پاکستان سے رجٹر ڈبٹیں اور اپنے دوبارہ تقرر کی پیشکش کرنے کے اہل ہیں۔

#### ڈائر یکٹرز کاتر بیتی پروگرام

ڈائر کیٹرز کے لئے ایک اور میٹیشن کورس تھکیل دیا گیا جس میں اُنہیں ضابطہ، قابل اطلاق قوانین اوراُن کی ذمہ داریوں سے آگاہ کیا گیا تا کہ وہ موثر طریقے سے کمپنی اور شیئر ہولڈرز کی طرف سے معاملات سنجال سکیں ۔ اُنہیں تحریری موادیھی فراہم کیا گیا۔

#### ديكرمتعلقه ايؤنس

کمپنی کے مالی سال کے اختتام سے موجودہ رپورٹ کی اشاعت کی تاریخ تک کمپنی کی بنیادی سرگرمی میں کوئی تبدیلی رونمانہیں ہوئی۔ جبکہ ایسی کوئی بھی تبدیلی اس رپورٹ میں واضح کی گئی ہے۔

#### آ ڈیٹرز کامشاہرہ

سال ختتمہ 30 جون، 2021 کی سالانہ رپورٹ میں آڈیٹرز نے اپنی رپورٹ میں کسی قسم کی منفی رائے نہیں دی۔

#### کار بوریٹ فنانشل رپورٹنگ فریم ورک کی اسٹیٹمنٹ

کمپنی نے کابوریٹ گورنس کے ضابطہ اخلاق کی ضروریات کو مدِنظر رکھتے ہوئے درج ذیل قواعدمرتب کئے ہیں۔

ڈائر یکٹرزانتہائی مسرت کے ساتھ مطلع کرتے ہیں کہ:

- اے۔ کمپنی کی طرف سے تیار کردہ مالی اشٹیٹمٹس کمپنیز ایکٹ، 2017 کے مطابق ترتیب دی گئی ہیں اور اِس میں درج مالیاتی گوشوارے، کمپنی کے معاملات ،کاروباری سرگرمیوں کے ستانج، کیش فلواورا یکویٹی میں تبدیلی کی منصفانہ عکاسی کرتے ہیں۔
  - بی۔ سمینی نے باضابط طور پرا کاؤنٹس کے کھاتوں کو تیار کررکھا ہے۔
- سی۔ اِن مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں ضروری اور مخصوص اکا وئٹنگ پالیسیوں کی پیروی کی گئی ہے۔ اس مالیاتی گوشواروں کی شق نمبر 4.1 میں واضح کردہ تبدیلیوں کے جو بین الاقوامی اکاؤنٹنگ اور رپورٹنگ سٹینڈ رڈز کے عین مطابق ہیں اور پاکستان میں قابل اطلاق ہیں ۔ بھی بھی مطلوب ہونے والے اکاؤنٹنگ کے تخمینے انتہائی منطقی اور مختاط اندازے پربٹی ہیں۔
- ڈی۔ اِن مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں بین الاقوامی فنانشل رپورٹنگ اسٹینڈرڈ کی (جہاں تک وہ یا کتان میں قابلِ اطلاق میں) کی پیروی کی گئی ہے۔
- ای۔ اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام اپنے ڈیزائن کے اعتبار ہے مشتکم ہے اور اِس کا مئوثر اطلاق اور نگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
  - الف ممینی کے مستقبل میں کام جاری رکھنے کی اہلیت برکوئی شکوک وشبہات نہیں ہیں۔
- جی۔ متعین شدہ اصول وضوالط میں درج کارپوریٹ گورننس کے رہنمااصولوں سے اِنحراف نہیں کیا گیا۔
- آئی۔ 30 جون،2021 کوآڈیٹ شدہ اکاؤنٹس کی بنیاد پر پراویڈنٹ, گریجویٹی، پیشن فنڈ ز کی سرماییکاری کی مالیت درج ذیل ہے۔

ر اویڈنٹ فنڈ 432,994,568 روپے گریجو ی فنڈ 278,959,174 روپ پ پنش فنڈ 1,070,376,578

سر مایدکاری کی رقم میں وصول شدہ انٹرسٹ شامل ہے۔

ج۔ سال کے دوران ڈائر کیٹرزاا کیزیکٹوکی جانب سے فروخت اورخریدے گے شیئرزکی تعداد کچھ یوں ہے

#### اموری خطرات

اموری خطرات کا تعلق ایسے عوامل سے ہے جو آپریشنز کو با آسانی چلانے سے روکتے ہیں۔ ہمارے نمایاں اموری خطرات مندرجہ ذیل ہیں۔

#### پاکستان میں ٹیکس کا نظام

مالی سال کے دوران حکومت کی جانب سے شیاسیٹن کیلئے اٹھائے گئے اقد امات قانون کی عملدر آمدگی میں در پیش بے ضابطگیوں اور متواتر ایڈ ہاک آپریشنل تبدیلیوں کی بدولت فائدہ مند ثابت ہوتے دکھائے نہیں دے رہے۔ یہ عوامل سیز ٹیکس ریفنڈ زمیس نمایاں طور پردکھائی دیئے جو کہ مجموعی طور پر 4.59 بلین روپے رہا محصولاتی قوانین کوسود مند بنانے اور سرمایہ کاروں کا اعتماد حاصل کرنے کیلئے انتہائی اقد امات کرنا ہوں گے۔

#### گلوبل وارمنگ

اس مالی سال کے دوران گلوبل وارمنگ کے اثر ات میں اضافہ جاری رہا۔ درجہ حرارت میں غیرمتوقع تغیر ہنڈی وَل کے حملے اور پانی کی کی اس حقیقت کی جانب واضح اشارہ ہے کہ ہمیں اس خطرے سے فوری اورموء ثر انداز میں نبروآ زما ہونے کیلئے کاوشوں میں تیزی لانا ہوگی۔

ماحولیات میں غیر معمولی تبدیلی زرعی ترقی میں رکاوٹ کا باعث بن سکتی ہے جو کہ مالی اوراقتصادی طور پرزراعت پر انتصار کرنے والے ملک کیلئے تشویشناک ہے۔ چونکہ ہماری کمپنی بھی بالواسطہ زراعت سے منسلک ہےاور کسی بھی قتم کے منفی اثرات کمپنی کی کارکردگی کو بھی متاثر کرتے ہیں۔

#### مالياتي خطرات

مالیاتی خطرات وہ میں جن سے کمپنی کو مالی نقصان کا اندیشہ ہو۔ مسلکہ فناشیل اعلیمنٹس کے نوٹ نمبر (47) میں مالیاتی خطرات کے بارے میں تفصیل سے بیان کیا گیاہے جس میں مارکیٹ ،کریڈٹ اورلیکوئیڈٹی خطرات شامل ہیں۔

#### كمپلائنس خطرات

قواعد وضوابط کی تغیل نہ کرنے کی صورت میں انضباطی کارروائی کااختال ہوسکتا ہے۔ اس لئے تمپنی اِس سلسلے میں اپنی پالیسیز سرگرمیوں اوررو سیہ جات پر ہر گزشتجھو تہنیں کرتی ۔ مزید براں تمپنی میں ایسے خطرات کو کم کرنے کیلئے ایک انتہائی جامع اورموثر کم پلائنس فنکشن ترتیب دیا گیا ہے۔ اس کے علاوہ مینی کا ضابطہ اخلاق کمپنی کے ملاز مین سے تو قعات کو بھی واضح کرتا ہے۔ کمپنی اِس بات کوسراہتی ہے کہ اس کے ملاز مین اور بزنس پارٹنرز کسی بھی قتم کی قانونی خلاف ورزی کے بارے میں کمپنی کوآگاہ کریں۔

#### مالی سال کے دوران کمپنی برنس کی نوعیت میں تبدیلی

اِس سال کے دوران کمپنی کی بنیادی سرگرمی میں کوئی تبدیلی رونمانہیں ہوئی۔ کمپنی نے ریٹیل اور ایکسپورٹ اور کیسپورٹ میں کہلے اپنی کوششوں میں اضافہ جاری رکھا اور تاریخ میں کہلی دفعہ ایکسپورٹ سیلز 2,000 ٹریکٹرز کی حدیار کرتے ہوئے سبسے زیادہ سیز میں کامیاب رہی۔

#### منافع کے مستقبل کے امکانات

روپے کی قدر میں کمی ،کووڈ -19 ویکسین لگوانے کی رفتار،لاک ڈاؤن سے بچاؤمیں کامیابی اوردیگرمعاشی اعشار لیوں کے ساتھ ٹریکٹرز کی فروخت کار بھان اگلے مالی سال میں بھی اس طرح رہے کاامکان ہے۔سال 2022-2021 کے حالیہ بجٹ کی منظوری کے بعداس بات کی توقع ہے کہ حکومت کے طے کر دہ ابداف تک رسائی کیلئے ٹریکٹر کی فروخت میں اضافہ ہوگا۔

#### موزوں داخلی مالیاتی کنژولز

ملت ٹریکٹر زلمیٹڈ کابورڈ کمپنی کو پیش آنے والے خطرات سے نمٹنے کے لئے داخلی کنٹر ول سٹم کی تشکیل اور تھیج کی ذمہ دار ہے۔

#### اگرچه تنی نهیں لیکن سشم مناسب ضانت دیتا ہے کہ:

- ۔ اثاثے غیرمتعلقہ استعال کے خلاف محفوظ ہیں۔
- ۔ مکمل اور قابل اعتبار اکاوئننگ ریکارڈ زبزنس کے اندر رہتے ہوئے استعال کیلئے دستیاب ہیں۔
  - ۔ آپریشنل برنس کے اندرایک مناسب کنٹرول میکانز مشکیل دیا گیاہے۔
  - ۔ سمبنی کے اندرتر تیب دیے جانے والا داخلی مالیاتی کنٹرول سال بھراطمینان بخش رہا۔

### مستقبل میں کمپنی کے کاروبار، ترقی، کارکردگی اور پوزیش کومتاثر کرنے والے عوامل

کمپنی کے کاروبارکومتاثر کرنے والے بڑے عوامل مندرجہ ذیل ہیں۔

- ۔ رویے کی قدر
- ۔ رہیج وخریف کی فصل کی پیداوار
  - ۔ سپلائی چین کی کارکردگی
- \_ ائيسپورٹ مارکيٹ کيلئے افغانستان میں سیکیورٹی کی صورتحال
  - ۔ سی پیک اور دوسرے ترقیاتی منصوبے کی رفتار

سمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے طے کیا جائے گا جبرکا انحصار نان ایگز مکٹوڈ ائر کیٹرز کی اضافی کوشش اوراضافی وقت پر ہوگا۔

#### حقیقی اخراجات کی ادائیگی

نان ایکزیکٹیوآ زاد ڈائر بکٹرز کوفکسڈ الاوئس کی مدمیں یا پھر بورڈ / سمیٹی میٹنگز میں شرکت کے لئے سفری، رہائثی یادیگر حقیقی اخراجات کے عوض معاوضہ دیاجائے گا۔

### **ڈائر یکٹرز کا مجموعی معاوضہ**

ونے والے سال کیلئے ڈائز یکٹرز کے معاوضہ کی تفصیل حسب ذیل ہے:	30جون،2021 كوختم ۽
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	چيف ايگزيکڻوآ فيسر	ا يَّكِز يَكْتُودْائرَ يَكْتُرْز	نانا گیزیکٹوڈائریکٹرز	آ زاد ڈائر یکٹرز
ممبران کی تعداد	1	1	1	2
		رو	<del>_</del>	
انتظامی معاوضه	14,558,177	872,532	1,115,502	-
كاسث آف لونگ الاوئنس	-	872,532	1,115,502	
	8,603,175	4,948,317	6,380,362	-
گھر کا کراہیہ	6,551,179	392,639	501,976	-
پر وویڈنٹ فنڈ میں حصہ	1,457,618	-	-	-
	222,000	992,500	1,165,680	-
يوليليشيز	389,889	834,103	898,835	-
دیگرالا ونسز اور قابل واپسی اخراجات	2,256,224	686,262	745,501	47,911
فيس	-	-	-	1,800,000

#### مالیاتی سال 2021 کے دوران کمپنی کی کار کردگی اور کاروبار میں ترقی ہے متعلق نمایاں سرگرمیاں

کمپنی بنیادی طور پرزری ٹریکٹرز اور فارم کے سامان کی مینوفیکچرنگ اوراسمبلنگ کے ساتھ ساتھ ساتھ ساتھ اپلی کیشن پراؤکٹس جیسا کہ فورک لفٹ ٹرک اور جزیٹرز بھی تیار کرتی ہے۔ سمپنی کی مالیاتی تفصیلات اِس بات کی عکاس کرتی ہیں کہ سمپنی کے کاروباری معاملات شفاف نوعیت کے ہیں۔ جموعی طور پرمعیشت بشمول ٹریکٹر انڈسٹری میں ترقی دیکھنے میس آئی جو کہ صریحاً مقامی معاثی سرگری، زیادہ زرعی پیداوار اور ہڑے پہانے کی مینوفیکچرنگ میں نمایاں برطوتری کی بدولت ممکن ہورکا۔

ملکی معیشت نے حکومت کی جانب سے کرونا وباء کے منفی اثرات کو کم کرنے کے اقدامات سے متحکم بحالی کا مظاہرہ کیا۔ شیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی رپورٹ کے مطابق موجودہ اکا وَنٹ خسارے میں انتہائی کمی واقع ہوئی اور بیدگزشتہ 10 سال کی کم ترین سطح پر پہنچ آئی۔ جبکہ غیر ملکی زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر 18 بلین یوایس ڈالرتک کی سطح عبور کرنے میں کا میاب رہے۔ تاہم موجودہ جاری ویکسین مہم نے مارچ، 2020 کی مانند لگائی گئی سخت پابندیوں کو کافی حد تک کم کیا جو کہ معاشی سرگرمیوں میں رکاوٹ رہیں۔

نیجیاً کمپنی کے ٹریکٹرزک مجموعی فروخت میں 2 7 فیصد اضافہ ہوا ہوئی اور گزشتہ سال کے 20,707 بیٹس کے مقابلہ میں 35,515 بیٹس فروخت ہوئے ۔ بیکامیابی کروناوباء کے 20,707 بیٹس کی کہ اوران تھارے ایمپلا ئیز، ڈیلرز، ویڈرزاور ہرسٹیک ہولگررگ محنت اورانتھک تعاون سے ممکن ہوئی۔ میلز جم میں اضافہ کی وجہ سے مجموعی منافع میں 260 بیسر یوائش کا اضافہ ہوا۔

اِس عرصے کے دوران بیلز کا خالص منافع 13.1 فیصدر ہا جوگز شتہ سال 9.37 فیصد تھا۔خالص منافع میں بیاضافہ بیلز جم ، دیگر آمدن اور سال کے دوران فنانس کاسٹ میں کمی ہے ممکن ہے

#### سميني كودرييش خطرات اورغيريقيني صورتحال

موثر رسک مینجمنٹ کسی بھی مستحکم کاروبار کا ایک لازی جزو ہے۔ ہمارے خطرات سے نمٹنے کے نظام اور داخلی کنٹرول پالیسیز نے ہماری توجہ پہنی کو در پیش بنیادی خطرات کے خلاف مرکوزر کھنے میں ہماری کافی مدد کی ہے۔ کمپنی کی جانب سے بنایا گیا داخلی کنٹرول کا بیفریم ورک مقرر طے شدہ احتساب اور پالیسی فریم ورک سی بھی مادی مسئلے یاواقعے کی نشاندہی کرتے ہوئے کسی بھی فتم کے نقصان کو کم کرنے میں معاون ثابت ہوتا ہے۔ کمپنی کو مندرجہ ذیل بنیا دی خطرات کا سامنا ہے جنہیں کمپنی اپنی مخصوص میں معاون ثابت ہوتا ہے۔ کمپنی کو مندرجہ ذیل بنیا دی خطرات کا سامنا ہے جنہیں کمپنی اپنی مخصوص بیالیسیز اور تدابیر کے ذریلے کم کرتی ہے۔

مجبر	سي <i>ڌ محمدع</i> رفان عقيل		بٹرزکےنام	ڈائز یک
فمجر	محترمه عنبرين وحبير	- بئر مین ( نان ایکزیکٹوڈ ائزیکٹر )		_1
	3_فنانس سميني	ای او (ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر)	سيدمجمه عرفان عقيل سي	-2
چیئر ماین	مسٹر ہیل بشیررانا	يَّز يَكُووْ ابْرَيكُمْ )	مسرسهیل بشیررانا_(ا	-3
بمبر	مسٹرلئیق الدین انصاری	ى۔(نان ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر)	مسٹرلئیق الدین انصار ک	_4
فمبر	ميال محرسليم	ز یکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر )	میاں محمسلیم۔(نان ایگ	_5
فمبر	سية مجمء فان عقيل	ن ایکزیکٹورڈائزیکٹر)	مسٹراحس عمران شیخ ( ناا	<b>-</b> 6
	4_مار کیٹنگ نمیٹی	تار دُائر يکٹر )	مسٹر سعدا قبال۔(خودمخ	_7
چیئر ملین	مسرسهبل بشيررانا	فودمخار ڈائر کیٹر)	محتر مه عنبرین و حید۔(خ	_8
مجر	ميال محرسليم	۔ باخت میں تبدیلی ہوئی ہے اورڈائر یکٹرمسٹرلطیف خالد ہاشمی مورخہ	۔ ر بورٹ کے بعد بورڈ کی س	گزشته
برا	سية محمة عرفان عقيل	، پاگئے اور مسٹر احسن عمران شیخ مورخہ 22مارچ، 2021 کو -		
کے لئے بورڈ کمیٹی کے لئے بورڈ کمیٹی	5_گروپ سپرویژن _	ه بورڈ کی تین سالہ مدت 0 3اکتوبر، 1 2 0 2 کو مکمل ہورہی		
چيئر مين	مسٹر سکندر مصطفیٰ خان	1 ستبر، 2021 کو منعقدہ میٹنگ میں موجودہ مدت کے اختتام پر جملہ کیا ہے جس میں سے دوخود مختار (مرد)اور ایک خاتون		•
مجبر	مسرسهيل بشيررانا	جلہ لیا ہے ، ن یں سے دو مود محار (مرد) اور ایک حانون کے ڈیٹا بینک سے خود محارڈ ائر یکٹرز کے انتخاب اور مطلوبہ معیار	·	
ممبر	مسٹرلئیق الدین انصاری	. ,	ر نے پر) تجویز کیے گئے ہی <sub>ا</sub>	
ممبر	ميال محرسليم		بليز	بورد کم
لیسی	د انر بکٹرز کی معاوضہ <sub>ب</sub>	ر کے ممبران کے نام مندرجہ ذیل ہیں۔	,	-
: نان ایگزیکٹوڈائر یکٹرزاورآزادڈائر یکٹرز کی معاوضہ یالیسی مندرجہذیل			ٹ کمیٹی	1_آ ڈ
		چيئر ملين	عدا قبال حدا	مسترمسا
لمول آزاد ڈائر یکٹرز)	نانا گیزیگوڈائریکٹرز( <sup>بث</sup>	ممبر	ن الدين انصاري	مسٹرلئیق
ازاد ڈائر یکٹرزکوئسی بھی معاوضہ یافیس کی ادائیگی مندرجہ ذیل اصول کے	سمپنی کے نان ایگزیکٹویا	ممبر	رسليم	میاںمج
	مطابق کی جائیگی۔	ممبر	' نبرین و حید	محترمه
	ميڻنگ فيس	ر شهر الشهر ال معارف الشهر ال	" دمن ریسورس اینڈ ریمنر	2
ی ایشن کے مطابق نان ایگزیکٹویا آزاد ڈائریکٹرز بورڈیا نمیٹی کی میٹنگ	کمپنی کے آرٹیکلز آف ایسو	چيئر مين	ر <b>ن رون درن بیمرر</b> ند ر مدا قبال	•
ں صورت میں معاوضہ وصول کریں گے۔	میں شمولیت کے لئے فیس ک	مجبر	ن ن الدين انصاري	
U	اضافی خدمات کی انجام د ہ	بر مجبر		ريبر ميا <i>ل مج</i>
ی کے لئے نان ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹرزکو پیش کئے جانے والامعاوضہ وقباً فو قباً	اضافی خدمات کی انجام د؛	/•	1	-0 :

### ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ برائے شیئر ہولڈرز

ڈائر کیٹران سال مختتمہ 30 جون، 2021 کیلئے کمپنی کی 58ویں سالاندرپورٹ مع مالیاتی گوشوار سے پیش کرتے ہوئے انتہائی فخرمحسوں کررہے ہیں

#### تخصيص

آپ کے ڈائر کیٹرز نے ختمی کیش ڈیویڈیڈ 500روپے فی تصص (500 فیصد) اور بونس ثیمرز 20 فیصد کے حساب سے تجویز کیا ہے۔ یہ قم عبوری کیش ڈیویڈیڈر 500روپے فی شیمرز 500 فیصد) اور 12.50 فیصد کے حساب سے ہوئے۔ صد بونس ثیمرز جو کہ پہلے سے اداشدہ ہیں کے علاوہ ہے۔ اس طرح بطور کیش ڈیویڈیڈکل رقم 100.00 روپ فی شیمرز 1,000 فیصد ) ہوگی اور بونس ثیمرز 32.50 فیصد کے حساب سے ہوئے۔ سال کے دوران رقم کی تخصیص درج ذیل ہے۔

	(رقم ہزار	روں میں )
	جزل ريزرو	غيرمخض منافع
پيلنس:	2,278,935	997,460
ىال2020كے ختى ڈيويٹينڈ 300 فيصد	-	(1,494,873)
ریز روز میں منتقلی	-	-
	2,278,935	(497,413)
ئے والے مالی سال 30 جون ، 2021 کامنا فع	-	5,868,525
سال 2021 کے عبوری ڈیویڈنڈ 500 فیصد	-	(2,491,456)
سال2021 کے بوٹس ٹیئرز 12.5 فیصد	-	(62,286)
ى منافع كيرى فارور ڈ	2,278,935	2,817,370

#### في حصص آمدن

30 جون، 2021 كوختم ہونے والے سال ميں في حصص آمدني 103.12 روپے رہى جو كد كرشتہ سال ميں 38.36 (ري سايلاً) روپيتھي۔

#### بورد آف د ائر يكثرز

30 جون،2021 تك بوردُ8 دُائر يكٹرز پرشتمل ہے۔

(1)	3/	7
(ب)	خاتون	1
ساخد	ن:	
i	خود مختار ڈائر یکٹر ز	2
_ii	خود مختار ڈائر کیٹر ز دیگرنان ایکز بکٹوڈ ائر کیٹر ز	4
_iii	ا يَكِزِ يَكُووْ أَارٌ يَكُثُرِ رَ	2

# CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY REPORT

#### CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY

MTL strongly believes in discharging its responsibilities as a corporate citizen of Pakistan and acts as a contributory member of the society. MTL recognizes the importance of its employees, their work life balances, safety & security, reducing carbon footprints for better atmosphere, community uplift programs for the underprivileged, customers & products, ethical behavior, contribution to the national exchequer and community welfare programs.

MTL fulfills its Corporate Social Responsibilities (CSR) in a manner that positively impacts its customers, employees, shareholders, community, and the environment. The company demonstrates active corporate citizenship by promoting and patronizing various activities under its philanthropic and non-philanthropic CSR programs

# EDUCATIONAL PATRONAGE

MTL promotes and patronizes multiple activities in the field of education under its CSR program. Children Education Award Scheme is one of such activities where the Company recognizes better educational performance of Employees' Children and awards scholarships.

The Company also recognises the significance of continuous learning and its importance in career development of its employees which eventually lead to benefit the society. Therefore, the Company provides assistance in improvement of educational qualification that outlines the relaxation in working hours to support educational initiatives of its employees.

The Company has donated Rs. 250,000/- to Government High School, Nizampura Lahore. MTL also provided sponsorship to 4 students of Tehzib-ul-Ihlas Schools worth Rs. 900,000/-. Besides, that sponsorship of Rs. 200,000/- was given to a student named Shamsa Riaz for higher studies to Malaysia. Additionally, educational/skill development and training activities were also supported by offering Internship opportunity to 200 students of various disciplines, imparting practical knowledge related to their studies.

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION MEASURES

To combat the looming threat of global warming and its effects on the environment, a tree plantation drive was organized during

the year whereby employees of the Company were facilitated to plant a tree within factory premises and nurture it to sustainable growth. The Company also maintains in-house nurseries and vegetable farms to cultivate organic agricultural products and has also participated in various flower exhibitions throughout the year.

# COMMUNITY WELFARE SCHEMES

MTL's CSR program patronizes several measures to protect the environment. One of these measures is active participation in flower shows.

Various sports activities were encouraged by the Company to bring the people together from various communities. A sum of Rs. 1,032,198 has been spent to sponsor Governor Cup Golf and Polo Tournament.

Contribution of Rs. 500,000 a Computer and Printer worth Rs. 43,115 granted to Lahore Hospital Welfare Society. MTL also sponsored Rs.393,665 in Junior National Tennis Championship organized by Punjab Lawn Tennis Association.

#### **CONSUMER PROTECTION**

The company has modern production facility with a manufacturing capacity to meet the local as well as export requirements. The company continuously strives to provide a wide range of products built on global standards and powerful after sales support to its customers.

MTL also conducts multiple awareness programs and carries out surveys to obtain feedback from the market to improve its products. There are defined rules for customers' convenience, to directly contact the company in case of dissatisfaction.

Additionally, the Company has partnered with its principal M/s AGCO for product improvement plans to exceed customers' expectations.

#### INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

The Company is an equal opportunity employer and maintains a cordial relationship between the management and workforce. The management holds regular meetings with the labor union leaders to ensure all their needs are fulfilled and to provide a safe and friendly work environment. The Company also facilitates education of employees' children and also provides financial assistance to employees to fulfill their religious obligations like; Hajj under Company's Hajj Scheme.

In order to improve employee satisfaction and boost their morale, the company organizes various activities such as 'Annual Dinner' and 'Annual Gift Scheme'.

# EMPLOYMENT OF PEOPLE WITH SPECIAL NEEDS

Since the company is an equal opportunity employer, it guarantees that its staffing process stays fair to physical disabilities subject to work requirements. Personnel with special physical needs are working in various capacities in Millat Tractors.

# OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH

MTL urges its workers to be vigilant and careful to ensure the wellbeing and safety of themselves and fellow workers. All employees are urged to follow strict health and safety protocols.

All of the personnel employed at factory premises are provided with appropriate PPEs and necessary safety apparatuses to ensure safe and secure working conditions.

In order to combat with the COVID-19, pandemic, MTL has taken vigorous precautionary steps to protect its employees from COVID-19 and spreading the disease. Around PKR 7.3 Million has been spent on the purchase of PPE's, Masks, Disinfection Spray, and Sanitizers.

#### ETHICS AND ANTI-CORRUPTION

Driving GROWTH Enhancing PERFORMANCE

MTL strongly believes in ethical business operation and condemns all sorts of unethical practices while doing business. The company actively discourages all forms of corruption and any form of conduct that violates principles of business ethics. The company is fully committed to be compliant with all principles of fairness, transparency and integrity.

To ensure compliance with professional, ethical and moral code as well as legal measures, the company has a formal Code of Conduct. It is an integral part of the formal governance regime in the company and is the key element in the Millat's way of doing business. The way company wants to achieve its ambitious goals, is elaborated in the Code which forms its ethical foundation, values for guiding the right behavior and leadership attitudes for driving corporate culture in the desired direction. The code defines the core principles and ethical standards that form the basis to create value in the company. The defined principles and standards are further incorporated in other governing documents as appropriate. The purpose of the code is to highlight the standards of behavior and conduct of employees while dealing with customers, suppliers, clients, co-workers, management and the general public. The code highlights expected behavior as well as punitive measures against violations.

# CORPORATE PHILANTHROPY

Beyond commercial activities, company has also contributed to spread awareness and knowledge in agriculture sector by sponsoring and participating exhibitions including; Farmer's Expo arranged by Bayer.



#### صنعتى تعلقات

کمپنی این ملاز مین کو برابری کی بنیا دیر ملازمت کے مواقع فرا ہم کرتی ہے اوراس کی انتظامیہ اور کام کرنے والے افراد کے درمیان ایک مضبوط تعلق قائم کئے رکھتی ہے۔ کمپنی کی انتظامیہ لیبر یونین کے لیڈرز سے مستقل بنیا دوں پر را بطے میں رہتی ہے اور انہیں کام سے متعلق محفوظ اور بہترین ماحول فراہم کرنے کی صفائت دیتی ہے۔ کمپنی ملاز مین کے بچول کو تعلیم کی فراہمی یقینی بناتی ہے اور اس کے علاوہ مذہبی فراہم کرتی ہے۔ کمپنی مانتجام دہی کمپنی کی تج سکیم کے تحت انہیں مالی تعاون بھی فراہم کرتی ہے۔

ملاز مین کے اعتاد کو برقر ارر کھنے اورا کئی مزید حوصلہ افزائی کے لئے کمپنی سالانہ فیملی ڈِ زاور سالانہ گفٹ اسکیم جیسے اقدامات کا اہتمام کرتی رہتی ہے۔

#### معذورا فرادكيليخ روزگار

چونکہ ایم ٹی ایل تمام افراد کوروز گار کے بکسال مواقع فراہم کرتی ہے۔اس لئے پیشینی بنایا جاتا ہے کہ جسمانی معذورا فراد کو بھی کام کرنے کے سازگار مواقع فراہم کئے جائیں۔اس وقت ایم ٹی ایل میں مختلف شعبوں میں معذورا فراد کام کررہے ہیں۔

#### پیشه ورانه تحفظ اور صحت

ایم ٹی امل کی پیکوشش ہوتی ہے کہ اس کے ملاز مین اپنی اور اپنے ساتھ موجود دیگر ملاز مین کا خیال رکھیں۔ تمام ملاز مین کوصت اور حفاظت کے اصولوں پرعملدار آمد کی تلقین کی جاتی ہے۔ فیکٹری کے احاط میں کام کے ماحول کو محفوظ ترین بنانے کے لئے ملاز مین کومناسب پی پی ایز اور ضروری حفاظتی آلات مہا کئے گئے ہیں۔

کروناوائرس وباء کے خلاف جنگ میں ایم ٹی ایل نے اپنے ملاز مین کی حفاظت اور وباء کی روک تھام کیلیے انتہائی موء ژ حفاظتی اقدامات کیے۔ پی پی ایز، ماسک، ڈس انفیکشن سپر سے اور سینیطائز روغیرہ کی خریداری کیلئے 7.3 ملین رویے خرچ کیے گئے۔

#### كريش فرى ماحول اوربنيا دى اخلا قيات

ایم ٹی ایل کاروبارے متعلقہ تمام تراخلاقی اقدار پر کمسل یقین رکھتے ہوئے کسی بھی قتم کی لا قانونیت اور بدعنوانی کی ندمت کرتی ہے۔ اِس لئے کمپینی ہرطرح کی کر پشن اور کاروباری اقدار کی خلاف ورزی کرنے والے اُمورکی حوصلہ تکنی کرتی ہے۔ کمپنی اِس بات کے لئے پرعزم ہے کہ شفافیت، عدل اور دیانت داری کے تمام اصولوں کی پاسداری کی جائے۔

کاروباری اوراخلاقی اصولوں کی پاسداری اورتمام ترقانونی اقد امات کویٹنی بنانے کے لئے کمپنی نے ایک باقاعدہ اورقانونی ضابطہ اخلاق ترتیب دیا ہے۔ یہ ضابطہ اخلاق کمپنی کی فارل گورننس اور ملت کے طرز کاروبار کا بنیادی جزو ہے۔ اِس ضابطہ اخلاق میں یہ بھی واضح کیا گیا ہے کپنی اپنے تمام تر عزائم اور مقاصد کو پوراکرنا چاہتی ہے کیونکہ کار پوریٹ کلچر کو مطلوبہ ست میں لے جانے کے لئے درست طرز کاراور بہترین لیڈرشپ رویہ بنیادی کرداراداکرتا ہے۔ یہ ضابطہ اخلاق اُس معیار اورا اُن بنیادی اصولوں کی وضاحت بھی کرتا ہے جن کی بنیاد پر ہم اپنی کمپنی میں اہم اقدار کو اجا گرکرتے بنیادی اصولوں اور معیارات کو دیگر انتظامی وستاویزات میں بھی شامل کیا گیا ہے۔ اِس ضابطہ اخلاق کی ترتیب کا مقصد ملاز مین کو دیسکھانا ہے کہ وہ کس طرح اپنے کشمرز ، سپلائرز ، کلائیٹش ، کو ورکرز ، منتجنٹ اور عام لوگوں کے ساتھ تعلقات استوار کریں۔ ضابطہ اخلاق میں بہترین رویدر کھنے ورکرز ، منتجنٹ اور عام لوگوں کے ساتھ تعلقات استوار کریں۔ ضابطہ اخلاق میں بہترین رویدر کھنے ورکرز ، منتجنٹ اور عام لوگوں کے ساتھ تعلقات استوار کریں۔ ضابطہ اخلاق میں بہترین رویدر کھنے اورخلاف ورزی پرجم انے کے بارے میں بھی ملاز مین کو آگاہیا گیا ہے۔

#### كاربوريث سيكثر سيمتعلق مختلف سركرميان

کمرش سرگرمیوں کے ساتھ ساتھ کمپنی نے زرعی شعبے میں آگا ہی اور معلومات کے فروغ کیلئے بھی اپنا بھر پور کر دار ادا کیا ہے۔ اِس سلسلے میں کمپنی مختلف نمائشوں میں شرکت کی جس میں Bayer کی جانب سے منعقدہ فار مرزا کیسپونمایاں ہے۔

### سى اليس آرر بورك

#### كاربوريث منصوبون كوبرقرارركهنا

ایم ٹی ایل پاکستان کا ایک کار پوریٹ شہری اور معاشرے کا ایک مستحکم ممبر ہونے کی حیثیت سے اپنی ذمہ داریاں نبھانے پریقین رکھتا ہے۔ ایم ٹی ایل اپنے ملاز مین کی اہمیت کو تسلیم کرتا ہے، اس لئے وہ ان کی کام ہے متعلق زندگی میں توازن ہیفٹی اور سیکیو رٹی بہترین ماحول کے لئے کاربن کے اثرات میں کمی ، سوسائٹی میں موجو ومحروم طبقات کی ترقی کے لئے ہردم کوشاں رہتا ہے۔ اس کے علاوہ ایم ٹی ایل معاشرے میں کسٹمرز اور پراڈکٹس ہے متعلق اخلاقی اقدار کوفروغ دے کرقومی سرمایہ میں حصہ داری اور فلاح و بہود کے پروگراموں کی تشکیل پر بھی لیقین رکھتی ہے۔

ایم ٹی امل اپنی کارپوریٹ ساجی ذمہ داریوں کو ایسے ثبت انداز میں نبھاتا ہے کہ اس کے کسٹمرز، ملاز مین بثیر ہولڈرز، کمیونیٹیز اور ماحول پراس کا مثبت اثر ہو سمپنی این (سی الیس آر پروگرام)جس میں رفاعی وغیررفاعی سرگرمیاں شامل ہیں میں کارپوریٹ سٹیزن شپ کے حوالے سے ایک فعال کردارادا کررہی ہے۔

#### تعليمي خدمات

ایم ٹی امل اپنے تی ایس آر پروگرام کے تحت تعلیمی شعبے میں گراں قدر خدمات کی انجام دہی اور ترویک لیتی بنارہی ہے۔ چلڈرن ایجو کیشن ایوارڈ زاسکیم بھی اِن قدام میں سے ایک ہے جس کے ذریعے کمپنی ملاز مین کے بچوں کی بہتر کارکردگی کوسرائتی ہے اوراً کی تعلیم کے لئے سکالرشپ مہیا کرتی ہے۔

کمپنی اِس بات پر بھی یقین رکھتی ہے کہ سکھنے کامسلس عمل ملاز مین کی تغییروتر قی میں اہم کردارادا کر کے معاشرے کے لئے فائدے مند ثابت ہوسکتا ہے۔ اِس لئے کمپنی اپنے ملاز مین کے اوقات کارمیں زی پیدا کر کے تعلیم کے صول کے لئے اُنکی مدد کرتی ہے۔

کمپنی نے گورنمنٹ ہائی سکول نظام پورہ لا ہورکو-/250,000 روپے عطیہ پیش کیا۔اا بیم ٹی ایل نے تہذیب الا ہلاس سکولڑ کے چارطالبعلموں کو-/900,000 روپے کی سپانسرشپ فراہم کی جبکہ اس کے علاوہ ایک طالبہ شمسہ ریاض کو ملا بیشیا میں اعلیٰ تعلیم کے حصول کیلئے -/200,000 روپے کی سپانسرشپ فراہم کی گئی۔اس کے علاوہ مختلف شعبوں کے تقریباً 200 طالبعلموں کو انظرن شپ کے مواقع فراہم کی گئی۔اس کے علاوہ مختلف شعبوں کے تقریباً 200 طالبعلموں کو انظرن شپ کے مواقع فراہم کی گئی۔اگر میں شامل کیا گیا جو کہ بیشی طور ہرا کے علیٰ علم میں اضافہ کا باعث بنیں گی۔

#### ماحولياتي تحفظ سيمتعلق اقدامات

گلوبل وارمنگ کے بڑھتے ہوئے خطرے اور ماحول پر اِسکے اثر ات کے پیش نظر سال بھر کے دوران مینی کی جانب سے درخت لگانے کی مہم کا اہتمام کیا گیا۔ جس کے تحت کمپنی ملاز مین کو بیرموقع فراہم

کیا گیا کہ وہ نہ صرف فیکٹری کے احاطہ میں پودے لگا ئیں بلکہ اُ فوائش کے لئے مکمل ویکھ بھال بھی کرسکیں۔ اِسکے ساتھ ساتھ کمپنی نے نامیاتی کا شتکاری کے لئے اِن ہاؤس زسریز اور و جیٹیل فار مز بھی برائے ہیں جبکہ کمپنی سال بھر کے دوران ماحولیاتی 1 بھولوں کی نمائش میں بڑھ چڑھ کر حصہ لیتی ہے۔

#### كميونثي ويلفيترسكيمز

ایم ٹی ایل اپنے سی ایس آر پروگرام کے تحت ماحولیاتی تحفظ کے لئے کئی مفیدا قدامات کوفروغ دیت ہے۔اس کا ایک عملی ثبوت پھولوں کی نمائشوں میں فعال شمولیت ہے۔

مختلف کمیونیٹیز کے لوگوں کوایک پلیٹ فارم پراکٹھا کرنے کیلئے کھیلوں کی مختلف سرگرمیوں کی حوصلہ افزائی کی جاتی ہے۔ اِسکے علاوہ کمپنی نے گورز کپ گالف اینڈ پولوٹورنامنٹ کوسپانسر کرنے کے لئے 1,032,198روپے صرف کیے۔

لا ہور سپتال ویلفیئر سوسائی کو 500,000 روپے مالیت کے کمپیوٹراور 43,115 روپے مالیت کے کمپیوٹراور 43,115 روپے مالیت کے پیغر کیلئے امداد کی گئی۔ ایم ٹی اہل نے پنجاب لال شینس ایسوی ایشن کی جانب سے جونیئر نیشنل کمینس پیغر کھی گئی۔ 393,665 روپے کی سیا نسر شپ فراہم کی۔

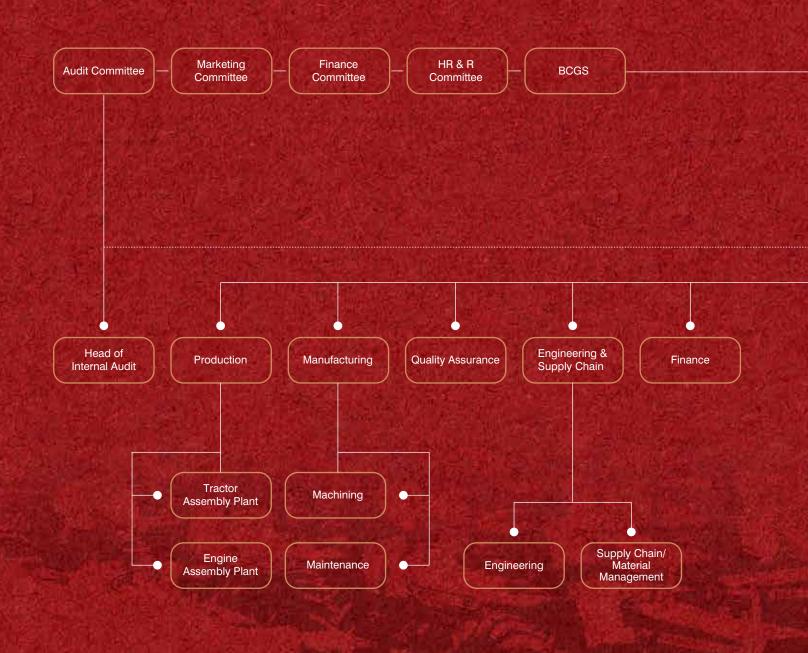
#### صارف كانحفظ

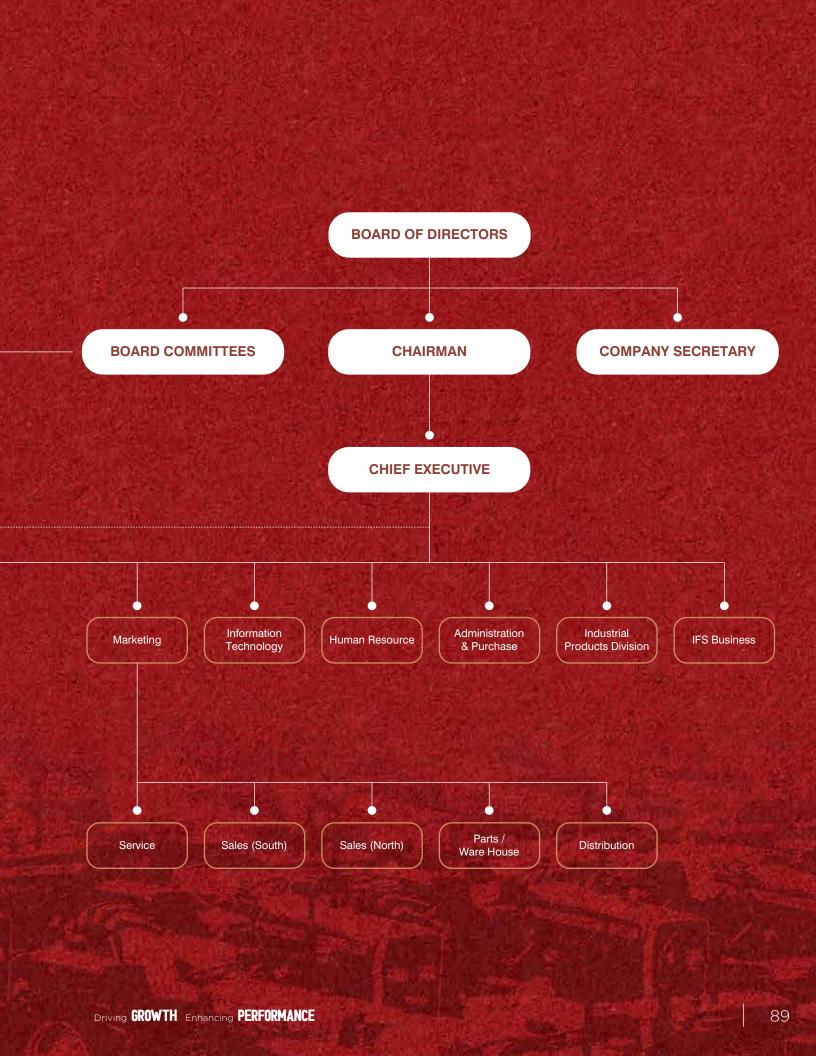
کمپنی مقامی اور بین الاقوامی ضروریات کے مطابق پیداواری صلاحیت کی حامل جدید پروڈکشن کی سہولیات رکھتی ہے۔ کمپنی مسلسل بنیادول پراپنے صارفین کوعالمی معیار کے مطابق پراڈکٹس پہنچارہی ہے۔ جس میں بیلز کے بعد بھی سرومز کی فراہمی کاموثر نظام شامل ہے۔

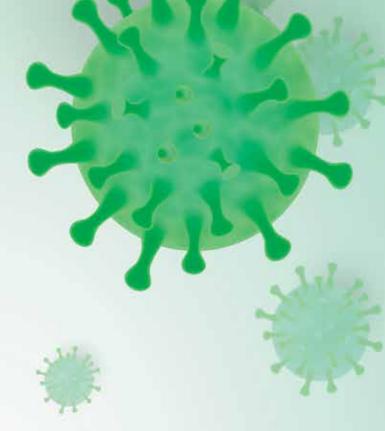
ایم ٹی ایل مختلف آگہی پروگرامزاور سروے منعقد کرواتی رہتی ہے تاکہ مارکیٹ سے ملنے والی تقید کی بنیاد پر پراڈکٹس میں مزید بہتری لائی جاسکے ۔اس کے ساتھ ساتھ کشمرز کی سہولت کیلئے تو انین کی وضاحت بھی کی جاتی ہے اور انہیں کسی بھی غیر تملی بخش صورت میں کمپنی سے را لبطے کرنے کے بارے میں بھی آگا دکیا جاتا ہے۔
میں بھی آگا دکیا جاتا ہے۔

مزید برال کمپنی نے صارفین کی تو قعات پر پورا اُتر نے اور سال جرکے دوران پراڈ کٹ میں بہتری کی تدابیر کرنے کے لئے اپنے پر نیپار M/s AGCO سے جمر پورشرا کت داری قائم کئے رکھی۔

# ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE







### STATEMENT ON COVID-19

The pandemic of COVID-19 that has rapidly spread all across the world has not only endangered human lives but has also adversely impacted the global economy. On March 23, 2020, the Government of the Punjab announced a temporary lock down as a measure to reduce the spread of the COVID-19. Complying with the lockdown, the Company temporarily suspended its operations from March 24, 2020. In the Company's case, the lockdown was subsequently relaxed from March 30, 2020. After implementing all the necessary Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to ensure safety of employees, i.e. screening of employees including any visitor at the time of entrance, guiding the staff to wear masks and maintain social distancing etc. Company henceforth resumed its operations and has taken all necessary steps to ensure

smooth and adequate continuation of its business in order to maintain business performance.

The measures adopted by the Government helped the economy in lessening the negative impact of the pandemic. As a result, Pakistan economy started witnessing recovery during the first half of FY2021 on the back of continued domestic economic activity. The tractor industry has also followed the overall recovery trend and has shown significant growth as compared to the previous period. Improved liquidity position of farmers and improvement in local demand has led to increase in sales of tractors. Furthermore, despite the prevailing pandemic, the Company has achieved an export sale of over 2,000 tractors for the first time in its history, which depicts your Company's resolve to thrive and set up its footprint globally.

According to management's assessment, there is no significant accounting impact of the effects of COVID-19 on these financial statements.







# SUMMARY OF CASH FLOWS

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
					(Rupees	in thousand)
Net Cash from / (Used in)						
Operating activities	8,903,236	3,788,057	(2,030,323)	3,655,560	7,900,148	3,468,778
Investing activities	(5,667,833)	(238,376)	5,734,138	1,296,563	(5,483,184)	42,456
Financing activities	(3,755,263)	(2,682,207)	(4,611,967)	(5,252,986)	(2,918,213)	(2,031,152)
Net increase / (decrease) in						
cash and cash equivalent	(519,860)	867,474	(908,152)	(300,863)	(501,249)	1,480,082
Cash and cash equivalent at						
the beginning of the year	1,719,462	851,988	1,760,140	2,061,003	2,562,252	1,082,170
Cash and cash equivalent at						
the end of the year	1,199,602	1,719,462	851,988	1,760,140	2,061,003	2,562,252



# Cash Flow Analysis (Rs. in Million) 10,000 8,000 6,000 4,000 2,000 0 -2,000 -4,000 -6,000 -8,000 2021 2020 2016 Operating activities Investing activities Financing activities Driving GROWTH Enhancing PERFORMANCE

### SIX YEARS AT A GLANCE

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Statement of Profit or Loss Summary							
Revenue from contract with customers	Rs thousand	43,953,778	22,942,275	31,144,057	38,517,147	30,013,921	16,913,832
Gross profit	Rs thousand	9,271,094	4,245,596	5,946,367	8,434,775	7,097,329	3,335,860
Operating profit	Rs thousand	7,888,338	3,187,471	5,124,905	7,782,358	6,244,414	2,636,106
Profit before tax	Rs thousand	7,879,074	2,969,635	5,082,861	7,779,868	6,242,233	2,620,806
Profit after tax	Rs thousand	5,780,927	2,150,548	3,638,045	5,334,362	4,257,533	1,750,298
Earning before interest, tax, depreciation & amortization (EBITDA)	Rs thousand	7,965,475	3,267,847	5,205,787	7,864,556	6,315,879	2,701,146
Statement of Financial Position Summary							
Share capital	Rs thousand	560,578	498,292	442,926	442,926	442,926	442,926
General reserves	Rs thousand	2,278,935	2.278.935	2,278,935	2,278,935	2,278,935	2,895,519
Property, plant & equipment	Rs thousand	777,638	667,980	718,559	700,763	717,873	448,130
Other Non current assets	Rs thousand	6,547,172	2,354,967	1,891,604	994,243	790,395	882,548
Current assets	Rs thousand	17,481,439	7,781,665	7,964,021	14,876,359	15,622,341	8,320,644
Current liabilities	Rs thousand	14,543,064	6,400,770	5,728,286	10,822,231	11,350,121	5,407,391
Net working capital	Rs thousand	2,938,375	1,380,895	2,235,735	4,054,128	4,272,220	2,913,253
Long term / deferred liabilities	Rs thousand	1,170,415	331,766	12,731	94,310	30,635	102,171
Profitibility Ratios							
Gross profit	%	21.09	18.51	19.09	21.90	23.65	19.72
Operating profit	%	17.95	13.89	16.46	20.20	20.81	15.59
Profit before tax	%	17.93	12.94	16.32	20.20	20.80	15.50
Net profit after tax	%	13.15	9.37	11.68	13.85	14.19	10.35
EBITDA margin	%	18.12	14.24	16.72	20.42	21.04	15.97
Operating leverage	%	1.61	1.44	1.79	0.87	1.77	1.02
Return on equity	%	63.58	52.81	75.27	94.33	74.05	42.26
Return on capital employed	%	139.45	84.44	107.52	165.35	112.08	65.08
Return on assets	%	31.76	27.48	48.07	46.95	36.44	27.15
Liquidity Ratios	T.	1 00 1	1 00 1	1 00 1	1.07.1	1.00.1	1511
Current	Times	1.20:1	1.22:1	1.39:1	1.37:1	1.38:1	1.54:1
Quick / Acid test	Times	0.82:1	1.06:1	0.81:1	0.98:1	1.04:1	1.05:1
Cash to current liabilities Cash flow from operations to sales	Times Times	0.05:1 0.20:1	0.27:1 0.17:1	0.15:1 0.07:1	0.05:1 0.09:1	0.18:1 0.26:1	0.47:1 0.21:1
<u> </u>	111163	0.20.1	0.17.1	0.07.1	0.09.1	0.20.1	0.21.1
Activity / Turnover Ratios	Timese	0.00	4.00	0.10	7.00	7.14	Г 00
Inventory turnover ratio	Times	6.62 55	4.32 85	6.10 60	7.36 50	7.14 51	5.23
No. of Days in Inventory Debtor turnover ratio	Days Times	361.35	308.61	555.08	310.12	127.99	70 71.00
No. of Days in Receivables	Days	301.33	1	1	310.12	127.99	71.00
Creditor turnover ratio	Times	14.74	9.61	18.13	32.17	23.44	13.79
No.of Days in Creditors	Days	25	38	20	11	16	26
Total assets turnover ratio	Times	1.77	2.12	2.95	2.32	1.75	1.75
Fixed assets turnover ratio	Times	53.42	34.19	42.58	52.95	41.41	25.12
Operating cycle	Days	31	48	40	39	38	48
Investment / Market Ratios							
Earning per share (after tax)	Rs	103.12	38.36	64.90	120.43	96.12	39.52
Price earning	Times	10.47	18.41	13.29	9.86	14.30	14.43
Price to book value	Times	6.66	8.64	10.00	9.31	10.59	6.10
Dividend yield	%	9.89	7.21	8.96	9.58	9.59	8.61
Dividend payout ratio (after tax)	%	96.97	130.34	130.97	99.64	98.83	126.53
Dividend cover	Times	1.09	0.86	0.97	1.00	1.13	0.79
Cash Dividend per share	Rs	100	50	85	120	95	50
Bonus per share	%	32.50	-	12.50	-	-	-
Market value per share:							
Year end	Rs	1,079.61	706.16	862.38	1,188.06	1,374.44	570.25
During the year:	_		_				
Highest	Rs	1,298.75	863.58	1,254.39	1,430.00	1,575.99	705.00
Average	Rs	1,011.30	693.59	948.36	1,253.16	991.10	580.95
Lowest	Rs	698.74	468.49	751.75	1,050.00	538.00	460.00
Break-up value per share	Rs	162.20	81.72	86.22	127.67	129.82	93.51
(With surplus on revaluation of investments)							
Capital Structure Ratios	Time a a	0.00 400	0.00 - 400	0 : 400	0 : 400	0 : 400	0 - 400
Debt to Equity ratio	Times	0.03 : 100	0.03 : 100	0:100	0:100	0:100	0:100
Financial charges coverage	Times	1,943	14	132	149,614	29,726	245

# STATEMENT OF VALUE ADDITION & ITS DISTRIBUTION



#### **Employees**

2021: **17.20%** 2020: 24.97%



#### Society

2021: **0.02%** 2020: 0.12%



#### **Financial Charges**

2021: **0.09%** 2020: 4.90%



#### Shareholders

2021: **55.69%** 2020: 55.99%



#### Government

2021: **23.00%** 2020: 19.85%



#### Retained in Business

2021: **4.0%** 2020: (5.83%)

VALUE ADDITION	<b>2021</b> Rs. in ('000)	<b>2020</b> Rs. in ('000)
Revenue from contract with customers	43,953,778	22,942,275
Material and services	(34,801,064)	(18,746,510)
Other income	667,309	253,694
ALCOHOLOGICAL TOPICS AND	9,820,023	4,449,459

VALUE DISTRIBUTION	ALCOHOLD TO THE REAL PROPERTY.			
AMPIA DE LA CONTRACTOR DE	2021		2020	
The second secon	Rs. ('000)	%	Rs. ('000)	%
Employees			17/88/12 1/8	
Salaries wages and ammenities	1,265,441	12.89	950,915	21.37
Worker's profit participation fund	423,151	4.31	160,070	3.60
	1,688,592	17.20	1,110,985	24.97
Government	0 0	ON THE REAL PROPERTY.		NOT THE
Tax	2,098,147	21.37	819,087	18.41
Workers welfare fund	160,797	1.64	64,028	1.44
	2,258,944	23.00	883,115	19.85
Share holders				1/2
Cash Dividend	5,294,346	53.91	2,491,455	55.99
Bouns Shares	174,402	1.78		
	5,468,748	55.69	2,491,455	55.99
Financial Charges	_		//	
Finance Cost	9,264	0.09	217,836	4.90
	9,264	0.09	217,836	4.90
Society				
Donation	1,893	0.02	5,559	0.12
	1,893	0.02	5,559	0.12
Retained in business			The second	11
Depreciation	80,403	0.82	81,416	1.83
Retained profit / (Over Drawn)	312,179	3.18	(340,907)	(7.66)
	392,582	4.00	(259,491)	(5.83)
	9.820.023	100.00	4,449,459	100.00

### HORIZONTAL ANALYSIS

		2021	2	020	
	Increa	se/(Decrease)	Increase	/(Decrease)	
	from	m last year	from I	last year	
	Rs. ('000)	%	Rs. ('000)	%	
Statement of Financial Position					
Property, plant and equipment	777,638	16.42	667,980	(7.04)	
Capital work in progress	45,166	1,433.65	2,945	(77.04)	
Right-of-use assets	4,896	(62.14)	12,931	100.00	
Intangible assets	39,462	(4.69)	41,405	922.85	
Investment property	255,708	-	255,708	-	
Long term investments	6,199,458	203.94	2,039,726	47.39	
Long term loans	2,482	10.21	2,252	(20.31)	
Deferred tax asset - net	-	-	-	(100.00)	
Employee benefits	-	-	-	(100.00)	
Stores, spares parts and loose tools	161,329	2.50	157,399	4.38	
Stock in trade	5,372,584	39.29	3,857,166	22.50	
Trade debts	141,234	38.41	102,044	118.80	
Loans and advances	56,359	8.66	51,869	(54.45)	
Trade deposits and prepayments	65,273	50.46	43,382	(6.63)	
Balance with statutory authorities	4,592,169	344.69	1,032,656	(54.11)	
Other receivables	108,253	179.65	38,710	(55.52)	
Tax refunds due from Government	-	(100.00)	778,977	(38.59)	
Short term investments	6,134,636	100.00	-	-	
Cash and bank balances	849,602	(50.59)	1,719,462	101.82	
Total Assets	24,806,249	129.59	10,804,612	2.18	
Share holder's equity	9,092,770	123.30	4,072,076	(15.75)	
Non Current Liabilities	1,170,415	252.78	331,766	2,505.97	
Current Liabilities	14,543,064	127.21	6,400,770	11.74	
Total Liabilities and Equity	24,806,249	129.59	10,804,612	2.18	
Statement of Profit or Loss					
Revenue from contract with customers	43,953,778	91.58	22,942,275	(26.33)	
Cost of sales	34,682,684	85.50	18,696,679	(25.80)	
Gross profit	9,271,094	118.37	4,245,596	(28.60)	
Distribution and marketing expenses	854,630	50.51	567,838	(1.93)	
Administrative expenses	579,369	29.27	448,178	0.41	
Other operating income	667,309	163.04	253,694	(68.31)	
Other operating expenses	616,066	108.27	295,803	(50.42)	
Operating profit	7,888,338	147.48	3,187,471	(37.80)	
Finance costs	9,264	(95.75)	217,836	418.11	
Profit before tax	7,879,074	165.32	2,969,635	(41.58)	
Taxation	2,098,147	156.16	819,087	(43.31)	
Profit after tax	5,780,927	168.81	2,150,548	(40.89)	

Increase/ Decrease    Increase/ Decrease    Increase    Increas		2019	:	2018	20	17	20	16
Rs. (000)         %         Rs. (000)         %         Rs. (000)         %         Rs. (000)         %           718.559         2.54         700.763         (2.38)         717.873         60.2         448,130         (7.7)           12.827         (51.87)         26.648         282.10         6.974         (96.9)         225,134         7.4           4.048         100.00         -         (100.00)         897         (72.8)         3.295         (14.8)           255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -           1,383,879         95,10         709,300         46.47         484,279         22.0         306,928         7.4           2,297         100.00         -         -         2.575         73.6         1,483         22.4)           12,797         100.00         -         (100.00)         39,962         100.0         -         (100.00)         39,962         100.0         -         (100.00)         39,962         100.0         -         (100.00)         36,945,81         43.3         2,545,484         4.8         4.8         4.8         4.8         11,18,431         5.8         11,113,41	Increa	ise/(Decrease)	Increas	e/(Decrease)	Increase/	(Decrease)	Increase/(	Decrease)
718,569	fro	m last year	from	n last year	from la	ast year	from la	st year
12,827         (51,87)         26,648         282,10         6,974         (96,9)         225,134         7,4           4,048         100,00         -         (100,00)         897         (72,8)         3,295         (14,8)           255,708         -         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         - <th>Rs. ('000)</th> <th>%</th> <th>Rs. ('000)</th> <th>%</th> <th>Rs. ('000)</th> <th>%</th> <th>Rs. ('000)</th> <th>%</th>	Rs. ('000)	%	Rs. ('000)	%	Rs. ('000)	%	Rs. ('000)	%
12,827         (51,87)         26,648         282,10         6,974         (96,9)         225,134         7,4           4,048         100,00         -         (100,00)         897         (72,8)         3,295         (14,8)           255,708         -         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
10,000	718,559	2.54	700,763	(2.38)	717,873	60.2	448,130	(7.7)
4,048         100.00         -         (100.00)         897         (72.8)         3.295         (14.8)           255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         2         396,928         7.4           1,383,879         95.10         709,300         46.47         484,279         22.0         396,928         7.4           12,797         100.00         - <td< td=""><td>12,827</td><td>(51.87)</td><td>26,648</td><td>282.10</td><td>6,974</td><td>(96.9)</td><td>225,134</td><td>7.4</td></td<>	12,827	(51.87)	26,648	282.10	6,974	(96.9)	225,134	7.4
255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         -         255,708         7.4         2.826         9.24         2.887         0.47         2.575         73.6         1.483         (22.4)           12,797         100.00         -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,383,879         95.10         709,300         46.47         484,279         22.0         396,928         7.4           2,826         9.24         2,587         0.47         2,575         73.6         1,483         (22.4)           12,797         100.00         -	4,048	100.00	-	(100.00)	897	(72.8)	3,295	(14.8)
2,826         9,24         2,587         0.47         2,575         73.6         1,483         (22.4)           12,797         100,00         -	255,708	-	255,708	-	255,708	-	255,708	-
12,797         100.00         -         (100.00)         39,962         100.00         -         (100.00)           150,799         14.88         131,266         10.84         118,431         5.8         111,913         4.5           3,148,589         (24.26)         4,157,062         14.00         3,646,581         43.3         2,545,484         4.8           46,637         (28.88)         65,578         (66.25)         194,311         (32.1)         286,194         55.2           113,876         191.76         39,031         (28.37)         54,488         (24.4)         72,071         4.9           46,461         185.35         16,282         (16.98)         19,611         (19.5)         24,366         7.1           2,250,219         17.83         1,909,792         (24.41)         2,526,588         113.4         1,184,143         54.3           87,023         39.25         44,118         (54.63)         97,246         (7.2)         104,756         70.3           1,268,429         74.85         725,454         290,27         185,886         (70.5)         629,148         (22.8)           1,0574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609<	1,383,879	95.10	709,300	46.47	484,279	22.0	396,928	7.4
219,519         100.00         -         (100.00)         39,962         100.0         -         (100.0)           150,799         14.88         131,266         10.84         118,431         5.8         111,913         4.5           3,148,589         (24.26)         4,157,062         14.00         3,646,581         43.3         2,545,484         4.8           46,637         (28.88)         65,578         (66.25)         194,311         (32.1)         286,194         55.2           113,876         191.76         39,031         (28.37)         54,488         (24.4)         72,071         4.9           46,461         185.35         16,282         (16.98)         19,611         (19.5)         24,366         7.1           2,250,219         17,83         1,909,792         (24.41)         2,526,588         113.4         1,184,143         54.3           87,023         97.25         44,118         65.63         97,246         (7.2)         104,756         70.3           1,268,429         74,85         725,454         290.27         185,886         (70.5)         629,148         (22.8)           1,254,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609	2,826	9.24	2,587	0.47	2,575	73.6	1,483	(22.4)
150,799         14.88         131,266         10.84         118,431         5.8         111,913         4.5           3,148,589         (24.26)         4,157,062         14.00         3,646,581         43.3         2,545,484         4.8           46,637         (28.88)         65,578         (66.25)         194,311         (32.1)         286,194         55.2           113,876         191.76         39,031         (28.37)         54,488         (24.4)         72,071         4.9           46,461         185.35         16,282         (16.88)         19,611         (19.5)         24,366         7.1           2,250,219         17.83         1,909,792         (24.41)         2,526,588         113.4         1,184,143         54.3           87,023         97.25         44,118         (54.63)         97,246         (7.2)         104,766         70.3           1,268,429         74.85         725,4544         290.27         185,866         (70.5)         629,148         (22.8)           -         (100.00)         7,267,636         8.18         6,718,196         73.9         480,317         14.3           851,988         63.80         520,140         (74.76)         2,061,003 <td>12,797</td> <td>100.00</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	12,797	100.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
3,148,589         (24,26)         4,157,062         14.00         3,646,581         43.3         2,545,484         4.8           46,637         (28,88)         65,578         (66,25)         194,311         (32.1)         286,194         55.2           113,876         191,76         39,031         (28,37)         54,488         (24,4)         72,071         4.9           46,461         185,35         16,282         (16,98)         19,611         (19.5)         24,366         7.1           2,250,219         17,83         1,999,792         (24,41)         2,526,588         113,4         1,184,143         54,3           87,023         97,25         44,118         (54,63)         97,246         (72)         104,756         70.3           1,268,429         74,85         725,454         290,27         185,886         (70.5)         629,148         (22,8)           -         (100,00)         7,267,636         8.18         6,718,196         739,4         800,317         14,3           851,988         63.80         520,140         (74,76)         2,061,003         (19,6)         2,562,252         136,8           10,574,184         (36,19)         16,571,365         (3,26)	219,519	100.00	-	(100.00)	39,962	100.0	-	(100.0)
46,637         (28.88)         65,578         (66.25)         194,311         (32.1)         286,194         55.2           113,876         191.76         39,031         (28.37)         54,488         (24.4)         72,071         4.9           46,461         185.35         16,282         (16.98)         19,611         (19.5)         24,366         7.1           2,250,219         17,83         1,909,792         (24.41)         2,526,588         113.4         1,184,143         54.3           87,023         97.25         44,118         (54.63)         97,246         (7.2)         104,756         70.3           1,268,429         74.85         725,454         290.27         185,886         (70.5)         629,148         (22.8)           -         (100.00)         7,267,636         8.18         6,718,196         73.4         800,317         14.3           851,988         63.80         520,140         (74.76)         2,061,003         (19.6)         2,562,252         136.8           10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         9,651,322         25.2           4,833,167         (14.53)         5,654,824         (1.65)	150,799	14.88	131,266	10.84	118,431	5.8	111,913	4.5
113,876         191.76         39,031         (28.37)         54,488         (24.4)         72,071         4.9           46,461         185.35         16,282         (16.98)         19,611         (19.5)         24,366         7.1           2,250,219         17.83         1,909,792         (24.41)         2,526,588         113.4         1,184,143         54.3           87,023         97.25         44,118         (54.63)         97,246         (7.2)         104,756         70.3           1,268,429         74.85         725,454         290.27         185,886         (70.5)         629,148         (22.8)           -         (100.00)         7,267,636         8.18         6,718,196         73.4         800,317         14.3           851,988         63.80         520,140         (74.76)         2,061,003         (19.6)         2,562,252         136.8           10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         9,651,322         25.2           4,833,167         (14.53)         5,654,824         (1.65)         5,749,853         38.8         4,141,760         (12.1)           12,731         (86.50)         94,310         207.85	3,148,589	(24.26)	4,157,062	14.00	3,646,581	43.3	2,545,484	4.8
46,461         185.35         16,282         (16.98)         19,611         (19.5)         24,366         7.1           2,250,219         17.83         1,909,792         (24.41)         2,526,588         113.4         1,184,143         54.3           87,023         97.25         44,118         (54.63)         97.246         (7.2)         104,756         70.3           1,268,429         74.85         725,454         290.27         185,886         (70.5)         629,148         (22.8)           - (100,00)         7,267,636         8.18         6,718,196         73.4         800,317         14.3           851,988         63.80         520,140         (74.76)         2,061,003         (19.6)         2,562,252         136.8           10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         9,651,322         25.2           4,833,167         (14.53)         5,654,824         (1.65)         5,749,853         38.8         4,141,760         (12.1)           12,731         (86.50)         94,310         207.85         30,635         (70.0)         102,171         391.0           5,728,286         (47.07)         10,822,231         (4.65) <t< td=""><td>46,637</td><td>(28.88)</td><td>65,578</td><td>(66.25)</td><td>194,311</td><td>(32.1)</td><td>286,194</td><td>55.2</td></t<>	46,637	(28.88)	65,578	(66.25)	194,311	(32.1)	286,194	55.2
2,250,219         17.83         1,909,792         (24.41)         2,526,588         113.4         1,184,143         54.3           87,023         97.25         44,118         (54.63)         97,246         (7.2)         104,756         70.3           1,268,429         74.85         725,454         290.27         185,886         (70.5)         629,148         (22.8)           -         (100.00)         7,267,636         8.18         6,718,196         739.4         800,317         14.3           851,988         63.80         520,140         (74.76)         2,061,003         (19.6)         2,562,252         136.8           10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         9,651,322         25.2           4,833,167         (14.53)         5,654,824         (1.65)         5,749,853         38.8         4,141,760         (12.1)           12,731         (86.50)         94,310         207.85         30,635         (70.0)         102,171         391.0           5,728,286         (47.07)         10,822,231         (4.65)         11,350,121         10.99         5,407,391         81.6           10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365	113,876	191.76	39,031	(28.37)	54,488	(24.4)	72,071	4.9
87,023         97.25         44,118         (54,63)         97,246         (7.2)         104,756         70.3           1,268,429         74.85         725,454         290.27         185,886         (70.5)         629,148         (22.8)           -         (100.00)         7,267,636         8.18         6,718,196         739.4         800,317         14.3           851,988         63.80         520,140         (74.76)         2,061,003         (19.6)         2,562,252         136.8           10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         9,651,322         25.2           4,833,167         (14.53)         5,654,824         (1.65)         5,749,853         38.8         4,141,760         (12.1)           12,731         (86.50)         94,310         207.85         30,635         (70.0)         102,171         391.0           5,728,286         (47.07)         10,822,231         (4.65)         11,350,121         109.9         5,407,391         81.6           10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         16,913,832         26.3           25,197,690         (16.24)         30,082,372 <td>46,461</td> <td>185.35</td> <td>16,282</td> <td>(16.98)</td> <td>19,611</td> <td>(19.5)</td> <td>24,366</td> <td>7.1</td>	46,461	185.35	16,282	(16.98)	19,611	(19.5)	24,366	7.1
1,268,429         74.85         725,454         290.27         185,886         (70.5)         629,148         (22.8)           -         (100.00)         7,267,636         8.18         6,718,196         739.4         800,317         14.3           851,988         63.80         520,140         (74.76)         2,061,003         (19.6)         2,562,252         136.8           10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         9,651,322         25.2           4,833,167         (14.53)         5,654,824         (1.65)         5,749,853         38.8         4,141,760         (12.1)           12,731         (86.50)         94,310         207.85         30,635         (70.0)         102,171         391.0           5,728,286         (47.07)         10,822,231         (4.65)         11,350,121         109.9         5,407,391         81.6           10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         9,651,322         25.2           31,144,057         (19.14)         38,517,147         28.33         30,013,921         77.5         16,913,832         (26.3)           25,197,690         (16.24) <t< td=""><td>2,250,219</td><td>17.83</td><td>1,909,792</td><td>(24.41)</td><td>2,526,588</td><td>113.4</td><td>1,184,143</td><td>54.3</td></t<>	2,250,219	17.83	1,909,792	(24.41)	2,526,588	113.4	1,184,143	54.3
- (100.00) 7,267,636 8.18 6,718,196 739.4 800,317 14.3 851,988 63.80 520,140 (74.76) 2,061,003 (19.6) 2,562,252 136.8 10,574,184 (36.19) 16,571,365 (3.26) 17,130,609 77.5 9,651,322 25.2 4,833,167 (14.53) 5,654,824 (1.65) 5,749,853 38.8 4,141,760 (12.1) 12,731 (86.50) 94,310 207.85 30,635 (70.0) 102,171 391.0 5,728,286 (47.07) 10,822,231 (4.65) 11,350,121 109.9 5,407,391 81.6 10,574,184 (36.19) 16,571,365 (3.26) 17,130,609 77.5 9,651,322 25.2 (26.3) 10,574,184 (36.19) 16,571,365 (3.26) 17,130,609 77.5 9,651,322 25.2 (26.3) 25,197,690 (16.24) 30,082,372 31.27 22,916,592 68.8 13,577,972 (26.8) 5,946,367 (29.50) 8,434,775 18.84 7,097,329 112.8 3,335,860 (24.1) 579,004 (8.06) 629,779 17.38 536,522 53.2 350,155 (32.0) 446,327 (9.33) 492,280 4.40 471,550 10.9 425,327 1.4 800,474 (23.51) 1,046,461 71.53 610,091 124.1 272,249 (32.6) 596,605 3.43 576,819 26.79 454,934 131.5 196,521 (25.7) 5,124,905 (34.15) 7,782,358 24.63 6,244,414 136.9 2,636,106 (26.8) 42,044 1,588.51 2,490 14.17 2,181 (85.7) 15,300 63.5 5,082,861 (34.67) 7,779,868 24.63 6,242,233 138.2 2,620,806 (27.0) 1,444,816 (40.92) 2,445,506 23.22 1,984,700 128.0 870,508 (28.1)	87,023	97.25	44,118	(54.63)	97,246	(7.2)	104,756	70.3
851,988         63.80         520,140         (74.76)         2,061,003         (19.6)         2,562,252         136.8           10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         9,651,322         25.2           4,833,167         (14.53)         5,654,824         (1.65)         5,749,853         38.8         4,141,760         (12.1)           12,731         (86.50)         94,310         207.85         30,635         (70.0)         102,171         391.0           5,728,286         (47.07)         10,822,231         (4.65)         11,350,121         109.9         5,407,391         81.6           10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         9,651,322         25.2           31,144,057         (19.14)         38,517,147         28.33         30,013,921         77.5         16,913,832         (26.3)           25,197,690         (16.24)         30,082,372         31.27         22,916,592         68.8         13,577,972         (26.8)           5,946,367         (29.50)         8,434,775         18.84         7,097,329         112.8         3,335,860         (24.1)           579,004         (8.06	1,268,429	74.85	725,454	290.27	185,886	(70.5)	629,148	(22.8)
10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         9,651,322         25.2           4,833,167         (14.53)         5,654,824         (1.65)         5,749,853         38.8         4,141,760         (12.1)           12,731         (86.50)         94,310         207.85         30,635         (70.0)         102,171         391.0           5,728,286         (47.07)         10,822,231         (4.65)         11,350,121         109.9         5,407,391         81.6           10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         9,651,322         25.2           31,144,057         (19.14)         38,517,147         28.33         30,013,921         77.5         16,913,832         (26.3)           25,197,690         (16.24)         30,082,372         31.27         22,916,592         68.8         13,577,972         (26.8)           5,946,367         (29.50)         8,434,775         18.84         7,097,329         112.8         3,335,860         (24.1)           579,004         (8.06)         629,779         17.38         536,522         53.2         350,155         (32.0)           446,327         (9.33)	-	(100.00)	7,267,636	8.18	6,718,196	739.4	800,317	14.3
4,833,167       (14.53)       5,654,824       (1.65)       5,749,853       38.8       4,141,760       (12.1)         12,731       (86.50)       94,310       207.85       30,635       (70.0)       102,171       391.0         5,728,286       (47.07)       10,822,231       (4.65)       11,350,121       109.9       5,407,391       81.6         10,574,184       (36.19)       16,571,365       (3.26)       17,130,609       77.5       9,651,322       25.2         31,144,057       (19.14)       38,517,147       28.33       30,013,921       77.5       16,913,832       (26.3)         25,197,690       (16.24)       30,082,372       31.27       22,916,592       68.8       13,577,972       (26.8)         5,946,367       (29.50)       8,434,775       18.84       7,097,329       112.8       3,335,860       (24.1)         579,004       (8.06)       629,779       17.38       536,522       53.2       350,155       (32.0)         446,327       (9.33)       492,280       4.40       471,550       10.9       425,327       1.4         800,474       (23.51)       1,046,461       71.53       610,091       124.1       272,249       (32.6) <t< td=""><td>851,988</td><td>63.80</td><td>520,140</td><td>(74.76)</td><td>2,061,003</td><td>(19.6)</td><td>2,562,252</td><td>136.8</td></t<>	851,988	63.80	520,140	(74.76)	2,061,003	(19.6)	2,562,252	136.8
12,731       (86.50)       94,310       207.85       30,635       (70.0)       102,171       391.0         5,728,286       (47.07)       10,822,231       (4.65)       11,350,121       109.9       5,407,391       81.6         10,574,184       (36.19)       16,571,365       (3.26)       17,130,609       77.5       9,651,322       25.2         31,144,057       (19.14)       38,517,147       28.33       30,013,921       77.5       16,913,832       (26.3)         25,197,690       (16.24)       30,082,372       31.27       22,916,592       68.8       13,577,972       (26.8)         5,946,367       (29.50)       8,434,775       18.84       7,097,329       112.8       3,335,860       (24.1)         579,004       (8.06)       629,779       17.38       536,522       53.2       350,155       (32.0)         446,327       (9.33)       492,280       4.40       471,550       10.9       425,327       1.4         800,474       (23.51)       1,046,461       71.53       610,091       124.1       272,249       (32.6)         596,605       3.43       576,819       26.79       454,934       131.5       196,521       (25.7) <t< td=""><td>10,574,184</td><td>(36.19)</td><td>16,571,365</td><td>(3.26)</td><td>17,130,609</td><td>77.5</td><td>9,651,322</td><td>25.2</td></t<>	10,574,184	(36.19)	16,571,365	(3.26)	17,130,609	77.5	9,651,322	25.2
5,728,286         (47.07)         10,822,231         (4.65)         11,350,121         109.9         5,407,391         81.6           10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         9,651,322         25.2           31,144,057         (19.14)         38,517,147         28.33         30,013,921         77.5         16,913,832         (26.3)           25,197,690         (16.24)         30,082,372         31.27         22,916,592         68.8         13,577,972         (26.8)           5,946,367         (29.50)         8,434,775         18.84         7,097,329         112.8         3,335,860         (24.1)           579,004         (8.06)         629,779         17.38         536,522         53.2         350,155         (32.0)           446,327         (9.33)         492,280         4.40         471,550         10.9         425,327         1.4           800,474         (23.51)         1,046,461         71.53         610,091         124.1         272,249         (32.6)           596,605         3.43         576,819         26.79         454,934         131.5         196,521         (25.7)           5,124,905         (34.15)         7,782,	4,833,167	(14.53)	5,654,824	(1.65)	5,749,853	38.8	4,141,760	(12.1)
10,574,184         (36.19)         16,571,365         (3.26)         17,130,609         77.5         9,651,322         25.2           31,144,057         (19.14)         38,517,147         28.33         30,013,921         77.5         16,913,832         (26.3)           25,197,690         (16.24)         30,082,372         31.27         22,916,592         68.8         13,577,972         (26.8)           5,946,367         (29.50)         8,434,775         18.84         7,097,329         112.8         3,335,860         (24.1)           579,004         (8.06)         629,779         17.38         536,522         53.2         350,155         (32.0)           446,327         (9.33)         492,280         4.40         471,550         10.9         425,327         1.4           800,474         (23.51)         1,046,461         71.53         610,091         124.1         272,249         (32.6)           596,605         3.43         576,819         26.79         454,934         131.5         196,521         (25.7)           5,124,905         (34.15)         7,782,358         24.63         6,244,414         136.9         2,636,106         (26.8)           42,044         1,588.51         2,490 <td>12,731</td> <td>(86.50)</td> <td>94,310</td> <td>207.85</td> <td>30,635</td> <td>(70.0)</td> <td>102,171</td> <td>391.0</td>	12,731	(86.50)	94,310	207.85	30,635	(70.0)	102,171	391.0
31,144,057 (19.14) 38,517,147 28.33 30,013,921 77.5 16,913,832 (26.3) 25,197,690 (16.24) 30,082,372 31.27 22,916,592 68.8 13,577,972 (26.8) 5,946,367 (29.50) 8,434,775 18.84 7,097,329 112.8 3,335,860 (24.1) 579,004 (8.06) 629,779 17.38 536,522 53.2 350,155 (32.0) 446,327 (9.33) 492,280 4.40 471,550 10.9 425,327 1.4 800,474 (23.51) 1,046,461 71.53 610,091 124.1 272,249 (32.6) 596,605 3.43 576,819 26.79 454,934 131.5 196,521 (25.7) 5,124,905 (34.15) 7,782,358 24.63 6,244,414 136.9 2,636,106 (26.8) 42,044 1,588.51 2,490 14.17 2,181 (85.7) 15,300 63.5 5,082,861 (34.67) 7,779,868 24.63 6,242,233 138.2 2,620,806 (27.0) 1,444,816 (40.92) 2,445,506 23.22 1,984,700 128.0 870,508 (28.1)	5,728,286	(47.07)	10,822,231	(4.65)	11,350,121	109.9	5,407,391	81.6
25,197,690       (16.24)       30,082,372       31.27       22,916,592       68.8       13,577,972       (26.8)         5,946,367       (29.50)       8,434,775       18.84       7,097,329       112.8       3,335,860       (24.1)         579,004       (8.06)       629,779       17.38       536,522       53.2       350,155       (32.0)         446,327       (9.33)       492,280       4.40       471,550       10.9       425,327       1.4         800,474       (23.51)       1,046,461       71.53       610,091       124.1       272,249       (32.6)         596,605       3.43       576,819       26.79       454,934       131.5       196,521       (25.7)         5,124,905       (34.15)       7,782,358       24.63       6,244,414       136.9       2,636,106       (26.8)         42,044       1,588.51       2,490       14.17       2,181       (85.7)       15,300       63.5         5,082,861       (34.67)       7,779,868       24.63       6,242,233       138.2       2,620,806       (27.0)         1,444,816       (40.92)       2,445,506       23.22       1,984,700       128.0       870,508       (28.1)	10,574,184	(36.19)	16,571,365	(3.26)	17,130,609	77.5	9,651,322	25.2
25,197,690       (16.24)       30,082,372       31.27       22,916,592       68.8       13,577,972       (26.8)         5,946,367       (29.50)       8,434,775       18.84       7,097,329       112.8       3,335,860       (24.1)         579,004       (8.06)       629,779       17.38       536,522       53.2       350,155       (32.0)         446,327       (9.33)       492,280       4.40       471,550       10.9       425,327       1.4         800,474       (23.51)       1,046,461       71.53       610,091       124.1       272,249       (32.6)         596,605       3.43       576,819       26.79       454,934       131.5       196,521       (25.7)         5,124,905       (34.15)       7,782,358       24.63       6,244,414       136.9       2,636,106       (26.8)         42,044       1,588.51       2,490       14.17       2,181       (85.7)       15,300       63.5         5,082,861       (34.67)       7,779,868       24.63       6,242,233       138.2       2,620,806       (27.0)         1,444,816       (40.92)       2,445,506       23.22       1,984,700       128.0       870,508       (28.1)								
5,946,367       (29.50)       8,434,775       18.84       7,097,329       112.8       3,335,860       (24.1)         579,004       (8.06)       629,779       17.38       536,522       53.2       350,155       (32.0)         446,327       (9.33)       492,280       4.40       471,550       10.9       425,327       1.4         800,474       (23.51)       1,046,461       71.53       610,091       124.1       272,249       (32.6)         596,605       3.43       576,819       26.79       454,934       131.5       196,521       (25.7)         5,124,905       (34.15)       7,782,358       24.63       6,244,414       136.9       2,636,106       (26.8)         42,044       1,588.51       2,490       14.17       2,181       (85.7)       15,300       63.5         5,082,861       (34.67)       7,779,868       24.63       6,242,233       138.2       2,620,806       (27.0)         1,444,816       (40.92)       2,445,506       23.22       1,984,700       128.0       870,508       (28.1)	31,144,057	(19.14)	38,517,147	28.33	30,013,921	77.5	16,913,832	(26.3)
579,004       (8.06)       629,779       17.38       536,522       53.2       350,155       (32.0)         446,327       (9.33)       492,280       4.40       471,550       10.9       425,327       1.4         800,474       (23.51)       1,046,461       71.53       610,091       124.1       272,249       (32.6)         596,605       3.43       576,819       26.79       454,934       131.5       196,521       (25.7)         5,124,905       (34.15)       7,782,358       24.63       6,244,414       136.9       2,636,106       (26.8)         42,044       1,588.51       2,490       14.17       2,181       (85.7)       15,300       63.5         5,082,861       (34.67)       7,779,868       24.63       6,242,233       138.2       2,620,806       (27.0)         1,444,816       (40.92)       2,445,506       23.22       1,984,700       128.0       870,508       (28.1)	25,197,690	(16.24)	30,082,372	31.27	22,916,592	68.8	13,577,972	(26.8)
446,327       (9.33)       492,280       4.40       471,550       10.9       425,327       1.4         800,474       (23.51)       1,046,461       71.53       610,091       124.1       272,249       (32.6)         596,605       3.43       576,819       26.79       454,934       131.5       196,521       (25.7)         5,124,905       (34.15)       7,782,358       24.63       6,244,414       136.9       2,636,106       (26.8)         42,044       1,588.51       2,490       14.17       2,181       (85.7)       15,300       63.5         5,082,861       (34.67)       7,779,868       24.63       6,242,233       138.2       2,620,806       (27.0)         1,444,816       (40.92)       2,445,506       23.22       1,984,700       128.0       870,508       (28.1)	5,946,367	(29.50)	8,434,775	18.84	7,097,329	112.8	3,335,860	(24.1)
800,474       (23.51)       1,046,461       71.53       610,091       124.1       272,249       (32.6)         596,605       3.43       576,819       26.79       454,934       131.5       196,521       (25.7)         5,124,905       (34.15)       7,782,358       24.63       6,244,414       136.9       2,636,106       (26.8)         42,044       1,588.51       2,490       14.17       2,181       (85.7)       15,300       63.5         5,082,861       (34.67)       7,779,868       24.63       6,242,233       138.2       2,620,806       (27.0)         1,444,816       (40.92)       2,445,506       23.22       1,984,700       128.0       870,508       (28.1)	579,004	(8.06)	629,779	17.38	536,522	53.2	350,155	(32.0)
596,605       3.43       576,819       26.79       454,934       131.5       196,521       (25.7)         5,124,905       (34.15)       7,782,358       24.63       6,244,414       136.9       2,636,106       (26.8)         42,044       1,588.51       2,490       14.17       2,181       (85.7)       15,300       63.5         5,082,861       (34.67)       7,779,868       24.63       6,242,233       138.2       2,620,806       (27.0)         1,444,816       (40.92)       2,445,506       23.22       1,984,700       128.0       870,508       (28.1)	446,327	(9.33)	492,280	4.40	471,550	10.9	425,327	1.4
5,124,905     (34.15)     7,782,358     24.63     6,244,414     136.9     2,636,106     (26.8)       42,044     1,588.51     2,490     14.17     2,181     (85.7)     15,300     63.5       5,082,861     (34.67)     7,779,868     24.63     6,242,233     138.2     2,620,806     (27.0)       1,444,816     (40.92)     2,445,506     23.22     1,984,700     128.0     870,508     (28.1)	800,474	(23.51)	1,046,461	71.53	610,091	124.1	272,249	(32.6)
42,044       1,588.51       2,490       14.17       2,181       (85.7)       15,300       63.5         5,082,861       (34.67)       7,779,868       24.63       6,242,233       138.2       2,620,806       (27.0)         1,444,816       (40.92)       2,445,506       23.22       1,984,700       128.0       870,508       (28.1)	596,605	3.43	576,819	26.79	454,934	131.5	196,521	(25.7)
5,082,861       (34.67)       7,779,868       24.63       6,242,233       138.2       2,620,806       (27.0)         1,444,816       (40.92)       2,445,506       23.22       1,984,700       128.0       870,508       (28.1)	5,124,905	(34.15)	7,782,358	24.63	6,244,414	136.9	2,636,106	(26.8)
1,444,816 (40.92) 2,445,506 23.22 1,984,700 128.0 870,508 (28.1)	42,044	1,588.51	2,490	14.17	2,181	(85.7)	15,300	63.5
	5,082,861	(34.67)	7,779,868	24.63	6,242,233	138.2	2,620,806	(27.0)
3,638,045 (31.80) 5,334,362 25.29 4,257,533 143.2 1,750,298 (26.5)	1,444,816	(40.92)	2,445,506	23.22	1,984,700	128.0	870,508	(28.1)
	3,638,045	(31.80)	5,334,362	25.29	4,257,533	143.2	1,750,298	(26.5)

### VERTICAL ANALYSIS

		2021		2020	
	Rs. ('000)	%	Rs. ('000)	%	
Statement of Financial Position					
Property, plant and equipment	777,638	3.1	667,980	6.2	
Capital work in progress	45,166	0.2	2,945	0.0	
Right-of-use assets	4,896	0.0	12,931	0.1	
Intangible assets	39,462	0.2	41,405	0.4	
Investment property	255,708	1.0	255,708	2.4	
Long term investments	6,199,458	25.0	2,039,726	18.9	
Long term loans	2,482	0.0	2,252	0.0	
Deferred tax asset - net	-	-	-	-	
Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	
Stores, spares parts and loose tools	161,329	0.7	157,399	1.5	
Stock in trade	5,372,584	21.7	3,857,166	35.7	
Trade debts	141,234	0.6	102,044	0.9	
Loans and advances	56,359	0.2	51,869	0.5	
Trade deposits and prepayments	65,273	0.3	43,382	0.4	
Balance with statutory authorities	4,592,169	18.5	1,032,656	9.6	
Other receivables	108,253	0.4	38,710	0.4	
Tax refunds due from Government	-	-	778,977	7.2	
Short term investments	6,134,636	24.7	-	-	
Cash and bank balances	849,602	3.4	1,719,462	15.9	
Total Assets	24,806,249	100.0	10,804,612	100.0	
Share holder's equity	9,092,770	36.7	4,072,076	37.7	
Non Current Liabilities	1,170,415	4.7	331,766	3.1	
Current Liabilities	14,543,064	58.6	6,400,770	59.2	
Total Liabilities and Equity	24,806,249	100.0	10,804,612	100.0	
Statement of Profit or Loss					
Revenue from contract with customers	43,953,778	100.0	22,942,275	100.0	
Cost of sales	34,682,684	78.9	18,696,679	81.5	
Gross profit	9,271,094	21.1	4,245,596	18.5	
Distribution and marketing expenses	854,630	1.9	567,838	2.5	
Administrative expenses	579,369	1.3	448,178	2.0	
Other operating expenses	616,066	1.4	295,803	1.3	
Other operating income	667,309	1.5	253,694	1.1	
Operating profit	7,888,338	17.9	3,187,471	13.9	
Finance costs	9,264	0.0	217,836	0.9	
Profit before tax	7,879,074	17.9	2,969,635	12.9	
Taxation	2,098,147	4.8	819,087	3.6	
Profit after tax	5,780,927	13.2	2,150,548	9.4	

2	2019	20	18	2017 20		016	
Rs. ('000)	%	Rs. ('000)	%	Rs. ('000)	%	Rs. ('000)	%
718,559	6.8	700,763	4.2	717,873	4.2	448,130	4.6
12,827	0.1	26,648	0.2	6,974	0.0	225,134	2.3
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4,048	0.0	-	-	897	0.0	3,295	0.0
255,708	2.4	255,708	1.5	255,708	1.5	255,708	2.6
1,383,879	13.1	709,300	4.3	484,279	2.8	396,928	4.1
2,826	0.0	2,587	0.0	2,575	0.0	1,483	0.0
12,797	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
219,519	2.1	-	-	39,962	0.2	-	-
150,799	1.4	131,266	0.8	118,431	0.7	111,913	1.2
3,148,589	29.8	4,157,062	25.1	3,646,581	21.3	2,545,484	26.4
46,637	0.4	65,578	0.4	194,311	1.1	286,194	3.0
113,876	1.1	39,031	0.2	54,488	0.3	72,071	0.7
46,461	0.4	16,282	0.1	19,611	0.1	24,366	0.3
2,250,219	21.3	1,909,792	11.5	2,526,588	14.7	1,184,143	12.3
87,023	0.8	44,118	0.3	97,246	0.6	104,756	1.1
1,268,429	12.0	725,454	4.4	185,886	1.1	629,148	6.5
-	-	7,267,636	43.9	6,718,196	39.2	800,317	8.3
851,988	8.1	520,140	3.1	2,061,003	12.0	2,562,252	26.5
10,574,184	100.0	16,571,365	100.0	17,130,609	100.0	9,651,322	100.0
4,833,167	45.7	5,654,824	34.1	5,749,853	33.6	4,141,760	42.9
12,731	0.1	94,310	0.6	30,635	0.2	102,171	1.1
5,728,286	54.2	10,822,231	65.3	11,350,121	66.3	5,407,391	56.0
10,574,184	100.0	16,571,365	100.0	17,130,609	100.0	9,651,322	100.0
		· · · · ·					
31,144,057	100.0	38,517,147	100.0	30,013,921	100.0	16,913,832	100.0
25,197,690	80.9	30,082,372	78.1	22,916,592	76.4	13,577,972	80.3
5,946,367	19.1	8,434,775	21.9	7,097,329	23.6	3,335,860	19.7
579,004	1.9	629,779	1.6	536,522	1.8	350,155	2.1
446,327	1.4	492,280	1.3	471,550	1.6	425,327	2.5
596,605	1.9	576,819	1.5	454,934	1.5	196,521	1.2
800,474	2.6	1,046,461	2.7	610,091	2.0	272,249	1.6
5,124,905	16.5	7,782,358	20.2	6,244,414	20.8	2,636,106	15.6
42,044	0.1	2,490	0.0	2,181	0.0	15,300	0.1
5,082,861	16.3	7,779,868	20.2	6,242,233	20.8	2,620,806	15.5
1,444,816	4.6	2,445,506	6.3	1,984,700	6.6	870,508	5.1
3,638,045	11.7	5,334,362	13.8	4,257,533	14.2	1,750,298	10.3
3,000,040	1 1 . /	0,004,002	10.0	7,407,000	17.4	1,700,200	10.0

# COMMENTARY ON FINANCIAL RESULTS

#### **PROFITABILITY**

Gross profit margin has increased by 258 basis points owing to increase in sales volume, higher HHP model sales and effective management of the production costs.

Increase in operating profit is due to increase in sales volumes and income from short term investments and dividend income.

Resultantly, profit before tax was higher as compared to last year. Finance cost has decreased due to significant increase in liquidity. During the year the Company had surplus funds and did not require any short term borrowing to meet its working capital requirements.

#### LIQUIDITY

The company's short-term liquidity remained healthy as current ratio remained above one which is a healthy sign. Net operating cycle has decreased by 17 days due to the effective inventory management despite higher activity level. However, Sales tax refunds due from Government has increased during the year and stands at Rs. 4.5 billion at year end due to delay in sales tax refunds. With higher activity level, accumulation of sales tax may create hurdles in the operations of the Company in future.

Overall, the balance sheet remains healthy and no short-term or long-term issues are envisaged.

#### SOLVENCY

The company relied completely on equity to finance its operations and does not hold any long-term loans except for State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) long term financing facilities of

- Refinance Scheme for Payment of Wages and Salaries to Workers and Employees of Business Concerns and;
- renewable energy finance scheme

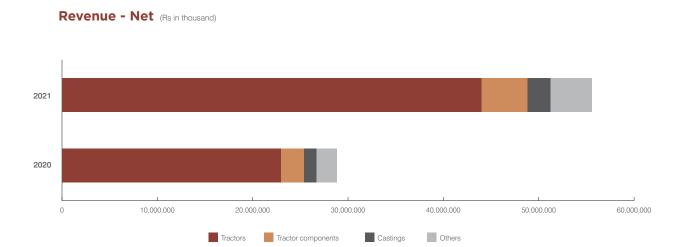
These loans carry nominal interest rate which will not impact profitability significantly.

#### INVESTOR

EPS increased because of increase in net profits. The Company has already disbursed interim payout of Rs.50 per share cash dividend and 12.5% bonus shares. The market price of the share took a hit last year due to the COVID-19 but has recovered quickly after that which showed strong confidence of investors in the Company's Fundamentals.

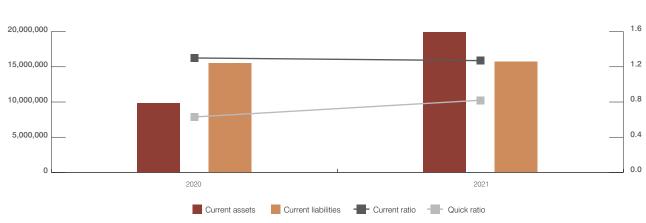
# SEGMENTAL REVIEW OF BUSINESS PERFORMANCE

Millat group of companies are closely integrated with one another where subsidiary companies supply valuable input to the parent entity. The operating segment information is given in Note 50 to the consolidated financial statements. A brief analysis of the same is presented below:



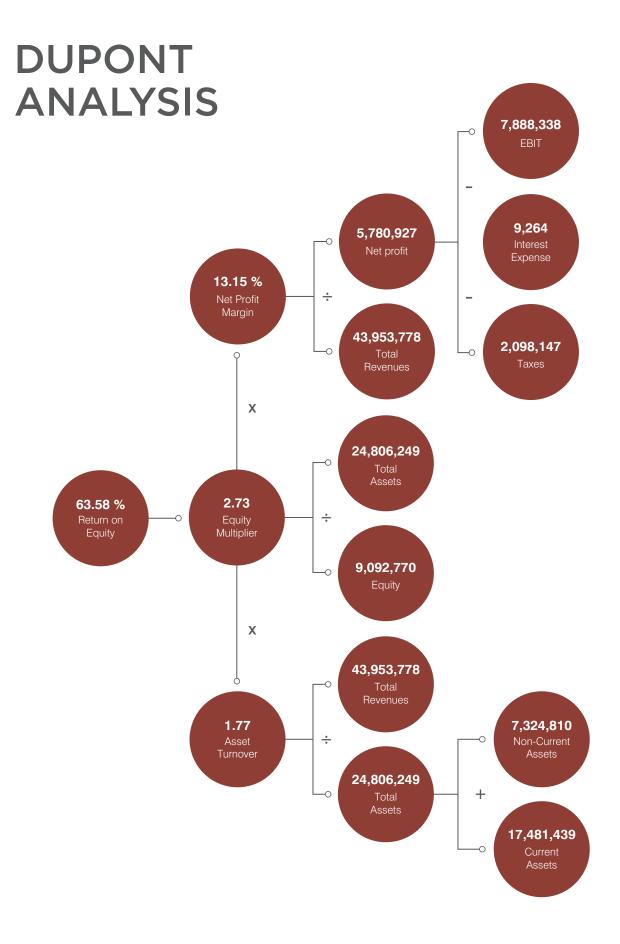
Due to increase in tractor sales, other segments also showed increase in revenue earned during the year. Export segment also presented significant growth during the year as export of tractors has crossed 2,000 units mark thanks to aggressive marketing push and co-operation of government of Pakistan.

Since the group is vertically integrated, performance of tractor segment directly impacts other operating segments as evident above. Resultantly, profitability moved in the same direction as that of revenue.



Overall current ratio of the group has remained stable despite significant increase in operations of the Group. This was achieved by effective management of resources which is also depicted by the improvement in quick ratio of the Group. Overall liquidity position of the Group is stable.

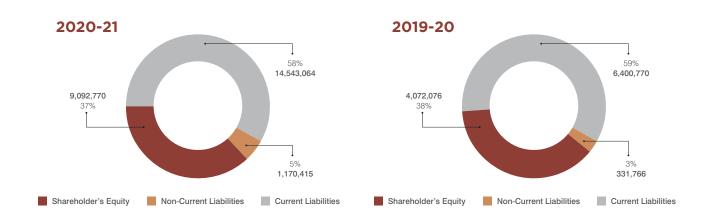
Liquidity - Group (Rs in thousand)



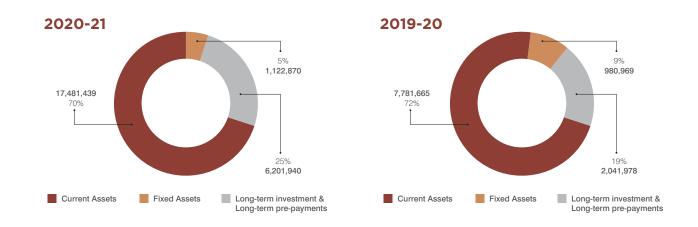
# GRAPHICAL ANALYSIS OF STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Rupees in Thousand)

#### **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES**



#### **ASSETS**





# CORPORATE COMPLIANCE AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

## TO THE MEMBERS OF MILLAT TRACTORS LIMITED

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance Contained in Listed Companies (Code Of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Millat Tractors Limited (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2021 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021.

A. F. Ferguson & Co Chartered Accountants

Lahore

Date: September 30, 2021

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## STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

## WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

The Company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are eight as per the following:

a. Male: sevenb. Female: one

2. The composition of board is as follows:

Category	Names
i) Independent Directors	Mr. Saad Iqbal Mrs. Ambreen Waheed (Female Director)
ii) Non-executive Directors	Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari Mian Muhammad Saleem *Mr. Ahsan Imran Shaikh
iii) Executive Directors	Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel, CEO Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana

<sup>\*</sup>the member replaced Mr. Latif Khalid Hashmi in March, 2021.

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company; (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies)
- 4. The company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. The Board Has ensured that complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the date of approval or updating is maintained by the company;
- **6.** All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by Board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations;

- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of Board;
- **8.** The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations;
- 9. No Directors' Training program was arranged by the Board during the year. However, all directors have either acquired the prescribed certification in previous years or meet exemption criteria as contained in these regulations except Mr. Ahsan Imran Shaikh who was appointed in March, 2021;
- 10. The Board has approved appointment of chief financial officer, company secretary and head of internal audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations;
- Chief financial officer and chief executive officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- **12.** The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

## a) Audit Committee

Mr. Saad Iqbal, Chairman- Independent Director Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari, Member \*Mian Muhammad Saleem, Member Mrs. Ambreen Waheed, Member

### b) HR and Remuneration Committee

Mr. Saad Iqbal, Chairman- Independent Director
Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari, Member
Mian Muhammad Saleem, Member
Mrs. Ambreen Waheed, Member
Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel, Member
\*the member replaced Mr. Latif Khalid Hashmi in
March, 2021.

13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;

- **14.** The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/yearly) of the committee were as per following;
  - a) Audit Committee

04 meetings

- b) HR and Remuneration Committee 01 meeting
- **15**. The Board has set up and effective internal audit function, the staff is suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company;
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative(spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;
- 18. We confirm that all other requirements of the regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with, except the fraction rounding up requirement of regulation 6(1) i.e. one third of Board, due to no specific guideline on the matter under the Code of Corporate Governance, 2017 at the time of election of directors. Now consequent to these Regulations the Board will accordingly be reconstituted not later than expiry of its current term to comply with the aforementioned requirements;
- **19.** Explanation for non-compliance with requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 are below:

Sr. No.	Requirement	Explanation for Non- Compliance	Reg. No.
1.	Representation of Minority shareholders	No one intended to contest election as	5
	The minority members as a class shall be facilitated by the Board to contest election of directors by proxy solicitation	director representing minority shareholders.	
2.	Responsibilities of the Board and its members	Non-mandatory provisions of the CCG Regulations are	10(1)
	Adoption of the corporate governance practices	partially complied.	
3.	Nomination Committee	The Board itself performs all the	29(1)
	The Board may constitute a separate committee, designated as the nomination committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances	functions of nomination committee. However, the board intends to constitute Nomination Committee next year after the re-election of the board.	
4.	Risk Management Committee	The Board reviews the overall business	30(1)
	The Board may constitute the risk management committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances, to carry out a review of effectiveness of risk management procedures and present a report to the Board.	risks to ensure that the management maintains a sound system of risk identification, risk management and related systemic and internal controls to safeguard assets, resources, reputation and interest of the Company and shareholders.  The board intends to constitute Risk Management Committee next year after the re-election of the board.	

SIKANDAR MUSTAFA KH

SIKANDAR MUSTAFA KHAN Chairman

Lahore:

September 17, 2021



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## To the members of Millat Tractors Limited

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Millat Tractors Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2021 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key audit matters:

#### Sr. # Key audit matter How the matter was addressed in our audit Revenue recognition Our audit procedures in relation to the matter, amongst others, included the following: (Refer note 4.14 and note 33 to the annexed financial evaluated management controls over revenue and statements) checked their validation; The Company is principally engaged in assembling and manufacturing of agricultural tractors, implements and performed verification of sales with underlying multi-application products. documentation including dispatch documents and sales invoices: Revenue from sale of tractors is recognized when the performance obligation is satisfied by transferring control tested on a sample basis, specific revenue to customer i.e. upon delivery and acknowledgement transactions recorded before and after the reporting from the customer. The Company recognizes revenue date with underlying documentation to assess from the sales of own manufactured goods measured net whether revenue has been recognized in the correct of discounts and commissions. period; verified that sales prices are approved by the appropriate authority;

A.F. FERGUSON & CO., Chartered Accountants, a member firm of the PwC network 23-C, Aziz Avenue, Canal Bank, Gulberg-V, P.O.Box 39, Lahore-54660, Pakistan Tel: +92 (42) 3571 5868-71 / 3577 5747-50; Fax: +92 (42) 3577 5754 www.pwc.com/pk

«KARACHI»LAHORE»ISLAMABAD

Sr. #	Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
	We considered revenue recognition as a key audit matter due to revenue being one of the key performance	performed audit procedures to analyze variation in the price and quantity sold during the year;
	indicators of the Company and for the year revenue has increased significantly as compared to the last year. In addition, revenue was also considered as an area of	tested on a sample basis, specific discounts and commission as per Company's policy; and
	inherent risk of material misstatement and significant audit risk as part of the audit process.	assessed the adequacy of disclosures made in the financial statements related to revenue.
2	Investment measured at Fair Value	Our audit procedures in relation to the matter, amongst
	(Refer note 4.9, note 22.2 and note 48.1 to the annexed	others, included the following:
	financial statements)	understood and evaluated the process by which the cash flow forecast was prepared and approved,
	The Company holds investment in the equity instrument of Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited ('HNMPL'). Due to HNMPL being a non-listed company, their shares do	including confirming the mathematical accuracy of the underlying calculations;
	not have a quoted price in an active market.	evaluated the cash flow forecast by obtaining an
	Therefore, fair value of their shares has been determined	understanding of respective businesses of HNMPL;
	through valuation methodology based on discounted cash flow method. This involves several estimation techniques and management's judgements to obtain reasonable expected future cash flow of the business and related discount rate.	obtained an understanding of the work performed by the management on the model for the purpose of valuation:
		obtained corroborating evidence relating to the values as determined by the management by challenging
	Due to the significant level of judgment and estimation required to determine the fair value of the investment, we consider it to be a key audit matter.	key assumptions for the growth rates in the cash flow forecast by comparing them to historical results and economic forecasts and challenging the discount rate by independently estimating a range based on market data;
		performed sensitivity analysis around key assumptions to ascertain the extent of change individually in the value of the investment; and
		assessed the adequacy of the disclosures made by the Company in this area with regard to applicable accounting and reporting standards.

## Information Other than the Separate and Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Reports Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the separate and consolidated financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is

a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide
  a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
  from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit
  evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the
  Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw
  attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to
  modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However,
  future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Hammad Ali Ahmad.

A. F. Ferguson & Co Chartered Accountants

Lahore

Date: September 30, 2021

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# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at June 30, 2021

	Note	2021 (Rupees in	2020 thousand)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized share capital			
75,000,000 (2020: 50,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		750,000	500,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	5	560,578	498,292
Reserves	6	8,532,192	3,573,784
		9,092,770	4,072,076
LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term deposits	7	13,433	12,643
Deferred tax liabilities - net	8	962,984	77,664
Employees' defined benefit plan	9	50,256	123,029
Lease liabilities against right-of-use assets	10	1,442	9,881
Long term finance- secured	11	128,815	101,991
Deferred grant	13	13,485	6,558
		1,170,415	331,766
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accumulating compensated absences		110,670	104,924
Trade and other payables	14	3,661,499	2,848,238
Contract liabilities	15	9,919,342	3,120,601
Current portion of lease liabilities against right-of-use assets	10	4,386	3,706
Current portion of term finance- secured	11	162,797	26,944
Current portion of deferred grant	13	15,602	9,240
Taxation- net		322,770	_
Unclaimed dividend		271,595	277,113
Unpaid dividend		74,403	10,004
		14,543,064	6,400,770
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	16		
		24,806,249	10,804,612

The annexed notes from 1 to 55 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

	Note	2021	2020
		(Rupees in	thousand)
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment			
Operating fixed assets	17	777,638	667,980
Capital work in progress	18	45,166	2,945
		822,804	670,925
Right-of-use assets	19	4,896	12,931
Intangible assets	20	39,462	41,405
Investment property	21	255,708	255,708
Long term investments	22	6,199,458	2,039,726
Long term loans	23	2,482	2,252
		7,324,810	3,022,947
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	24	161,329	157,399
Stock in trade	25	5,372,584	3,857,166
Trade debts	26	141,234	102,044
Loans and advances	27	56,359	51,869
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	28	65,273	43,382
Balances with statutory authorities	29	4,592,169	1,032,656
Other receivables	30	108,253	38,710
Tax refunds due from the Government		_	778,977
Short term investments	31	6,134,636	_
Cash and bank balances	32	849,602	1,719,462
		17,481,439	7,781,665
		24,806,249	10,804,612

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Note	2021 (Rupees in	2020 housand)	
Revenue from contracts with customers	33	43,953,778	22,942,275	
Cost of sales	34	34,682,684	18,696,679	
Gross profit		9,271,094	4,245,596	
Distribution and marketing expenses	35	854,630	567,838	
Administrative expenses	36	579,369	448,178	
Other operating expenses	37	616,066	295,803	
		2,050,065	1,311,819	
Other income	38	667,309	253,694	
Operating profit		7,888,338	3,187,471	
Finance cost	39	9,264	217,836	
Profit before tax		7,879,074	2,969,635	
Taxation	40	2,098,147	819,087	
Profit after tax for the year		5,780,927	2,150,548	
Other comprehensive income:				
Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:				
Unrealized gain on revaluation of investments at fair				
value through other comprehensive income	22	4,004,349	295,022	
Less: Deferred tax		(865,851)	(64,382)	
		3,138,498	230,640	
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on employees' defined benefit plan		87,598	(373,995)	
Total other comprehensive income/ (loss)		3,226,096	(143,355)	
Total comprehensive income for the year		9,007,023	2,007,193	
			Restated	
Earnings per share - basic and diluted (Rupees)	43	103.12	38.36	

The annexed notes from 1 to 55 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Issued, subscribed	Capital reserves	Revenue	reserves	Total
	and paid up capital	Fair value reserves	General reserves	Unappropriated Profit	Total
		(Ru	pees in thous	and)	
Balance as on June 30, 2019	442,926	66,749	2,278,935	2,044,557	4,833,167
Final dividend for the year ended					
June 30, 2019 @ Rs. 40 per share	_		_	(1,771,702)	(1,771,702)
Bonus shares issued for the year ended					
June 30, 2019 @ 12.5% per share	55,366			(55,366)	
Interim dividend for the year ended					
June 30, 2020 @ Rs. 20 per share				(996,582)	(996,582)
Total comprehensive income for					
the year ended June 30, 2020	_	230,640	_	1,776,553	2,007,193
Balance as on June 30, 2020	498,292	297,389	2,278,935	997,460	4,072,076
Final dividend for the year ended					
June 30, 2020 @ Rs. 30 per share	_	_	_	(1,494,873)	(1,494,873)
Bonus shares issued during the half year ended					
December 31, 2020 @ 12.5% per share	62,286	_	_	(62,286)	_
Interim dividend for the year ended					
June 30, 2021 @ Rs. 50 per share	_	_	_	(2,491,456)	(2,491,456)
Total comprehensive income for					
the year ended June 30, 2021	_	3,138,498	_	5,868,525	9,007,023
Balance as on June 30, 2021	560,578	3,435,887	2,278,935	2,817,370	9,092,770

The annexed notes from 1 to 55 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		(Rupees in	mousand)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated from operations	44	13,969,033	3,335,800
Finance cost paid		(20,264)	(206,836)
(Increase) / decrease in long term loans to employees		(230)	574
Workers' Profit Participation Fund paid	14.3	(432,070)	(144,149)
Workers' Welfare Fund paid		(60,674)	(92,751)
Taxes (paid) / refunds - net		(4,536,444)	914,007
Employee benefits paid - net		(16,905)	(18,500)
Long term security deposits received / (paid)		790	(88)
		(5,065,797)	452,257
Net cash flows generated from operating activities		8,903,236	3,788,057
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(258,878)	(45,426)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	17.4	23,216	23,675
Payments for intangibles		_	(39,300)
Short term investments (made) / redeemed- net		(5,717,876)	3,889
Long term investments made		(159,403)	(355,500)
Profit on bank deposits received		58,407	20,563
Dividend received		386,701	153,723
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(5,667,833)	(238,376)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividend paid		(3,927,448)	(2,824,731)
Principal payment against lease liabilities		(3,781)	(2,209)
Long term financing received - net		175,966	144,733
Net cash used in financing activities		(3,755,263)	(2,682,207)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(519,860)	867,474
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,719,462	851,988
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	45	1,199,602	1,719,462

The annexed notes from 1 to 55 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

For the year ended June 30, 2021

## 1. Legal status and nature of business

Millat Tractors Limited (the Company) is a public limited company and was incorporated in Pakistan in 1964 under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017), and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office and factory of the Company is situated at 9 km Sheikhupura Road, District Sheikhupura. The Company also has regional offices located in Karachi, Multan, Sukkur and Islamabad.

The Company is principally engaged in assembling and manufacturing of agricultural tractors, implements and multi-application products. The Company is also involved in the sale, implementation and support of IFS applications in Pakistan.

## 1.2 Summary of significant transactions and events in the current reporting period

The Company's financial position and performance was particularly affected by the following events and transactions during the reporting period:

- Revenue from contracts with customers increased by Rs. 21,011,503 thousand (92%) as compared to prior year refer notes 33:
- Additional long term investment was made by the Company in Hyundai Nishat Motors (Private) Limited (HNMPL) amounting to Rs. 159,403 thousand under the Share Subscription Agreement (SSA) and Shareholders Agreement (SHA) between both parties refer note 22;
- Fair value remeasurement of long term investment in HNMPL (Level-3), at the reporting date, resulted in an estimated fair value gain of Rs. 3,980,925 thousand. The resulting fair value gain has been recognised in the other comprehensive income in these financial statements refer note 4.9, 22.2 and 48.1 respectively;
- Short term investments of the Company increased by Rs. 6,134,636 thousand as compared to prior year refer to note 31;
- During the year, the Company obtained and repaid certain long term financing against the State Bank of Pakistan's (SBP) salary refinance scheme of salaries and wages. Moreover, the Company also availed long term financing against the SBP refinance scheme for renewable energy for setting-up and comissioning a 998KWp solar power system - refer to note 11; and
- Balances with statutory authorities on account of sales tax refunds increased by Rs. 3,559,513 as compared to the prior year refer to note 29.

## 1.2.1 Impact of COVID-19 on the financial statements

The pandemic of COVID-19 that has rapidly spread all across the world has not only endangered human lives but has also adversely impacted the global economy. On March 23, 2020, the Government of the Punjab announced a temporary lock down as a measure to reduce the spread of the COVID-19. Complying with the lockdown, the Company temporarily suspended its operations from March 24, 2020. In the Company's case, the lockdown was subsequently relaxed from March 30, 2020. After implementing all the necessary Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to ensure safety of employees, the Company henceforth resumed its operations and has taken all necessary steps to ensure smooth and adequate continuation of its business in order to maintain business performance despite slowed down economic activity.

According to management's assessment, there is no significant accounting impact of the effects of COVID-19 on these financial statements.

## 2 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

## For the year ended June 30, 2021

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of the directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

## 3 Basis of preparation

These financial statements represent the separate financial statements of Millat Tractors Limited, in which investments in the subsidiary companies, namely Millat Equipment Limited (MEL), Bolan Castings Limited (BCL), Millat Industrial Products Limited (MIPL) and TIPEG Intertrade DMCC have been accounted for at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. The consolidated financial statements of the Group are being issued separately.

### 3.1 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for valuation of certain financial instruments at fair value or amortised cost and recognition of certain employees' retirement benefit plan at present value.

## 3.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Company's significant accounting policies are stated in note 4 to these financial statements. Not all of these significant policies require the management to make difficult, subjective or complex judgments or estimates. The following is intended to provide an understanding of the policies the management considers critical because of their complexity, judgment of estimation involved in their application and their impact on these financial statements. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These judgments involve assumptions or estimates in respect of future events and the actual results may differ from these estimates. The areas involving higher degree of judgments or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows:

### 3.2.1 Employees' retirement benefits and other obligations

The Company uses the valuation performed by an independent actuary as the present value of its retirement benefit obligations i.e. employees' defined benefit plan and other obligations. The valuation is based on assumptions as mentioned in note 4.2 to these financial statements.

## 3.2.2 Provision for taxation

The Company takes into account the current income tax law and the decisions taken by appellate authorities. Instances where the Company's view differs from the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Company considers that its views on items of material nature are in accordance with law and the outcome is expected in favor of the Company, are shown as contingent liabilities.

## 3.2.3 Estimated useful lives, residual values and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the useful lives, residual value and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment on a regular basis. Any change in estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

## 3.2.4 Provision for inventories and stores

The Company regularly reviews the inventories for impairment. Provision for obsolete and slow-moving inventories is based on management's estimate of the condition and usability of inventories and stores.

## 3.2.5 Impairment of trade receivables

The Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables and contract assets.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of time before the reporting date and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

## 3.2.6 Fair value of unquoted investments

Fair value of unquoted investments is determined by using valuation techniques. The Company uses its judgment to select an appropriate method and makes assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. The Company has used discounted cash flow analysis for this purpose as fully explained in note 22.2 to these financial statements.

## 3.2.7 Lease term of right of use asset and lease liability

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

## 3.3 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

## 4 Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of financial statements of the Company are consistent with previous year except as mentioned in note 4.1 to these financial statements, and which are as follows:

## 4.1 Changes in accounting standards, interpretations and pronouncements

## a) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that became effective during the year but are not relevant

The Company has adopted the following accounting standard and the amendments and interpretation of IFRSs which became effective for the current year:

- IFRS 3 Business combinations', definition of a business (Amendment)
- IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', definition of materiality (Amendments)
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments', Interest rate benchmark reform (Amendment)
- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments-Disclosures , Interest rate benchmark reform (Amendment)
- IFRS 16 Leases', COVID-19 related rent concessions (Amendment)

The adoption of the above amendments, improvements to accounting standards and interpretations did not have any effect on the financial statements of the Company.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

## b) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

**Effective Date** 

Standard or interpretation	(Annual periods beginning on or after)
Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before intended use – Amendments to IAS 16	January 01, 2022
Cost of Fulfilling an Onerous Contracts – Amendments to IAS 37	January 01, 2022
Updating a Reference to the Conceptual Framework – Amendments to IFRS 3	January 01, 2022
Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – Amendments to IAS 1	January 01, 2023
Amended by Definition of Accounting Estimates – Amendments to IAS 8	January 01, 2023

The management is in the process of assessing the impact of changes laid down by these standards on its financial statements.

In addition to the above standards and amendments, improvements to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB in previous years. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2021 and January 01, 2022 respectively. The Company expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

## 4.2 Employees' retirement benefits and other obligations

The main features of the schemes operated by the Company for its employees are as follows:

## 4.2.1 Defined benefit plan

### 4.2.1.1 Pension

The Company operates a funded defined benefit pension scheme for all its eligible employees. Defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than the defined contribution plan. Contributions under the scheme are made to this fund on the basis of actuarial recommendation and are charged to profit or loss. The latest actuarial valuation for the scheme was carried out as at June 30, 2021.

The amount recognized in the statement of financial position represents the present value of the plan assets reduced by value of defined benefit obligation. Any charge or credit arising as a result of remeasurements are recognized in the other comprehensive income of the Company in the period in which they occur.

The future contribution rate of the plan includes allowances for deficit and surplus. Projected Unit Credit Method, based on the following significant assumptions, is used for valuation of this scheme:

	2021	2020
Expected rate of increase per annum in salary level	9.00%	7.50%
Discount rate per annum used for interest cost in profit or loss	8.50%	14.25%
Discount rate per annum used for year end obligation	10.00%	8.50%
Average expected remaining working life of employees	8 years	8 years

The Board Members of the Millat Tractors Limited Employees' Pension Fund Trust are managing the Pension Fund as per the applicable Pension Fund Deed, Rules and Regulations of the fund.

## 4.2.2 Defined contribution plans

## 4.2.2.1 Gratuity

The Company operates an approved defined contribution funded gratuity scheme for permanent employees who joined the Company before July 01, 2004. Under the scheme, based on the graduated scale, the contributions are calculated with reference to last drawn salary of the employees and are paid over to the Employees' Gratuity Fund Trust.

The Board Members of the Millat Tractors Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund Trust are managing the Gratuity Fund as per the applicable Gratuity Fund Deed, Rules and Regulations of the fund.

### 4.2.2.2 Provident fund

The Company operates an approved defined contribution provident fund for all permanent employees. Equal contributions are made by employees and the Company at the rate of 10 percent of basic salary per month.

The Board Members of the Millat Tractors Limited Employees' Provident Fund Trust ('the Trust') are managing the Provident Fund as per the applicable Provident Fund Deed, Rules and Regulations of the fund.

## 4.2.3 Accumulating compensated absences

The Company provides for accumulating compensated absences, when the employees render services that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences and are charged to profit or loss.

## 4.3 Taxation

### Current

Provision for current tax is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year, if enacted. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for taxation made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

### Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the year when the differences reverse based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit or loss, except in the case of items credited or charged to other comprehensive income.

## 4.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment except for freehold and leasehold land are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss, if any. Freehold and leasehold land is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss, if any.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on all items of property, plant and equipment is charged to profit or loss applying the diminishing balance method so as to write-off the depreciable amount of an asset over its useful life. Depreciation is being charged at the rates given in note 17. Depreciation on additions to property, plant and equipment is charged from the month in which an asset is acquired or capitalized while no depreciation is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off.

The Company continually assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that property, plant and equipment may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying values exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amount and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss for the year. Any previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount, and the increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the depreciation charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the assets' revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognized.

## 4.5 Right-of-use asset and Lease liability

At inception of a lease contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.

The Company applies a practical expedient and, does not recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets, if any. The lease payments associated with these leases is recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

For lease contracts other than the aforementioned, the lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments include fixed payments, variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate and amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees, the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option, payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option, less any lease incentives receivable. The extension and termination options are incorporated in determination of lease term only when the Company is reasonably certain to exercise these options.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in fixed lease payments or an index or rate, change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if

the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. The corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-to-use asset, or is recorded in the statement of profit and loss account if the carrying amount of right-to-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentive received. The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight line method over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. The right-of-use asset is reduced by impairment losses.

## 4.6 Capital work in progress

All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period including advances to suppliers and contractors are carried under this head. These are transferred to specific assets as and when these assets are available for use.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss, if any.

## 4.7 Intangible assets

Expenditure incurred to acquire and developing computer software are capitalized as intangible assets and stated at cost less accumulated amortization and any identified impairment loss, if any.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite life are amortised using the straight line method over a period of three years and Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Amortization on additions to finite intangible assets is charged from the month in which an asset is acquired or capitalized while no amortization is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off.

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that intangible assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying amounts exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the amortization charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

## 4.8 Investment property

Property not held for own use or for sale in the ordinary course of business is classified as investment property. The investment property of the Company comprises land and is valued using the cost method i.e. at cost less any identified impairment loss.

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that investment property may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amount of such assets is reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying value exceeds the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss for the year. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

## For the year ended June 30, 2021

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an investment property represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

## 4.9 Investments and other financial assets

## 4.9.1 Subsidiary and associated undertakings

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the Company. The Company controls an investee when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not having control or joint control over those policies.

Investments in subsidiary and associated undertakings are carried at cost less impairment loss, if any.

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of the investments in subsidiary and associates to assess whether there is any indication that such investments have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. In making an estimate of recoverable amount of these investments, the management considers future dividend stream and an estimate of the terminal value of these investments. Impairment losses are recognized as expense in the profit or loss.

## 4.9.2 Financial assets other than investments in subsidiary and associated undertakings

## 4.9.2.1 Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- at Fair Value through Profit or Loss ("FVPL"),
- at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVOCI"), or
- at amortised cost.

The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of instruments (other than equity instruments) is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

## 4.9.2.2 Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date i.e. the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

### 4.9.2.3 Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are Solely Payment of Principal and Interest (SPPI).

## a) Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

## i) Financial assets at amortised cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other income/(operating expenses), together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

## ii) Financial assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

Assets that are held for both collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other income/(operating expenses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other income/(operating expenses).

## iii) Financial assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other income/(operating expenses) in the period in which it arises.

## b) Equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other income/(operating expenses) in profit or loss as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

## 4.9.2.4 Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables and contract assets. Instruments within the scope of the new requirements included loans and other debt-type financial assets measured at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income, trade receivables, contract assets recognised and measured under IFRS 15 and that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables and contract assets are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The contract assets relate to unbilled work in progress and have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same types of contracts. The Company therefore concludes that the expected loss rates for trade receivables are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for the contract assets. Recognition of credit losses is no longer dependent on the Company first identifying a credit loss event. Instead the Company considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

A distinction is made between, financial instruments that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition or that have low credit risk (Stage 1). Financial instruments that have deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition and whose credit risk is not low (Stage 2). Stage 3 would cover financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. '12-month expected credit losses' are recognised for the first category while 'lifetime expected credit losses' are recognised for the second category.

Measurement of the expected credit losses is determined by a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument.

Individual receivables which are known to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. The other receivables are assessed collectively to determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment has been incurred but not yet been identified. For these receivables the estimated impairment losses are recognised in a separate provision for impairment. The Company considers that there is evidence of impairment, if any, of the indicators were present i.e. significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, and default or late payments.

Trade receivables and contract assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Company, and a failure to make contractual payments past due date. Impairment losses on trade receivables and contract assets are presented as net impairment losses in the profit or loss. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

### 4.10 Stores, spare parts and loose tools

Stores, spare parts and loose tools are valued at lower of net realizable value or moving average cost. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising of invoice value and other incidental charges paid thereon.

Provision for obsolete and slow-moving stores, spare parts and loose tools is based on management estimate of the condition and usability of such stores.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs necessarily to be incurred in order to make the sale. Provision for obsolete and slow moving stores and spares is based on management estimate.

#### 4.11 Stock in trade

Stock of raw materials, except for those in transit, work in process and finished goods are valued principally at the lower of moving average cost and net realizable value.

Items in transit are stated at cost comprising invoice value and other incidental charges paid thereon.

Cost of raw materials and trading stock comprises the invoice value plus other charges paid thereon.

Cost of work in process and finished goods include direct material, labor and appropriate portion of manufacturing overheads.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs necessarily to be incurred in order to make the sale. Provision for obsolete and slow-moving stock in trade is based on management estimate.

### 4.12 Trade debts

Trade debts are carried at original invoice amount less any expected credit losses based on review of outstanding amounts at the year end in accordance with the simplified approach as mentioned in note 4.9.2.4. Bad debts are written off when identified.

## 4.13 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost and comprise of cash in hand, cash at banks on current, saving and deposit accounts and other short term highly liquid instruments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in values. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purpose.

## 4.14 Revenue recognition

**4.14.1** Revenue from sale of tractors, implements and multi-application products, along with the provision of after market services. Revenue is recognized when performance obligations are satisfied by transferring control of a good or service to a customer, either at a point in time or over time of an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the aforementioned principle by applying the following steps:

- i) Identify the contract with a customer.
- ii) Identify the performance obligation in the contract.
- iii) Determine the transaction price of the contract.
- iv) Allocate the transaction price to each of the separate performance obligations in the contract.
- v) Recognise the revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Revenue is recognised either at a point in time or over time, when (or as) the Company satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers. Any bundled goods or services that are distinct are separately recognized, and any discounts or rebates on the contract price are generally allocated to the separate elements

## 4.14.2 a) Sale of goods

Revenue from contracts for sale of tractors, implements, multi-application products and trading goods is recognized upon delivery and acknowledgement of the good by the customer i.e. point in time when the performance obligation of the Company is satisfied. Since there is only one performance obligation the revenue is recognized at full amount. Payments for sale of tractors are received in advance from customers, while in the case of implements and multi-application products credit periods are provided as per Company policy on a case to case basis. There are no returns or refunds against sales, once acknowledged by the customer.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

## b) Sale of service warranties

The Company provides various types of warranties. When determining the nature of warranty-related promises, the Company considers:

- whether the customer has the option to separately purchase the warranty; and
- whether all or part of the warranty provides the customer with an additional service beyond the basic assurance that it will perform in accordance with published specifications.

Standard-type warranties of free repair, parts replacement, assurance and major rectification to the customer along with free service after specific intervals are not offered separately for any consideration by the Company and rather are embedded in the sale price of the good. Accordingly, the same are not considered to be separate performance obligations and are accounted for under IAS 37.

For extended-type warranties or separate after sale services offered by the Company the same are treated as separate performance obligations. Revenue from such warranties or after sale services contracts is recognized over time i.e. duration of the contract.

#### **Others**

- Dividend is recognized as income when the right to receive dividend is established.
- Profit on bank deposits is recognized on effective rate of interest method.
- Investment income is recognized when right to receive the income is established.

## 4.15 Research cost

These costs are charged to profit or loss when incurred.

## 4.16 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Such borrowing costs are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset up to the date of its commissioning.

## 4.17 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

## 4.18 Provisions

Provisions for legal claims, service warranties and make good obligations are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pretax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

## 4.19 Foreign currency transactions and translation

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the reporting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses on translation are recognized in the profit or loss. All non-monetary items are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction or on the date when fair values are determined.

### 4.20 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and de-recognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The Company derecognizes financial liabilities only when its obligations under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

All financial liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial liabilities are subsequently measured at Fair Value through Profit and Loss ("FVPL") or at amortised cost, as the case may be. Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or the Company has opted to measure them at FVPL. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

Where management has opted to recognise a financial liability at FVTPL, any changes associated with the Company's own credit risk will be recognized in other comprehensive income/(loss). Currently, there are no financial liabilities designated at FVPL.

The accounting policy for financial assets other than investments in subsidiary and associated undertakings is disclosed in note 4.9.2 to the financial statements above.

## 4.21 Off-setting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

## 4.22 Reserves

Reserve are classified into two categories as follows:

## 4.22.1 Revenue reserve

Revenue reserve is the reserve which is regarded as available for distribution through the profit or loss including general reserves and other specific reserves created out of profit and un-appropriated or accumulated profits of previous years.

### 4.22.2 Capital reserve

Capital reserve includes all the reserves other than reserve which are classified as revenue reserve.

## 4.23 Earning per share

The company presents basic and diluted Earning Per Share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit after tax attributable to ordinary shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

## 4.24 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liability is disclosed when:

- there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or
- there is present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

## 4.25 Dividend and appropriations

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the period in which the these are approved. Appropriations of profit are reflected in the statement of changes in equity in the period in which such appropriations are approved.

## 4.26 Government grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

When the Company receives grants of non-monetary assets, the asset and the grant are recorded at nominal amounts and released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the asset, based on the pattern of consumption of the benefits of the underlying asset by equal annual instalments.

In subsequent periods, the grant shall be recognized in statement of profit or loss, in line with the recognition of interest expense the grant is compensating.

2021

560,578

2020

498,292

## 5 Issued, subscribed and paid up capital

2021

56,057

2020

49,829

 (Number of shares in thousand)				(Rupee	es in thousand)
			Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each fully		
2,543		2,543	paid in cash	25,429	25,429
			Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each issued		
			as fully paid bonus shares		
47,286	4	1,750	- Opening balance	472,863	417,497
6,228		5,536	- Issued during the year	62,286	55,366
53,514	4	7,286		535,149	472,863

2021 2020 (Rupees in thousand)

		( - 1	,
6	Reserves		
	Capital reserve		
	Fair value reserve - Investments measured at FVOCI	3,435,887	297,389
		3,435,887	297,389
	Revenue reserve		
	General reserve	2,278,935	2,278,935
	Unappropriated profit	2,817,370	997,460
		5,096,305	3,276,395
		8,532,192	3,573,784

## 7 Long term deposits

These represent security deposits received from dealers which, by virtue of agreement, are interest free. These are repayable on cancellation of dealership contract with dealers and cannot be utilized for the purpose of the business. These have been kept in separate bank account in accordance with the requirements of the section 217 of the Companies Act, 2017.

	Note	2021	2020
		(Rupees in t	nousand)
Deferred tax liabilities - net			
The liability for deferred tax comprises			-
temporary differences relating to:			
Taxable temporary differences:			
Accelerated tax depreciation		63,247	56,014
Changes in fair value of investments		930,976	64,382
		994,223	120,396
Deductible temporary differences:			
Unused tax losses	8.1	(20,615)	(29,886)
Provision for impaired / doubtful receivables		(10,624)	(12,846)
		(31,239)	(42,732)
Net deferred tax liability at the year end		962,984	77,664
	The liability for deferred tax comprises temporary differences relating to:  Taxable temporary differences: Accelerated tax depreciation Changes in fair value of investments  Deductible temporary differences: Unused tax losses Provision for impaired / doubtful receivables	Deferred tax liabilities - net  The liability for deferred tax comprises temporary differences relating to:  Taxable temporary differences: Accelerated tax depreciation Changes in fair value of investments  Deductible temporary differences: Unused tax losses 8.1 Provision for impaired / doubtful receivables	Changes in fair value of investments  Deductible temporary differences:  Unused tax losses  Unused tax losses  Provision for impaired / doubtful receivables  (Rupees in fair tax leader in fair tax leader in fair tax comprises  (Rupees in fair tax leader in fair tax comprises  (Rupees in fair tax leader in fair tax comprises  (Rupees in fair tax leader in fair tax comprises  (83,247)  (83,247)  (930,976)  (994,223)  (90,615)  (10,624)  (31,239)

8.1 Deferred tax asset on unused tax losses represents the minimum tax available for carry forward under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and is recognised to the extent that the realization of related tax benefits through future taxable profits of the Company is probable. The projections are based on management's best estimates of key production, sales and economic assumptions. Accordingly, the management anticipates that it would be able to realize that unused tax losses arising on disposal of short term investments within the period allowed under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

8.2 Reconciliation of deferred tax liabilities - net

	Deferred ta	x liability	I	Deferred tax ass	et	
	Accelerated tax depreciation o	Change in fair value finvestments	Unused tax losses	Accumulating compensated absences	Provision for impaired/doubtful receivables	Net liability / (asset)
			(Rupees i	n thousand)		
Balance as at June 30, 2019	60,758	_	(30,063)	(32,868)	(10,624)	(12,797)
Tax (income) / expense						
during the year recognised						
in profit or loss	(4,744)	64,382	177	32,868	(2,222)	90,461
Balance as at June 30, 2020	56,014	64,382	(29,886)		(12,846)	77,664
Tax expense						
during the year recognised						
in profit or loss	7,233	866,594	9,271	_	2,222	885,320
Balance as at June 30, 2021	63,247	930,976	(20,615)		(10,624)	962,984

**8.3** Under the Finance Act, 2020 and upheld by Finance Act 2021, a corporate tax rate of 29% has been fixed. Therefore, deferred tax assets and liabilities have been recognized accordingly using the expected applicable rate i.e. 29%.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
9	Employees' defined benefit plan			
9.1	Present value of defined benefit obligation	9.3	1,160,998	1,232,563
	Fair value of plan assets	9.4	(1,110,743)	(1,109,534)
	Liability recognized in the statement of financial position		50,255	123,029
9.2	For the year			
	Salaries, wages and amenities include the following			
•	in respect of employees' pension scheme:			
	Current service cost		13,387	10,471
	Interest cost		100,667	114,711
***************************************	Expected return on plan assets		(90,577)	(146,700)
			23,477	(21,518)
9.3	The movement in present value of defined			
	benefit obligation is as follows:			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation at beginning of	of year	1,232,563	848,495
	Current service cost		13,387	10,471
	Interest cost		100,667	114,711
	Benefits paid		(96,491)	(87,014)
	Actuarial gain		(89,128)	345,900
	Present value of defined benefit obligation at end of year		1,160,998	1,232,563

2021 2020 (Rupees in thousand)

		(Rupees in t	rnousana)
9.4	The movement in fair value of plan assets is as follows:		
•	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	1,109,534	1,068,014
	Expected return on assets	90,577	146,700
	Contributions	8,653	9,929
	Benefits paid	(96,491)	(87,014)
	Return on plan assets	(1,530)	(28,095)
	Fair value of plan assets at end of year	1,110,743	1,109,534
	Actual return on plan assets	89,047	118,605
9.5	Plan assets comprise of :		
	Term Deposit Receipts:		
	United Bank Limited	295,500	320,000
	Bank Alfalah Limited	_	441,191
	Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited	421,129	
	Special Bank account:		
	NAFA Capital Protected Fund	353,747	318,655
	Accrued interest and bank balance:		
	Bank balances	38,604	27,913
	Advance income tax	1,777	1,777
	Less: payables	(14)	(3)
		1,110,743	1,109,533

Investments out of fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Act and the conditions specified thereunder.

**9.6** Comparison of present value of defined benefit obligation, the fair value of plan assets and the resulting surplus or deficit of pension fund is as follows:

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		(Ruj	oees in thousand	d)	
As at June 30					
Present value of defined					
benefit obligation	1,160,998	1,232,563	848,495	1,109,824	1,105,684
Less: Fair value of plan assets	1,110,743	1,109,534	1,068,014	1,085,220	1,145,646
(Deficit) / surplus	(50,255)	(123,029)	219,519	(24,604)	39,962
Experience adjustment on obligation	(89,128)	345,900	(292,128)	(23,087)	(72,804)
Experience adjustment on plan assets	(1,530)	(28,095)	(41,191)	(85,687)	69,538

For the year ended June 30, 2021

## Sensitivity analysis

Significant assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligations are discount rate and expected salary increase as disclosed in note 4.2.1.1. The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

	2021	2020
	(Rupees ir	n thousand)
Discount rate + 100 bps	1,079	1,137
Discount rate - 100 bps	1,255	1,344
Salary increase + 100 bps	1,172	1,246
Salary increase - 100 bps	1,151	1,220
Indexation rate + 100 bps	1,258	1,345

## 9.7 Risks on account of defined benefit plan

The Company faces the following risks on account of defined benefit plan:

Final Salary risk - The risk that the final salary at the time of cessation of service is greater than what the Company has assumed. Since the benefit is calculated on the final salary, the benefit amount would also increase proportionately.

Asset volatility - Most assets are invested in risk free investments of Term deposit Certificates. However, instruments in Open-ended Mutual Funds is subject to adverse fluctuation as a result of change of market price.

Discount rate fluctuation - The plan liabilities are calculated using discount rate set with reference to market yields on government bonds. A decrease in market yields on government bonds will Increase plan liabilities, although this will be partially offset by increase in the value of the current plan's bond holdings.

Investment risks - The risk of the investment underperforming and not being sufficient to meet the liabilities. The risk is mitigated by closely monitoring the performance of investment.

Risk of insufficiency of assets - This is managed by making regular contribution to the fund as advised by the actuary.

- In case of the funded plans, the Company ensures that the investment positions are managed within an asset-liability matching (ALM) framework that has been developed to achieve long-term investments that are in line with the obligations under the Retirement benefit plan. Within this framework, the Company's ALM objective is to match assets to the retirement benefit obligations by investing in long-term fixed interest securities with maturities that match the benefit payments as they fall due. The Company actively monitors how the duration and the expected yield of the investments are matching the expected cash outflows arising from the retirement benefit plan obligations. The Company has not changed the processes used to manage its risks from previous periods. The Company does not use derivatives to manage its risk. Investments are well diversified, such that the failure of any single investment would not have a material impact on the overall level of assets. A large portion of assets in 2021 and 2020 consists of government bonds and mutual funds. The Company believes that government bonds and mutual funds offer the best returns over the long term with an acceptable level of risk.
- 9.9 The expected return on plan assets was determined by considering the expected returns available on the assets underlying the current investment policy. Expected yields on fixed interest investments are based on gross redemption yields as at the balance sheet date.

The Company's contribution to the pension fund for the year ending June 30, 2022 is expected to be Rs. 15,838 thousand.

Expense of the defined benefit plan is calculated by the actuary.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
10	Lease liabilities against right-of-use assets			
	Lease liabilities at year end	10.1	5,828	13,587
	Less: current portion of lease liabilities		(4,386)	(3,706)
	Non current lease liabilities		1,442	9,881

10.1 Commitments in relations to finance leases recognised under IFRS 16 are payable as follows:

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
	Payable not later than one year		4,667	3,485
	Payable later than one year but not later than five years		1,634	11,139
	Payable later than five years		_	1,244
			6,301	15,868
	Future finance charges		(473)	(2,281)
	Total lease liabilities	10	5,828	13,587
11	Long term finance- secured			
	Long term loan	11.1	291,612	128,935
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities	11.1	(162,797)	(26,944)
			128,815	101,991
11.1	The reconciliation of carrying amount is as follows			
	Opening balance		128,935	_
	Loan received during the year	11.2 & 11.3	262,042	144,733
	Repayments during the year		(87,007)	_
	Transferred to deferred grant	13	(35,315)	(15,798)
	Unwinding of interest cost		22,957	_
		11	291,612	128,935
	less: Current portion shown under current liabilities	11	(162,797)	(26,944)
			128,815	101,991

This represents amount of loan against facility of Rs 400,000 thousand (2020: Rs 200,000 thousand) under Refinance Scheme for Payment of Wages and Salaries to Workers and Employees of Business Concerns (the Scheme) announced by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) to mitigate the effect of COVID-19 on employment in Pakistan. The loan is repayable in 8 equal quarterly installments commencing from January 31, 2021 and carry markup from the rage of 0.15% to 0.4% per annum which is payable quarterly. The loan was initially recognized at amortized cost using prevailing market rate of mark-up for similar instruments. The average discount rate used ranges from 7.41% to 7.66% per annum. The difference between cash received and present value of cash outflows upon initial recognition has been recognized as deferred grant. This facility is secured by first charge on plant and machinery and joint pari passu hypothecation charge over current assets and book debts of the Company.

## For the year ended June 30, 2021

11.3 This represent amount of loan against facility of Rs 100,000 thousand (2020: Rs Nil) obtained under renewable energy finance scheme announced by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) to promote renewable energy use in Pakistan. The average discount rate used is 7.95% per annum. The amount is repayable in 40 equal quarterly installments starting from September 30, 2021 and carry markup of 2.5% per annum which is payable quarterly. This facility is secured by specific and exclusive charge on the purchased machinery and ranking charge over current assets of the Company.

## 12 Short term borrowing facilities

- 12.1 The Company has obtained short term borrowing facilities from various banks against aggregate sanctioned limit of Rs. 5,305,000 thousand (2020: Rs. 5,300,000 thousand). The rates of mark up range from KIBOR plus 0.04% to KIBOR plus 0.25% (2020: KIBOR plus 0.04% to KIBOR plus 0.5%) per annum.
- 12.2 Out of the above mentioned authorized limit, an amount of Rs. 500,000 thousand (2020: Rs. 500,000 thousand) has been obtained under Islamic mode of financing.
- 12.3 The Company has facilities for opening of letters of credit and guarantees aggregating to Rs. 5,082,433 thousand (2020: Rs. 4,750,000 thousand) out of which Rs. 400,000 thousand (2020: Rs. 400,000 thousand) has been obtained under Islamic mode of financing.
- 12.4 Out of the authorized limited of letter of credit and guarantees Rs. 2,211,403 thousand (2020: Rs. 3,621,197 thousand) remained unutilized at the end of the year.
- 12.5 These facilities are secured by pari passu hypothecation charge over current assets and book debts of the Company, lien over import documents and counter guarantees of the Company.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
13	Deferred grant			
	At start of year		15,798	_
***************************************	Received during the year		35,315	15,798
***************************************	Transferred to profit or loss during the year	39	(22,026)	_
	At end of year	13.1	29,087	15,798
	Represented by:			
	Non-current portion		13,485	6,558
	Current portion		15,602	9,240
			29,087	15,798

13.1 Government grants have been recognized against loans obtained under the SBP refinance scheme of salaries and wages and SBP refinance scheme for renewable energy in lieu of below market-interest rate payable on these loans. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies attached to these grants effecting its recognition at the reporting date.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
14	Trade and other payables			
	Trade creditors	14.1	2,744,914	1,960,192
	Accrued liabilities		232,546	211,865
	Bills payable		366,805	297,291
	Security deposits	14.2	16,420	91,501
	Trademark fee payable		58,918	126,751
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund	14.3	5,151	14,070
	Workers' Welfare Fund		123,202	23,079
	Others	14.4	113,543	123,489
			3,661,499	2,848,238

- **14.1** These include balances due to related parties amounting Rs. 552,612 thousand (2020: Rs. 458,690 thousand).
- These represent security deposits from dealers and contractors against short term agreements for goods to be delivered or sold to the dealers which, by virtue of the agreements, are interest free, repayable on demand and are used in the Company's business. As at year end the Company has utilized these security deposits for business operations of the Company in accordance with the terms of the contract in writing.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
14.3	Workers' Profit Participation Fund			
	Balance (payable) / receivable at start of year		(14,070)	1,851
	Payments made during the year		432,070	144,149
			418,000	146,000
	Charge for the year	37	(423,151)	(160,070)
	Balance (payable) / receivable at end of year		(5,151)	(14,070)

**14.4** These include deposits by employees under car and motorcycle scheme amounting to Rs. 38,224 thousand (2020: Rs. 25,726 thousand) and carry no markup.

## 15 Contract liabilities

- These represent amount received in advance from customers against performance obligations / sales made in subsequent periods i.e. sale of tractors, and carry no mark-up and are unsecured. This includes advances received from related parties of Rs.44,126 thousand (2020: Rs 31,316 thousand). Further, as referred in note 32 to these financial statements, these also include an amount of Rs. 144,720 thousand (2020: Rs.109,438 thousand) representing cheques in hand at the reporting date.
- 15.2 Revenue recognised during the year that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year amounted to Rs. 3,094,220 thousand (2020: Rs.2,735,205 thousand).

For the year ended June 30, 2021

- 16 Contingencies and commitments
- 16.1 Contingencies
- **16.1.1** The Company has provided guarantee amounting to Rs. 5,000 thousand (2020: Rs.5,000 thousand) to banks for repayment of loan by employees. An amount of Rs. 1,133 thousand (2020: Rs. 1,133 thousand) was utilized by employees as at June 30, 2021.
- **16.1.2** Guarantees issued by the banks on behalf of the Company in the normal course of business amount to Rs. 1,039,465 thousand (2020: Rs.524,559 thousand).
- **16.1.3** Income tax returns for the years from 2007 to 2020 have been filed by the Company under the provisions of section 120 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance).

The Income tax department has disputed with the Company's treatment on certain tax matters for the tax years 2013, 2015 and 2016, entailing an additional tax liability of Rs. 678,595 thousand. Of these the only significant tax matter, amounting to Rs. 507,588 thousand, relates to disallowances made by tax authorities in respect of consumption of stock and consequently value of closing stock claimed by the Company in its income tax returns for the tax year 2015. Both the Company and Income tax department are currently in appeal at the Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeals and Appellate tribunal level regarding the tax matters, decisions of which are pending. The management in consultation with their tax advisor is confident that all the tax matters will eventually be decided in the favor of the Company; therefore no provision has been made in these financial statements accordingly.

**16.1.4** The Company is defending a demand of Rs 289,430 thousand from the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue, Lahore and later upheld by the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) against the Company regarding the reduced payment of sales tax on sale of tractors by the Company to its customers in the period June 2016.

The Company filed the appeal in 2017 against the aforementioned orders, to the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) which was ruled in favor of the Company and later challenged by the Commissioner Inland Revenue, Lahore in the High Court, Lahore. During the current year the High Court, Lahore remanded back the case to the ATIR. Hence, the matter is currently pending in ATIR.

The management and the legal advisor are confident that outcome of the case would be in the Company's favor and no payment in this regard would be required, hence no provision there against has been made in these financial statements.

**16.1.5** During the current year the Income tax department has disputed the Company's payment against Workers' Welfare Fund for years 2014 to 2020 and thereby created a demand of Rs. 657,509 thousand under section 4(9) of Workers Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971.

The Company has submitted its response on the aforementioned order to the Income tax department which is currently pending a response. The management in consultation with their tax advisor is confident that the matter will eventually be decided in the favor of the Company; therefore no provision has been made in these financial statements.

- 16.1.6 The Deputy Commission Inland Revenue has issued withholding tax assessment orders u/s 161/205 of the Ordinance for the tax year 2011 creating an initial demand of Rs. 176,000 thousand. The Company preferred an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) (CIR(A)). The CIR(A) passed an order dated January 21, 2015 remanding back the issue to Deputy Commissioner. Reassessment proceedings after being finalized on January 25, 2016 reduced the demand to Rs. 51,000 thousand. The Company is in the process of filing appeal against reassessment proceedings with CIR(A). Furthermore, the tax authorities have filed an appeal before Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the order passed by CIR(A). The management in consultation with their tax advisor are confident that the above matter will eventually be decided in favor of the Company; therefore no provision has been created in these financial statements.
- 16.1.7 The Company is defending a suit for Rs. 19,579 thousand, filed in previous years by an ex-vendor on account of damages and inconvenience. Previously, the case was pending before the Civil Court, Lahore. However during the last year it was held by the Civil Court that the damages of Rs. 15,000 thousand has been awarded in favor of vendor for the aforementioned inconvenience. In addition to that the Company is also required to pay the amount of parts already supplied by the vendor which amounts to Rs 4,579 thousand along with mark up @ 7% per annum till its realization. However the Company has filed an appeal in the Honorable High Court, Lahore against the aforesaid order of Civil Court. The management and the legal advisor are confident that outcome of the case would be in the Company's favor and no payment in this regard would be required, hence no provision there against has been made in these financial statements.
- 16.1.8 The Company is defending a demand of Rs. 3,944 thousand from the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue, Lahore, regarding non payment of sales tax on replacements of warranty parts supplied by the Company to its customers. The Company filed the appeal in 2010 against the aforementioned order passed, to Commissioner of Inland Revenue, Lahore. Which held that the Company is liable to pay the amount of sales tax on warranty parts which amounts to Rs 3,944 thousand along with default surcharge and penalty @ 5% under section 33 of Sales Tax Act, 1990. The Company has filed an appeal against the aforementioned order in the Honorable High Court, Lahore. The management and the legal advisor are confident of favorable outcome of the case, hence no provision in this regard has been made in these financial statements.
- 16.1.9 The Company is defending a demand of Rs. 31,869 thousand from the Customs Authorities (Authorities), alleging the Company for non payment of custom duty and other additional duties. The demand is on account of purchase of certain starter motors and alternators to be used for the manufacture of the tractors. The Company filed an appeal against the said demand and the order passed by Additional Collector, Lahore and Collector Appeals, Lahore before the Customs Appellate Tribunal, Lahore and the said tribunal passed order in favor of the Company. The Custom department has filed reference against the decision in Honorable High Court, Lahore, judgment of which is pending. The Company made payment of Rs. 8,000 thousand under protest in response to demand notice served and obtained stay order from Honorable High Court, Lahore against further recovery action of Authorities. The management are confident that the outcome of the case would be decided in their favor hence no provision relating to aforesaid demand has been made in these financial statements.

### 16.2 Commitments

Commitments in respect of outstanding letters of credit for import of raw material amounting to Rs. 1,831,565 thousand (2020: Rs. 604,243 thousand) at the reporting date.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Note   Freebook   Interestical Control   In	17	Operating fixed assets		Land	Þ	Buildings	ings			Owned			
Oky value basis         (Rupees in thousand)         (Rupees in tho			Note	Freehold	Lease- hold	On freehold land	On leasehold land	Plant and machinery	Furniture and office equipment	Vehicles	Tools and equipment	Computers	Total
one value basis one value va								(Rupees in	thousand)				
ended June 30, 2021         SS 307         8 2034 400         77 8 47 3         86 207         7 12 6475         7 14 066           right book value         17 2 4 173         88 307         8 2034 40         - 17 8 97         3 6 20         7 2 8 6 7         - 2 8 6 7         - 4 1066           right book value         17 4		Net book value basis											
Ingiret book value (17.2 8.173 58.907 8 228.450 - 175.879 36.220 122.625 27.415 14.006 assis (at lock) (at		Year ended June 30, 2021		***************************************									***************************************
ceals (all Cook)         -		Opening net book value	17.2 & 17.3	58,307	8	233,430	-	175,879	36,220	122,625	27,415	14,096	086' 299
ceals (at NBY)         174         —         —         —         —         —         (355)         —         (455)         —         (455)         —         (455)         —         (455)         —         (457)         —         (457)         —         (457)         —         (451)         (456)         —         (451)         (456)         —         (451)         (456)         —         (451)         (456)         —         (451)         (456)         —         (451)         (456)         —         (451)         (456)         —         (451)         (456)         —         (451)         (456)         —         (451)         (456)         —         (451)         (456)         — </td <td></td> <td>Additions (at cost)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>851</td> <td></td> <td>83,537</td> <td>3,077</td> <td>120,460</td> <td>5,324</td> <td>3,408</td> <td>216,657</td>		Additions (at cost)				851		83,537	3,077	120,460	5,324	3,408	216,657
thrents besis be		Disposals (at NBV)	17.4							(22,837)		(360)	(23, 197)
offs begin b		Adjustments			-					(355)	-	(1)	(326)
Octation charge         17.1         —         (18.387)         —         (18.276)         (4.722)         (55.60)         (4.611)         (5.137)           Organic book value         Sep 307         8         22.1884         —         239.657         33.601         194.633         27.787         11.851           Line 30, 2021         Sep 307         8         441.449         2.200         (881.000)         (80.007)         (167.579)         (75.375)         (44.177)           Line 30, 2021         Sep 307         8         441.449         2.200         (881.000)         (80.007)         (167.579)         (75.375)         (441.177)           cock value         Sep 307         8         2.21.884         —         2.296.57         33.601         (167.579)         (75.375)         (441.177)           cock value         Sep 307         8         2.18.84         —         2.296.57         3.801         (146.177)         (146.177)           cock value basis         Sep 307         8         2.19.218         —         2.296.57         4.46.189         7.125         4.40.69           cock value basis         Sep 307         8         2.19.218         —         1.12.109         2.29.50         2.29.50		Write offs						(1,583)	(964)		(341)	(155)	(3,043)
op ret book value basis         58,307         8         221,894         —         299,557         33.607         194,659         27,787         11,851           Luna 30, 2021         Sepok value basis         441,480         290         620,557         33.607         164,579         77,787         11,851           Luna 30, 2021         Sepok value basis         290         620,557         33.607         164,579         77,875         14,717           ock value         Sepok value         290         620,557         33.607         164,579         77,875         14,717           ock value         Sepok value         290         620,557         33.607         164,579         77,875         14,717           ock value         Sepok value         290         620,557         33.607         164,578         77,872         14,871           ock value         Sepok value         290         620,507         166,579         77,973         71,22           ock value basis         Sepok value         290         67,587         146,186         77,873         77,873         71,873           ock value         Sepok value         Sepok value         200         280         25,887         71,873         71,873         71,8		Depreciation charge	17.1			(12,387)		(18,276)	(4,732)	(35,260)	(4,611)	(5,137)	(80,403)
se book value basis         88.307         8 441.480         2.900         620.557         8.3808         852.212         103.162         56.028           unlated depreciation         58.307         8 441.480         2.900         620.557         8.3808         75.735         74.77           ook value depreciation         58.307         8         221.884         2.900         (38.007)         116.579         77.35         74.77           ook value depreciation         6.83.07         8         221.884         2.900         (38.007)         116.579         77.78         11.861           ook value basis         1000         1.0		Closing net book value		58,307	8	221,894	I	239,557	33,601	184,633	27,787	11,851	777,638
June 30, 2021         58 307         8 441,480         2,900         620,557         83,808         352,212         103,162         56,028           mulated depreciation         -         -         2,19,686         (2,900)         (381,000)         (167,579)         (157,379)         (75,375)         (44,177)           ook value         -         -         -         -         -         2,99,557         (381,000)         (167,579)         (75,375)         (44,177)           ook value         -         -         -         -         -         -         2,99,557         (387,007)         (167,579)         (75,375)         (44,177)         (44,177)           ook value basis         -         -         -         -         -         -         110,15         11,46         2,280         67,587         148,138         25,724         14,377           ons (at cost)         -		Gross book value basis											
Sey 307         8         441,480         2,900         620,657         83.808         352,212         103,162         56,028           Ook value         Sey 307         8         221,884         2,290         (381,000)         (36,007)         (167,579)         (75,375)         (75,375)         (441,777)           Ook value         Sex 307         8         221,884         -         5,106         35,007         (167,579)         (75,375)         (441,777)           Ook value basis         Anded June 30, 2020         R         221,884         -         5,106         20,007         (167,579)         (75,375)         (441,777)           Ook value basis         Anded June 30, 2020         R         21,188         R         2,295,572         148,138         25,724         11,811           Ook value basis         Anded June 30, 2020         R         219,218         -         -         12,108         2,280         25,28         7,737         1,122           And Sign In Book value         R         219,218         -         -         -         12,108         2,280         25,280         1,148         25,741         1,149           And Sign In Book value         R         28,307         8         283,490 <td></td> <td>As at June 30, 2021</td> <td></td>		As at June 30, 2021											
ock value basis         58.307         8         221,984         -         55.10         55.10         55.10         167,579         753.757         74,177           ock value basis         eciation rate % per annum         58.307         8         221,984         -         55.10         5         1         16,6207         753.757         71,1851         33           ock value basis         cock value		Cost		58,307	8	441,480	2,900	620,557	83,808	352,212	103,162	56,028	1,718,462
ook value         58,307         8         221,894         -         299,557         3,901         194,633         27,787         11,851           ook value basis         cod value basis         ended June 30,2020         2         5-10         5         10         10-20         20,787         11,851         33           ook value basis         ended June 30,2020         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         3         2         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         4<		Accumulated depreciation		I	I	(219,586)	(2,900)	(381,000)	(50,207)	(167,579)	(75,375)	(44,177)	(940,824)
ook value basis         Fand		Net book value		58,307	8	221,894	I	239,557	33,601	184,633	27,787	11,851	777,638
ook value basis         seg 200 value basis         seg 219,218         seg 219,219         seg 219,21		Depreciation rate % per annum		I	ı	5-10	5	10	10-20	20	10-15	33	
cook value basis         219,218         - 186,230         67,557         148,138         25,724         13,377           ended June 30, 2020         ing net book value         17,2 & 17,3         58,307         8         219,218         - 12,108         2,280         25,724         13,377           ons (at cost)         17,4         - 2         - 20,339         - 4         - (252)         (325)         (22,361)         930         697         (146)           innents         - 2         - 20,339         - 4         - (352)         (23,281)         (325)         (21,73)         (146)           offs         - 3         - 2         - 333         - 4													
ended June 30, 2020		Net book value basis											
ring net book value         17.2 & 17.3         58,307         8         219,218         -         186,230         67,557         148,138         25,724         13,377           ons (at cost)         ons (at cost)         -         -         -         -         12,108         2,280         25,825         7,973         7,122           seals (at NBV)         17.4         -         -         -         -         12,108         2,580         (23,951)         930         697         7,122           tments         -         -         26,339         -         26,339         -         (142)         (161)         -         (3,659)         (23,951)         930         697         (376)           offs         -		Year ended June 30, 2020											
ons (at cost)		Opening net book value	17.2 & 17.3	58,307	&	219,218	1	186,230	67,557	148,138	25,724	13,377	718,559
reals (at NBV)         17.4         -         -         -         -         -         (26.739)         (20.779)         (20.773)         (146)           treents         thrents         -         -         26.339         -         -         (3.529)         (23.951)         930         697         (976)           offs         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         (31.329)         (20.779)         (976)           offs         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         (31.329)         (4.806)         (5.278)           scation charge         17.1         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         (31.329)         (4.806)         (5.278)           spook value         sbook value         - </td <td></td> <td>Additions (at cost)</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>I</td> <td>I</td> <td>I</td> <td>12,108</td> <td>2,280</td> <td>25,825</td> <td>7,973</td> <td>7,122</td> <td>55,308</td>		Additions (at cost)		-	I	I	I	12,108	2,280	25,825	7,973	7,122	55,308
trnents         —         26,339         —         (3,529)         (23,951)         930         697         (976)           offs         —         26,339         —         (3,529)         (23,951)         930         697         (976)           offs         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         (3,529)         (161)         —         (3)           scation charge         17.1         —         —         —         (12,127)         —         (18,678)         (31,328)         (4,806)         (5,278)           ng net book value         58,307         8         233,430         —         175,879         36,220         122,625         27,415         14,096           June 30, 2020         58,307         8         440,630         2,900         552,580         91,501         (170,859)         (72,897)         (43,369)           ook value         58,307         8         233,430         —         175,879         (170,859)         (72,897)         (43,369)           ook value         58,307         8         233,430         —         175,879         170,209         10-20         175,879         140,996         140,996		Disposals (at NBV)	17.4	-	I	I	I	(252)	(325)	(20,779)	(2,173)	(146)	(23,675)
offst         –         –         –         –         –         (142)         (161)         –         (3)           cdation charge         17.1         –         –         –         (18,678)         (9,199)         (31,328)         (4,806)         (5,278)           cdation charge         17.1         –         –         –         –         (18,678)         (9,199)         (31,328)         (4,806)         (5,278)           copic by ordinate basis         –         –         –         –         175,879         36,220         122,625         27,415         14,096           June 30, 2020         –         –         –         (175,870)         552,580         91,501         293,484         100,312         57,465           nulated depreciation         –         –         (2900)         (376,701)         (55,281)         (170,859)         (72,897)         (43,369)           ook value         58,307         8         233,430         –         175,879         36,220         122,625         27,415         14,096           eciation rate % per annum         –         –         –         –         –         –         –         –         –         –         –		Adjustments			1	26,339	1	(3,529)	(23,951)	930	269	(926)	(490)
colation charge         17.1         –         (12,127)         –         (18,678)         (9,199)         (31,328)         (4,806)         (5,278)           g net book value boo		Write offs		-	I	I	I	I	(142)	(161)	I	(3)	(306)
s book value basis         58,307         8         233,430         -         175,879         36,220         122,625         27,415         14,096           s book value basis         100 30, 2020         28,307         440,630         2,900         552,580         91,501         293,484         100,312         57,465           mulated depreciation         -         207,200         (2,900)         (376,701)         (55,281)         (170,859)         (72,897)         (43,369)           ook value         58,307         8         233,430         -         175,879         36,220         122,625         27,415         14,096           eciation rate % per annum         -         5-10         5         10         10-20         20         10-15         33		Depreciation charge	17.1	I	I	(12,127)	I	(18,678)	(9,199)	(31,328)	(4,806)	(5,278)	(81,416)
s book value basis         June 30, 2020       58,307       8       440,630       2,900       552,580       91,501       293,484       100,312       57,465         nulated depreciation       -       -       -       (207,200)       (376,701)       (55,281)       (170,859)       (72,897)       (43,369)         ook value       58,307       8       233,430       -       175,879       36,220       122,625       27,415       14,096         eciation rate % per annum       -       -       5-10       5       10       10-20       30       10-15       33		Closing net book value		58,307	8	233,430	I	175,879	36,220	122,625	27,415	14,096	086'299
June 30, 2020         58,307         8         440,630         2,900         552,580         91,501         293,484         100,312         57,465           mulated depreciation         -         (207,200)         (2,900)         (376,701)         (55,281)         (170,859)         (72,897)         (43,369)           ook value         58,307         8         233,430         -         175,879         36,220         122,625         27,415         14,096           eciation rate % per annum         -         5-10         5         10         10-20         20         10-15         33		Gross book value basis											
58,307         8         440,630         2,900         552,580         91,501         293,484         100,312         57,465           mulated depreciation         -         -         (207,200)         (2,900)         (376,701)         (55,281)         (170,859)         (72,897)         (43,369)           ook value         58,307         8         233,430         -         175,879         36,220         122,625         27,415         14,096           eciation rate % per annum         -         -         5-10         5         10         10-20         20         10-15         33		As at June 30, 2020											
eppreciation         –         –         (207,200)         (2,900)         (376,701)         (55,281)         (170,859)         (72,897)         (43,369)           ate % per annum         –         –         (207,200)         –         175,879         –         175,625         27,415         14,096		Cost		58,307	8	440,630	2,900	552,580	91,501	293,484	100,312	57,465	1,597,187
58,307         8         233,430         -         175,879         36,220         122,625         27,415           ate % per annum         -         -         -         5-10         5         10         10-20         20         10-15		Accumulated depreciation			Ι	(207,200)	(2,900)	(376,701)	(55,281)	(170,859)	(72,897)	(43,369)	(929,207)
- $  5-10$ $5$ $10$ $10-20$ $20$ $10-15$		Net book value		58,307	80	233,430	1	175,879	36,220	122,625	27,415	14,096	667,980
		Depreciation rate % per annum		-	1	5-10	5	10	10-20	20	10-15	33	

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		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
17.1	The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:			
	Cost of sales	34	34,576	33,649
	Distribution and marketing expenses	35	7,574	6,942
	Administrative expenses	36	38,253 80,403	40,825 81,416

- 17.2 Freehold land and building on owned land represents 202,343 square meters of factory land situated at Sheikhupura Road; Sheikhupura, 759 square meters at Khera Gali District Abbottabad; 697 square meters in sector F-6/1 Islamabad; and Corporate office floors in Tricon Corporate Centre Lahore.
- **17.3** Leasehold property represents Igloo hanger / godown measuring total area of 6,662 square meters situated near Brooke Bond factory site area, Karachi.

#### 17.4 Disposal of operating fixed assets

	Particulars of asset	Sold to	Cost	Book value	Sale proceeds	Gain / (Loss) on disposal	Mode of disposal
			(	Rupees in	thousand		
	Fixed assets sold l						
	value greater th	an Rs. 500,000					
		Directors :					
	Vehicle	Mr. Laeeg Uddin Ansari					***************************************
		- a related party	7,500	1,504	1,504	_	As approved by the BOD
		Employees:					
	Vehicle	Mr. Ayaz Khurshid	2,993	1,937	1,937	_	Company car scheme
	Vehicle	Mr. Ayaz Khurshid	2,758	2,482	2,482	_	Company car scheme
	Vehicle	Mr. Waseem Bhatti	1,910	1,188	1,188	_	Company car scheme
	Vehicle	Mr. Waseem Bhatti	1,846	514	514		Company car scheme
	Vehicle	Mr. Khurram Shahzad Toor	1,846	578	578		Company car scheme
	Vehicle	Mr. Muhammad Qayyum	1,398	1,212	1,212	_	Company car scheme
	Vehicle	Mr. Muhammad Bilal	1,250	578	578	_	Company car scheme
-	Vehicle	Mr. Muhammad Shafique	1,078	763	763	_	Company car scheme
	Vehicle	Mr. Muhammad Siddique	1,078	793	793	_	Company car scheme
	Vehicle	Mr. Muhammad Wasim	1,078	853	853	_	Company car scheme
	Fixed assets sold h	having book					
	value less than F	Rs. 500,000	37,899	10,795	10,814	19	
	Year ended: June 3	30, 2021	62,634	23,197	23,216	19	
	Year ended: June 3	30, 2020	54,338	23,675	23,675		

For the year ended June 30, 2021

			Note	2021	2020
				(Rupees in t	nousand)
18	Capital work in progress				
	Plant and machinery			21,146	1,332
	Office equipment			154	_
	Advance for tools and equipment			1,613	1,613
	Advance for vehicles			22,253	_
				45,166	2,945
18.1	Movement in capital work in progress is as follow	vs:			
•	Opening balance			2,945	12,827
	Additions during the year			124,898	4,857
	Capitalized during the year			(82,677)	(14,739)
				45,166	2,945
19	Right-of-use assets				
	Opening net book value			12,931	
	Impact of initial adoption - IFRS 16			_	4,829
	Additions during the year			_	11,327
	Derecognition during the year			(3,978)	_
	Depreciation charged during the year		35	(4,057)	(3,225)
	Closing net book value			4,896	12,931
				Licenses with	
			Software with	indefinite life	
	No	ote	definite life	- Note 20.1	Total
20	Intangible assets				
	Net carrying value basis:				
	Opening net book value as at June 30, 2020		2,105	39,300	41,405
	Additions		_	_	_
	Amortization charge	36	(1,943)	_	(1,943)
	As at June 30, 2021		162	39,300	39,462
	Gross carrying value basis:				
	As at June 30, 2021				
<b>*************************************</b>	Cost		5,992	39,300	45,292
	Accumulated amortization		(5,830)	_	(5,830)
			162	39,300	39,462

	Note	Software with definite life	Licenses with indefinite life - Note 20.1	Total
Opening net book value as at June 30, 2019		4,048	_	4,048
Additions		_	39,300	39,300
Amortization charge	36	(1,943)	_	(1,943)
As at June 30, 2020		2,105	39,300	41,405
Gross carrying value basis:				_
As at June 30, 2020				-
Cost		5,992	39,300	45,292
Accumulated amortization		(3,887)	_	(3,887)
		2,105	39,300	41,405
Rate of amortization		33%	0%	

#### 20.1 Intangible asset with indefinite useful life

Intangible asset with indefinite life having carrying value of Rs. 39,300 thousand (2020: 39,300 thousand) represents lifetime Oracle based user licenses for functioning of Company's ERP system. The Company has performed its annual impairment review for these licenses with indefinite life and noted no indicator of impairment. Moreover, these licenses are also covered with upgradation over time and are not susceptible to technological obsolescence in near future.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
21	Investment property			
	Land		258,444	258,444
***************************************	Provision for impairment	21.5	(2,736)	(2,736)
***************************************			255,708	255,708

- 21.1 This represents residential plots stated at cost. As at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, the fair values of these properties were Rs.355,200 thousand and Rs. 355,200 thousand, respectively. The valuations were performed by an independent valuer, who has appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the properties being valued. The valuation is based on comparable market transactions that considers sales of similar properties that have been transacted in open market.
- 21.2 The valuation method used by the independent valuer was based on market approach method.
- 21.3 The level of hierarchy for fair value disclosed falls in level 2 i.e. inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for real estate properties either directly or indirectly.
- **21.4** Management of the Company believes that holding on to these properties for appreciation in their market value is the highest and best use of these investment properties.
- 21.5 This represents provision for impairment against land measuring 12 kanals and 14.5 marlas located at Raiwind Road having gross value of Rs. 2,736 thousand (2020: 2,736 thousand) at the reporting date.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		202	1	2020	
		Equity % held	Amount	Equity % held	Amount
			(Rupees in th	ousand)	
22	Long term investments				
	Investment in related parties				
***************************************	In subsidiary undertaking - at cost				
	Unquoted				
	Millat Industrial Products Limited				
***************************************	5,737,500 (2020: 5,737,500) fully	64.09	57,375	64.09	57,375
	paid ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each				
***************************************	TIPEG Intertrade DMCC				
	1,500 (2020: 1,500) fully paid	75.00	64,905	75.00	68,925
•	ordinary shares of AED 1,000/- each				
	Millat Equipment Limited				
	11,700,000 (2020: 11,700,000) fully	45.00	117,000	45.00	117,000
***************************************	paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each				
	Quoted				
	Bolan Castings Limited				
	5,306,979 (2020: 5,306,979) fully	46.26	76,610	46.26	76,610
	paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each				
***************************************	Other investment - at FVOCI				
	Unquoted				
***************************************	Arabian Sea Country Club Limited				
***************************************	500,000 (2020: 500,000) fully paid	6.45	5,000	6.45	5,000
	ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each Less:				
	Impairment loss		(5,000)		(5,000)
•	·		_		
***************************************	Hyundai Nishat Motors (Private) Limited				
	150,490,300 (2020: 134,550,000) fully	15.86	1,504,903	18.00	1,345,500
	paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each				
•	Surplus on fair valuation of investment		4,276,935		296,010
	- note 22.2 & 48.1 (Level -3)		5,781,838		1,641,510
	Investment other than related parties- at FVOCI				
***************************************	Quoted				
	Baluchistan Wheels Limited				
	1,282,825 (2020: 1,282,825) fully paid		12,145		12,145
***************************************	ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each				
	Surplus on fair valuation of investment				
	- note 48.1 (Level -1)		89,185		65,761
***************************************	, ,		101,330		77,906
	Unquoted				,
	TCC Management Services (Private) Limited				
	40,000 (2020: 40,000) fully paid		400		400
	ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each				
	2.2		6,199,458		2,039,726
			3, . 30, 130		_,555,720

Investments in associated companies or undertakings have been made in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017.

#### 22.1 Subsidiaries incorporated outside Pakistan

Information about the related party incorporated outside the Pakistan in which the Company has a long term investment and/ or with whom the company had entered into transactions during the year is as follows:

TIPEG Intertrade DMCC
Unit No. 705, Fortune Executive Tower, Jumeirah Lake Towers, Dubai, United Arab Emirates
United Arab Emirates
Subsidiary
75%
Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana
Operational
None
Unmodified opinion
None

- The unconditional amount of equity investment in the foreign subsidiary is AED 1,500 thousand which is equivalent to Rs. 64,905 thousand as on June 30, 2021 (2020: Rs. 68,925 thousand), as disclosed in note 22 to these financial statements.
- The foreign subsidiary has remitted back dividend / return of Rs. 56,902 thousand (2020: Rs. 34,158 thousand) during the year.
- 22.2 This represents investment in the ordinary shares of Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited ('HNMPL') that has setup up a greenfield project for assembly and sales of Hyundai Motor Company passenger and commercial vehicles. Since HNMPL's ordinary shares are not listed, an independent valuer engaged by the Company has estimated a fair value of Rs 38.4 per ordinary share as at June 30, 2021 (2020: Rs.12.2 per ordinary share) through a valuation technique based on discounted cash flow analysis of HNMPL. Hence, it has been classified under level 3 of fair value hierarchy as further explained in note 48.1 to these financial statements. The fair value gain of Rs 3,980,925 thousand (2020: Rs. 296,010 thousand) is included in the fair value gain recognised during the year in other comprehensive income.

The main level 3 inputs used by the Company are derived and evaluated as follows:

- Discount rate is determined using a capital asset pricing model to calculate a post-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to HNMPL.
- Long term growth rate is estimated based on historical performance of HNMPL and current market information for similar type of entities.

The significant assumptions used in this valuation technique are as follows:

- Discount rate of 16.56% per annum.
- Long term growth rate of 4% per annum for computation of terminal value; and
- Annual growth in costs are linked to Inflation and currency devaluation at 5 % per annum and revenues are linked to currency devaluation at 5% per annum.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

#### Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis of the significant assumptions used in the valuation technique are as follows, with all other variables held constant as at June 30, 2021:

			Impact on fa	Impact on fair value gain		
			Increased by 1%	Decreased by 1%		
			(Rupees in	thousand)		
	Significant assumptions					
	- Discount rate		(439,432)	507,152		
	- Long term growth rate		266,368	(227,240)		
	- Inflation rate per annum		(773,520)	788,569		
		Note	2021	2020		
			(Rupees in	thousand)		
23	Long term loans - considered good					
	Loan to employees:					
	company loan	23.1	6,241	4,197		
	motor cycle loan	23.2	1,104	1,647		
		23.3	7,345	5,844		
	Less: current portion included in current assets	27	(4,863)	(3,592)		
			2,482	2,252		

- 23.1 These represent interest free loans to employees secured against their gratuity and provident fund balances. These loans are repayable in monthly installments over a period of twenty four months for executive and thirty six months for workers.
- 23.2 These represent interest free loans to employees for purchase of motor cycles secured by joint registration of motor cycles in the name of the Company and employees. These loans are repayable in monthly installments over a period of sixty months.
- 23.3 Reconciliation of carrying amount of long term loans is:

	2021	2020
	(Rupees in	thousand)
Opening balance	5,844	6,817
Disbursement during the year	7,535	3,995
Repayments during the year	(6,034)	(4,968)
Closing balance	7,345	5,844

23.4 The above loans were provided for personal use of the executives in accordance with approved Human Resource policy and employment terms.

		2021	2020
		(Rupees	s in thousand)
24	Stores, spare parts and loose tools		
***************************************	Stores, spare parts and loose tools	161,329	165,060
	less: provision for obsolescence	_	(7,661)
		161,329	157,399

24.1 Most of the items of stores, spare parts and loose tools are of inter-changeable nature and can be consumed as stores or used as machine spares against capital expenditure. Accordingly, it is not practical to distinguish stores from spares until their actual usage.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
25	Stock in trade			
	Raw material	25.1 & 25.2	4,844,926	3,276,661
	Work-in-process		15,661	30
	Finished goods:			
***************************************	Manufacturing		333,558	420,195
***************************************	Trading		178,439	160,280
			511,997	580,475
			5,372,584	3,857,166

- **25.1** This includes stock in transit amounting to Rs. 678,678 thousand (2020: Rs. 373,837 thousand).
- 25.2 This includes raw materials and components held with third parties amounting to Rs. 32,031 thousand (2020: Rs. 80,145 thousand).

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	n thousand)
26	Trade debts			
26.1	Trade debts from contracts with customers			
	- considered good	26.3	141,234	102,044

26.2 The maximum aggregate amount of trade debts / receivable from related parties at the end of any month during the year was Rs.10,654 thousand (2020: Rs.11,1115 thousand).

		2021	2020
		(Rupees ir	n thousand)
26.3	This includes amount due from following related parties:		
	- Millat Equipment Limited	<del>-</del>	4,631
	- Millat Industrial Products Limited	_	6,127
	- Hyundai Nishat Motors (Private) Limited	525	357
		525	11,115

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	thousand)
27	Loans and advances			
	Current portion of long term loans to employees	23	4,863	3,592
	Advances to employees - considered good	27.1	1,930	14,940
	Advances to suppliers - considered good	27.2	49,566	31,659
			56,359	50,191
	Advances to suppliers - considered doubtful		2,485	2,485
	Less: provision for doubtful advances		(2,485)	(2,485)
			_	_
	Letter of credit opening charges		_	1,678
			56,359	51,869

- 27.1 These represent interest free advances to employees for the purpose of the expenses, tour and salary as per company's approved Human resource policy.
- **27.2** These represent interest free advances given to suppliers as per mutually agreed terms.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
28	Trade deposits and short term prepayments			
	Security deposits	28.1	16,371	17,960
	Prepayments		48,902	25,422
			65,273	43,382

**28.1** These represents interest free security deposits made for tender placement.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
29	Balances with statutory authorities			
	Excise duties receivable		1,637	_
	Sales tax recoverable		4,624,679	1,066,803
	Less: provision for doubtful claims		(34,147)	(34,147)
			4,590,532	1,032,656
			4,592,169	1,032,656
30	Other receivables			
	Claims receivable from suppliers	30.1	107,648	38,343
	Interest accrued		605	367
			108,253	38,710
30.1	This includes amount due from following related parties:			
	- Millat Equipment Limited		4,795	115
	- Millat Industrial Products Limited		65	_
	- Bolan Casting Limited		18,217	2,238
			23,077	2,353

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees	s in thousand)
31	Short term investments			
	Mutual funds - at FVPL	31.1&31.2	5,784,636	_
	Term Deposit Receipt	31.3	350,000	_
			6,134,636	_

31.1 This represents Company's investment in mutual funds as on June 30, 2021 (2020: Rs Nil).

	Note		June 30, 2021	
		Number of units	Fair value per unit	Total
ABL Cash Fund		94,949	10.18	966,673
Atlas Money Market Fund		2,001	505.88	1,012,093
Faysal Money Market Fund		982	101.94	100,117
HBL Money Market Fund		4,412	102.60	452,654
JS Cash Fund		1,474	102.03	150,390
Lakson Money Market Fund		10,026	100.80	1,010,667
MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund		10,261	100.96	1,035,981
UBL Liquidity Plus Fund		10,454	101.02	1,056,061
	31 & 48.1			5,784,636

- **31.2** Fair value per unit has been rounded off to 2 decimal places.
- 31.3 The term deposits are made under conventional mode and carry profit at the rate of 6.8% per annum (2020: Nil).

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
32	Cash and bank balances			
	In hand:			
***************************************	cash		2,343	7,027
	cheques	15.1	144,720	109,438
			147,063	116,465
	At banks:			
	current accounts		320,932	459,140
	deposit accounts	32.1 & 32.2	381,607	1,143,857
			702,539	1,602,997
			849,602	1,719,462

- 32.1 This includes deposits amounting to Rs. Nil thousand (2020: Rs. Nil) placed with Islamic banks under Islamic mode.
- These deposits are made under conventional arrangements and carry mark-up at the rate ranging from 6% to 6.8% (2020: 7.3% to 10.8%) per annum.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
33	Revenue from contracts with customers			
***************************************	Local:			
	Tractors		42,610,262	22,149,422
	Implements		171,293	134,496
	Multi-application products		381,948	326,654
	Trading goods		1,034,654	629,520
	IFS implementation services		5,453	10,611
			44,203,610	23,250,703
	Less:			
	- Trade discount		(99,772)	(62,324)
	- Sales tax and special excise duty		(2,552,413)	(1,202,892)
	- Provincial sales tax on services		(603)	(2,072)
			(2,652,788)	(1,267,288)
			41,550,822	21,983,415
	Export:			
	Tractors		2,863,256	1,120,145
	Trading goods		109,041	141,430
	Multi-application products		_	2,344
	IFS services		7,642	4,290
			2,979,939	1,268,209
			44,530,761	23,251,624
	Less: Commission		(576,983)	(309,349)
		33.1	43,953,778	22,942,275

33.1 This represents revenue earned from Shariah compliant business segments.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
34	Cost of sales			
	Components consumed		32,729,316	17,471,708
***************************************	Salaries, wages and amenities	34.1	373,257	278,376
***************************************	Contract services		367,036	282,110
	Fuel and power		124,099	103,652
***************************************	Communication		140	206
***************************************	Travelling and vehicle running		10,479	13,224
***************************************	Printing and stationery		5,146	4,422
	Insurance		25,984	22,118
***************************************	Repairs and maintenance		68,445	54,380
***************************************	Stores and spares consumed		121,405	75,970
***************************************	Depreciation	17.1	34,576	33,649
***************************************	Other expenses		31,850	25,153
			33,891,733	18,364,968
	Add: opening work-in-process		30	17,782
***************************************	Less: closing work-in-process		(15,661)	(30)
			(15,631)	17,752
	Cost of goods manufactured		33,876,102	18,382,720
***************************************	Add: opening finished goods		420,195	246,003
***************************************	Less: closing finished goods		(333,558)	(420,195)
			86,637	(174,192)
	Cost of sales - manufactured		33,962,739	18,208,528
***************************************	Cost of sales - trading	34.2	719,945	488,151
***************************************			34,682,684	18,696,679

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
34.1	This includes the following staff retirement			
	benefit (income) / expense:			
	Defined benefit plan - pension		8,921	(8,176)
	Defined contribution plan - gratuity		3,537	4,326
	Defined contribution plan - provident fund		7,447	7,454
	Provision for compensated absences		2,241	(3,281)
			22,146	323
34.2	Cost of sales - trading			
	Opening stock		160,280	160,738
	Purchases		738,104	487,693
			898,384	648,431
	Closing stock		(178,439)	(160,280)
	<u> </u>		719,945	488,151
35	Distribution and marketing expenses			
	Salaries and amenities	35.1	136,455	106,466
	Contract services		46,272	36,142
	Fuel and power		9,861	8,600
	Communication		857	744
	Travelling and vehicle running		23,517	35,551
	Printing and stationery		4,701	3,379
	Insurance		13,946	15,176
	Trademark fee	35.2	372,513	248,712
	Advertisement and sales promotion		8,084	9,678
***************************************	Depreciation	17.1	7,574	6,942
	Depreciation charge for the right-of-use assets	19	4,057	3,225
	Meeting / convention			8,095
***************************************	After sales support		42,343	31,121
	Carriage, sea freight and wharfage		159,589	36,227
	Other expenses		24,861	17,780
			854,630	567,838
35.1	This includes the following staff retirement			
JU. 1	benefit (income) / expense:			
	Defined benefit plan - pension		5,634	(5,164)
	Defined contribution plan - gratuity		2,919	2,833
	Defined contribution plan - graduly		3,750	3,792
	Provision for compensated absences		804	(1,178)

35.2 Trademark fee is incurred under a trademark agreement between the Company and M/S Massey Ferguson Corp., having its registered office situated at 4205 River Green Parkway, Duluth, Georgia 30096, United States of America.

Under the trademark agreement M/S Massey Ferguson grants exclusive rights to the Company for use of its brand name with certain terms and conditions.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

	the year chaca same so, 2021	Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	
36	Administrative expenses		` .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Salaries and amenities	36.1	283,172	197,383
	Contract services		59,249	50,438
	Fuel and power		16,823	15,628
	Communication		3,410	3,694
	Travelling and vehicle running		19,819	20,468
	Insurance		8,843	7,463
	Repairs and maintenance		21,719	13,236
***************************************	Security		20,788	18,473
	Legal and professional	36.2	17,153	11,342
	Depreciation	17.1	38,253	40,825
	Amortization of intangible asset	20	1,943	1,943
	Rent, rates and taxes		20,025	6,741
	Fee and subscription		4,999	4,023
	Entertainment		6,019	5,232
	Property, plant and equipment written off		504	294
	Other expenses		56,650	50,995
			579,369	448,178
36.1	This includes the following staff retirement			
	benefit (income) / expense:			
	Defined benefit plan - pension		8,921	(8,176
	Defined contribution plan - gratuity		1,797	1,412
	Defined contribution plan - provident fund		8,276	7,837
	Provision for compensated absences		2,701	(3,954
			21,695	(2,881
36.2	Legal and professional expenses include			
	following in respect of auditors' services:			
	Statutory audit		1,890	1,709
	Half year review		197	179
	Special reports and sundry certifications		377	341
	Out of pocket expenses		105	100
			2,569	2,329
37	Other operating expenses			
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund	14.3	423,151	160,070
	Workers' Welfare Fund		160,797	64,028
	Loss on translation of foreign			
	investment - TIPEG Intertrade DMCC		4,020	
	Donations	37.1 & 37.2	1,893	5,559
•	Bad debts written off		3,932	
	Provision for obsolescence of stores and spares			7,661
•	Exchange loss		22,273	58,485
			616,066	295,803

#### **37.1** The particulars of the donation exceeding Rs 1,000 thousand are as follows:

	Note	2021	2020
		(Rupees	s in thousand)
Name of donee			
Namal Education Foundation	37.2	_	4,809

#### **37.2** Donation includes the following in which a director or his spouse is interested:

	Name of director	Name of Donee	Interest in Donee	2021 (Rupees in t	2020 housand)
	Mr. Sikandar	Namal Education			•
	Mustafa Khan	Foundation	Vice Chairperson	_	4,809
			Note	2021	2020
				(Rupees in t	housand)
38	Other income				
***************************************	Income from financia	al assets			
	Dividend income from	n Baluchistan Wheels Limited	38.1	1,924	2,565
***************************************	Return on bank depo	osits and TDRs	38.2	58,645	20,465
***************************************	Gain on sale of short	term investments net- at FVPL	38.3	61,807	1,178
***************************************	Fair value gain on sh	ort term investments - at FVPL	38.4	4,953	_
***************************************	Dividend income from	m short term investments - at F\	VPL 38.5	70,475	2,711
***************************************	Gain on translation o	f foreign investment -			
	TIPEG Intertrade D	MCC		_	5,325
	Interest received on	early payments and advances		70,370	26,953
				268,174	59,197
	Income from investm	ent in subsidiary			
	Dividend income from	n Millat Equipment Limited		257,400	117,000
	Dividend income from	n TIPEG Intertrade DMCC		56,902	34,158
			38.1	314,302	151,158
***************************************	Income from assets of	other than financial assets			
	Rental income			27,174	15,758
	Scrap sales			43,769	13,236
	Gain on disposal of	property, plant and equipment	17.4	19	_
	Sundry income		38.6	9,716	10,830
	Multiapp products se	ervice income		3,988	3,408
	Lab income			167	107
				84,833	43,339
				667,309	253,694

**<sup>38.1</sup>** Dividend income is earned from investments in non-Shariah-compliant companies.

<sup>38.2</sup> This includes profit of Rs.Nil thousand (2021: Rs.Nil) earned on deposits made under Islamic mode.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		2021	2020
		(Rupees in t	housand)
38.3	Gain / (loss) on sale of short term investments - at FVPL		
	ABL Cash Fund	7,747	_
	ABL Islamic Income Fund	709	_
	Alfalah GHP Money Market Fund	2,466	_
	Atlas Money Market Fund	1,413	1,178
	HBL Money Market Fund	13,882	_
	Lakson Money Market Fund	12,044	_
	MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund	23,754	_
	NIT Government Bond Fund	(835)	_
	UBL Liquidity Income Plus Fund	627	_
		61,807	1,178
38.4	Fair value gain on short term investments - at FVPL		
	ABL Cash Fund	199	_
	Atlas Money Market Fund	1,902	_
***************************************	Faysal Money Market Fund	25	_
***************************************	HBL Money Market Fund	793	_
	JS Cash Fund	29	_
	Lakson Money Market Fund	501	
	MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund	1,057	
	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund	447	
		4,953	_
38.5	Dividend income from short term investments - at FVPL		
	ABL Cash Fund	17,788	_
	Atlas Money Market Fund	11,332	2,711
	Faysal Money Market Fund	108	_
***************************************	HBL Money Market Fund	2,189	_
	JS Cash Fund	425	_
	Lakson Money Market Fund	11,032	
	MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund	20,139	
	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund	7,462	
•		70,475	2,711

<sup>38.6</sup> This includes income received as tender money in case of auctions and late delivery charges from suppliers.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
39	Finance cost			
	Bank charges and mark-up on short term			
	borrowings - secured	39.1 & 39.2	367	213,498
	Interest expense on long term financing	39.3	2,427	_
	Interest expense against lease liability		1,261	1,355
	Mark-up on Workers Profit Participation Fund		1,359	_
	Bank charges		3,850	2,983
			9,264	217,836

- 39.1 This represents markup paid under conventional mode of financing arrangements having mark up rates ranging from KIBOR plus 0.04% to KIBOR plus 0.25% (2020: KIBOR plus 0.04% to KIBOR plus 0.5%) per annum.
- 39.2 This includes an amount of Rs. 46 thousand (2020: Rs 7,167 thousand) paid as markup under Islamic mode of financing.
- 39.3 This represents interest expense against long term financing net of unwinding of Government grant income for the year recognised as per IAS-20, amounting to Rs. 22,026 thousand (2020: Rs.Nil).

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
40	Taxation			
	For the year charge / (income / reversal):			
	current		2,066,556	800,075
	deferred		19,470	26,079
			2,086,026	826,154
	Prior years:			
	current		12,121	(7,067)
		40.1	2,098,147	819,087
			2021	2020
			%	%
40.1	Numerical reconciliation between average effective tax ra	te		
	and the applicable tax rate.			
	Applicable tax rate		29.00	29.00
	- Effect of change in prior year		0.15	(0.24)
	- Income chargeable to tax at different rates		(2.49)	(2.35)
	- Others		(0.03)	1.17
			(2.37)	(1.42)
	Average effective tax rate		26.63	27.58

**40.2** The current tax expense has been computed using the tax rate enacted for the tax year 2021.

#### For the year ended June 30, 2021

40.3 Management's assessment on sufficiency of provision for income taxes

A comparison of provision on account of income taxes with most recent tax assessment for last three tax years is as follows:

	2020	2019	2018
		(Rupees in thousan	d)
Tax assessed as per most recent tax assessment	812,196	1,524,849	2,361,733
Provision in accounts for income tax	812,196	1,524,849	2,361,733

The tax assessed as per most recent tax assessment for the year 2020, 2019 and 2018 is based on "deemed assessment" as per income tax return filed for respective years.

As at June 30, 2021, as per the treatments adopted in tax returns filed that are based on the applicable tax laws and decisions of appellate authorities on similar matters, the provision in accounts for income tax is sufficient as there are strong grounds that the said treatments are likely to be accepted by the tax authorities.

#### 41 Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer, Directors and Executives

The aggregate remuneration recognized in these financial statements including certain benefits to the Chief Executive Officer, Directors and Executives of the Company are as follows:

_	Chief Execu	hief Executive Officer		Directors		Execu	utives	
	2021	2020	20	)21	20	20	2021	2020
			Non Executive Director	Executive Director	Non Executive Director	Executive Director		
Number of persons	1	1	1	1	1	1	35	34
				(Rupees in	thousand)			
Managerial remuneration	14,558	12,778	1,116	873	2,571	1,416	73,601	66,145
Cost of living allowance	_	_	1,116	873	2,571	1,416	24,693	22,098
Bonus	8,603	3,534	6,380	4,948	762	591	49,754	5,197
House rent	6,551	5,750	502	393	1,157	637	30,824	26,830
Contribution to provident								
fund and gratuity funds	1,458	1,280	_	_	_	_	11,483	10,345
Pension contribution	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,154	3,757
Medical expenses	222	276	1,166	993	298	790	5,817	4,655
Utilities	390	347	899	834	607	744	8,216	7,451
Other allowances and								
reimbursable expenses	2,256	2,163	746	686	1,195	897	12,666	8,263
	34,038	26,128	11,925	9,600	9,161	6,491	221,208	154,741

- **41.1** The Company has also provided the Chief Executive Officer, Directors and certain employees with free use of Company maintained cars and residential utilities.
- 41.2 Aggregate amount charged to profit or loss for the year in respect of meeting fee to two directors (2020: two directors) was Rs. 1,800 thousand (2020: Rs. 1,150 thousand) and travelling expenses Rs. 48 thousand (2020: Rs. 334 thousand).

#### 42 Transactions with related parties

Related parties comprises of associated entities, entities under common control, entities with common directors, major shareholders, post employment benefit plans and key management personnel, inclusive of directors, and their close family members. Amounts due from and to related parties are shown under respective notes to the financial statements. Amounts of operating assets sold during the year are mentioned in note 17.4 Amounts due from Directors and key management personnel are shown under receivables and remuneration of Directors and key management personnel is disclosed in note 41. Other significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

	2021	2020
Nature of transaction	(Rupees in thousand)	
Sale of goods	1,966,482	650,941
Sale of services	_	6,614
Purchase of components	7,936,266	4,069,335
Payment of compensation to staff	18,779	22,654
Dividend income	314,302	151,158
Sale of services	4,850	1,925
Purchase of fixed assets	14,608	_
Investment made	159,403	355,500
Sale of assets	1,573	116
Contribution to employees' defined	8,653	9,929
benefit plan		
Contribution to defined		
contribution plan	8,253	8,570
Amount contributed	19,473	19,083
	Sale of goods Sale of services Purchase of components Payment of compensation to staff Dividend income Sale of services Purchase of fixed assets Investment made Sale of assets Contribution to employees' defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan	Nature of transaction(Rupees in the state of goods)Sale of goods1,966,482Sale of services-Purchase of components7,936,266Payment of compensation to staff18,779Dividend income314,302Sale of services4,850Purchase of fixed assets14,608Investment made159,403Sale of assets1,573Contribution to employees' defined8,653benefit planContribution to definedcontribution plan8,253

- **42.1** The Company intends to take the approval of the transactions with subsidiaries from the shareholders in General Meeting.
- **42.2** Transactions with related parties are carried out on mutually agreed terms and conditions.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

**42.3** The names of related parties with whom the Company has entered into transactions or had agreements / arrangements in place during the year:

Name of the related party	Basis of relationship	Percentage of shareholding (%)
Millat Equipment Limited	Subsidiary	45.00
Millat Industrial Products Limited	Subsidiary	64.09
Bolan Castings Limited	Subsidiary	46.26
TIPEG Intertrade DMCC	Subsidiary	75.00
Arabian Sea Country Club Limited	Common Directorship	6.45
Hyundai Nishat Motors (Private) Limited	Common Directorship	15.86

#### 43 Earnings per share - Basic and diluted

#### 43.1 Basic earnings per share

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit after tax for the year by weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year as follows:

outstartaining during the year as follows.	Note	2021	2020
		(Rupees in	thousand)
Profit after tax for the year		5,780,927	2,150,548
		(Number of in thou	
Weighted average number of ordinary			
shares outstanding during the year		56,058	56,058
		(Rup	ees)
			restated
Earnings per share	43.2	103.12	38.36

During the year, a 12.5% issue of bonus shares in the ratio of one bonus share for every eight shares held by the shareholders was proposed in the Board of Directors meeting held on February 19, 2021. The effect of the issue of 6,228 thousand bonus shares of Rs. 10 each has been accounted for in these financial statements and the prior year EPS has been restated as per requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework.

#### 43.3 Diluted earnings per share

No figure for diluted earnings per share has been presented as the Company has not issued any instruments carrying options which would have an impact on earnings per share when exercised.

		Note	2021 (Rupees in t	2020 housand)
44	Cash generated from operations			•
	Profit before taxation		7,879,074	2,969,635
	Adjustment for:		, , -	, ,
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	17.1	80,403	81,416
	Depreciation charged to related parties	17	356	490
	Depreciation charge for the right-of-use assets	35	4,057	3,225
	Amortization of intangible assets	20	1,943	1,943
•	Bad debts written off	37	3,932	_
	Provision for accumulating compensated absences		5,746	(8,413)
	Profit on bank deposits	38	(58,645)	(20,465)
	Dividend income from long term investments	38	(316,226)	(153,723)
	Dividend income from short term investments	38.5	(70,475)	(2,711)
	Charged to employees' defined benefit plan		23,477	(21,517)
	Provision for gratuity		8,253	8,570
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	17.4	(19)	_
	Property, plant and equipment written off	17	3,043	306
	Gain on sale of short term investments - at FVPL	38.3	(61,807)	(1,178)
	Fair value gain on short term investments - at FVPL	38	(4,953)	_
	Loss / (Gain) on translation of foreign investment	37 & 38	4,020	(5,325)
	Finance costs	39	9,264	217,836
	Exchange loss	37	22,273	58,485
	Provision for Workers' Profit Participation Fund	37	423,151	160,070
	Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund	37	160,797	64,028
	Provision for obsolescence of stores and spares	37	_	7,661
	Working capital changes	44.1	5,851,369	(24,533)
			13,969,033	3,335,800
44.1	Working capital changes			
	(Increase) / decrease in current assets			
	Stores and spares		(3,930)	(14,261)
	Stock in trade		(1,515,418)	(708,577)
	Trade debts		(43,122)	(55,407)
	Loans and advances		(4,490)	62,007
	Trade deposits and short term prepayments		(21,891)	2,719
	Other receivables		(69,305)	48,215
			(1,658,156)	(665,304)
	Increase/ (decrease) in current liabilities:			
	Trade and other payables		710,784	293,157
	Contract liabilities		6,798,741	347,614
	Net working capital changes		5,851,369	(24,533)

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees i	in thousand)
45	Cash and cash equivalents			
***************************************	Cash and bank balances	32	849,602	1,719,462
	Short term investments - Term Deposit Receipt (TDR)	31	350,000	_
			1,199,602	1,719,462

#### 46 Operating segments

- **46.1** These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment
- **46.2** Revenue from contracts with customers relating to sale of tractors represents 96% (June 30, 2020: 96%) of the gross revenue from contracts with customers of the Company.
- **46.3** 93% (June 30, 2020: 94%) of the revenue from contracts with customers of the Company relates to customers in Pakistan.
- 46.4 All non-current assets of the Company at the respective reporting dates are located in Pakistan.

#### 47 Financial risk management

Financial instruments comprise loans and advances, trade deposits, trade debts, other receivables, short term investments, cash and bank balances, short term borrowings, long term deposits, interest/mark-up accrued on short term borrowings, long term loans, lease liabilities and trade and other payables.

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Market risk
- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk

The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Company's management of capital.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to react to changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

#### 47.1 Market risk

#### (a) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly from future commercial transactions or receivables and payables that exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

Monetary items, including financial assets and financial liabilities, denominated in currency other than functional currency of the Company are periodically restated to Pak rupee equivalent and the associated gain or loss is taken to the profit or loss. Currently, the Company's foreign exchange risk exposure is restricted to the amounts receivable from/payable to the foreign entities. The Company's exposure to currency risk is as follows:

	Currency	2021	2020
		(FCY in	thousand)
Receivables	GBP	1	5
	USD	110	117
	EUR	31	31
	CNY	19	_
Trade and other payables	GBP	521	1,297
	USD	1,414	1,352
	EUR	_	467
	CNY	780	983

The following analysis demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before tax.

	Changes in rate	Effects on profit before tax	Effects on profit before tax
		2021	2020
		(Rupees in	
Receivables/ (Trade and other payables) - GBP	+1	(520)	(1,293)
	-1	520	1,293
Receivables/ (Trade and other payables) - USD	+1	(1,304)	(1,235)
Ticochables, (Tidde and enter payables)	-1	1,304	1,235
Receivables/ (Trade and other payables) - EUR	+1	31	(436)
	-1	(31)	436
Trade and other payables - CNY	+1	(761)	(983)
	-1	761	983
		2021	2020
		(Rup	ees)
Reporting date rate per:			
GBP to PKR		219.28	207.68
USD to PKR		158.30	168.75
EUR to PKR		188.71	189.73
CNY to PKR		24.76	24.00

For the year ended June 30, 2021

#### (b) Other price risk

Other price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Company is not exposed to commodity price risk since it has a diverse portfolio of commodity suppliers. The long-term equity instrument held by the Company does not trade on a regular basis on the stock exchange and historically, it does not have a direct correlation with the equity index of the Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX). Therefore, it is not possible to measure the impact of increase / decrease in the PSX Index on the Company's profit after taxation for the year and on equity (fair value reserve).

Short-term investments pertain to investment in mutual funds. These investment are carefully managed and observed on the basis of duly approved policy by Board of Directors. The underlying composition of these mutual funds does not involve equity instruments therefore it does not have any co-relation with stock market. Hence, the Company is not exposed to other price risk in this avenue as well.

#### (c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company has no significant long-term interest-bearing assets. The Company's interest rate risk arises from short term and long term borrowings. Borrowings obtained at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. The Company mitigates its risk against the exposure by focusing on short-term investment and maintaining adequate bank balances.

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

	Note	2021	2020
		(Rupees in	thousand)
Fixed rate instruments			
Financial liabilities			
Long term finance- secured	11	291,612	128,935
Financial assets			
Term Deposit Receipt	31	350,000	_
Floating rate instruments			
Financial assets			
Bank balances - deposit accounts	32.2	381,607	1,143,857

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rate at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss of the Company.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The following analysis demonstrates the sensitivity to a change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before tax. This analysis is prepared assuming the amounts of floating rate instruments outstanding at reporting dates were outstanding for the whole year.

		Changes in interest rate	Effects on profit before tax
		(Rupees in	thousand)
Bank balances - deposit accounts	2021	+1%	3,816
		-1%	(3,816)
	2020	+1%	1,761
		-1%	(1,761)

#### 47.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted. Out of total financial assets of Rs. 13,142,939 thousand (2020: Rs.3,618,776 thousand), the unsecured financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs. 7,247,753 thousand (2020: Rs. 1,871,149 thousand).

For trade receivables, internal risk assessment process determines the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial positions, past experiences and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external credit worthiness ratings in accordance with limits set by the management. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counter parties are banks and mutual funds with reasonably high credit ratings. Further the Company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk as its exposure is spread over a large number of counter parties and subscribers in case of trade debts.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows:

		Note	2021	2020
47.2.1			(Rupees in	thousand)
	Trade debts	47.2.2	141,234	102,044
	Trade deposits		16,371	17,960
	Other receivables		108,253	38,710
	Short term investments		6,134,636	_
	Bank balances and cheques in hand		847,259	1,712,435
			7,247,753	1,871,149
47.2.2	The aging of trade receivables at the repo	orting date is:		
	Past due 1 - 3 Months		107,338	77,553
	Past due 4 - 6 Months		26,834	19,388
	Past due one year		7,062	5,103
			141,234	102,044

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Based on management's assessment of the expected credit loss no material impairment is necessary in respect of trade receivables past due, as some receivables have been recovered subsequent to the year end and for other receivables, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the amounts will be recovered in short course of time.

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty default rate. The table below shows the bank balances and short term investment held with some major counterparties at the reporting date:

Rating

2021

2020

Balances with banks	Short term	Long term	Agency	(Rupees in 1	housand)
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	4,613	21,883
Bank Alfalah Limited	A-1+	AA+	VIS	19,423	1,120,008
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	221,188	294,729
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	317,231	72,182
Meezan Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	3,840	3,392
MCB Islamic Bank Limited	A1	Α	PACRA	1,492	492
National Bank of Pakistan	A-1+	AAA	VIS	5,000	313
Sindh Bank Limited	A-1	A+	VIS	2,058	2,289
Standard Chartered					-
Bank (Pakistan) Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	5,587	7,639
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	98,178	66,673
Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	23,929	13,397
				702,539	1,602,997
Short term investments		Rating	Agency	2021 (Rupees in t	2020 thousand)
a) Mutual funds					
ABL Cash Fund		AA+(f)	VIS	966,673	_
Atlas Money Market Fund		AA+(f)	PACRA	1,012,093	_
Faysal Money Market Fund		AA (f)	PACRA	100,117	_
HBL Money Market Fund		AA+(f)	VIS	452,654	_
JS Cash Fund		AA+(f)	PACRA	150,390	_
Lakson Money Market Fund		AA+(f)	PACRA	1,010,667	_
MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund		AA+(f)	PACRA	1,035,981	_
UBL Liquidity Plus Fund		AA+(f)	JCR-VIS	1,056,061	_
b) Term Deposit Receipts					
MCB Bank Limited		AAA	PACRA	350,000	
		(long term)		6,134,636	

#### 47.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. At June 30, 2021, the Company had Rs. 5,305,000 thousand (2020: Rs.5,300,000 thousand) available borrowing limits from financial institutions and Rs. 849,602 thousand (2020: Rs. 1,719,462 thousand) cash and bank balances.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at June 30, 2021:

	Carrying	Less than	More than
	amount	one year	one year
		(Rupees in thousand)	
Trade and other payables	3,527,703	3,527,703	_
Unclaimed dividend	271,595	271,595	_
Unpaid dividend	74,403	74,403	_
Long term finance- secured	329,332	180,441	148,891
Lease liabilities against right-of-use assets	5,828	4,386	1,442
Long term deposits	13,433	<del>-</del>	13,433
	4,222,294	4,058,528	163,766

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at June 30, 2020:

Carrying	Less than	More than
amount	one year	one year
	(Rupees in thousand	)
2,805,646	2,805,646	_
277,113	277,113	_
10,004	10,004	_
128,935	26,944	101,991
13,587	3,706	9,881
12,643	_	12,643
3,247,928	3,123,413	124,515
	2,805,646 277,113 10,004 128,935 13,587 12,643	amount         one year           (Rupees in thousand)           2,805,646         2,805,646           277,113         277,113           10,004         10,004           128,935         26,944           13,587         3,706           12,643         -

# ents by categories

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended June 30, 2021

NOTES TO THE

	other comprehensive	At rair value inrougn other comprehensive	At Tair value through	alue gh	At amortised cost	rrised st	Total	<u>a</u>
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
				(Rupees in thousand)	thousand)			
Financial assets								
Long term investments	5,883,568	1,719,816	•				5,883,568	1,719,816
Loans and advances			1		9,275	20,784	9,275	20,784
Trade debts			1		141,234	102,044	141,234	102,044
Trade deposits		1	1		16,371	17,960	16,371	17,960
Other receivables			1		108,253	38,710	108,253	38,710
Short term investments			5,784,636		350,000	1	6,134,636	
Cash and bank balances	1		1	-	849,602	1,719,462	849,602	1,719,462
	5,883,568	1,719,816	5,784,636		1,474,735	1,898,960	13,142,939	3,618,776
Total current							7,256,889	1,896,708
Total non-current							5,886,050	1,722,068

	At fair value through other comprehensive	e through rehensive	At fair value through	value igh	At amortised cost	rtised st	Total	<u>a</u>
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
				(Rupees in thousand)	thousand)			
Financial liabilities								
Trade and other payables	1		I		3,527,703	2,805,646	3,527,703	2,805,646
Unclaimed dividend			1		271,595	277,113	271,595	277,113
Unpaid dividend	ı	-	ı		74,403	10,004	74,403	10,004
Term finance	1	-	1	-	291,612	128,935	291,612	128,935
Lease liabilities against right-of-use assets	ı	-	ı	1	5,828	13,587	5,828	13,587
Long term deposits	ı	ı	1	1	13,433	12,643	13,433	12,643
	ı	ı	ı	1	4,184,574	3,247,928	4,184,574	3,247,928
Total current							4,020,808	3,123,413
Total non-current							163,766	124,515

# 47.5 Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to financing. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or provide adequate returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The capital structure of the Company is equity based with minimal long term other measures commensuration to the circumstances.

47.4

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#### 48 Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Underlying the definition of the fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern and there is no intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on arm's length basis.

The carrying values of other financial assets and financial liabilities reflected in financial statements approximate to their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

#### 48.1 Fair value hierarchy

IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement requires the Company to classify fair value measurement and fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurement of fair value hierarchy, which has the following levels:

- Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price.
- Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable.
- Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data. Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:
- Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments.
- The fair value of interest Rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.
- Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

The carrying values of all financial and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

Transfer between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized at the end of the reporting period during which the changes have occurred, if any. The Company's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period. Changes between various levels of fair value hierarchy are analyzed at the end of each reporting period during the annual valuation discussion between the Chief Financial Officer and the management of investee company. As part of this discussion, the investee company presents a report that explains the reason for the fair value movement, if any. There have been no transfers between various levels of the fair value hierarchy during the respective reporting periods.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

As at June 30, 2021, the Company held the following financial instruments carried at fair value:

	Note	2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
			(Rupees in	housand)	
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial assets measured - FVOCI					
Long term investments - Equity shares	22	5,883,568	101,330	_	5,782,238
Financial assets measured - FVPL					
Investment in mutual funds	31	5,784,636	5,784,636	_	_
		11,668,204	5,885,966	_	5,782,238

Date of valuation: June 30, 2021

There were no financial liabilities measured at fair value as at June 30, 2021.

As at June 30, 2020, the Company held the following financial instruments carried at fair value:

	Note	2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
			(Rupees in	thousand)	
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial assets measured - FVOCI					
Long term investments - Equity shares	22	1,719,816	77,906	-	1,641,910
		1,719,816	77,906	_	1,641,910

Date of valuation: June 30, 2020

There were no financial liabilities measured at fair value as at June 30, 2020.

#### Movement / reconciliation of fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy

	Note	2021	2020
		(Rupees i	in thousand)
Opening balance		1,641,910	990,400
Investment made during the year		159,403	355,500
Surplus on fair valuation of investment		3,980,925	296,010
	22	5,782,238	1,641,910

#### 49 Provident fund trust

49.1 The Company has maintained an employee provident fund trust and investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Act and the conditions specified thereunder. Details regarding investments of the provident fund trust are as follows:

	Note	2021	2020	
		(Rupees in t	(Rupees in thousand)	
Size of the fund		577,083	610,856	
Cost of investment made	49.2	432,728	484,211	
Percentage of investment made		75%	79%	
Fair value of investment		589,193	618,686	

		20	2021		2020	
		(Rupees in thousand)	Percentage of total fund	(Rupees in thousand)	Percentage of total fund	
49.2	Breakup of investment - cost					
	Investment in shares (listed securities)	1,975	0%	2,656	0%	
	Term Deposit Receipts (TDR)	430,753	75%	481,555	79%	
		432,728	75%	484,211	79%	

- **49.3** The above information is based on audited financial statements of the provident fund.
- 49.4 Cost of ordinary shares of the Company held by the provident fund trust as at year end amounts to Rs. 1,975 thousand (2020: Rs. 2,656 thousand).

		2021	2020	
		Units pe	Units per annum	
50	Capacity and production			
	Tractors			
	Plant capacity (double shift)	30,000	30,000	
	Actual production	35,529	20,760	

The Company has a normal capacity of producing 30,000 tractors per annum on double shift basis. However, the excess production over normal capacity is due to working on overtime schedules to meet the higher demand.

		2021	2020
51	Number of employees		
	Total number of employees at the end of the year	346	360
	Total number of factory employees at the end of the year	119	135
	Average number of employees during the year	353	374
	Average number of factory employees during the year	127	145

The number of employees mentioned above does not include third party contractual employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

#### 52 Subsequent events

The Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on September 17, 2021 has proposed a final cash dividend of Rs. 50/- per share (2020: Rs. 30 per share) and 20% bonus shares (2020: Nil) in respect of the year ended June 30, 2021. The appropriation will be approved by the members in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. These financial statements do not include the effect of these appropriations which will be accounted for subsequent to the year end.

#### 53 Date of authorization for issue

These financial statements were authorized for issue by Board of Directors of the Company in the meeting held on September 17, 2021.

#### 54 Corresponding figures

Other than as disclosed in note 43.2, there has been no significant re-classifications or rearrangement of corresponding figures in these financial statements.

#### 55 General

55.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of rupees, unless otherwise stated.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Chairman

# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **GROUP DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The Directors are pleased to present their report together with the audited Group Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### THE GROUP

The Group comprises Millat Tractors Limited (MTL) (Holding Company) and its subsidiaries i.e., Millat Industrial Products Limited (MIPL), TIPEG INTERTRADE DMCC, Dubai, U.A.E., Bolan Castings Limited (BCL) and Millat Equipment Limited (MEL).

# MILLAT INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS LIMITED

#### a. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The present Board consists of seven directors of which six directors were elected in the 19th Annual General Meeting of the Company held on October 30, 2020. During the year a casual vacancy was created due to death of Mr. Latif Khalid Hashmi which was filled by appointment of Mr. Sohail Ahmed Nisar. The Directors of the company are: M/s. Sikandar Mustafa Khan, Sohail Bashir Rana, Laeeq Uddin Ansari, Mian Muhammad Saleem, Ahsan Imran Shaikh, Javed Aslam and Sohail Ahmad Nisar.

# b. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES, DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE OF COMPANY'S BUSINESS

The Company is engaged in the business of manufacture and sale of vehicular, industrial and domestic batteries. Sales during the year were Rs. 1,716.362 million and net profit after tax was Rs. 76.550 million. Earning per share for the year was Rs. 8.55.

Solar batteries with enhanced backup time are being made to meet the requirement of solar customers. Sale of deep cycle batteries also increased during the year. Keeping in view the market requirement, maintenance free battery will be marketed in near future.

#### c. PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The major risks and uncertainties being faced by the Company are fluctuation in prices of raw material, increased cost of imported raw material due to unprecedented devaluation of Rupee, low demand of batteries for UPS in view of improved electricity supply and entry of new competitors in the market. During

the year, increase in prices in both local and imported raw materials has adversely affected the profit margin. No changes have occurred during the financial year concerning the nature of the business of the company.

#### d. FUTURE PROSPECTS OF PROFIT

The Company aims to increase profit by setting a challenging sales target in the next financial year. New entrant and changing market dynamics will be countered by quality and cost control.

# e. ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

Adequate internal financial controls are in place and are being meticulously observed by concerned personals and being monitored by internal audit department on regular basis.

#### TIPEG INTERTRADE DMCC

#### a. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company are: M/s. Sikandar Mustafa Khan, Sohail Bashir Rana, Laeeq Uddin Ansari and Mian Muhammad Saleem. During the year a casual vacancy was created due to death of Mr. Latif Khalid Hashmi.

# b. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES, DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE OF COMPANY'S BUSINESS

TIPEG Intertrade DMCC, Dubai, U.A.E is a Limited Liability Company registered with Dubai Multi Commodities Centre Authority. Millat Tractors Limited has a holding of 75% in the equity of the Company. The principal activity of the Company is trading in machinery and heavy equipment and parts thereof. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Jumeirah Lake Towers, Dubai, UAE. TIPEG earned a net profit of AED 1.025 million and registered sale of AED 42.268 million for the period. Earnings per share were AED 512.50. So far performance of the Company has been satisfactory and business will further expand after higher exports of tractors from Pakistan.

#### c. PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Currently no apparent risk or uncertainty is likely to affect the performance of the Company. No changes have occurred during the financial year concerning the nature of the business of the company

#### d. FUTURE PROSPECTS OF PROFIT

The Company aims to enhance its revenue by marketing products of MTL and other group companies in African and other international markets.

# e. ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

Adequate internal financial controls are in place and are being observed.

#### **BOLAN CASTINGS LIMITED**

#### a. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The present Board consists of seven directors who were elected in the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on October 28, 2020. During the year a casual vacancy was created due to death of Mr. Latif Khalid Hashmi which was filled by appointment of Mian Muhammad Saleem. The Directors of the company are: M/s. Sikandar Mustafa Khan, Sohail Bashir Rana, Laeeq Uddin Ansari, Mian Muhammad Saleem, Aamir Amin, Tabassum Rana, Abdul Hamid Ahmed Dagia.

## b. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES, DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE OF COMPANY'S BUSINESS

BCL is a public limited company listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. BCL manufactures intricate tractor components i.e., major tractor castings for MTL. MTL holds 46.26% shares of the total paid up capital of the Company. 10,674 M.T of casting has been produced during the year against 6,623 M.T of last year resulting in an increase of 61.16%, while 9,634 M.T of casting has been sold against 6,839 M.T sold last year i.e., an increase of 40.86%.

Unlike other economies across the world, Pakistan's economy began to revive at a faster pace during the current financial year, owing to significant rise in domestic economic activity. The tractors industry also showed a robust sign of growth in the current financial year and have witnessed the hike in tractors sale due to high local as well as foreign demand which have resulted the vendors also to gear-up their efforts in providing parts and accessories at a fast space in spite of challenges due to inflation and devaluation of Pakistani Rupees against foreign currencies which resulted increase in cost of production.

The sales revenues of the company for the year amounted to Rs.2,418.8 million against Rs. 1,332.56 million of last year. The gross profit was Rs. 303.30 million against gross loss of Rs. 88.13 million of last year. Profit before tax was Rs. 223.91 million against loss before tax Rs. 259.61 million of last year. The profit after tax was Rs. 132.38 million against loss after tax Rs. 271.68 million of last year.

#### c. PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Effective risk management is the key to sustainable business. Risk management framework, coupled with internal control policies have helped the company to maintain focus and mitigating principle risks affecting the company. However, overall risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are limited as there is no significant exposure to market risk in respect of such instruments. Internal Audit department provides independent report to Board of Directors on the effectiveness of risk management and control processes.

#### d. FUTURE PROSPECTS OF PROFIT

The economic is steadily progressing towards more sustainable and inclusive growth and it depends on government economic policies to facilitate the industries to overcome the economic challenges due to Covid-19 and devaluation in Pakistani Rupees. As the government has given economic stimulus packages for agriculture and initiative for Kissan programs. It is believed that the tractors and its vending industry will experience a boost in terms of economic performance due to recent economic development. Additionally, BCL is also endeavoring for new sales avenues and at the same time adopting cost-cutting measures.

## e. ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

BCL maintains a system of internal controls, which is designed to identify, evaluate and manage risks that may affect the achievement of business objectives rather than to eliminate these risks and can, therefore, provide only reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss. Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal controls.

#### MILLAT EQUIPMENT LIMITED

#### a. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company are: M/s. Sikandar Mustafa Khan, Laeeq Uddin Ansari, Muhammad Mustafa Khan, Muhammad Mustafa Sohail, Murad Naseer uddin Ansari, Qaiser Saleem and Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel. They were elected in EOGM held on June 30, 2021. Mr. Ahsan Imran Shaikh is CEO of the company who was appointed on July 01, 2021.

# b. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES, DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE OF COMPANY'S BUSINESS

MEL is a non listed public limited company and is engaged in manufacturing of gears, shafts and other related parts for MTL. The shareholding of MTL in the paid up capital of MEL is 45%. The Company's principal activities are producing a range of transmission shafts and gears for the various models of Massey Ferguson tractors in Pakistan. Financial performance of the company during the year was exceptional. MEL earned an after tax profit of Rs. 787.03 million and registered sale of Rs. 4,859.64 million for the year. Earnings per share were Rs. 30.27.

#### c. PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

In an apparent view, other than being a single customer company and risk associated with it there appears no odd that may have any material adverse effect on Company's business in a foreseeable future. No changes have occurred during the financial year concerning the nature of the business of the company.

#### d. FUTURE PROSPECTS OF PROFIT

Despite the current economic hardships along with pandemic situation being faced, the tractor demand will increase significantly as economic activity in the country has geared up during current year. Therefore, profitability of company is expected to improve in the upcoming financial year.

# e. ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

Adequate internal financial controls are already in place and Board's Audit Committee ensures complete and satisfactory implementation of the same

#### SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Group Companies have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Companies and the date of this report except as disclosed in their respective annual reports.

#### **CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSNIESS**

During the year there has been no major change in the nature of business of any group company.

#### **AUDITOR'S OBSERVATIONS**

No adverse remark, observation was given by the auditors' of any group company in their reports for the year/period ended June 30, 2021.

#### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

There is no significant doubt about the group companies' ability to continue as going concerns and therefore future prospects are positive.

#### PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

The pattern of shareholding of MTL is annexed to the Directors' Report and the shareholding pattern of MIPL, TIPEG, BCL and MEL is enclosed.

#### **EARNINGS PER SHARE**

Earnings per share of the group for the year ended June 30, 2021 was Rs. 117.13 as against Rs. 35.04 (restated) of the preceding year.

Chief Executive Officer

Lahore:

September 17, 2021

Chairman

### شراكت دارى كاطريقه

ایم ٹی امل کی شراکت داری کے طریقے کو ڈائریکٹرزرپورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک کیا گیاہے جبکہ ایم آئی یی ایل، ٹائی پیگ، بی سی ایل اورائیم ای ایل کی شراکت داری کاطریقه بھی منسلک ہے۔

## پ\_بنیادی خطرات اور غیریقینی صورتحال

رويے رہا۔ في حصص آمدنی 30.27 رويے رہی۔

ظا ہری طور پر ایک سنگل کشمر کمپنی اور اِس سے منسلک خدشات کے علاوہ اور کوئی دیگر وجو ہات نہیں جو مستقبل میں مینی کاروبار کومتا ترکریں کمپنی کے کاروبار کی نوعیت کے حوالے سے مالیاتی سال کے دوران کوئی تبد ملی نہیں آئی۔

ايل كي إس سال كي رجسر ڈسيز 4,859.64 ملين روپے رہي جبكہ منافع بعداز ٹيکس 787.03 ملين

### في حصص آمدني

سال مختتمه 30 جون، 2021 كيليَّ گروپ كي في خصص آمد ني 117.13 روپ روي جوگزشته سال میں 35.04 (ری سٹیٹر )رویتھی۔

## ج مستقبل میں منافع کے امکانات

حالیہ معاشی مشکلات ،کروناوبا سے پیدا ہونے والی صورتحال کے باوجودرواں سالٹریکٹر کی طلب میں اضافہ ہوگا کیونکہ ملک میں معاثی سرگرمیوں میں اضافہ ہور ہاہے۔اس لیے آنے والے مالی سال میں کمپنی کے منافع میں اضافہ کا امکان ہے۔

لا بهور: 17 ستمبر،2021

## د\_موزوں داخلی مالیاتی کنٹرولز

موزوں داخلی مالیاتی کنڑولز پہلے سے اپنی جگہ پر ہیں جبکہ بورڈ کی آڈٹ کمیٹی ایک مکمل اور تسلی بخش عملدرآ مد کایقین دلاتی ہے۔

#### بعد میں پیش آنے والے واقعات

کمپنی کے مالیاتی سال مختمہ اور اِس رپورٹ کی تاریخ کے درمیان نہ ہی کوئی عزائم کئے گئے اور نہ ہی کوئی واضح تبدیلی ہوئی جس ہے گرو کیمینیز کی مالیاتی پوزیشن اثر انداز ہو ماسوائے جن کومتعلقہ سالانہ ر پورٹس میں بیان کیا گیاہے۔

## كاروباركي نوعيت ميں تبديلي

سال کے دوران کسی بھی گروپ کمپنی کے کاروبار کی نوعیت میں کوئی اہم تبدیلی نہیں ہوئی۔

#### آ ڈیٹرز کا مشاہدہ

سال مختتمہ 30 جون،2021 کی سالانہ آؤٹ رپورٹ میں کسی بھی گروپ کمپنی کے بارے میں آ ڈیٹرز نے اپنی رپورٹ میں کسی قتم کی منفی رائے نہیں دی۔

## مستقبل کے امکانات

گرو کمپینز کی صلاحیتوں برسی کوکوئی بھی شک نہیں اِس لئے مستقبل میں ترقی کے امکانات روژن بيں۔

## د\_موزوں داخلی مالیاتی کنٹرولز

موزوں داخلی مالیاتی کنٹر ولزموجود ہیں اور اِن کامشاہدہ کیاجا تاہے۔

## بولان كاستنكز لمبيثثه

#### ا ـ بوردُ آف دُائرَ يكثرز

موجودہ بورڈ 7 ڈائر کیٹرز پرشتمل ہے جن کا انتخاب 28 اکتوبر، 2020 کو ہونے والی کمپنی کی سالانہ جنرل میٹنگ میں کیا گیا۔ سال کے دوران مسٹر لطیف خالد ہاشمی کی وفات کے بعد ایک اتفاقیر آسا می پیدا ہوئی جومیاں محمسلیم کی تعیناتی ہے پُر کی گئی۔ کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرز ورجہ ذیل ہیں: مسٹر سکندر مصطفیٰ خان، سہیل بشیر رانا ، کیشن الدین انصاری، میاں محمسلیم، عامرامین تبسم رانا ،عبد الحمید احمید آگیہ۔

## ب كىپنى كاروبارى كاركردگى،ترقى اوربنيادى سرگرمياں

بی ہی ایل پاکستان اسٹاک ایکی چینج میں اسٹڈ ایک پلیک لمیڈ کمپنی ہے۔ بی می ایل ٹریکٹرز کے پیچیدہ پرزہ جات بناتی ہے جیسیا کہ ایم ٹی ایل کمیٹرز کے پیچیدہ پرزہ جات بناتی ہے جیسیا کہ ایم ٹی ایل کمیٹرز رکھتی ہے۔ اِس مالیاتی سال کے دوران کمپنی نے 10,674 یم ٹی کاسٹنگر بنائی ہیں جو گزشتہ سال 66,623 ایم ٹی تقسیں یوں اس میں 61.16 فیصد اضافہ ہوا۔ جبکہ اس سال 63,634 یم ٹی کاسٹنگر بنائی ہیں جبکہ گزشتہ سال یہ مقدار 68,839 یم ٹی تقسیں یوں اس میں 40.86 فیصد اضافہ ہوا۔

وُنیا کی دیگر معیشتوں کے برعکس موجودہ مالی سال کے دوران پاکستان کی معیشت زیادہ تیزی سے بحالی کی جانب گا مزن ہوئی، جس کی بنیادی وجہ مقامی معاشی سرگری میں نمایاں اضافہ تھا۔ اس مالی سال کے دوران ٹریکٹر انڈسٹری میں نمایاں ترقی دیکھنے میں آئی۔ مقامی و بین الاتوا می سطح پر طلب میں اضافہ کی بدولت ٹریکٹر کی فروخت میں بیجدا ضافہ نظر آیا، بینجناً مہنگائی میں اضافہ اور غیر کلکی کر نسیوں کے مقابلہ میں پاکستانی روپے کی قدر میں کمی جیسے چیلنجز کے باوجود و بنڈرز پارٹس اور اسیسریز کی بروفت فراہمی کیلئے کمربست رہے۔

سال کیلئے کمپنی کا کیلزریو نیو 2,418.8 ملین روپے رہا جبکہ گزشتہ سال بیسیلز 1,332.56 ملین روپے رہا جبکہ گزشتہ سال بید 88.13 ملین روپے نقصان کی صورت میں تقاقبل از کیک منافع 23.91 ملین روپے تھا جبکہ گزشتہ سال بینقصان کی صورت میں تقاقبل از کیک منافع اورواں سال منافع بعداز کیک 332.38 ملین روپے تھا جبکہ گزشتہ سال بید 271.68 ملین کے نقصان کی صورت میں تقا۔

## پ بنیادی خطرات اورغیریقینی صورتحال

مؤثر رسک مینجنٹ کاروباری استحام کیلئے انتہائی لازم وملز وم ہے۔ بی ہی ایل کے انتظامی فریم ورک (جو وافعلی کنٹرول پالیسیز سے منسلک ہے ) سے بنیادی خطرات کم کرنے اور توجہ مرکوزر کھنے میں کافی مدد ملتی ہے۔ تاہم مجموعی طور پر کمپنی کو مالیاتی اعتبار سے محدود خطرات کا سامنا کرنا پڑسکتا ہے کیونکہ مارکیٹ میں اِس طرح کی صورتحال میں خطرے کا اندیشہ کم رہتا ہے۔ انٹرنل آڈٹ ڈیپارٹمنٹ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کورسک مینجنٹ اور کنٹرول کے طریقہ کارکے مؤثر ہونے کی آزاداندر پورٹ بیش کرتا ہے۔ ڈائر کیٹرزکورسک مینجنٹ اور کنٹرول کے طریقہ کارکے مؤثر ہونے کی آزاداندر پورٹ بیش کرتا ہے۔

## ج مستقبل میں منافع کے امکانات

## د\_موزوں داخلی مالیاتی کنژولز

بی می ایل کے پاس داخلی کنٹرولز کا ایک منظم سٹم ہے جیے ایسے خطرات کی شناخت اور نشاندہی کے لئے تیار کیا گیا ہے جو سپنی کے کاروباری اہداف میں رکاوٹ بن سکتے ہیں۔ اِس لئے بیسٹم کسی بنیادی غلط بیانی یا نقصان کے حوالے سے ایک معقول اور بقینی حل پیش کرتا ہے۔ آؤٹ کمیٹی داخلی کنٹرولزسٹم کی افادیت کو جانجنے کی ذمہ دار ہے۔

#### ملت اليكوئيمنك لميثثر

#### الف\_بوردْ آف دْائر يكٹرز

کمپنی کے ڈائر مکٹرز مسٹر سکندر مصطفیٰ خان ،کنیق الدین انصاری ،گھر مصطفیٰ خان، گھر مصطفیٰ سہیل، مراد نصیرالدین انصاری، قیصر سلیم اور سید محمد عرفان عقیل ہیں جو 30 جون ،2021 کو منعقد ہونے والی EOGM میں منتخب ہوئے تھے۔مسٹر احسن عمران شخ کمپنی کے سی ای او ہیں جن کو 01 جولائی، 2021 کو تعینات کیا گیا۔

## ب کینی کاروباری کارکردگی ،ترقی اور بنیادی سرگرمیاں

ایم ای ایل ایک نان لسٹیڈ پبک لمیٹر کمپنی ہے جوایم ٹی ایل کے لئے گئیر ، شافٹس اور دیگر متعلقہ پارٹس بناتی ہے۔ایم ای ایل کے کل اداشدہ سرمائے میں ایم ٹی ایل 45% شیئر زر کھتی ہے۔ کمپنی کی بنیادی سرگرمیاں پچھلے سال کی طرح رہیں جیسا کہ پاکتان میں میسی فرگوس ٹریکٹرز کے مختلف ماڈلز کے گیئرز اور شافٹس کی تیاری۔رواں سال کے دوران کمپنی کی کارکردگی انتہائی شاندار رہی۔ایم ای

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### گروپ ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ

ڈ ائر کیٹرزی جانب سے گروپ کی 30 جون، 2021 کوختم ہونے والی سال کی رپورٹ ہمراہ گروپ کی آڈٹ شدہ مجموعی فنانش سٹیٹمٹش بخوشی پیش کی جاتی ہیں۔

### گروپ

گروپ جو کہ ملت ٹریکٹر زلمیٹٹر (ایم ٹی ایل) (ہولڈنگ کمپنی) اور اِس کی ذیلی کمپنیاں جیسے کہ ملت انڈسٹریل پراڈکٹس کمیٹٹر (ایم آئی پیامل)،ٹائی پیگ اِنٹرٹریڈڈ کی ایم سی ،دی، یواےای، بولان کاسٹنگر کمیٹٹر (بی سامل) اور ملت ایکو پھنٹ کمیٹٹر (ایم ای ایل) پرشتمل ہے۔

### ملت إندُسٹر مل پراڈ کش کمیٹٹر

### الف بوردْ آف دْ انر يكٹرز

موجودہ پورڈ 7 ڈائر یکٹرز پر مشتل ہے جن میں سے چھ ڈائر یکٹرز کا انتخاب 30 اکتوبر، 2020 کو ہونے والی کمپنی کی 130 سے برن میں سے چھ ڈائر یکٹرز کا انتخاب 130 کتوبر، 2020 کو ہونے والی کمپنی کی 190 ویں جزل میٹنگ میں کیا گیا۔سال کے دوران مسٹر اطیف خالد ہائٹی کی وفات کے بعد ایک اتفاقیہ آسامی پیدا ہوئی جو کہ مسٹر سہیل احمد شار کی تعیناتی سے پُرکی گئی۔ کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز درجہ ذیل ہیں:مسٹر سکندر مصطفیٰ خال سہیل بشیر رانا ،کیتی الدین انصاری ، میاں محمد سلیم ،احسن عمران شیخ ،جاوید اسلم اور سہیل احمد شار۔

### ب نبیادی سرگرمیان، کمپنی کاروباری کارکردگی اورترقی

کمپنی گاڑیوں، فیکٹریوں اور گھروں میں استعال ہونے والی بیٹریاں بنانے کے کام سے وابسۃ ہے۔ کمپنی نے موجودہ سال کے دوران 1,716.362 ملین روپے کی سیز کیس اور خالص منافع بعداز ٹیکس 76.550 ملین روپے رہامجموعی منافع فی شیئر کے صاب سے (8.55روپے) رہا۔

کمپنی سٹمی توانائی استعال کرنے والے صارفین کے لیے زیادہ سے زیادہ بیک اپٹائم کی حامل سولر بیٹر یز بنارہی ہے۔ ڈیپ سائنگل بیٹر یز کی فروخت میں بھی اضافہ ہوا۔ مارکیٹ پرنظرر کھتے ہوئے کمپنی مرمت سے آزاد (Maintenance Free) بیٹریاں بھی بہت جلد متعارف کروائی جائیں گی۔

### پ بنیادی خطرات اور غیر نقینی صورتحال

کمپنی کودر پیش اہم مسائل اور خطرات میں خام مال کی قیمتوں میں تبدیلی ، روپے کی غیر معمولی گراوٹ کی وجہ سے درآ مدشدہ خام مال کی لاگت میں اضافہ ، بجل کی رسد میں بہتری کے سبب یوپی ایس کی بیٹریز کی طلب میں کمی اور مارکیٹ میں نئے مقابلہ ورول کی آمد شامل ہیں ۔اس سال کے دوران مقامی اور بین الاقوامی سطح پرخام مال کی قیمتوں میں اضافے نے منافع کی شرح کو بے حدمتا ترکیا۔

میلنی کے کاروبار کی نوعیت کے حوالے سے اس مالی سال میں کوئی تبدیلی وقوع پذیر نیمیں ہوئی۔

### ج\_مستقبل میں منافع کے امکانات

کمپنی آئندہ مالی سال فروخت کے نئے اہداف مقرر کرکے اپنے منافع میں اضافہ کرنے کے لئے پرعزم ہے۔ اِسکے ساتھ ساتھ کواٹی اور کاسٹ کنٹرول کے ذریعے مارکیٹ میں رونما ہونے والی تبدیلیوں اور نئے رجحانات کاڈٹ کرمقابلہ کیاجائے گا۔

### د\_موزوں داخلی مالیاتی کنٹرولز

داخلی مالیاتی کنٹرولز اپنی جگہ پر ہیں اور انٹرنل آؤٹ ڈیپارٹمنٹ کے متعلقہ افراد کی جانب سے اِن کا متنقل بنیادوں پر باریک بینی سے مشاہدہ کیا جاتا ہے۔

### ٹائی پیگ انٹرٹریڈڈی ایم سی

### ا\_بوردْ آف دْائر يكٹرز

سمینی کے ڈائر کیٹرزمسٹر سکندر مصطفیٰ خان، مہیل بشیر رانا ، کینق الدین انصاری اور میاں محمسلیم میں۔سال کے دوران مسٹر لطیف خالد ہاشی کی وفات کے بعدا کیک اتفاقیہ آسامی پیدا ہوئی۔

### ب کمپنی کے کاروبار کی کارکردگی ،ترقی اور بنیا دی سرگرمیاں

ٹائی پیگ انٹرٹریڈو گا ایم سی، دبئ، یوا ہے ای میں ایک لمیٹڈ النمیٹی سمپنی ہے جو کہ دبئ ملئی کموڈو ٹیز سینٹر اتفار ٹی کے ساتھ رجٹر ڈ ہے۔ ملت ٹریکٹر زلمیٹڈ سمپنی کی ایکوئیٹی میں %75 کا ملکیتی حصر تھی سینٹر اتفار ٹی کے مباوی سرگرمیوں میں مشینری اور بھاری ایکوئیمنٹ اور پارٹس کی ٹریڈنگ شامل ہے۔ کمپنی کے کاروبار کی جگہ جومیرہ لیک ٹاورز (Jumeirah Lake Towers) دبئ، یو اے ای میں واقع ہے۔ ٹائی پیگ کی اس عرصہ کے دوران خالص منافع 1.025 ملین (اے ای ڈی) رہا اور جسٹر ڈیلز 42.268 ملین (اے ای ڈی) رہی ۔ فی تھسس آمدنی 512.5(اے ای ڈی) رہی ۔ اب تک کمپنی کی کارکردگی اطمینان بخش رہی اور پاکستان سےٹریکٹرز کی زیادہ برآ مدات کے بعد برنس کومز بیڈوروغ ملے گا۔

### پ ـ بنیا دی خطرات اور غیر بقینی کی صور تحال

فی الوقت کمپنی کوالیے کسی بھی خطرے یا غیر نقیق صورتحال کا سامنا نہیں ہے جو کمپنی کی کارکردگی کومتا ثر کرے۔ کمپنی کے کاروبار کی نوعیت کے حوالے سے مالیاتی سال میں کوئی تبدیلی نہیں آئی۔

### ج مستقبل میں منافع کے امکانات

سمپنی کا پیئز م ہے کہ ایم ٹی ایل اور دیگر گروپ کمپینز کی مارکیٹنگ پراڈکٹس کوافریقة اور دیگر بین الاقوا می مارکیٹس تک رسائی دے کرمیلز میں اضافہ کیا جائے۔





## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the members of Millat Tractors Limited

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Millat Tractors Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Following are the Key audit matters:

#### Sr. # Key audit matter How the matter was addressed in our audit 1 Revenue recognition Our audit procedures in relation to the matter, amongst others, included the following: (Refer note 4.16, note 35 to the annexed consolidated financial statements) evaluated management controls over revenue and checked their validation; The Group is principally engaged in assembling and performed verification of sales with underlying manufacturing of agricultural tractors, implements and multi-application products. documentation including dispatch documents and sales invoices; Revenue from sale of tractors is recognized when the performance obligation is satisfied by transferring control tested on a sample basis, specific revenue to customer i.e. upon delivery and acknowledgement transactions recorded before and after the reporting from the customer. The Group recognizes revenue from date with underlying documentation to assess the sales of own manufactured goods measured net of whether revenue has been recognized in the correct discounts and commissions. period; verified that sales prices are approved by the appropriate authority;

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#### Sr. # | Key audit matter How the matter was addressed in our audit We consider revenue recognition as a key audit matter due performed audit procedures to analyze variation in to revenue being one of the key performance indicators the price and quantity sold during the year; of the Group and for the year revenue has increased tested on a sample basis, specific discounts and significantly as compared to the last year. In addition, commission as per Group's policy; and revenue was also considered as an area of inherent risk assessed the adequacy of disclosures made in the of material misstatement and significant audit risk as part consolidated financial statements related to revenue. of the audit process. Investment measured at Fair Value Our audit procedures in relation to the matter, amongst others, included the following: (Refer note 4.11, note 22.2 and note 49.1 to the annexed consolidated financial statements) understood and evaluated the process by which the cash flow forecast was prepared and approved, The Group holds investment in the equity instrument of including confirming the mathematical accuracy of Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited ('HNMPL'). Due to the underlying calculations; HNMPL being a non-listed company, their shares do not have a quoted price in an active market. evaluated the cash flow forecast by obtaining an understanding of respective businesses of HNMPL; Therefore, fair value of their shares has been determined through valuation methodology based on discounted obtained an understanding of the work performed by cash flow method. This involves several estimation the management on the model for the purpose of techniques and management's judgements to obtain valuation; reasonable expected future cash flow of the business and obtained corroborating evidence relating to the values related discount rate. as determined by the management by challenging Due to the significant level of judgment and estimation key assumptions for the growth rates in the cash flow required to determine the fair value of the investment, we forecast by comparing them to historical results and consider it to be a key audit matter. economic forecasts and challenging the discount rate by independently estimating a range based on market data: performed sensitivity analysis around assumptions to ascertain the extent of change individually in the value of the investment; and assessed the adequacy of the disclosures made by the Group in this area with regard to applicable accounting and reporting standards.

#### Information Other than the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements and Auditor's Reports Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated and separate financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

• Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Hammad Ali Ahmad.

A. F. Ferguson & Co

Chartered Accountants

Lahore

Date: September 30, 2021

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# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at June 30, 2021

	Note	2021	2020	
		(Rupees in	thousand)	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Authorized share capital				
75,000,000 (2020: 50,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		750,000	500,000	
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	5	560,578	498,292	
Reserves	6	9,471,014	4,286,481	
		10,031,592	4,784,773	
Non-controlling interest		1,049,532	851,210	
Total equity		11,081,124	5,635,983	
LIABILITIES				
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Long term deposits	7	30,025	26,465	
Deferred tax liabilities - net	8	938,586	56,876	
Employees' defined benefit plan	9	85,072	212,988	
Lease liabilities against right-of-use assets	10	1,442	9,881	
Long term finance- secured	11	227,511	162,283	
Deferred grant	12	21,085	14,281	
		1,303,721	482,774	
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accumulating compensated absences		146,256	141,791	
Trade and other payables	13	4,064,135	2,978,371	
Contract liabilities	14	9,920,662	3,179,725	
Current portion of lease liabilities against right-of-use assets	10	4,386	3,706	
Current portion of long term finance- secured	11	280,925	61,151	
Current portion of deferred grant	12	26,424	13,263	
Current portion of long term deposits	7	1,572	806	
Short term borrowings	15	530,655	899,181	
Taxation - net		372,038	_	
Unclaimed dividend		284,291	287,923	
Unpaid dividend		78,297	10,004	
		15,709,641	7,575,921	
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	16			
		28,094,486	13,694,678	

The annexed notes from 1 to 58 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

	Note	2021 (Rupees in	2020 thousand)
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment			
Operating fixed assets	17	1,793,993	1,645,923
Capital work in progress	18	49,828	34,425
		1,843,821	1,680,348
Right-of-use assets	19	4,896	12,931
Intangible assets	20	63,838	62,897
Goodwill		18,572	18,572
Investment property	21	255,708	255,708
Long term investments	22	5,906,278	1,794,719
Long term loans	23	3,347	3,081
Long term deposits	24	49,644	11,232
Employees' defined benefit plan	9	13,384	25,301
		8,159,488	3,864,789
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	25	585,931	494,972
Stock in trade	26	6,489,318	4,589,238
Trade debts	27	307,921	221,150
Loans and advances	28	198,623	110,503
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	29	77,120	49,972
Balances with statutory authorities	30	4,612,098	1,048,254
Other receivables	31	89,378	36,767
Tax refunds due from the Government		73,299	1,178,960
Short term investments	32	6,368,491	143,855
Cash and bank balances	33	1,132,819	1,955,126
		19,934,998	9,828,797
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	34	_	1,092
		28,094,486	13,694,678

Chairman

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Note	2021	2020	
		(Rupees in	•	
Revenue from contracts with customers	35	45,665,237	23,896,549	
Cost of sales	36	34,323,267	19,004,725	
Gross profit		11,341,970	4,891,824	
Distribution and marketing expenses	37	1,079,163	670,672	
Administrative expenses	38	953,373	766,864	
Other operating expenses	39	722,035	333,299	
		2,754,571	1,770,835	
Other income	40	567,434	148,703	
Operating profit		9,154,833	3,269,692	
Finance cost	41	79,287	359,413	
Profit before tax		9,075,546	2,910,279	
Taxation	42	2,509,419	946,089	
Profit after tax for the year		6,566,127	1,964,190	
Other comprehensive income:				
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent per	riods:			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(7,936)	20,836	
Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent period	la.			
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on employees' defined benefit plan - ne		63,098	(389,595)	
Thermeasurement gainty (1055) of employees defined benefit plant-in	5t Of tax	00,090	(309,393)	
Unrealized gain on revaluation of investments at fair value				
through other comprehensive income		4,009,599	294,901	
Less: Deferred tax		(865,851)	(64,382)	
		3,206,846	(159,076)	
Total other comprehensive income / (loss)		3,198,910	(138,240)	
Total comprehensive income for the year		9,765,037	1,825,950	
Attributable to:				
- Equity holders of the holding Company				
Profit after tax		6,021,909	1,995,056	
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		3,211,239	(135,001)	
		9,233,148	1,860,055	
- Non-controlling interests				
Profit after tax / (loss)		544,218	(30,866)	
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(12,329)	(3,239)	
		531,889	(34,105)	
		9,765,037	1,825,950	
			Restated	
Earnings per share - basic and diluted (Rupees)	45	117.13	35.04	

The annexed notes from 1 to 58 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Chairman

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Issued,	Capital r	eserves	Revenue	reserves					
	subscribed and paid up capital	Exchange translation reserve	Fair value reserve	General reserves	Unapprop- riated profit	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total equity		
		(Rupees in thousand)								
Balance as on June 30, 2019	442,926	45,158	110,459	2,475,309	2,619,150	5,693,002	1,038,347	6,731,349		
Final dividend for the year ended										
June 30, 2019 @ Rs. 40 per share	-	_	-	-	(1,771,702)	(1,771,702)	-	(1,771,702)		
Bonus shares issued for the year ended										
June 30, 2019 @ 12.5% per share	55,366	_	_	_	(55,366)	-	_	-		
Interim dividend for the year ended										
June 30, 2020 @ Rs. 20 per share	_	_	_	_	(996,582)	(996,582)	_	(996,582)		
Dividend payment to non controlling interest	_	_	_	_	_	_	(153,032)	(153,032)		
Net profit / (loss) for the year	_		_	_	1,995,056	1,995,056	(30,866)	1,964,190		
Other comprehensive (loss) / income										
for the year	_	15,627	230,584	_	(381,212)	(135,001)	(3,239)	(138,240)		
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	_	15,627	230,584	_	1,613,844	1,860,055	(34,105)	1,825,950		
Balance as on June 30, 2020	498,292	60,785	341,043	2,475,309	1,409,344	4,784,773	851,210	5,635,983		
Final dividend for the year ended										
June 30, 2020 @ Rs. 30 per share	-	_	-	-	(1,494,873)	(1,494,873)	_	(1,494,873)		
Bonus shares issued during the half year ended										
December 31, 2020 @ 12.5% per share	62,286	_	_	_	(62,286)	_	_	_		
Interim dividend for the year ended										
June 30, 2021 @ Rs. 50 per share	_	_	_	_	(2,491,456)	(2,491,456)	_	(2,491,456)		
Dividend payment to non controlling interest	_	_	_	_	_	_	(333,567)	(333,567)		
Net profit for the year	_	_	_		6,021,909	6,021,909	544,218	6,566,127		
Other comprehensive income / (loss)										
for the year	_	(5,952)	3,140,927	-	76,264	3,211,239	(12,329)	3,198,910		
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	_	(5,952)	3,140,927	_	6,098,173	9,233,148	531,889	9,765,037		
	E00 E70	F 4 000	0.404.070	0.475.000	0.450.000	10.001.500	1 0 10 500	11.001.101		

The annexed notes from 1 to 58 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

54,833

560,578

Chief Financial Officer

Balance as on June 30, 2021

Chief Executive Officer

3,481,970

2,475,309

3,458,902

10,031,592

Chairman

1,049,532 11,081,124

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT** OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Note	2021	2020	
		(Rupees in	thousand)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash generated from operations	46	15,316,759	4,168,658	
Finance cost paid		(104,207)	(352,920)	
(Increase) / decrease in long term loans to employees - net		(266)	581	
Workers' Profit Participation Fund paid	13.2	(448,228)	(179,739)	
Workers' Welfare Fund paid		(66,844)	(104,953)	
Taxes (paid) / refunds - net		(4,579,705)	725,453	
Retirement benefits paid - net		(93,325)	(14,136)	
Long term security deposits (paid) / received		(34,086)	11,485	
		(5,326,661)	85,771	
Net cash flows generated from operating activities		9,990,098	4,254,429	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Payments for capital expenditure		(388,912)	(154,761)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		38,920	35,165	
Payments for intangibles		(13,908)	_	
Short term investments - net		(5,717,876)	3,901	
Long term investments made - net		(101,960)	(412,943)	
Profit on bank deposits received		69,013	22,161	
Dividend received	46	72,829	3,140	
Net cash flows used in from investing activities		(6,041,894)	(503,337)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Dividends paid to non controlling interests		(333,567)	(153,032)	
Principal payment against lease liabilities		(3,781)	(2,209)	
Long term financing received- net		304,967	250,978	
Dividends paid to equity holders of the holding company		(3,921,668)	(2,824,567)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(3,954,049)	(2,728,830)	
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(5,845)	1,022,262	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,199,800	156,702	
Foreign exchange difference		(7,936)	20,836	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	47	1,186,019	1,199,800	

The annexed notes from 1 to 58 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Chairman

For the year ended June 30, 2021

#### 1 Legal status and nature of business

#### 1.1 Holding company:

#### Millat Tractors Limited - (MTL)

Millat Tractors Limited (the Company) is a public limited company and was incorporated in Pakistan in 1964 under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017), and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office and factory of the Company is situated at 9 km Sheikhupura Road, District Sheikhupura. The Company also has regional offices located in Karachi, Multan, Sukkur and Islamabad.

The Company is principally engaged in assembling and manufacturing of agricultural tractors, implements and multi-application products. The Company is also involved in the sale, implementation and support of IFS applications in Pakistan.

#### Subsidiary companies:

#### a) Millat Industrial Products Limited (MIPL)

Millat Industrial Products Limited (MIPL), an unlisted public company registered under the Companies Ordinance 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017), is a subsidiary of Millat Tractors Limited which holds 64.09% of the MIPL's equity. MIPL is engaged in the business of manufacturing of industrial, domestical and vehicular batteries, cells and components. The geographical location and address of the MIPL's business units, including mills/plant is as under:

- The registered office of MIPL is situated at 8.8 km, Lahore- Sheikhupura Road, Shahdara, Lahore
- The manufacturing facility of MIPL is located at 49 km., off Multan Road, Bhai Pheru, Distt. Kasur.

#### b) Tipeg Intertrade DMCC

TIPEG Intertrade DMCC, a limited liability company registered with Dubai Multi Commodities Centre (DMCC) Authority, is a subsidiary of Millat Tractors Limited which holds 75% of the TIPEG Intertrade DMCC's equity. The principal place of business of the TIPEG Intertrade DMCC is located at Jumeirah Lake Towers, Dubai-UAE. TIPEG Intertrade DMCC is formed for trading of machinery and heavy equipment and its registered office is situated at Unit No.705, Fortune Executive Tower, Jumeirah lake Towers, Dubai, United Arab Emirates.

#### c) Millat Equipment Limited (MEL)

Millat Equipment Limited, was incorporated as a private limited company under the repealed Companies Ordinance 1984 (Repealed with the enactment of the Companies Act, 2017 on May 30, 2017), and was converted into an unlisted public limited company on April 20, 2004 is a subsidiary of Millat Tractors Limited which holds 45% of the MEL's equity. MEL is engaged in the business of manufacturing of automotive, agricultural and industrial vehicles, parts and components thereof. The registered office of MEL is situated at Sheikhupura Road, Lahore and the manufacturing facility of is situated at 10 km Raiwind Road, Lahore.

#### d) Bolan Castings Limited (BCL)

Bolan Castings Limited (BCL), a public limited company incorporated in Pakistan under the repealed Companies Ordinance 1984 (now the Companies Act), and listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange, is a subsidiary of Millat Tractors Limited which holds 46.26% of the BCL's equity. BCL is engaged in the business of manufacturing of castings for tractors and automotive parts thereof. The geographical location and address of BCL's business unit, including plant is RCD Highway, Hub Chowki, District Lasbela, Balochistan, Pakistan.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

#### 1.2 Summary of significant transactions and events in the current reporting period

The Group's financial position and performance was particularly affected by the following events and transactions during the reporting period:

- Revenue of the Group increased by Rs. 21,768,688 thousand (91%) as compared to prior year due to increase in volumes refer notes 35.
- Additional long term investment were made by the Group in Hyundai Nishat Motors (Private) Limited (HNMPL) amounting to Rs. 159,403 thousand under the Share Subscription Agreement (SSA) and Shareholders Agreement (SHA) between both parties refer note 22.
- Investments in HNMPL (level-3) have been remeasured, using a valuation technique based on discounted cash flow analysis, at the reporting date resulting in an estimated fair value gain of Rs. 3,980,925 thousand. refer note 22.2 and 49.1. The resulting fair value gain has been recognised in the other comprehensive income in these consolidated financial statements.
- Short term investments of the Group has increased by Rs. 6,224,636 thousand as compared to prior year refer to note 32:
- During the year, the Group has obtained and repaid certain long term financing against the State Bank of Pakistan's (SBP) salary refinance scheme of salaries and wages. Moreover, the Group also availed long term financing against the SBP refinance scheme for renewable energy for setting-up and comissioning solar power system - refer to note 11.
- Balances with statutory authorities on account of sales tax refunds increased by Rs. 3,563,844 as compared to the prior year refer to note 30; and
- During the year, the BCL terminated a funded pension scheme which was operating for all its permanent employees by distributing plan assets amounting to Rs 115,857 thousand among current employees and pensioners refer to note 9.

#### 1.3 Impact of COVID-19 on the consolidated financial statements

The pandemic of COVID-19 that has rapidly spread all across the world has not only endangered human lives but has also adversely impacted the global economy. On March 23, 2020, the Government of the Punjab announced a temporary lock down as a measure to reduce the spread of the COVID-19. Complying with the lockdown, the Group temporarily suspended its operations from March 24, 2020. In the Group's case, the lockdown was subsequently relaxed from March 30, 2020. After implementing all the necessary Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to ensure safety of employees, the Group henceforth resumed its operations and has taken all necessary steps to ensure smooth and adequate continuation of its business in order to maintain business performance despite slowed down economic activity.

According to management's assessment, there is no significant accounting impact of the effects of COVID-19 on these consolidated financial statements.

#### 2 Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of the directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

#### 3 Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for revaluation of certain financial instruments at fair value or amortised cost and recognition of certain employee's retirement benefit plan at present value.

#### 3.1 Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for revaluation of certain financial instruments at fair value or amortised cost and recognition of certain employee retirement benefits at present value.

#### 3.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Group's significant accounting policies are stated in note 4 to these consolidated financial statements. Not all of these significant policies require the management to make difficult, subjective or complex judgments or estimates. The following is intended to provide an understanding of the policies the management considers critical because of their complexity, judgment of estimation involved in their application and their impact on these consolidated financial statements. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These judgments involve assumptions or estimates in respect of future events and the actual results may differ from these estimates. The areas involving higher degree of judgments or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

#### 3.2.1 Employees' retirement benefits and other obligations

The Group uses the valuation performed by an independent actuary as the present value of its retirement benefit obligations i.e. employees' defined benefit plan and other obligations. The valuation is based on assumptions as mentioned in note 4.4 to these consolidated financial statements.

#### 3.2.2 Provision for taxation

The Group takes into account the current income tax law and the decisions taken by appellate authorities. Instances where the Group's view differs from the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Group considers that its views on items of material nature are in accordance with law and the outcome is expected in favour of the Group are shown as contingent liabilities.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

#### 3.2.3 Estimated useful lives, residual values and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment

The Group reviews the useful lives of property, plant and equipment on a regular basis. Any change in estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

#### 3.2.4 Provision for inventories and stores

The Group regularly reviews the inventories for impairment. Provision for obsolete and slow-moving inventories is based on management's estimate of the condition and usability of inventories and stores.

#### 3.2.5 Impairment of trade receivables

The Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables and contract assets.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of time before the reporting date and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

#### 3.2.6 Fair value of unquoted investments

Fair value of unquoted investments is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses its judgment to select an appropriate method and makes assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. The Group has used discounted cash flow analysis for this purpose as fully explained in note 22.2 to these consolidated financial statements.

#### 3.2.7 Recording and impairment of goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost (being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests) and any previous interest held over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date. If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in profit or loss account.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's Cash-Generating Units (CGU) that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a CGU and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

#### 3.2.8 Lease term of right of use asset and lease liability

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

#### 3.3 Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

#### 4 Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements of the Group are consistent with previous year except as discussed in Note 4.1 and are as follows:

#### 4.1 Changes in accounting standards, interpretations and pronouncements

### a) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that became effective during the year but are not relevant

The Group has adopted the following accounting standard and the amendments and interpretation of IFRSs which became effective for the current year:

- IFRS 3 Business combinations', definition of a business (Amendment)
- IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', definition of materiality (Amendments)
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments', Interest rate benchmark reform (Amendment)
- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments-Disclosures , Interest rate benchmark reform (Amendment)
- IFRS 16 Leases', COVID-19 related rent concessions (Amendment)

The adoption of the above amendments, improvements to accounting standards and interpretations did not have any effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### b) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

Standard or interpretation	Effective Date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before intended use – Amendments to IAS 16	January 01, 2022
Cost of Fulfilling an Onerous Contracts – Amendments to IAS 37	January 01, 2022
Updating a Reference to the Conceptual Framework – Amendments to IFRS 3	January 01, 2022
Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – Amendments to IAS 1	January 01, 2023
Amended by Definition of Accounting Estimates – Amendments to IAS 8	January 01, 2023

The management is in the process of assessing the impact of changes laid down by these standards on its consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

In addition to the above standards and amendments, improvements to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB in previous years. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2021 and January 01, 2022 respectively. The Group expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan:

IASB effective date (Annual periods beginning on or after)

Standard

IFRS 17 - Insurance Contracts

January 01, 2023

#### 4.2 Principles of consolidation

#### 4.2.1 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the holding company. The holding company controls an investee when the holding company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognized directly in the profit or loss. The assets, liabilities, income and expenses of subsidiaries are consolidated on a line by line basis and the carrying amount of investments held by the holding company is eliminated against the subsidiaries' shareholders' equity in the consolidated financials statements. Inter-group transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated but considered an impairment indicator of the asset transferred. The accounting policies used in preparation of consolidated financial statements of the holding company are consistent with accounting policies of its subsidiaries. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with that of the holding company.

All significant intra-group transactions and balances between Group enterprises, and unrealised profits are eliminated on consolidation.

#### 4.2.2 Non-controlling interest

The Group applies a policy of treating transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with parties external to the Group. Disposals to non-controlling interests result in gains and losses for the Group that are recorded in the profit or loss. Group elected to measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the proportionate share of its interest in the acquiree's identifiable net assets on fair value.

#### 4.3 Segment reporting

Segment reporting is based on the operating (business) segments of the Group. An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the Chief Executive Officer (the CEO) to assess segment's performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. Segment results that are reported to the CEO include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis.

Accordingly, for reporting purposes, the Group has been organised into business units based on its products and services and has three separate reportable segments, as follows:

The "tractors segment", which deals with assembling and manufacturing of agricultural tractors, implements and multi-application products.

The "tractor components segment" i.e. equipment and parts, which is engaged in the business of manufacturing of automotive, agricultural and industrial vehicles parts and components thereof.

The "castings segment", which is engaged in the business of manufacturing of castings for tractors and automotive parts thereof.

Other business activities of the Group have been presented under "others segment". Accordingly, no operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

#### 4.4 Employees' retirement benefits and other obligations

The main features of the schemes operated by the Group for its employees are as follows:

#### 4.4.1 Defined benefit plan

#### 4.4.1.1 Pension

MTL operates, while BCL previously operated a funded defined benefit pension scheme for all eligible employees. A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than the defined contribution plan. Contributions under the scheme are made to this fund on the basis of actuarial recommendation and are charged to profit or loss. The latest actuarial valuation for the scheme was carried out as at June 30, 2021.

The amount recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the present value of the plan assets reduced by value of defined benefit obligation. Any charge or credit arising as a result of remeasurements are recognized in the other comprehensive income of the Group in the period in which they occur.

The future contribution rate of the plan includes allowances for deficit and surplus. Projected Unit Credit Method, using the following significant assumptions, is used for valuation of this scheme:

For the year ended June 30, 2021

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	Millat Tractors Limited		<b>Bolan Casting Limite</b>		
	2021 2020		2021	2020	
Expected rate of increase in salary level	9.00%	7.50%	N/A	8.50%	
Discount rate used for interest cost in profit and loss	8.50%	14.25%	N/A	8.50%	
Discount rate used for year end obligation	10.00%	8.50%	N/A	8.50%	
Average expected remaining working life of employees	8 years	8 years	N/A	7.99 years	

#### 4.4.2 Defined contribution plans

#### 4.4.2.1 Gratuity

MTL operates an approved defined contribution funded gratuity scheme for permanent employees who joined the Company before July 01, 2004. Under the scheme, based on the graduated scale, the contributions are calculated with reference to last drawn salary of the employees and are paid over to the Employees Gratuity Fund Trust.

BCL operates an approved funded defined benefit executives' gratuity scheme for all eligible executive employees and unfunded defined benefit non-executive gratuity scheme for all eligible non-executive employees.

#### 4.4.2.2 Provident fund

The Group operates an approved defined contribution provident funds for all permanent employees. Equal contributions are made by employees and the Group at the rate of 10 percent of basic salary per month and charged to profit or loss account.

#### 4.4.3 Accumulating compensated absences

MTL, BCL and MEL provide for accumulating compensated absences, when the employees render services that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences and are charged to profit and loss.

#### 4.5 Taxation

#### 4.5.1 Current

Provision for current tax is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year, if enacted. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for taxation made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

#### 4.5.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the year when the differences reverse based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit or loss, except in the case of items credited or charged to other comprehensive income in which case it is included in equity.

#### 4.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment except for freehold and leasehold land are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Freehold and leasehold land is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment loss.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on all items of property, plant and equipment except for leasehold office building is charged to profit or loss applying the diminishing balance method so as to write-off the depreciable amount of an asset over its useful life. Depreciation on leasehold office building is provided on a straight line basis so as to write off the depreciable amount of an asset over the life of the asset. Depreciation is being charged at the rates given in note 17. Depreciation on additions to property, plant and equipment is charged from the month in which an asset is available for use while no depreciation is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off.

The Group continually assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that property, plant and equipment may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying values exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amount and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss for the year. Any previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount, and the increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an assets' fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the depreciation charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the assets' revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognized.

#### 4.7 Right-of-use asset and Lease liability

At inception of a lease contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.

The Group applies a practical expedient and, does not recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets, if any. The lease payments associated with these leases is recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

For lease contracts other than the aforementioned, the lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Lease payments include fixed payments, variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate and amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees, the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option, payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option, less any lease incentives receivable. The extension and termination options are incorporated in determination of lease term only when the Group is reasonably certain to exercise these options.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in fixed lease payments or an index or rate, change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. The corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-to-use asset, or is recorded in the statement of profit and loss account if the carrying amount of right-to-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentive received. The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight line method over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. The right-of-use asset is reduced by impairment losses.

#### 4.8 Capital work-in-progress

All expenditure connected with specific assets i.e. property, plant and equipment or intangible assets incurred during installation and construction period including advances to suppliers and contractors are carried under this head. These are transferred to specific assets as and when these assets are available for use.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss, if any.

#### 4.9 Intangible assets

Expenditure incurred to acquire computer software are capitalized as intangible assets and stated at cost less accumulated amortization and any identified impairment loss. Intangible assets are amortized using the straight line method over a period of three years.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite life are amortised using the straight line method over a period of three years and Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Amortization on additions to finite intangible assets is charged from the month in which an asset is acquired or capitalized while no amortization is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off.

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that intangible assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying amounts exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the amortization charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

#### 4.10 Investment property

Property not held for own use or for sale in the ordinary course of business is classified as investment property. The investment property of the Group comprises land and is valued using the cost method, at cost less any accumulated impairment loss.

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that investment property may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amount of such assets is reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying value exceeds the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss for the year. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized as an income or expense.

#### 4.11 Investments and other financial assets

#### 4.11.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- at Fair Value through Profit or Loss ("FVPL"),
- at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVOCI"), or
- at amortised cost.

The Group determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of instruments (other than equity instruments) is driven by the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

#### 4.11.2 Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date i.e. the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### 4.11.3 Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are Solely Payment of Principal and Interest (SPPI).

For the year ended June 30, 2021

#### a) Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

#### i) Financial assets at amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other income/(operating expenses), together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

#### ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Assets that are held for both collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other income/(operating expenses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other income/(operating expenses).

#### iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other income/(operating expenses) in the period in which it arises.

#### b) Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other income/(operating expenses) in the statement of profit or loss as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

#### 4.11.4 Impairment of financial assets

The Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables and contract assets. Instruments within the scope of the new requirements included loans and other debt-type financial assets measured at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income, trade receivables, contract assets recognised and measured under IFRS 15 and that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables and contract assets are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The contract assets relate to unbilled work in progress and have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same types of contracts. The Group therefore concludes that the expected loss rates for trade receivables are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for the contract

assets. Recognition of credit losses is no longer dependent on the Group first identifying a credit loss event. Instead the Group considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

A distinction is made between, financial instruments that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition or that have low credit risk (Stage 1). Financial instruments that have deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition and whose credit risk is not low (Stage 2). Stage 3 would cover financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. '12-month expected credit losses' are recognised for the first category while 'lifetime expected credit losses' are recognised for the second category.

Measurement of the expected credit losses is determined by a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument.

Individual receivables which are known to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. The other receivables are assessed collectively to determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment has been incurred but not yet been identified. For these receivables the estimated impairment losses are recognised in a separate provision for impairment. The Group considers that there is evidence of impairment, if any, of the indicators were present i.e. significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or late payments.

Trade receivables and contract assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Group, and a failure to make contractual payments past due date. Impairment losses on trade receivables and contract assets are presented as net impairment losses in the profit or loss. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

#### 4.12 Stores, spare parts and loose tools

Stores and spares are valued at lower of net realizable value or moving average cost, while items considered obsolete are carried at nil value. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising of invoice value and other incidental charges paid thereon.

Provision for obsolete and slow-moving stores, spare parts and loose tools is based on management estimate of the condition and usability of such stores.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs necessarily to be incurred in order to make the sale. Provision for obsolete and slow-moving stores and spares is based on management estimate as to the condition and usability of such stores, spare parts and loose tools.

#### 4.13 Stock in trade

Stock of raw materials, except for those in transit, work-in-process and finished goods are valued principally at the lower of moving average cost and net realizable value.

Cost of raw materials and trading stock comprises the invoice value plus other charges paid thereon.

Cost of work-in-process and finished goods include direct material, labour and appropriate portion of manufacturing overheads.

Items in transit are stated at cost comprising invoice value and other incidental charges paid thereon.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs necessarily to be incurred in order to make the sale. Provision for obsolete and slow-moving stock-in-trade is based on management estimate.

#### 4.14 Trade debts

Trade debts are carried at original invoice amount less any expected credit losses based on review of outstanding amounts at the year end in accordance with the simplified approach as mentioned in note 4.10.4. Bad debts are written off when identified.

#### 4.15 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost and comprise of cash in hand, cash at banks on current, saving and deposit accounts and other short term highly liquid instruments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in values. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purpose.

#### 4.16 Revenue recognition

Revenue from the sale of goods along with provisions of after market services is recognised when performance obligations are satisfied by transferring control of a good or service to a customer, either at a point in time or over time of an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the aforementioned principle by applying the following steps:

- i) Identify the contract with a customer.
- ii) Identify the performance obligation in the contract.
- iii) Determine the transaction price of the contract.
- iv) Allocate the transaction price to each of the separate performance obligations in the contract.
- v) Recognise the revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Revenue is recognised either at a point in time or over time, when (or as) the Group satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers. Any bundled goods or services that are distinct are separately recognized, and any discounts or rebates on the contract price are generally allocated to the separate elements

#### 4.16.1 a) Sale of goods

Revenue from contracts for tractors, implements and tractor components, multi-application products, trading goods, batteries and casting is recognized upon delivery and acknowledgement of the good by the customer i.e. point in time when the performance obligation of the Group is satisfied. Since there is only one performance obligation the revenue is recognized at full amount. Payments for sale of goods are either received in in advance or made with credit terms as per Group policy on a case to case basis.

#### b) Sale of service warranties

The Group provides various types of warranties. When determining the nature of warranty-related promises, the Group considers:

- whether the customer has the option to separately purchase the warranty; and
- whether all or part of the warranty provides the customer with an additional service beyond the basic assurance that it will perform in accordance with published specifications.

Standard-type warranties of free repair, parts replacement, assurance and major rectification to the customer along with free service after specific intervals are not offered separately for any consideration by the Group and rather are embedded in the sale price of the good. Accordingly, the same are not considered to be separate performance obligations and are accounted for under IAS 37.

For extended-type warranties or separate after sale services offered by the Group the same are treated as separate performance obligations. Revenue from such warranties or after sale services is recognized over time i.e. duration of the contract.

#### **Others**

- Dividend is recognized as income when the right to receive dividend is established.
- Profit on bank deposits is recognized on effective rate of interest method.
- Investment income is recognized when right to receive the income is established.

#### 4.17 Research cost

These costs are charged to profit and loss when incurred.

#### 4.18 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Such borrowing costs are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset up to the date of its commissioning.

#### 4.19 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Group.

#### 4.20 Provisions

Provisions for legal claims, service warranties and make good obligations are recognised when the group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pretax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

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#### 4.21 Foreign currency transactions and translation

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the reporting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses on translation are recognized in the profit or loss. All non-monetary items are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction or on the date when fair values are determined.

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Pak Rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their profit or loss are translated at average rates prevailing during the year. The exchange differences arising on translation for consolidation are recognised in other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 4.22 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and de-recognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The Group derecognises financial liabilities only when its obligations under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

All financial liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss ("FVPL") or at amortised cost, as the case may be. Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or the Group has opted to measure them at FVPL. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

Where management has opted to recognise a financial liability at FVPL, any changes associated with the Group's own credit risk will be recognized in other comprehensive income/(loss). Currently, there are no financial liabilities designated at FVPL.

#### 4.23 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 4.24 Reserves

Reserve are classified into two categories as follows:

#### 4.24.1 Revenue reserve

Revenue reserve is the reserve which is regarded as available for distribution through the profit or loss including general reserves and other specific reserves created out of profit and un-appropriated or accumulated profits of previous years.

#### 4.24.2 Capital reserve

Capital reserve includes all the reserves other than reserve which are classified as revenue reserve.

#### 4.25 Earning per share

The Group presents basic and diluted Earning Per Share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit after tax attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit and loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### 4.26 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liability is disclosed when:

- there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the
  occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group;
- there is present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 4.27 Dividend and appropriations

Dividend distribution to the Group's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved. However, if these are approved after the reporting period but before the consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, they are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 4.28 Government grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

When the Group receives grants of non-monetary assets, the asset and the grant are recorded at nominal amounts and released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the asset, based on the pattern of consumption of the benefits of the underlying asset by equal annual instalments.

In subsequent periods, the grant shall be recognized in statement of profit or loss, in line with the recognition of interest expense the grant is compensating.

#### 4.29 Non-current assets held for sale

The Company classifies non-current assets as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Costs to sell are the incremental costs directly attributable to the disposal of an asset, excluding finance costs and income tax expense.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

The criteria for held for sale classification is regarded as met only when:

- i) When the sale is highly probable.
- ii) The asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition.
- iii) Actions required to complete the sale should indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the sale will be made or that the decision to sell will be withdrawn.
- iv) Management must be committed to the plan to sell the asset and the sale expected to be completed within one year from the date of the classification.

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are not depreciated or amortized once classified as held for sale.

Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale are presented separately as current items in the statement of financial position.

#### 5 Issued, subscribed and paid up capital

	2021	2020		2021	2020
	(Number of s	hares in thousand	d)	(Rupees in	n thousand)
			Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each fully		
	2,543	2,543	paid in cash	25,429	25,429
			Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued		
			as fully paid bonus shares		
-	47,286	41,750	- Opening balance	472,863	417,497
	6,228	5,536	- Issued during the year	62,286	55,366
	53,514	47,286		535,149	472,863
***************************************	56,057	49,829		560,578	498,292

2021	2020
(Rupees in	thousand)

6	Reserves		
***************************************	Capital reserve		•
	Fair value reserve - Investments measured at FVOCI	3,481,970	341,043
	Exchange translation reserve	54,833	60,785
***************************************		3,536,803	401,828
	Revenue reserve		
	General reserve	2,475,309	2,475,309
	Unappropriated profit	3,458,902	1,409,344
		5,934,211	3,884,653
		9,471,014	4,286,481

#### 7 Long term deposits

This includes security deposits received from dealers amounting to Rs. 13,433 thousand (2020: Rs. 12,643 thousand) which, by virtue of agreement, are interest free. These are repayable on cancellation of dealership contract with dealers and cannot be utilized for the purpose of the business. These have been kept in separate bank account in accordance with the requirements of the section 217 of the Companies Act, 2017.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
8	Deferred tax liabilities - net			
	The liabilities / (asset) for deferred tax comprises			
	temporary differences relating to:			
	Taxable temporary differences:			
	Accelerated tax depreciation		173,643	171,380
	Change in fair value of investments		930,976	64,382
			1,104,619	235,762
	Deductible temporary differences:			
	Accumulating compensated absences		(10,318)	(10,687)
	Provision for impaired / doubtful receivables		(10,624)	(12,846)
	Non current assets classified as held for sale held for	rsale	_	(182)
	Provision for warranty		(3,985)	(2,890)
	Unused tax losses	8.1	(117,803)	(127,931)
	Provision for impairment of intangible		(2,367)	_
	Provision for retirement benefit obligations		(20,581)	(24,350)
	Provision for slow moving stores		(355)	_
			(166,033)	(178,886)
	Net deferred tax liability at the year end		938,586	56,876

- 8.1 Deferred tax asset on unused tax losses represents the minimum tax available for carry forward under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and is recognised to the extent that the realization of related tax benefits through future taxable profits of the Company is probable. The projections are based on management's best estimates of key production, sales and economic assumptions. Accordingly, the management anticipates that it would be able to realize that unused tax losses arising on disposal of short term investments, carried forward minimum tax and carried forward business losses within the period allowed under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- **8.2** Under the Finance Act, 2020 and upheld by Finance Act 2021, a corporate tax rate of 29% has been fixed. Therefore, deferred tax assets and liabilities have been recognized accordingly using the expected applicable rate i.e. 29%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
9	Employees' defined benefit plan			
	Staff retirements benefit plan- Liability			
	Holding company	9.1	50,255	123,029
	Subsidiary	9.2	34,817	89,959
			85,072	212,988
	Staff retirements benefit plan - Asset			
	Holding company	9.1	_	_
	Subsidiary	9.2	(13,384)	(25,301)
			(13,384)	(25,301)
9.1	Present value of defined benefit obligation		1,160,998	1,232,563
	Fair value of plan assets		(1,110,743)	(1,109,534)
	Liability / (asset) recognized in the statement of fin-	ancial position	50,255	123,029
9.1.1	For the year			
	Salaries, wages and amenities include the following	]		
•	in respect of employees' pension scheme:	2		
	Current service cost		13,387	10,471
	Interest cost		100,667	114,711
	Expected return on plan assets		(90,577)	(146,700)
	process of		23,477	(21,518)
9.1.2	The movement in present value of defined			
	benefit obligation is as follows:			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation at begin	ning of vear	1,232,563	848,495
	Current service cost	,	13,387	10,471
	Interest cost	100,667	114,711	
	Benefits paid		(96,491)	(87,014)
	Actuarial gain		(89,128)	345,900
	Present value of defined benefit obligation at end o	f year	1,160,998	1,232,563
9.1.3	The movement in fair value of plan assets is as	follows:		
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year		1,109,534	1,068,014
	Expected return on assets		90,577	146,700
	Contributions		8,653	9,929
	Benefits paid		(96,491)	(87,014)
•	Return on plan assets		(1,530)	(28,095)
•	Fair value of plan assets at end of year		1,110,743	1,109,534
			, ,	,,
	Actual return on plan assets		89,047	118,605

2021 2020 (Rupees in thousand)

V - 1	(Rupees in mousand)		
295,500	320,000		
_	_		
_	441,191		
421,129	_		
353,747	318,655		
38,604	27,913		
1,777	1,777		
(14)	(3)		
1,110,743	1,109,533		
	295,500 - 421,129 353,747 38,604 1,777 (14)		

Investments out of funds have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the conditions specified thereunder.

**9.1.5** Comparison of present value of defined benefit obligation, the fair value of plan assets and the resulting surplus or deficit of pension fund is as follows:

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		(Ruj	oees in thousand	d)	
As at June 30					
Present value of defined					
benefit obligation	1,160,998	1,232,563	848,495	1,109,824	1,105,684
Less: Fair value of plan assets	1,110,743	1,109,534	1,068,014	1,085,220	1,145,646
(Deficit) / Surplus	(50,255)	(123,029)	219,519	(24,604)	39,962
Experience adjustment on obligation	(89,128)	345,900	(292,128)	(23,087)	(72,804)
Experience adjustment on plan assets	(1,530)	(28,095)	(41,191)	(85,687)	69,538

#### Sensitivity analysis

Significant assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligations are discount rate and expected salary increase and disclosed in note 4.4.1.1. The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

2021

(Rupees in thousand)

2020

For the year ended June 30, 2021

					(	apoco III IIIot	rouria,
	Discount rate + 100 bps				1	,079	1,137
	Discount rate - 100 bps				1	,255	1,344
	Salary increase + 100 bps				1	,172	1,246
	Salary increase - 100 bps				1	,151	1,220
	Indexation rate + 100 bps				1	,258	1,345
0 0	C. b. a. d. a a. b. eff a. b	-4:1 -1 DOI					
9.2	Subsidiary staff retirement bendered Employees' defined benefit plan-		_		34	,817	89,959
	Employees' defined benefit plan-					,384)	(25,301)
			2004				
		Eun	2021	Un fundad	Eur	2020	Un fundos
		Fun	aea	Un-funded Non-	- rur	ided	Un-funded Non-
		Pension	Executives' Gratuity	Executives' Gratuity	Pension	Executives' Gratuity	Executives Gratuity
				(Rupees in	thousand)	<u> </u>	<u></u>
	Balance sheet reconciliation						
	Present value of defined benefit						
	obligation at end of year	_	26,205	34,817	187,627	25,978	29,840
	Less: Fair value of plan assets						
	at end of year	_	39,589		127,508	51,279	
	Deficit / (surplus)		(13,384)	34,817	60,119	(25,301)	29,840
	Movement in the present value						
	of defined benefit obligation						
	Balances at beginning of year	187,627	25,978	29,840	131,839	45,691	32,196
	Benefits paid by the plan	(12,804)	(3,042)	(3,694)	(11,937)	(18,963)	(2,641)
	Settlement paid	(115,857)	_	-	_	_	_
	Current service costs	1,342	937	1,360	1,753	1,773	1,580
	Past service cost	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Interest cost	11,960	2,078	2,379	17,937	5,142	4,400
	Remeasurement	(7,114)	254	4,932	47,137	(7,665)	(5,694)
	Employee contributions	652	_	_	898	_	_
	Gain on curtailment & settlement	(65,806)		_			
	Balance at end of year		26,205	34,817	187,627	25,978	29,841
	Movement in the fair value						
	of plan assets						
	Balance at beginning of year	127,507	51,279	_	114,416	57,523	_
	Contributions paid into the plan	1,448	417	_	1,993	508	_
	Benefits paid by the plan	(12,804)	(3,042)	_	(11,937)	(18,963)	_
	Settlement paid	(115,857)	_	_	_	_	_
	Interest income	8,259	4,376	_	15,660	6,882	_
	Remeasurement	(9,205)	(13,441)	_	6,478	5,329	_
	Employee contributions	652	_	_	898	_	
	Balance at end of year	_	39,589	_	127,508	51,279	_

		2021		2020			
	Funded Un-funded		Funded		Un-funded		
	Pension	Executives' Gratuity	Non- Executives' Gratuity	Pension	Executives' Gratuity	Non- Executives' Gratuity	
			(Rupees in	housand)			
Expense / (Income) recognised in							
profit and loss account							
Current service costs	1,342	936	1,360	1,753	1,774	1,580	
Gain on curtailment & settlement	(65,806)	_	_	_	_	_	
Net Interest (income) / cost	3,702	(2,298)	2,379	2,277	(1,740)	4,400	
Expense / (Income) recognised in							
in profit or loss	(60,762)	(1,362)	3,739	4,030	34	5,980	
Remeasurement recognised in							
other comprehensive income							
Experience (gains) / losses	(7,114)	254	4,932	47,137	(7,665)	(5,694)	
Remeasurement of fair value	(-,,,		-,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(-,)	(0,00.)	
of plan assets	9,205	13,441	_	(6,478)	(5,329)	_	
Remeasurements	2,091	13,695	4,932	40,659	(12,994)	(5,694)	
Net recognised liability / (asset)							
	00 110	(05.000)	00.040	47.400	(44,000)	00.405	
at beginning of year (Income) / expense recognised	60,119	(25,300)	29,840	17,423	(11,833)	32,195	
in profit or loss	(60,762)	(1,362)	3,739	4,030	34	5,980	
Contribution made during the	(00,702)	(1,302)	3,739	4,000	34	0,900	
year to the Fund	(1 110)	(115)	(2,602)	(1 002)	(507)	(0.641)	
Remeasurements recognised in	(1,448)	(415)	(3,693)	(1,993)	(507)	(2,641)	
	0.001	10 COE	4.020	40 GEO	(10.004)	/F CO.4\	
other comprehensive (loss) / income	2,091	13,695	4,932	40,659	(12,994)	(5,694)	
Recognised liability / (asset)		(10.000)	24.010	60,119	(DE 200)		
at end of year	<u></u>	(13,382)	34,818	60,119	(25,300)	29,840	
Plan assets comprise of following:							
Debt instruments	_	39,000	_	118,011	50,038	_	
Equity and mutual funds	-	_	_	2,777	_	_	
Cash at Bank	_	589	_	6,720	1,242	_	
Total as at June 30		39,589		127,508	51,280	_	
Actuarial assumptions							
Discount rate at June 30		10.00%	10.00%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	
Future salary increases		10.00%	10.00%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	

For the year ended June 30, 2021

lπ	pact	on	defined	benefit	obligation

		impact on defined benefit obligation			
		Chang	Change in Increase in		Decrease in
		assum	ption	assumption	assumption
Sensitivity analysis for actuarial a	ssumptions				
Discount rate at June 30		1.00	%	(2,352)	2,640
Future salary increases		1.00	%	3,181	(2,893)
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		(Rup	ees in thousa	and)	
Pension fund					
Fair value of plan assets		127,508	114,416	114,262	114,369
Present value of the defined					
benefit obligation	_	(187,627)	(131,839)	(165,840)	(167,462)
(Surplus) / deficit	_	(60,119)	(17,423)	(51,578)	(53,093)
Experience adjustments on					
plan liabilities	(7,114)	47,137	(42,401)	(10,757)	(1,798)
Experience adjustments on					
plan assets	(9,205)	6,478	(3,845)	(4,719)	(4,198)
Executives' gratuity fund					
Fair value of plan assets	39,589	51,279	57,523	63,883	73,274
Present value of the defined					
benefit obligation	(26,205)	(25,978)	(45,690)	(48,175)	(56,002)
Surplus / (Deficit)	13,384	25,301	11,833	15,708	17,272
Experience adjustments on					
plan liabilities	254	(7,665)	4,148	1,776	(490)
Experience adjustments on					
plan assets	(13,441)	5,329	(207)	(331)	28,169
Non-Executives' gratuity fund					
Present value of the defined					
benefit obligations	(34,817)	(29,840)	(32,196)	(26,229)	(28,119)
Experience adjustments on					
plan obligations	4,932	(5,694)	4,528	(1,709)	3,720

2021 2020 Number of years

The weighted average duration of the plans are as follows:		
Pension fund	Not applicable	7.99
 Executives' gratuity fund	2.5	7.99
 Non-executives' gratuity	6.98	7.99

Amounts in this note are based on the latest actuarial valuation carried out as at June 30, 2021.

#### 9.3 Risks on account of defined benefit plan

The Group faces the following risks on account of defined benefit plan:

Final Salary risk - The risk that the final salary at the time of cessation of service is greater than what the Group has assumed. Since the benefit is calculated on the final salary, the benefit amount would also increase proportionately.

Asset volatility - Most assets are invested in risk free investments of Term deposit Certificates. However, instruments in Open-ended Mutual Funds is subject to adverse fluctuation as a result of change of market price.

Discount rate fluctuation - The plan liabilities are calculated using discount rate set with reference to market yields on government bonds. A decrease in market yields on government bonds will Increase plan liabilities, although this will be partially offset by increase in the value of the current plan's bond holdings.

Investment risks - The risk of the investment underperforming and not being sufficient to meet the liabilities. The risk is mitigated by closely monitoring the performance of investment.

Risk of insufficiency of assets - This is managed by making regular contribution to the fund as advised by the actuary.

- In case of the funded plans, the Group ensures that the investment positions are managed within an asset-liability matching (ALM) framework that has been developed to achieve long-term investments that are in line with the obligations under the Retirement benefit plan. Within this framework, the Company's ALM objective is to match assets to the retirement benefit obligations by investing in long-term fixed interest securities with maturities that match the benefit payments as they fall due. The Group actively monitors how the duration and the expected yield of the investments are matching the expected cash outflows arising from the retirement benefit plan obligations. The Group has not changed the processes used to manage its risks from previous periods. The Group does not use derivatives to manage its risk. Investments are well diversified, such that the failure of any single investment would not have a material impact on the overall level of assets. A large portion of assets in 2021 and 2020 consists of government bonds and mutual funds. The Company believes that government bonds and mutual funds offer the best returns over the long term with an acceptable level of risk.
- 9.5 The expected return on plan assets was determined by considering the expected returns available on the assets underlying the current investment policy. Expected yields on fixed interest investments are based on gross redemption yields as at the balance sheet date.

The Group's contribution to the pension fund for the year ending June 30, 2022 is expected to be Rs. 15,838 thousand.

Expense of the defined benefit plan is calculated by the actuary.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		2021	2020
		(Rupe	es in thousand)
10	Lease liabilities against right-of-use assets		
	Lease liabilities at year end	5,828	13,587
***************************************	Less: current portion of lease liabilities	(4,386	(3,706)
***************************************	Non current lease liabilities	1,442	9,881

10.1 Commitments in relations to finance leases recognised under IFRS 16 are payable as follows:

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
	Payable not later than one year		4,667	3,485
	Payable later than one year but not later than five years		1,634	11,139
	Payable later than five years		_	1,244
			6,301	15,868
	Future finance charges		(473)	(2,281)
	Total lease liabilities		5,828	13,587
11	Long term finance- secured			
	Long term loan	11.1	508,436	223,434
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities	11.1	(280,925)	(61,151)
			227,511	162,283
11.1	The reconciliation of carrying amount is as follows			
	Opening balance		223,434	_
	Loan received during the year	11.2 & 11.3	436,535	250,978
	Repayments during the year		(137,909)	_
	Transferred to deferred grant	12	(53,252)	(27,544)
	Unwinding of interest cost		39,628	_
		11	508,436	223,434
	less: Current portion shown under current liabilities		(280,925)	(61,151)
			227,511	162,283

11.2 This represents amount of loan against facility of Rs 637,500 thousand (2020: Rs 317,500 thousand) under Refinance Scheme for Payment of Wages and Salaries to Workers and Employees of Business Concerns (the Scheme) announced by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) to mitigate the effect of COVID-19 on employment in Pakistan. The loan is repayable in 8 equal quarterly installments commencing from January 31, 2021 and carry markup from the rage of 0.4% to 1% per annum which is payable quarterly. The loan was initially recognized at amortized cost using prevailing market rate of mark-up for similar instruments. The average discount rate used ranges from 7.41% to 7.66% per annum. The difference between cash received and present value of cash outflows upon initial recognition has been recognized as deferred grant.

In case of Millat Tractors Limited, this facility is secured by first charge on plant and machinery and joint pari passu hypothecation charge over current assets and book debts of the Company, in the case of Bolan Castings Limited it is secured by way of hypothecation of plant and machinery and current assets of the Company, while in the case of Millat Equipment Limited it is secured by way of first charge on plant and machinery of the Company.

11.3 This represent amount of loan against facility of Rs 160,000 thousand (2020: Rs Nil) obtained under renewable energy finance scheme announced by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) to promote renewable energy use in Pakistan. The average discount rate used is 7.95% per annum. The amount is repayable ranging from 20 to 40 equal quarterly installments starting from September 30, 2021 and carry markup of 2.5% per annum which is payable quarterly. This facility is secured by specific and exclusive charge on the purchased machinery in case of Millat Tractors Limited, and first charge over the current assets of Millat Equipment Limited.

		2021	2020
		(Rupee	s in thousand)
12	Deferred grant		
	At start of year	27,544	_
	Received during the year	53,252	27,544
	Transferred to profit or loss during the year	(33,287)	_
	At end of year	47,509	27,544
	Represented by:		
	Non-current	21,085	14,281
	Current	26,424	13,263
		47,509	27,544

12.1 Government grants have been recognized against loans obtained under the SBP refinance scheme of salaries and wages and SBP refinance scheme for renewable energy in lieu of below market-interest / return rate payable on these loans. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies attached to these grants effecting its recognition at the reporting date.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
13	Trade and other payables			
	Trade creditors		2,868,328	1,972,026
	Accrued liabilities		333,946	285,803
•	Bills payable		366,805	263,345
	Security deposits	13.1	18,020	93,131
	Trademark fee payable		58,918	126,751
	Income tax deducted at source		552	2,715
	Sales tax payable		30,452	14,675
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund	13.2	80,815	30,231
	Workers' Welfare Fund		153,527	29,266
	Others	13.3	152,772	160,428
			4,064,135	2,978,371

13.1 These represent security deposits from dealers and contractors against short term agreements which, by virtue of the agreements, are interest free, repayable on demand and are used in the Group's business. As at year end the Group has utilized these security deposits for business operations of the Group in accordance with the terms of the contract in writing.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
13.2	Workers' Profit Participation Fund			
	Opening balance		30,231	33,742
	Allocation for the year	39	498,812	176,228
***************************************			529,043	209,970
	Payments made during the year		(448,228)	(179,739)
	Closing balance		80,815	30,231

13.3 These include deposits by employees under car and motorcycle scheme amounting to Rs. 40,930 thousand (2020: Rs. 27,727 thousand) and carry no markup.

### 14 Contract liabilities

- These represent amount received in advance from customers against performance obligations / sales made in subsequent periods and carry no mark-up and are unsecured. Further, as referred in note 33 to these consolidated financial statements, these also include an amount of Rs. 144,720 thousand (2020: Rs.109,438 thousand) representing cheques in hand at the reporting date.
- 14.2 Revenue recognised during the year that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year amounted to Rs. 3,182,935 thousand (2020: 2,735,205 thousand).

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
15	Short term borrowings			
	Short Term Running Finance (STRF) - secured			
•	STRF under mark-up arrangement	15.1	455,655	824,181
***************************************	Istisna Cum Wakala arrangement	15.2	75,000	75,000
***************************************			530,655	899,181

- The Group has obtained short term borrowing facilities from various banks having an aggregate sanctioned limit of Rs. 6,545,000 thousand (2020: Rs. 6,600,000 thousand) out of which Rs. 500,000 thousand (2020: Rs. 500,000 thousand) represents facilities obtained under Islamic mode of financing. The rates of mark up range from KIBOR plus 0.04% to KIBOR plus 1.6% (2020: KIBOR plus 0.4% to KIBOR plus 1.6%) per annum. At year end, the unutilized facility aggregated to Rs. 6,014,345 thousand (2020: Rs. 5,700,819 thousand). Facilities amounting to Rs. 100,000 thousand (2020: Rs. 100,000 thousand) are secured against first charge of PKR 133,400 thousand on land, building, plant & machinery and current assets of the Group. While facilities amounting to Rs. 400,000 thousand (2020: Rs. 400,000 thousand) are secured by way of hypothecation over plant and machinery and current assets of the Group. The remaining portion of the borrowing facilities is secured by pari passu hypothecation charge over current assets and book debts of the Group, lien over import documents and counter guarantees.
- The Group has also obtained Istisna Cum Wakala arrangement from Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited amounting to Rs. 75,000 thousand (2020: Rs. 75,000 thousand). The profit rate on this facility is 6 months KIBOR plus 2% (2020: 6 months KIBOR plus 2%). It is secured by way of hypothecation charge over fixed assets and current assets of the subsidiary company. Amount utilised as at June 30, 2021 is Rs. 75,000 thousand (2020: Rs.75,000 thousand).
- 15.3 The Group has facilities for opening of letters of credit and guarantees aggregating to Rs. 5,786,293 thousand (2020: Rs. 5,653,860 thousand) out of which Rs. 400,000 thousand (2020: Rs. 400,000 thousand) has been obtained under Islamic mode of financing. This include a facility for opening letter of credits of Rs. 840,000 thousand that is

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a sub-facility of the short term borrowings facilities as disclosed in note 16. At year end, the unutilized potion of the group-wide facilities for opening of letters of credit and guarantees aggregated to Rs. 2,437,563 thousand (2020: Rs. 4,532,279 thousand). These facilities are secured by pari passu hypothecation charge over current assets and book debts of the respective subsidiary company, lien over import documents and counter guarantees.

### 16 Contingencies and commitments

### 16.1 Contingencies

- **16.1.1** The Group has given guarantee amounting to Rs. 5,000 thousand (2020: Rs. 5,000) to bank for repayment of loan by employees. An amount of Rs.1,133 thousand (2020: Rs. 1,133) was utilized by employees as at June 30, 2021.
- **16.1.2** Guarantees issued by various banks on behalf of the Group in the normal course of business amount to Rs. 1,115,633 thousand (2020: Rs.540,970 thousand).

### 16.1.3 Holding company

**16.1.3.1** Income tax returns for the years from 2007 to 2020 have been filed by the Company under the provisions of section 120 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance).

The Income tax department has disputed with the Company's treatment on certain tax matters for the tax years 2013, 2015 and 2016, entailing an additional tax liability of Rs. 678,595 thousand. Of these the only significant tax matter, amounting to Rs. 507,588 thousand, relates to disallowances made by tax authorities in respect of consumption of stock and consequently value of closing stock claimed by the Company in its income tax returns for the tax year 2015. Both the Company and Income tax department are currently in appeal at the Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeals and Appellate tribunal level regarding the tax matters, decisions of which are pending. The management in consultation with their tax advisor is confident that all the tax matters will eventually be decided in the favor of the Company; therefore no provision has been made in these financial statements accordingly.

- 16.1.3.2 The Deputy Commission Inland Revenue has issued withholding tax assessment orders u/s 161/205 of the Ordinance for the tax year 2011 creating an initial demand of Rs. 176,000 thousand. The Company preferred an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) (CIR(A)). The CIR(A) passed an order dated January 21, 2015 remanding back the issue to Deputy Commissioner. Reassessment proceedings after being finalized on January 25, 2016 reduced the demand to Rs. 51,000 thousand. The Company is in the process of filing appeal against reassessment proceedings with CIR(A). Furthermore, the tax authorities have filed an appeal before Appellate Tribunal (ATIR) against the order passes by CIR(A). The management in consultation with their tax advisor are confident that the above matter will eventually be decided in favor of the Company; therefore no provision has been created in these financial statements accordingly.
- **16.1.3.3** The Company is defending a demand of Rs 289,430 thousand from the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue, Lahore and later upheld by the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) against the Company regarding the reduced payment of sales tax on sale of tractors by the Company to its customers in the period June 2016.

The Company filed the appeal in 2017 against the aforementioned orders, to the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) which was ruled in favor of the Company and later challenged by the Commissioner Inland Revenue, Lahore in the High Court, Lahore. During the current year the High Court, Lahore remanded back the case to the ATIR. Hence, the matter is currently pending in ATIR.

The management and the legal advisor are confident that outcome of the case would be in the Company's favor and no payment in this regard would be required, hence no provision there against has been made in these financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

- 16.1.3.4 The Company is defending a suit for Rs. 19,579 thousand, filed in previous years by an ex-vendor on account of damages and inconvenience. Previously, the case was pending before the Civil Court, Lahore. However during the last year it was held by the Civil Court that the damages of Rs. 15,000 thousand has been awarded in favor of vendor for the aforementioned inconvenience. In addition to that the Company is also required to pay the amount of parts already supplied by the vendor which amounts to Rs 4,579 thousand along with mark up @ 7% per annum till its realization. However the Company has filed an appeal in the Honorable High Court, Lahore against the aforesaid order of Civil Court. The management and the legal advisor are confident that outcome of the case would be in the Company's favor and no payment in this regard would be required, hence no provision there against has been made in these financial statements.
- 16.1.3.5 The Company is defending a demand of Rs. 31,869 thousand from the Customs Authorities (Authorities), alleging the Company for non payment of custom duty and other additional duties. The demand is on account of purchase of certain starter motors and alternators to be used for the manufacture of the tractors. The Company filed an appeal against the said demand and the order passed by Additional Collector, Lahore and Collector Appeals, Lahore before the Customs Appellate Tribunal, Lahore and the said tribunal passed order in favor of the Company. The Custom department has filed reference against the decision in Honorable High Court, Lahore, judgment of which is pending. The Company made payment of Rs. 8,000 thousand under protest in response to demand notice served and obtained stay order from Honorable High Court, Lahore against further recovery action of Authorities. The management are confident that the outcome of the case would be decided in their favor hence no provision relating to aforesaid demand has been made in these financial statements.
- **16.1.3.6** During the current year the Income tax department has disputed the Company's payment against Workers' Welfare Fund for years 2014 to 2020 and thereby created a demand of Rs. 657,509 thousand under section 4(9) of Workers Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971.

The Company has submitted its response on the aforementioned order to the Income tax department which is currently pending a response. The management in consultation with their tax advisor is confident that the matter will eventually be decided in the favor of the Company; therefore no provision has been made in these financial statements.

### Subsidiaries

### 16.1.4 a) Bolan Casting Limited

- **16.1.4.1** In 2014, the Company received a reassessment order dated 26 June 2014, from the Income Tax Department, in respect of return filed for the tax year 2008. The Department had revised the return filed by the Company and reduced the income tax refund claimed by the Company by Rs. 6,020 thousand. The said order was challenged before the Commissioner (Appeals) who declared the order in original as time barred and annulled it. Subsequently, the Income Tax Department filed appeal against the order before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue which has not been heard yet. The management of the Company, based on the views of its tax consultant, is confident that the final decision will be given in favour of the Company and therefore, no provision has been made in these financial statements for this amount.
- 16.1.4.2 In a suit filed against the Company before the Senior Civil Judge at Hub Balochistan, Altaf Hussain Agha (the Plaintiff) claims that in the year 2004 the Company allegedly encroached upon the land measuring 5 acres 2 roads 34 poles belonging to him that he purchased in year 2003. The Plaintiff has also sought mesne profits from the Company for such alleged encroachment. The Company claims ownership to the said piece of land and disputes the alleged encroachment claim whatsoever. The written statement of the Company was filed, the issues were framed and the Plaintiff had produced his witnesses. However, suit was decreed against the Company by the Senior Civil Judge. The original order was challenged by the Company before Balochistan High Court, which suspended the said order. In November, 2019, the Government of Balochistan enhanced the limit of session courts from claims of Rs. 5,000

thousand to Rs. 100,000 thousand. Hence, the case of the Company was transferred to Session Court, Hub on November 21, 2019. The Company's appeal was dismissed by Senior Civil Judge on August 18, 2020. The Company decided to file an appeal against the order in Balochistan High Court Quetta on September 08, 2020 for revision and suspension of the order. The case is pending for hearing. The exposure on account of profits claimed under the suit amounts to Rs. 48,000 thousand (2020: Rs. 48,000 thousand). The management of the Company based on the views of its legal advisor is confident that decision will be given in favour of the Company and therefore, no provision has been made in these financial statements.

### 16.1.5 b) Millat Industrial Products Limited

**16.1.5.1** Withholding tax proceedings u/s 161/205 were finalized for tax year 2011 vide order dated August 18, 2014 creating demand of Rs. 11,408 thousand. Out of total demand, department has adjusted the demand of Rs. 3,341 thousand against refunds available from previous tax years.

Consequently, company filed appeal and stay application to CIR(A) against the outstanding demand of Rs. 8,067 thousand. Stay was granted by CIR(A) subject to payment of Rs. 2,000 thousand. In the appellant order, CIR(A) confirmed the demand of Rs. 13 thousand while remaining issues were remanded back with direction for fresh assessment. On this instance, the company is under appeal before ATIR and appeal has not been heard till date.

Re-assessment proceedings u/s 124/129 read with 161/2015 were finalized for tax year 2011 vide order dated June 30, 2016 creating demand of Rs 5,927 thousand. Company had filed appeal to CIR(A) which was finalized vide order dated September 9, 2016 granting relief of Rs. 5,904 thousand. After appeal effect, company shall have net tax payable of Rs. 13 thousand. Department is under appeal before ATIR and the appeal has not been fixed for hearing till date.

- **16.1.5.2** Audit proceedings has been finalized u/s 122(5A), for tax years 2013,2015, 2016 and 2017 by Additional Commissioner creating additional demand of Rs.381,648,695 thousand. The Company has filed appeal to CIR(A) against the order which is yet to be heard. The Company has secured stay of demand against recovery notice. On the basis of available records and history of assessment, prima facie the case lies in favor of the company. No tax liability is anticipated.
- 16.1.5.3 The Company received notice from the Directorate of Intelligence and Investigation Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), Karachi on April 28, 2017. In the said notice it was alleged that the Company had purchased goods from a dummy / fake supplier who got registered with the Regional Tax Officers at Karachi and issued fake sales tax invoices to the Company and accordingly the Company has claimed illegal / inadmissible input tax adjustment amounting to Rs 2,439 thousand.

As a result the name of the Company was included in the First Information Report (FIR) No. 678(931)/I&I/IR/ KHI(AB-521)/2016/3617 dated April 28, 2017 registered by the Additional Director, Intelligence and Investigation - FBR, Karachi. Total demand raised against the company is Rs. 2,439 thousand which the FBR allowed to deposit in two equal instalments of which first instalment of Rs. 1,219 thousand was deposited on June 16, 2017 and second Instalment of Rs. 1,219 thousand was deposited on September 25, 2017 by the company. The legal advisor of the company has stated that the company has "Good case & chances of success are very bright".

16.1.5.4 Sales tax audit u/s 25 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 has been initiated by FBR on dated May 3, 2018. Proceedings are in process hence, no tax liability can be anticipated at this stage. Proceeding was finalized vide order dated March 22, 2019 creating demand of Rs. 939 thousand. Company filled appeal to CIR(A) dated April 4, 2019 and appeal has been discharged. Company has filed appeal to the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue u/s 46 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990.

The legal advisor of the company has stated that the company has "Good case & chances of success are bright".

### For the year ended June 30, 2021

- **16.1.5.5** The Competition Commission of Pakistan has imposed a penalty of Rs 1,000 thousand on the company for being purportedly involved in deceptive marketing practice vide it's order dated March 30, 2018. The company challenged the same before the competition Appellate Tribunal Islamabad submitting, "That the petitioner is not involved in any deceptive marketing practice". The Appellate Tribunal has admitted the case for hearing and during the pendency of appeal, the operation of impugned order dated, March 30, 2018 is suspended till the final decision of the order.
- **16.1.5.6** During the current year the Income tax department has disputed the Company's payment against Workers' Welfare Fund for years 2014 to 2020 and thereby created a demand of Rs. 15,101 thousand under section 4(9) of Workers Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971.

The Company has submitted its response on the aforementioned order to the Income tax department which is currently pending a response. The management in consultation with their tax advisor is confident that the matter will eventually be decided in the favor of the Company; therefore no provision has been made in these financial statements.

### 16.1.6 c) Millat Equipment Limited

- 16.1.6.1 The Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue (ACIR) passed an order u/s 122(5A) dated 21 June 2019, creating a demand of Rs. 29,600 thousand. The Company filed an appeal to Commissioner Inland Revenue-Appeals (CIR-A) against the order of ACIR, who remanded the case back to ACIR for reassessment. The ACIR finalized the proceedings by reducing the demand to Rs. 4,900 thousand. Being aggrieved by the order, the Company has filed a second appeal to CIR-A, which is pending adjudication. The management, based upon the opinion of the Company's tax counsel, is confident that the matter will be decided in favor of the Company, accordingly, no provision has been made in these financial statements.
- 16.1.6.2 The Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue (ACIR) passed an order u/s 122(5A) dated 13 April 2021, creating a demand of Rs. 63,200 thousand. The Company filed application for stay of demand to Commissioner Inland Revenue-Appeals (CIR-A) dated 22 June 2021. Stay of demand for a period of 30 days was provided by the Commissioner Inland Revenue vide order dated 23 July 2021. The management, based upon the opinion of the Company's tax counsel, is confident that the matter will be decided in favor of the Company, accordingly, no provision has been made in these financial statements.
- 16.1.6.3 The Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue (ACIR) passed an order u/s 122(1) dated 29 October 2020, creating a demand of Rs. 109.08 million. The Company filed appeal before Commissioner Inland Revenue-Appeals (CIR-A) dated 27 November 2020. Further, the Company filed application for stay of demand to Commissioner Inland Revenue-Appeals (CIR-A) dated 08 February 2021, which was rejected by CIR-A on the grounds that stay order for more than sixty days cannot be awarded by that forum. Being aggrieved on the decision, the Company filed request for stay of demand before Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR), which was granted to the Company vide order dated 27 July 2021. The management, based upon the opinion of the Company's tax counsel, is confident that the matter will be decided in favor of the Company, accordingly, no provision has been made in these financial statements.

### 16.2 Commitments

- **16.2.1** Commitments in respect of outstanding letters of credit amounting to Rs. 2,374,237 thousand (2020: Rs. 709,571 thousand) at the reporting date.
- **16.2.2** The aggregate commitments in respect of capital expenditure as at June 30, 2021 amount to Rs. Nil thousand (June 30, 2020: 650 thousand).

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
17	Operating fixed assets			
	Operating property, plant and equipment	17.1	1,793,993	1,645,923

17.1 Operating property, plant and equipment

Part		Land (Note 17.3)	ote 17.3)	Buildings	ings			Owned			
Cook value basis         Register of cook value cook		Freehold	Lease- hold	On freehold land	On leasehold land	Plant and machinery	Furniture and office equipment	Vehicles	Tools and equipment	Computers	Total
condy value basis of more value basis and part of value basis and part of value basis and value basis at the value basis and value basis at the value basi						(Rupees in	thousand)				
ended June 30, 2021  right look value (at cost)  rook value basis carbok value  rook value basis  rook	Net book value basis										
ring ret book value         188 561         8         391,872         -         622,931         52,969         172,562         161,702         15,838           nore (at cost)         -         -         4,423         -         110,561         57,94         164,988         84,470         4,521           nore (at cost)         -         -         -         -         -         (1977)         419         4,691 <td< td=""><td>Year ended June 30, 2021</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Year ended June 30, 2021										
rons (et cost) (142) (147)	Opening net book value	158,551	8	391,872	-	692,931	52,969	172,562	161,702	15,328	1,645,923
state (at/NBY)         —         1         1         —         1         1         —	Additions (at cost)			4,423		110,561	5,764	164,988	84,970	4,251	374,957
office of	Disposals (at NBV)			(182)		(1,917)	(316)	(32,304)	(115)	(396)	(35,200)
offs coefficiency et al. (1563) 664) - (1563) 664) - (341) (1567) 619 619 619 619 619 619 619 619 619 619	Adjustments	_						(322)		(1)	(356)
sociation charge	Write offs					(1,583)	(964)		(341)	(155)	(3,043)
Ogy ret book value basis         158,551         8         368,567         -         727,701         50,029         256,423         219,332         13382           Lune 30, 2021         Sook value basis         158,551         8         796,558         2,900         2,051,748         137,151         478,998         471,872         64,256         64,250           Avalue basis         Avalue basis <td>Depreciation charge</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(27,546)</td> <td></td> <td>(72,291)</td> <td>(7,424)</td> <td>(48,468)</td> <td>(26,884)</td> <td>(2,675)</td> <td>(188,288)</td>	Depreciation charge			(27,546)		(72,291)	(7,424)	(48,468)	(26,884)	(2,675)	(188,288)
s book value basis  value 30, 2021  mulated depreciation rate % per annum  liss 551  s book value basis  code value basis  book value basis  book value basis  book value basis  book value basis  code value basis  book value basis  code value basis  book value basis  code value basi	Closing net book value	158,551	8	368,567	ı	727,701	50,029	256,423	219,332	13,382	1,793,993
June 30, 2021         158,551         8         795,535         2,900         (1,324,047)         (87,122)         (222,575)         (202,540)         (30,048)         (30,048)         (47,1872)         64,230           ook value         158,551         8         388,567         -         727,701         50,029         226,423         219,332         13,382           ook value         158,551         8         388,567         -         727,701         50,029         226,423         219,332         13,382           ook value         158,551         8         388,557         -         747,434         86,601         212,684         77,570         14,988           onset book value         158,551         8         3893,596         -         747,434         86,601         212,684         77,550         14,69           street book value         158,551         8         3893,596         -         747,434         86,601         212,684         77,589           offs         177,028         17,728         5,6104         930         (4,138)         (7,60)           offs         18,61,045         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Gross book value basis										
rundated depreciation 156,551 8 795,535 2,900 2,051,748 137,151 478,998 471,872 64,230 ove value depreciation 156,551 8 383,596 - 727,701 50,029 2,564,23 219,332 13,382 eciation rate % per annum - 5-10 - 5-10 5 10 10-33 219,332 13,382 and eded June 30,2020	As at June 30, 2021										
cock value         —         (426.968)         (2900)         (1,324.047)         (87,122)         (222,575)         (222,540)         (50,489)         (60,489)	Cost	158,551	8	795,535	2,900	2,051,748	137,151	478,998	471,872	64,230	4,160,993
cook value         158.551         8         368.567         -         727,701         50,029         256.423         219,332         13.82           cook value basis         code value basis         5-10         5-10         5         10         10-20         201,332         13.82           cook value basis         code June 30, 2020         38,551         8         393,596         -         747,434         85.601         212,684         175,570         14,988           instended June 30, 2020         sask (at NBV)         -         -         -         747,434         85.601         212,684         175,570         14,988           instended June 30, 2020         -<	Accumulated depreciation	1	1	(426,968)	(2,900)	(1,324,047)	(87,122)	(222,575)	(252,540)	(50,848)	(2,367,000)
cciation rate % per annum         –         5-10         5         10         10-33         20         10-20         30-33           cook value basis         ended June 30, 2020         15,6551         8         393,596         –         747,434         85,601         212,684         175,570         14,988           ended June 30, 2020         15,8551         8         393,596         –         –         747,434         85,601         212,684         175,570         14,988           sing net book value         158,651         8         393,596         –         –         –         –         4,044         24,249         7,258           simmusts - Note 17.7         –         –         –         –         –         –         –         4,149         37,249         7,258           simmusts - Note 17.7         –         –         –         –         –         –         –         (9,951)         (2,173)         (146)           simmusts - Note 17.7         –         –         –         –         –         –         –         (392,475)         (31,906)         (5,753)           offs         –         –         –         –         –         –         –	Net book value	158,551	8	368,567	I	727,701	50,029	256,423	219,332	13,382	1,793,993
cended June 3o; 2020         Provide basis         Provide basis         Provide basis         Provided Basis         Prov	Depreciation rate % per annum	1	ı	5-10	5	10	10-33	20	10-20	30-33	
ended June 30, 2020         158,551         8         393,596         -         747,434         86,601         212,684         175,570         14,988           ended June 30, 2020         158,551         8         393,596         -         747,434         86,601         212,684         175,570         14,988           ing net book value         -         -         -         -         -         4,149         86,601         212,684         7,258         7,258           soals (at NBV)         -         -         -         -         -         4,149         86,601         212,684         7,258         7,258           streets - Note 17.7         -         -         -         -         -         -         (9,951)         (24,78)         (14,69)           of fish         -         -         -         -         (9,951)         (25,104)         930         (4,188)         (976)           of soil street         - </td <td></td>											
ended June 30, 2020         188,651         8         393,596         -         747,434         86,601         212,684         175,570         14,988           ing net book value         158,651         8         393,596         -         6         32,989         5,161         34,044         24,249         7,258           soals (at NBV)         -         -         -         -         -         26,339         -         (325)         (29,775)         (21,73)         (146)           stments - Note 17.7         -         -         -         -         -         (25,104)         930         (4,138)         (976)           stments - Note 17.7         -         -         -         -         -         -         (142)         (141)         (146)           offs         -         -         -         -         -         -         (4,138)         (976)           offs         - <td>Net book value basis</td> <td></td>	Net book value basis										
ing net book value basis basi	Year ended June 30, 2020										
ions (at cost)	Opening net book value	158,551	80	393,596	I	747,434	85,601	212,684	175,570	14,988	1,788,432
ssals (at NBV)         –         –         –         –         –         –         (9,951)         (29,755)         (21,735)         (21,735)         (146)           stments - Note 17.7         –         –         26,339         –         –         –         (9,951)         (25,104)         930         (4,138)         (146)           offs         –         –         –         –         –         –         –         (31,006)         (4,138)         (976)           offs         –         –         –         –         –         –         –         (31,006)         (4,138)         (976)           offs         –         –         –         –         –         –         –         (31,006)         (4,138)         (976)           offs         –         –         –         –         –         –         –         –         (31,006)         (31,006)         (5,793)           non test book value         –         –         –         –         (28,007)         (1,273,230)         (91,045)         (219,008)         (228,134)         (50,045)         (7,702)           null test depreciation         –         –         –         –	Additions (at cost)	I	I	I	I	32,989	5,161	34,044	24,249	7,258	103,701
streamts - Note 17.7         -         26,339         -         (9,951)         (25,104)         930         (4,138)         (976)           offs         -         -         26,339         -         (9,951)         (142)         (161)         -         (3)           offs         -         -         (28,063)         -         (77,289)         (15,160)         (31,806)         (5,793)           ng net book value         -         -         (28,063)         -         (77,289)         (172,622)         (45,160)         (31,806)         (5,793)           s book value basis         -         -         (28,063)         -         (77,289)         (172,662)         161,702         15,328           Lune 30, 2020         -         -         (28,064)         1,966,161         144,014         392,470         389,836         65,373           mulated depreciation         -         -         (399,615)         (2,900)         (1,273,230)         (91,045)         (219,908)         (228,134)         (50,045)         (7,328)           sook value         -         -         -         590,931         52,969         172,662         161,702         163,28         65,373           sook value	Disposals (at NBV)	I	-	-	1	(252)	(325)	(29,775)	(2,173)	(146)	(32,671)
offs         –         –         –         –         –         (142)         (161)         –         (3)           sciation charge         –         –         –         –         –         (17,289)         (12,222)         (45,160)         (31,806)         (5,793)           sciation charge         –         –         –         –         –         (28,063)         –         (17,289)         (12,222)         (45,160)         (31,806)         (5,793)           ng net book value         158,551         8         391,872         –         692,931         52,969         172,562         161,702         15,328           rulated depreciation         –         (399,615)         (2,900)         (1,273,230)         (91,045)         (219,908)         (228,134)         (50,045)         (7,232)           rook value         158,551         8         391,872         –         692,931         52,969         172,562         161,702         15,328         65,045         (7,322)         692,931         62,969         172,562         161,702         15,328         66,045         (7,322)         161,702         162,942         162,942         162,943         162,943         162,943         162,943         162,943	Adjustments - Note 17.7	ı	-	26,339	1	(9,951)	(25,104)	930	(4,138)	(926)	(12,900)
ediation change         –         (28,063)         -         (77,289)         (12,222)         (45,160)         (31,806)         (5,783)           ng net book value         158,551         8         391,872         -         692,931         52,969         172,562         161,702         15,328           s book value basis         158,551         8         791,487         2,900         1,966,161         144,014         392,470         389,836         65,373           r unalted depreciation         -         (399,615)         (2,900)         (1,273,230)         (91,045)         (219,908)         (228,134)         (50,045)         (7,045)           cook value         158,551         8         391,872         -         692,931         52,969         172,562         161,702         15,328           eciation rate % per annum         -         5-10         5         10         10-20         30-33	Write offs	I	I	I	I	I	(142)	(161)	I	(3)	(306)
s book value basis         158,551         8         391,872         -         692,931         52,969         172,562         161,702         15,328           s book value basis         1 book value basis         1 book value basis         1 book value         1 book value <th< td=""><td>Depreciation charge</td><td></td><td></td><td>(28,063)</td><td>•</td><td>(77,289)</td><td>(12,222)</td><td>(45,160)</td><td>(31,806)</td><td>(5,793)</td><td>(200,333)</td></th<>	Depreciation charge			(28,063)	•	(77,289)	(12,222)	(45,160)	(31,806)	(5,793)	(200,333)
S book value basis         158,551         8         791,487         2,900         1,966,161         144,014         392,470         389,836         65,373           mulated depreciation         –         –         (399,615)         (2,900)         (1,273,230)         (91,045)         (229,134)         (50,045)         (7           sook value         158,551         8         391,872         –         692,931         52,969         172,562         161,702         15,328           eciation rate % per annum         –         5-10         5         10         10-20         30-33	Closing net book value	158,551	8	391,872	'	692,931	52,969	172,562	161,702	15,328	1,645,923
June 30, 2020         Hund 30, 2020       158,551       8       791,487       2,900       1,966,161       144,014       392,470       389,836       65,373         mulated depreciation       —       (399,615)       (2,900)       (1,273,230)       (91,045)       (219,908)       (228,134)       (50,045)       (7,045)         sook value       158,551       8       391,872       —       692,931       52,969       172,562       161,702       15,328         eciation rate % per annum       —       -       5-10       5       10       10-20       30-33	Gross book value basis										
mulated depreciation         158,551         8         791,487         2,900         1,966,161         144,014         392,470         389,836         65,373           mulated depreciation         -         -         (399,615)         (2,900)         (1,273,230)         (91,045)         (219,908)         (228,134)         (50,045)         (6,045)         (7,28,134)         (50,045)         (7,328	As at June 30, 2020										
annum         -         -         (399,615)         (2,900)         (1,273,230)         (91,045)         (219,908)         (228,134)         (50,045)         (5,904)         (7,028,134)         (50,045)         (5,045)         (6,045)         (7,028,134)         (5,045)         (7,028,134)         (5,045)         (7,028,134)         (5,045)         (7,028,134)         (5,045)         (7,028,134)         (5,045)         (7,028,134)         (5,045)         (7,028,134)         (5,045)         (7,028,134)         (5,045)         (7,028,134)	Cost	158,551	80	791,487	2,900	1,966,161	144,014	392,470	389,836	65,373	3,910,800
158,551         8         391,872         -         692,931         52,969         172,562         161,702         15,328           ade % per annum         -         -         5-10         5         10         10-33         20         10-20         30-33	Accumulated depreciation	-	I	(399,615)	(2,900)	(1,273,230)	(91,045)	(219,908)	(228,134)	(50,045)	(2,264,877)
5-10 5 10 10-33 20 10-20	Net book value	158,551	8	391,872	1	692,931	52,969	172,562	161,702	15,328	1,645,923
	Depreciation rate % per annum		1	5-10	2	10	10-33	20	10-20	30-33	

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
17.2	The depreciation charge for the year has			
	been allocated as follows:			-
	Cost of sales	36	125,122	134,808
	Distribution and marketing expenses	37	8,642	8,107
	Administrative expenses	38	54,524	57,418
			188,288	200,333

- 17.3 The freehold land and building on owned land of the Group are as follows:
  - 202,343 square meters of factory land situated at Sheikhupura Road, Sheikhupura MTL;
  - 759 square meters of land at Khera Gali District Abbottabad MTL;
  - 697 square meters of land in sector F-6/1 Islamabad MTL;
  - Corporate office floors in Tricon Corporate Centre Lahore MTL;
  - 113 Kanal and 12.5 Marlas of land, situated at Mauza Bhoptian, tehsil and district Lahore MEL;
  - 52 Kanals and 10 Marlas is located at 49-K.M., off Multan Road, Bhai Pheru, Distt. Kasur MIPL; and
  - 22.93 acres of factory land situated at Main RCD Highway, Hub chowki, Tehsil Hub, District Lasbella, Balochistan
  - BCL
- **17.4** Leasehold property represents Igloo Hanger Godown measuring total area of 6,662 square meters situated near Brooke Bond factory site area, Karachi.
- 17.5 Tools and equipment includes dies and moulds having book value of Rs 2,207 thousand (2020: 2,597 thousand) which are in possession of vendors and these dies and moulds are used by the vendors for producing certain parts for supply to the Group.

### 17.6 Disposal of operating property, plant and equipment

Particulars of assets	Sold to	Cost	Book value	Sale proceeds	Gain / (Loss) on disposal	Mode of disposal
		(	Rupees ir	thousand	)	
Fixed assets sold h	aving book value					
greater than Rs.	500,000					
	Directors:					
Vehicle	Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari	7,500	1,504	1,504	_	As approved by the BOD
	- a related party					
	Employees:					
Vehicle	Mr. Ayaz Khurshid	2,993	1,937	1,937	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Ayaz Khurshid	2,758	2,482	2,482	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Waseem Bhatti	1,910	1,188	1,188	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Waseem Bhatti	1,846	514	514	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Khurram Shahzad Toor	1,846	578	578	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Muhammad Qayyum	1,398	1,212	1,212	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Muhammad Bilal	1,250	578	578	-	Company car scheme

Particulars of assets	Sold to	Cost	Book value	Sale proceeds	Gain / (Loss) on disposal	Mode of disposal
		(	Rupees in	thousand)		
Vehicle	Mr. Muhammad Shafique	1,078	763	763	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Muhammad Siddique	1,078	793	793	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Muhammad Wasim	1,078	853	853	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Humayun Shoukat	1,308	1,078	1,078	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Khizar Mahmood	1,780	1,721	1,721	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Rana Zagham Ali	1,250	612	612	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Muhammad Ramzan	1,078	698	698	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Fahim Azhar	1,613	932	932	-	Company car scheme
Vehicle	Mr. Ali Hassan	708	637	637	_	Company car scheme
	Third Parties					
Plant and machinery	M/S Adamjee insurance					
	company & M/S East					
	West Insurance					
	Company	6,920	1,573	1,717	144	Insurance Claim
Fixed assets sold ha	ving book					
value less than Rs	. 500,000	52,856	15,547	19,123	3,576	
Year ended: June 30	, 2021	92,248	35,200	38,920	3,720	
Year ended: June 30	. 2020	76.264	32.671	35.165	2.494	

17.7 Assets written-off include several low value equipment, having written down value of Rs. Nil (2020: Rs. 7,684 thousand), which are assessed redundant by the management as result of survey conducted during the previous year.

		2021	2020
		(Rupees in	n thousand)
18	Capital work in progress		
	Plant and machinery	22,678	1,332
***************************************	Office equipment	154	<del>-</del>
***************************************	Advance for tools and equipment	1,613	1,613
	Advance for factory building	_	29,980
***************************************	Advance for vehicles	25,383	1,500
		49,828	34,425
18.1	Movement in capital work in progress is as follows:		
	Opening balance	34,425	30,912
	Additions during the year	188,093	20,909
***************************************	Capitalized / disposed off during the year	(172,690)	(17,396)
		49,828	34,425

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Note	2021 (Rupees in th	2020 nousand)
19	Right-of-use assets			
	Opening net book value		12,931	_
	Impact of initial adoption - IFRS 16		_	4,829
	Additions during the year		_	11,327
	Derecognition during the year		(3,978)	_
	Depreciation charged during the year	37	(4,057)	(3,225)
	Closing net book value		4,896	12,931
20	Intangible assets			
	Software and licenses	20.1	63,838	41,465
	Capital work-in-progress		8,160	21,432
	Provision for impairment of intangibles		(8,160)	_
			63,838	62,897
		Software with	Licenses with indefinite life	Takal
20.1	Note Software and licenses	definite life	- Note 20.2	Total
20.1	Net carrying value basis:			
	iver carrying value basis.			
	Opening net book value as at June 30, 2020	2,165	39,300	41,465
	Additions	27,180	_	27,180
	Amortization charge	(4,807)	_	(4,807)
	As at June 30, 2021	24,538	39,300	63,838
	Gross carrying value basis:			
	As on June 30, 2021			
	Cost	6,677	39,300	45,977
	Additions	27,180	<del>-</del>	27,180
	Accumulated amortization	(9,319)	_	(9,319)
		24,538	39,300	63,838
	Net carrying value basis:			
	Opening net book value as at June 30, 2019	4,138	_	4,138
	Additions	_	39,300	39,300
	Amortization charge 38, 39 & 40	(1,973)	_	(1,973)
	As at June 30, 2020	2,165	39,300	41,465
	Gross carrying value basis:			
	As on June 30, 2020			
	Cost	6,678	_	6,678
	Additions	_	39,300	39,300
	Accumulated amortization	(4,513)		(4,513)
		2,165	39,300	41,465
	Rate of amortization	33%	0%	

### 20.2 Intangible asset with indefinite useful life

Intangible asset with indefinite life having carrying value of Rs. 39,300 thousand (2020: 39,300 thousand) represents lifetime Oracle based user licenses for functioning of Holding Company's ERP system. The Group has performed its annual impairment review for these licenses with indefinite life and noted no indicator of impairment. Moreover, these licenses are also covered with upgradation over time and are not susceptible to technological obsolescence in near future.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
21	Investment property			
	Land		258,444	258,444
	Provision for impairment	21.5	(2,736)	(2,736)
			255,708	255,708

- 21.1 This represents residential plots stated at cost. As at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, the fair values of these properties were Rs.355,200 thousand and Rs. 355,200 thousand, respectively. The valuations were performed by an independent valuer, who has appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the properties being valued. The valuation is based on comparable market transactions that considers sales of similar properties that have been transacted in open market.
- 21.2 The valuation method used by the independent valuer was based on market approach method.
- 21.3 The level of hierarchy for fair value disclosed falls in level 2 i.e. inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for real estate properties either directly or indirectly.
- 21.4 Management of the Group believes that holding on to these properties for appreciation in their market value is the highest and best use of these investment properties.
- 21.5 This represents provision for impairment against land measuring 12 kanals and 14.5 marlas located at Raiwind Road having gross value of Rs. 2,736 thousand (2020: 2,736 thousand) at the reporting date.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

2021 2020 (Rupees in thousand)

		(Rupees in	inousanu)
22	Long term investments		
	Investment in related parties - at FVOCI		
	Unquoted		
	Arabian Sea Country Club Limited		
•	500,000 (2020: 500,000) fully paid ordinary		
	shares of Rs. 10/- each	5,000	5,000
	Equity held 6.45% (2020: 6.45%)		
	Less: Impairment loss	(5,000)	(5,000)
	Hyundai Nishat Motors (Private) Limited		
	150,490,300 (2020: 134,550,000) fully paid		
***************************************	ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,504,903	1,345,500
	Equity held 15.86% (2020: 18%)		
	Surplus on fair valuation of investment	4,276,935	296,010
	- note 22.2 & 49.1 (Level -3)		
		5,781,838	1,641,510
	Investment other than related parties - at FVOCI		
	Quoted		
	Baluchistan Wheels Limited		
	1,570,325 (2020: 1,570,325) fully paid		
	ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	24,364	24,364
	Surplus on revaluation of investment - note 49.1 (Level -1)	99,676	71,002
		124,040	95,366
	Unquoted		
	TCC Management Services (Private) Limited		
	40,000 (2020: 40,000) fully paid	400	400
	ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		
	Kaheel Agriculture LLC.		
	Advance against share subscription	_	57,443
		5,906,278	1,794,719

<sup>22.1</sup> Investments in associated companies or undertakings have been made in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017.

22.2 This represents investment in the ordinary shares of Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited ('HNMPL') that has setup up a greenfield project for assembly and sales of Hyundai Motor Company passenger and commercial vehicles. Since HNMPL's ordinary shares are not listed, an independent valuer engaged by the Company has estimated a fair value of Rs 38.4 per ordinary share as at June 30, 2021 (2020: Rs.12.2 per ordinary share) through a valuation technique based on discounted cash flow analysis of HNMPL. Hence, it has been classified under level 3 of fair value hierarchy as further explained in note 49.1 to these consolidated financial statements. The fair value gain of Rs 3,980,925 thousand (2020: Rs. 296,010 thousand) is included in the fair value gain recognised during the year in other comprehensive income.

The main level 3 inputs used by the Group are derived and evaluated as follows:

- Discount rate is determined using a capital asset pricing model to calculate a post-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to HNMPL.
- Long term growth rate is estimated based on expected future performance of HNMPL and current market information for similar type of entities.

The significant assumptions used in this valuation technique are as follows:

- Discount rate of 16.56% per annum.
- Long term growth rate of 4% per annum for computation of terminal value; and
- Annual growth in costs are linked to inflation and currency devaluation at 5% per annum and revenues are linked to currency devaluation at 5% per annum.

### Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis of the significant assumptions used in the valuation technique are as follows, with all other variables held constant as at June 30, 2021:

			Impact on fa	Impact on fair value gain	
			Increased by 1%	Decreased by 1%	
			(Rupees in	•	
	- Discount rate		(439,432)	507,152	
	- Long term growth rate		266,368	(227,240)	
-	- Inflation rate per annum		(773,520)	788,569	
		Note	2021	2020	
			(Rupees in	thousand)	
23	Long term loans - considered good				
	Loan to employees:				
	Company Ioan	23.1	6,241	4,197	
•	Motor cycle loan	23.2	2,599	3,161	
		23.3	8,840	7,358	
	Less: Current portion included in current assets	28	(5,493)	(4,277)	
			3.347	3.081	

### For the year ended June 30, 2021

- 23.1 These represent interest free loans to employees secured against their gratuity and provident fund balances. These loans are repayable in monthly installments over a period of twenty four months for executive and thirty six months for workers.
- 23.2 This represents interest free loans to employees for purchase of motor cycles secured by joint registration of motor cycles in the name of the Group and employees. These loans are repayable in monthly instalments over a period of fifty to sixty months.
- 23.3 Reconciliation of carrying amount of long term loans is:

	2021	2020
	(Rupees i	n thousand)
Opening balance	7,358	8,319
Disbursement during the year	8,535	4,995
Repayments during the year	(7,053)	(5,956)
Closing balance	8,840	7,358

23.4 The above loans were provided for personal use of the Executives in accordance with approved Human Resource policy and employment terms.

### 24 Long term deposits

These represent security deposits given to Companies against provision of utilities and services and carry no mark-up.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
25	Stores, spare parts and loose tools			
***************************************	Stores, spare parts and loose tools	25.1 & 25.2	587,156	502,633
	less: provision for obsolescence		(1,225)	(7,661)
			585,931	494,972

- 25.1 Most of the items of stores, spare parts and loose tools are of inter-changeable nature and can be consumed as stores or used as machine spares against capital expenditure. Accordingly, it is not practical to distinguish stores from spares until their actual usage.
- 25.2 This includes stock in transit amounting to Rs. 21,770 thousand (2020: Rs. 18,430 thousand).

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
26	Stock in trade			
	Raw material	26.1	5,366,543	3,553,486
	Work in process		400,644	236,406
	Finished goods:			
***************************************	Manufacturing	26.2	543,692	599,327
	Trading		178,439	200,019
			722,131	799,346
		26.3	6,489,318	4,589,238

- **26.1** This includes stock in transit amounting to Rs. 754,748 thousand (2020: Rs. 419,247 thousand).
- **26.2** Finished goods include inventories which have been written-down to net realisable value by Rs. 2,160 thousand (2020: Rs. 11,690 thousand).
- 26.3 Included in stocks are raw materials and components held with third parties amounting to Rs.97,736 thousand (2020: Rs. 144,492 thousand).

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees	in thousand)
27	Trade debts			
	Trade debts - considered good	27.1	307,921	221,150

- **27.1** This includes amount of Rs. 525 thousand (2020: 357 thousand) due from related party Hyundai Nishat Motors (Private) Limited.
- **27.2** Age analysis of these trade debts in given in note 48.2 of these consolidated financial statements.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
28	Loans and advances			
***************************************	Current portion of long term loans to employees	23	5,493	4,277
***************************************	Advances to employees - considered good	28.1	5,731	22,742
***************************************	Advances to suppliers - considered good	28.2	184,038	81,774
			195,262	108,793
	Advances to suppliers - considered doubtful		2,485	2,485
	Less: Provision for doubtful advances		(2,485)	(2,485)
			_	_
	Letter of credit opening charges		3,361	1,710
			198,623	110,503

For the year ended June 30, 2021

- 28.1 These represent interest free advances to employees for the purpose of the expenses, travel and salary as per Group's Human resource policy.
- 28.2 These represent interest free advances given to suppliers as per mutually agreed terms.

		2021	2020
		(Rupees	in thousand)
29	Trade deposits and short term prepayments		
•	Security deposits	19,098	20,687
	Prepayments	58,022	29,285
		77,120	49,972

29.1 These represents interest free security deposits made for tender placement.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
30	Balances with statutory authorities			
	Excise duties receivable		1,637	_
•	Sales tax recoverable		4,644,608	1,082,401
	Less: provision for doubtful claims		(34,147)	(34,147)
			4,610,461	1,048,254
			4,612,098	1,048,254
31	Other receivables			
•	Claims receivable from suppliers		88,773	36,400
	Profit / interest accrued		605	367
			89,378	36,767
32	Short term investments			
	Mutual funds - at FVPL	32.1	5,784,636	_
•	Term Deposit Receipt	32.2 & 32.3	583,855	143,855
			6,368,491	143,855

**32.1** This represents investment in mutual funds as follows:

		June 30, 2021	l	June 30, 2020		
	Number of units		-			Total
	(Number in thousand)	(Rupees)	(Rupees in thousand)	(Number in thousand)	(Rupees)	(Rupees in thousand)
Mutual Funds						
ABL Cash Fund	94,949	10.18	966,673	_	_	_
Atlas Money Market Fund	2,001	505.88	1,012,093	_	_	_
Faysal Money Market Fund	982	101.94	100,117	_	_	_
HBL Money Market Fund	4,412	102.60	452,654	_	_	_
JS Cash Fund	1,474	102.03	150,390	_	_	_
Lakson Money Market Fund	10,026	100.80	1,010,667	_	_	_
MCB Cash Management						
Optimizer Fund	10,261	100.96	1,035,981	_	_	_
UBL Liquidity Plus Fund	10,454	101.02	1,056,061	_	_	_
			5,784,636			_

- 32.2 These carry mark-up/ profit mainly at the rate 6.2% to 6.8% (2020: 6% to 10%) and having tenures ranging from 7 days to 60 days. The said TDRs may be encashed any time before maturity.
- 32.3 These include TDRs amounting to Rs. 3,856 thousand (2020: Rs. 3,856 thousand) under lien with respect to bank guarantee issued by a commercial bank.
- **32.4** Fair value per unit has been rounded off to 2 decimal places.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
33	Cash and bank balances			
	In hand:			
	cash		3,432	7,927
	cheques		144,720	109,438
			148,152	117,365
	At banks:			
	current accounts		587,241	686,207
	deposit accounts	33.1	397,426	1,151,554
•			984,667	1,837,761
			1,132,819	1,955,126

- **33.1** These carry mark-up ranging from 2.96% to 7.5% (2020: 6% to 10.8%) per annum.
- 33.2 This includes deposits amounting to Rs.Nil (2020: Rs.Nil thousand) placed with Islamic banks under Islamic mode.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

2021 2020 (Rupees in thousand)

34	Non-current assets classified as held for sale		
	Plant and machinery	_	1,092

34.1 This represented machines having written down value amounting to Rs. 4,720 thousand as June 30, 2020. On classification of these machines as held for sale, these were recognized at the lower of written down value and net recoverable value and an impairment loss of Rs. 3,710 thousand had been recognized. The sale of these assets has been completed during the current year.

	N	lote	2021	2020
			(Rupees in thousand)	
35	Revenue from contracts with customers			
***************************************	Local:			•
	Tractors		42,610,262	22,149,422
	Implements and tractor components		1,047,298	547,978
	Multi-application products		381,948	326,654
	Trading goods		1,034,347	629,223
	Batteries		1,666,227	975,705
***************************************	Castings		564,103	310,417
	IFS implementation services		5,453	3,997
			47,309,638	24,943,396
***************************************	Less:			
	Trade discount		(262,346)	(166,025)
	Sales tax and special excise duty		(4,108,426)	(2,026,402)
	Provincial Sales tax on services		(603)	(2,072)
			(4,371,375)	(2,194,499)
			42,938,263	22,748,897
***************************************	Export:			
	Tractors		3,029,975	1,123,037
	Trading goods and tractor components		109,161	141,430
***************************************	Multi-application products		_	2,344
	IFS services		7,642	4,290
	Batteries		157,179	185,900
			3,303,957	1,457,001
			46,242,220	24,205,898
	Less: Commission		(576,983)	(309,349)
***************************************	3.	5.1	45,665,237	23,896,549

**35.1** This represents revenue earned from Shariah compliant business segments.

		Note	2021 (Rupees in	2020 thousand)
36	Cost of sales		(Caspage and	
30	Components consumed		30,469,921	16,232,974
	Salaries, wages and amenities	36.1	1,042,501	757,041
	Contract services		521,323	282,110
	Fuel and power		490,527	402,669
	Oil and lubricants		251,999	155,846
	Communication		384	446
	Travelling and vehicle running		61,720	53,507
	Printing and stationery		5,146	7,497
	Insurance		42,851	38,930
	Repairs and maintenance		183,721	105,670
	Stores and spares consumed		424,016	248,051
	Packing material consumed		10,589	4,225
	Depreciation	17.2	125,122	134,808
	Amortization	20.1	20	30
	Other expenses		82,085	188,701
	1		33,711,925	18,612,505
	Add: opening work-in-process		236,406	244,314
	Less: closing work-in-process		(400,644)	(236,407)
			(164,238)	7,907
	Cost of goods manufactured		33,547,687	18,620,412
	Add: Opening finished goods		599,327	506,466
	Less: Closing finished goods		(543,692)	(610,304)
			55,635	(103,838)
			33,603,322	18,516,574
	Cost of sales - trading	36.2	719,945	488,151
			34,323,267	19,004,725
36.1	It includes the following staff retirement benefits	expense / (income):		
	Defined benefit plan - pension		16,141	1,064
	Defined contribution plan - gratuity		3,537	4,326
	Defined contribution plan - provident fund		16,165	15,676
	Provision for compensated absences		2,241 38,084	(3,281) 17,785
36.2	Cost of sales - trading			
JU.2	Opening stock		160,280	160,738
	Purchases		738,104	487,693
			898,384	648,431
	Closing stock		(178,439)	(160,280)
			719,945	488,151

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in t	housand)
37	Distribution and marketing expenses			
***************************************	Salaries and amenities	37.1	162,805	125,539
	Contract services		46,272	36,142
	Fuel and power		11,807	10,166
	Communication		1,071	915
	Travelling and vehicle running		28,647	41,626
	Carriage and freight		226,863	45,552
	Printing and stationery		5,331	5,034
	Insurance		18,603	18,071
	Trademark fee	37.2	452,025	248,712
	Advertisement and sales promotion		10,571	10,438
	Depreciation	17.2	8,642	8,107
	Amortization	20.1	_	_
	Depreciation charge for the right-of-use assets	19	4,057	3,225
	Meeting / convention		_	8,095
	After sales support		73,601	52,007
	Other expenses		28,868	57,043
			1,079,163	670,672
37.1	It includes the following staff retirement benefits expense	e / (income):		
***************************************	Defined benefit plan - pension		5,638	(5,039)
	Defined contribution plan - gratuity		2,919	2,833
	Defined contribution plan - provident fund		4,329	4,241
	Provision for compensated absences		804	(1,178)
***************************************			13,690	857

37.2 Trademark fee is incurred under a trademark agreement between the Group and M/S Massey Ferguson Corp., having its registered office situated at 4205 River Green Parkway, Duluth, Georgia 30096, United States of America.

Under the trademark agreement M/S Massey Ferguson grants exclusive rights to the Group for use of its brand name with certain terms and conditions.

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in thousand)	
38	Administrative expenses			
	Salaries and amenities	38.1	532,199	437,580
•	Contract services		61,699	50,438
	Fuel and power		25,699	22,262
	Communication		6,122	7,285
	Travelling and vehicle running		33,418	32,819
	Insurance		13,439	12,059
	Repairs and maintenance		23,170	13,767
	Security		24,292	22,101
	Legal and professional	38.2	54,099	21,216
	Depreciation	17.2	54,524	57,418
	Amortization of intangible asset	20.1	4,787	1,943
	Rent, rates and taxes		22,135	7,459
	Fee and subscription		12,326	5,659
	Entertainment		8,786	8,523
	Provision for impairment of intangibles		8,160	_
	Property, plant and equipment written off		504	294
***************************************	Other expenses		68,014	66,041
			953,373	766,864
38.1	It includes the following staff retirement benefits exp	pense / (income):		
	Defined benefit plan - pension		9,111	(7,496)
	Defined contribution plan - gratuity		1,797	1,412
***************************************	Defined contribution plan - provident fund		11,296	10,982
	Provision for compensated absences		2,701	(3,954)
	·		24,905	944

### **38.2** Legal and professional expenses include following in respect of auditors' services:

	2021	2020
	(Rupees	in thousand)
Statutory audit	3,888	3,588
Half year review	676	372
Special reports and sundry certifications	377	475
Out of pocket expenses	518	502
	5,459	4,937

			Note	2021	2020
				(Rupees in t	housand)
39	Other operating expe	enses			
	Workers' Profit Particip		13.2	498,812	176,228
	Workers' Welfare Fund			191,105	70,215
	Loss on translation of f			4,020	
	Donations		39.1	1,893	5,559
	Operating fixed assets	written off		_	7,684
•	Bad debts written off			3,932	
	Impairment loss			_	4,455
	Loss on exchange rate	e and price		22,273	61,497
		ence of stores and spares		_	7,661
				722,035	333,299
39.1	The particulars of the c	donation exceeding Rs 1,00	00 thousand are as follows	2021	2020
				(Rupees in t	housand)
	Name of donee				
	Namal Education Four	ndation		_	4,809
39.2	Donation includes the	following in which a directo	or or his spouse is interested:		
39.2	Donation includes the	following in which a directo  Name of Donee	or or his spouse is interested:  Interest in Donee	2021 (Rupees in tl	2020 housand)
39.2		-	·		
39.2	Name of director	Name of Donee	·		
39.2	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar	Name of Donee Namal Education	Interest in Donee  Vice Chairperson	(Rupees in the	housand) 4,809
39.2	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar	Name of Donee Namal Education	Interest in Donee	(Rupees in the	4,809 2020
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan	Name of Donee Namal Education	Interest in Donee  Vice Chairperson	(Rupees in the	4,809 2020
40	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar	Name of Donee  Namal Education  Foundation	Interest in Donee  Vice Chairperson	(Rupees in the	4,809 2020
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia	Name of Donee  Namal Education  Foundation	Vice Chairperson  Note	(Rupees in the	4,809 2020
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia	Name of Donee  Namal Education  Foundation  al assets  m Baluchistan Wheels Limi	Vice Chairperson  Note	(Rupees in the second of the s	4,809 2020 housand)
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia Dividend income fro	Name of Donee  Namal Education  Foundation  al assets  m Baluchistan Wheels Limiosits and TDRs	Vice Chairperson  Note	(Rupees in the second of the s	4,809 2020 housand)
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia Dividend income fro Return on bank deporation of the short of the sh	Name of Donee  Namal Education Foundation  al assets m Baluchistan Wheels Limitosits and TDRs t term investments of short term investments	Vice Chairperson  Note  ited 40.1 40.2 40.3	(Rupees in the 2021 (Rupees in the 2,354 69,013	4,809 2020 housand) 3,140 22,161
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia Dividend income fro Return on bank deporation of the same	Name of Donee  Namal Education Foundation  al assets m Baluchistan Wheels Limitosits and TDRs t term investments of short term investments at m short term investments	Vice Chairperson  Note  ited 40.1 40.2 40.3	(Rupees in the 2021 (Rupees in the 2,354 69,013 61,807	4,809 2020 housand)  3,140 22,161 1,190 - 2,711
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia Dividend income fro Return on bank deperior Gain on sale of short Change in fair value Dividend income frot Gain on translation of	Name of Donee  Namal Education Foundation  al assets m Baluchistan Wheels Limitosits and TDRs t term investments of short term investments at m short term investments of foreign investment	Note  Vice Chairperson  Note  ited 40.1 40.2 40.3 at FVPL 40.4 40.5	(Rupees in the second of the s	4,809 2020 housand)  3,140 22,161 1,190 - 2,711 5,325
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia Dividend income fro Return on bank deperior Gain on sale of short Change in fair value Dividend income frot Gain on translation of	Name of Donee  Namal Education Foundation  al assets m Baluchistan Wheels Limitosits and TDRs t term investments of short term investments at m short term investments	Note  Vice Chairperson  Note  ited 40.1 40.2 40.3 at FVPL 40.4 40.5	2021 (Rupees in the 2,354 69,013 61,807 4,953 70,475 - 70,370	4,809  2020 housand)  3,140 22,161 1,190 - 2,711 5,325 26,953
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia Dividend income fro Return on bank depe Gain on sale of shor Change in fair value Dividend income fro Gain on translation of Interest charged on	Name of Donee  Namal Education Foundation  al assets m Baluchistan Wheels Limitorists and TDRs t term investments of short term investments at m short term investments of foreign investment early payments and advance	Interest in Donee  Vice Chairperson  Note  ited 40.1 40.2 40.3 at FVPL 40.4 40.5	(Rupees in the second of the s	4,809 2020 housand)  3,140 22,161 1,190 - 2,711 5,325
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia Dividend income fro Return on bank deperior Gain on sale of short Change in fair value Dividend income frot Gain on translation of Interest charged on  Income from assets	Name of Donee  Namal Education Foundation  al assets m Baluchistan Wheels Limitosits and TDRs t term investments of short term investments at m short term investments of foreign investment	Interest in Donee  Vice Chairperson  Note  ited 40.1 40.2 40.3 at FVPL 40.4 40.5	2,354 69,013 61,807 4,953 70,475 - 70,370 278,972	3,140 22,161 1,190 22,711 5,325 26,953 61,480
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia Dividend income fro Return on bank depe Gain on sale of shor Change in fair value Dividend income fro Gain on translation of Interest charged on  Income from assets Rental income	Name of Donee  Namal Education Foundation  al assets m Baluchistan Wheels Limitorists and TDRs t term investments of short term investments at m short term investments of foreign investment early payments and advance	Interest in Donee  Vice Chairperson  Note  ited 40.1 40.2 40.3 at FVPL 40.4 40.5	2021 (Rupees in the second of	3,140 22,161 1,190 - 2,711 5,325 26,953 61,480
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia Dividend income fro Return on bank deperior Gain on sale of short Change in fair value Dividend income frot Gain on translation of Interest charged on  Income from assets Rental income Scrap sales	Name of Donee  Namal Education Foundation  al assets m Baluchistan Wheels Limitorists and TDRs t term investments of short term investments of short term investments of foreign investment early payments and advan-	Vice Chairperson  Note  ited 40.1 40.2 40.3 at FVPL 40.4 40.5	(Rupees in the content of the conten	4,809  2020 housand)  3,140 22,161 1,190 - 2,711 5,325 26,953 61,480  15,758 42,564
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia Dividend income fro Return on bank deperment of the same from fair value Dividend income from Gain on translation of Interest charged on  Income from assets Rental income Scrap sales Gain on disposal of	Name of Donee  Namal Education Foundation  All assets  M Baluchistan Wheels Limitorists and TDRs  It term investments of short term investments of short term investments of foreign investment early payments and advance  other than financial asset	Interest in Donee  Vice Chairperson  Note  ited 40.1 40.2 40.3 at FVPL 40.4 40.5  ces	(Rupees in the second of the s	3,140 22,161 1,190 - 2,711 5,325 26,953 61,480
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia Dividend income fro Return on bank depe Gain on sale of shor Change in fair value Dividend income fro Gain on translation of Interest charged on  Income from assets Rental income Scrap sales Gain on disposal of Gain on curtailment	Name of Donee  Namal Education Foundation  al assets m Baluchistan Wheels Limitorists and TDRs t term investments of short term investments of short term investments of foreign investment early payments and advan-	Interest in Donee  Vice Chairperson  Note  ited 40.1 40.2 40.3 at FVPL 40.4 40.5  ces	(Rupees in the second of the s	4,809  2020 housand)  3,140 22,161 1,190 - 2,711 5,325 26,953 61,480  15,758 42,564 2,494 -
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia Dividend income fro Return on bank depe Gain on sale of shor Change in fair value Dividend income fro Gain on translation of Interest charged on  Income from assets Rental income Scrap sales Gain on disposal of Gain on curtailment Laboratory testing	Name of Donee  Namal Education Foundation  All assets In Baluchistan Wheels Limit cosits and TDRs It term investments of short term investments of short term investments and short term investment early payments and advanted to the than financial asset property, plant and equipment and settlement of pension	Interest in Donee  Vice Chairperson  Note  ited 40.1 40.2 40.3 at FVPL 40.4 40.5  ces	2,354 69,013 61,807 4,953 70,475 - 70,370 278,972  27,174 170,628 3,720 65,806 167	3,140 22,161 1,190 2,711 5,325 26,953 61,480 15,758 42,564 2,494 -
	Name of director  Mr. Sikandar  Mustafa Khan  Other income Income from financia Dividend income fro Return on bank depe Gain on sale of shor Change in fair value Dividend income fro Gain on translation of Interest charged on  Income from assets Rental income Scrap sales Gain on disposal of Gain on curtailment	Name of Donee  Namal Education Foundation  All assets In Baluchistan Wheels Limit cosits and TDRs It term investments of short term investments of short term investments and short term investment early payments and advanted to the than financial asset property, plant and equipment and settlement of pension	Interest in Donee  Vice Chairperson  Note  ited 40.1 40.2 40.3 at FVPL 40.4 40.5  ces	(Rupees in the second of the s	4,809  2020 housand)  3,140 22,161 1,190 - 2,711 5,325 26,953 61,480  15,758 42,564 2,494 -

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567,434

148,703

**40.1** Dividend income earned from investments from non Shariah-compliant companies.

40.2 This includes profit of Rs.Nil thousand (2020: Rs.Nil thousand) earned on term deposits with Islamic bank.

		2021 (Rupees in t	2020 housand)
40.3	Gain / (loss) on sale of short term investments - at FVPL	(1144	,
40.3	ABL Cash Fund	7,747	6
	ABL Islamic Income Fund	7,747	
	Alfalah GHP Money Market Fund	2,466	
	Atlas Money Market Fund	1,413	1,178
	HBL Money Market Fund	13,882	6
	Lakson Money Market Fund	12,044	
	MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund	23,754	
	NIT Government Bond Fund	(835)	
	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund	627	
	OBE Equidity Fido Fulla	61,807	1,190
40.4	Fair value gain on short term investments - at FVPL		
	ABL Cash Fund	199	_
	Atlas Money Market Fund	1,902	_
	Faysal Money Market Fund	25	_
	HBL Money Market Fund	793	_
	JS Cash Fund	29	<del>_</del>
	Lakson Money Market Fund	501	_
•	MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund	1,057	_
	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund	447	_
		4,953	_
40.5	Dividend income from short term investments:		
	ABL Cash Fund	17,788	_
	Atlas Money Market Fund	11,332	2,711
	Faysal Money Market Fund	108	_
	HBL Money Market Fund	2,189	_
	JS Cash Fund	425	_
	Lakson Money Market Fund	11,032	_
	MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund	20,139	_
	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund	7,462	_
		70,475	2,711

**40.6** This includes sundry income from forfeiture of security deposit, lab delivery charges, tender money and late payment surcharge.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Note	2021	2020	
			(Rupees in t	pees in thousand)	
41	Finance cost				
•	Mark-up on short term borrowings - secured	41.1 & 41.2	57,010	347,866	
	Interest expense on long term financing	41.3	8,698	_	
	Mark-up on Workers' Profit Participation Fund		1,359	_	
	Interest expense against lease liability		1,261	1,355	
	Bank charges and commission		10,959	10,192	
			79,287	359,413	

- **41.1** This represents markup paid under conventional mode of financing arrangements having mark up rates ranging from KIBOR plus 0.04% to KIBOR plus 1.6% (2020: KIBOR plus 0.4% to KIBOR plus 1.6%) per annum.
- 41.2 This includes Rs.21,425 thousand (2020: Rs.49,358 thousand) mark-up paid on Islamic mode of financing.
- **41.3** This represents finance cost against long term financing net of unwinding of Government grant income for the year recognised as per IAS-20 amounting to Rs. 33,287 thousand (2020: Rs.Nil).

		2021	2020
		(Rupees in	thousand)
42	Taxation		
	For the year charge:		
	current	2,485,288	927,130
***************************************	deferred	12,080	12,501
		2,497,368	939,631
•	Prior years:		
	current	12,051	6,458
	deferred	_	_
		12,051	6,458
		2,509,419	946,089

**42.1** Numerical reconciliation between average effective tax rate and the applicable tax rate is as follows:

	2021	2020
	(Rupees in	thousand)
Applicable tax rate	29.00	29.00
- Effect of change in prior year	0.38	(0.24)
- Unutilized tax losses	(0.38)	0.36
- Income chargeable to tax at different rates	(1.04)	1.10
- Others	(0.31)	2.20
	(1.35)	3.42
Average effective tax rate	27.65	32.42

**42.2** The group of companies do not opt for the group taxation and are taxed and assessed individually therefore assessment of sufficiency of provision of taxation is carried out in each individual company.

### 43 Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer, Directors and Executives

The aggregate amounts charged in the accounts for the year for remuneration including certain benefits to the Chief Executive Officers, Directors and Executives of the Group are as follows:

	Chief Execu	tive Officer		Dire	ctors		Execu	tives
	2021	2020	20	)21	20	)20	2021	2020
			Non Executive Director	Executive Director	Non Executive Director	Executive Director		
Number of persons	4	4	1	5*	1	4	45	45
				(Rupees in	thousand)	1-1	**	
Managerial remuneration	39,798	36,618	1,116	37,266	2,571	42,810	100,216	90,197
Cost of living allowance	_	_	1,116	873	2,571	1,416	24,693	22,098
Bonus	14,100	4,601	6,380	14,719	762	2,147	57,708	7,488
House rent	7,371	6,486	502	1,236	1,157	3,216	33,679	29,409
Contribution to provident								
fund and gratuity funds	1,458	1,280	-	_	-	_	12,963	11,824
Pension contribution	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,154	3,757
Medical expenses	960	1,686	1,166	2,351	298	2,303	7,065	5,589
Utilities	2,630	2,428	899	4,134	607	4,540	12,019	9,984
Other reimbursable								
expenses	3,804	5,047	746	4,087	1,195	5,036	13,447	10,361
	70,121	58,146	11,925	64,666	9,161	61,468	265,944	190,707

<sup>\* 1</sup> Director was retired on February 01, 2021.

- 43.1 The Group also provides the Chief Executive Officer, Directors and certain employees with free use of Company maintained cars and residential telephones.
- 43.2 Aggregate amount charged to profit and loss account for the year in respect of meeting fee to five Directors (2020: four Directors) was Rs. 2,350 thousand (2020: Rs. 1,525 thousand) and travelling expenses Rs. 48 thousand (2020: Rs. 334 thousand).

### 44 Transactions with related parties

Related parties comprises of associated entities, entities under common control, entities with common directors, major shareholders, post employment benefit plans and key management personnel, inclusive of directors, and their close family members. Amounts due from and to related parties are shown under receivables and payables. Amount of assets sold to related parties during the year are shown in Note 17.6. Amounts due from Directors and key management personnel are shown under receivables and remuneration of Directors and key management personnel is disclosed in Note 43. Other significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		2021	2020
Relation with undertaking	on with undertaking Nature of transaction		housand)
Associates	Sale of services	4,850	1,925
	Investment made	159,403	355,500
	Purchase of fixed assets	14,608	_
Employees' defined benefit plan	Contribution to staff retirement		-
	benefit plan	10,101	11,922
Defined contribution plan	Contribution to defined		
	contribution plan	8,669	9,078
Executives' Gratuity fund	Benefits paid on behalf of		
	the fund	6,797	18,963
Provident Fund	Amount Contributed	31,785	30,897
Key Management Personnel	Sale of assets	1,573	116

The Group intends to take the approval of the transactions with related parties from the shareholders in General Meeting.

**44.1** The names of related parties with whom the Group has entered into transactions or had agreements / arrangements in place during the year and whose names have not been disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

		Percentage of
Name of the related party	Basis of relationship	shareholding (%)
Arabian Sea Country Club Limited	Common Directorship	6.45
Hyundai Nishat Motors (Private) Limited	Common Directorship	15.86

### 45 Earnings per share - Basic and diluted

### 45.1 Combined basic earnings per share

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit for the year by weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year as follows:

outstarioning during the year as ronows.		
	2021	2020
	(Rupees in	thousand)
Profit for the year after tax	6,566,127	1,964,190
	(Number of in thou	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	56,057	56,057
	(Rup	ees)
		restated
Earnings per share	117.13	35.04

During the year, a 12.5% issue of bonus shares in the ratio of one bonus share for every eight shares held by the shareholders was proposed in the Board of Directors meeting held on February 19, 2021. The effect of the issue of 6,228 thousand bonus shares of Rs. 10 each has been accounted for in these consolidated financial statements and the prior year EPS has been restated as per requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework.

### 45.3 Combined diluted earnings per share

No figure for diluted earnings per share has been presented as the Group has not issued any instruments carrying options which would have an impact on earnings per share when exercised.

		Note	2021 (Rupees in t	2020 housand)
46	Cash generated from operations			
***************************************	Profit before taxation		9,075,546	2,910,279
	Adjustment for:			
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	17.2	188,288	200,333
	Depreciation charge for the right-of-use assets	19	4,057	3,225
	Amortization of intangible assets	20.1	4,807	1,973
	Bad debts written off	39	3,932	_
***************************************	Provision for impairment of intangibles	38	8,160	_
	Provision for accumulating compensated absences		5,746	(8,413)
	Provision for obsolescence of stores and spares	39	_	7,661
	Profit on bank deposits	40	(69,013)	(22,161)
	Dividend income	40	(2,354)	(3,140)
	Charged to employees' defined benefit plan		30,890	(11,471)
	Provision for gratuity		8,253	8,571
	Property, plant and equipment written off	17.1	3,043	306
	Exchange loss	39	22,273	61,497
	Dividend income from mutual funds	40	(70,475)	(2,711)
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	40	(3,720)	(2,494)
	Gain on sale of short term investments	40	(61,807)	(1,190)
	Gain on change in fair value of investments at FVPL		(4,953)	_
	Finance cost	41	79,287	359,413
	Provision for Workers' Profit Participation Fund	39	498,812	176,228
	Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund	39	191,105	70,215
	Working capital changes	46.1	5,404,882	420,537
			15,316,759	4,168,658
46.1	Working capital changes			
	(Increase) / decrease in current assets:			
	Stores and spares		(90,959)	(14,700)
	Stock in trade		(1,900,080)	(665,202)
	Trade debts		(90,703)	136,812
	Loans and advances		(88,120)	105,223
	Trade deposits and short term prepayments		(27,148)	11,531
	Other receivables		(52,611)	49,146
			(2,249,621)	(377,190)
	Increase/ (decrease) in current liabilities:			
	Trade and other payables		913,566	425,034
	Contract liabilities		6,740,937	372,693
			5,404,882	420,537

For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees in	thousand)
47	Cash and cash equivalents			
***************************************	Cash and bank balances	33	1,132,819	1,955,126
	Short term investments	32	583,855	143,855
***************************************	Short term borrowings	15	(530,655)	(899,181)
			1,186,019	1,199,800

### 48 Financial risk management

Financial instruments comprise loans and advances, trade deposits, trade debts, other receivables, short term investments, cash and bank balances, short term borrowings, long term deposits, interest/mark-up accrued on short term borrowings, long term loans, lease liabilities and trade and other payables.

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Market risk
- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk

The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Group's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies.

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Group's management of capital.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to react to changes in market conditions and the Group's activities.

### 48.1 Market risk

### (a) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly from future commercial transactions or receivables and payables that exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

Monetary items, including financial assets and financial liabilities, denominated in currency other than functional currency of the Group are periodically restated to Pak rupee equivalent and the associated gain or loss is taken to the profit and loss. However, the Group has limited exposure for currency risk and considered not material to the Group.

The following analysis demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax.

	Change in rate	Effects on profit before tax	Effects on profit before tax
		2021	2020
		(Rupees in	thousand)
Receivables/ (Trade and other payables) - GBP	+1	(520)	(1,318)
	-1	520	1,318
Receivables/ (Trade and other payables) - USD	+1	(62)	443
	-1	62	(443)
Receivables/ (Trade and other payables) - EUR	+1	(93)	465
	-1	93	(465)
Receivables/ (Trade and other payables) - CNY	+1	(761)	983
	-1	761	(983)

	2021	2020	
	(Rupees)		
Reporting date rate per:			
GBP to PKR	219.28	207.68	
USD to PKR	158.30	168.75	
EUR to PKR	188.71	189.73	
CNY to PKR	24.76	24.00	

2021

2020

### (b) Other price risk

Other price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk since it has a diverse portfolio of commodity suppliers. The long-term equity instrument held by the Group does not trade on a regular basis on the stock exchange and historically, it does not have a direct correlation with the equity index of the Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX). Therefore, it is not possible to measure the impact of increase / decrease in the PSX Index on the Group's profit after taxation for the year and on equity (fair value reserve).

Short-term investments pertain to investment in mutual funds. These investment are carefully managed and observed on the basis of duly approved policy by Board of Directors. The underlying composition of these mutual funds does not involve equity instruments therefore it does not have any co-relation with stock market. Hence, the Group is not exposed to other price risk in this avenue as well.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

### (c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group has no significant long-term interest-bearing instruments. The Group's interest rate risk arises from short term and long term borrowings. Borrowings obtained at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group mitigates its risk against the exposure by focusing on short-term investment and maintaining adequate bank balances.

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

	Note	2021	2020
		(Rupees in	housand)
Fixed rate instruments			
Financial assets			
Investment in Term Deposit Receipt	32	583,855	143,855
Financial liabilities			
Long term financing	11	508,436	223,434
Floating rate instruments			
Financial assets			
Bank balances - deposit accounts	33	397,426	1,151,554
Financial liabilities			
Short term borrowings	15	530,655	899,181

### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rate at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss of the Group.

### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The following analysis demonstrates the sensitivity to a change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax. This analysis is prepared assuming the amounts of floating rate instruments outstanding at reporting dates were outstanding for the whole year.

		Changes in interest rate	Effects on profit before tax	
		(Rupees in		
Bank balances - deposit accounts	2021	+1	3,974	
		-1	(3,974)	
	2020	+1	11,516	
		-1	(11,516)	

		Changes in interest rate	Effects on profit before tax	
		(Rupees in	thousand)	
Short term borrowings	2021	+1	5,307	
		-1	(5,307)	
	2020		8,992	
	2020		(8,992)	

### 48.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted. Out of total financial assets of Rs. 13,869,102 thousand (2020: Rs. 4,192,949 thousand), the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs. 8,021,941 thousand (2020: Rs. 2,410,175 thousand). The Group is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

For trade receivables, internal risk assessment process determines the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial positions, past experiences and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external credit worthiness ratings in accordance with limits set by the management. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counter parties are banks and mutual funds with reasonably high credit ratings. Further the Group believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk as its exposure is spread over a large number of counter parties and subscribers in case of trade debts.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows:

	Note	2021	2020	
		(Rupees in	housand)	
Trade debts	27	307,921	221,150	
Trade deposits	29	77,120	49,972	
Other receivables	31	89,378	36,767	
Short term investments	32	6,368,491	143,855	
Bank balances and cheques in hand		1,129,387	1,947,199	
Long term deposits	24	49,644	11,232	
		8,021,941	2,410,175	
The aging of trade receivables at the reporting of	date is:			
Past due 1 - 3 Months		267,891	192,400	
Past due 4 - 6 Months		9,238	6,635	
Past due to above one year		30,792	22,115	
		307,921	221,150	

Based on past experience the management believes that no impairment is necessary in respect of trade receivables past due, as some receivables have been recovered subsequent to the year end and for other receivables, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the amounts will be recovered in short course of time.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty default rate. The table below shows the bank balances and investment held with some major counterparties at the reporting date:

		Rating		2021	2020
_	Short term	Long term	Agency	(Rupees in	thousand)
Banks					
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	4,613	21,883
Askari Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	1,601	1,774
Bank Al Habib Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	7,561	
Bank Alfalah Limited	A-1+	AA+	VIS	26,734	1,126,63
Dubai Islamic Bank	A1+	AA	VIS	347	
Emirates NBD	F1	A+	FITCH	19,707	58,14
Faysal Bank Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	2,860	5,83
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	227,536	355,22
JS Bank Limited	A1+	AA-	PACRA	4	
MCB Bahrain	A1+	AAA	PACRA	168	17
MCB Dubai	A1+	AAA	PACRA	187,577	92,35
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	358,863	72,80
MCB Islamic Bank Limited	A1	А	PACRA	1,492	49
Meezan Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	4,980	3,47
National Bank of Pakistan	A-1+	AAA	VIS	5,011	32
Sindh Bank	A-1	A+	VIS	2,057	2,28
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limite	ed A1+	AAA	PACRA	5,587	7,63
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	104,040	75,31
Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	23,929	13,39
				984,667	1,837,76

			2021	2020
Balances with banks	Rating	Agency	(Rupees in thousan	
a) Mutual funds				
ABL Cash Fund	AA+(f)	VIS	966,673	_
Atlas Money Market Fund	AA+(f)	PACRA	1,012,093	_
Faysal Money Market Fund	AA (f)	PACRA	100,117	_
HBL Money Market Fund	AA+(f)	VIS	452,654	_
JS Cash Fund	AA+(f)	PACRA	150,390	_
Lakson Money Market Fund	AA+(f)	PACRA	1,010,667	_
MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund	AA+(f)	PACRA	1,035,981	_
UBL Liquidity Plus Fund	AA+(f)	VIS	1,056,061	_
b) Term Deposit Receipts				
MCB Bank Limited (long term)	AAA	PACRA	350,000	-
Bank Alfalah Limited (long term)	AA+	VIS	173,856	83,855
United Bank Limited (long term)	AAA	VIS	60,000	60,000
			6,368,492	143,855

2021

2020

### 48.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. At June 30, 2021, the Group had short term borrowing facilities available from financial institutions as disclosed in note 15 and, cash and bank balances as disclosed in note 33 to these consolidated financial statements.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at June 30, 2021:

	Carrying amount	Less than one year	More than one year
		(Rupees in thousand	)
Trade and other payables	3,829,793	3,829,793	_
Long term finance- secured	508,436	280,925	227,511
Lease liabilities against right-of-use assets	5,828	4,386	1,442
Short term borrowings	530,655	530,655	_
Unclaimed dividend	284,291	284,291	_
Unpaid dividend	78,297	78,297	_
Long term deposits	31,597	1,572	30,025
	5,268,897	5,009,919	258,978

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at June 30, 2020:

	Carrying amount	Less than one year	More than one year		
	(Rupees in thousand)				
Trade and other payables	2,918,874	2,918,874	_		
Long term finance- secured	223,434	162,283	61,151		
Lease liabilities against right-of-use assets	13,587	9,881	3,706		
Short term borrowings	899,181	899,181	_		
Unclaimed dividend	287,923	287,923	_		
Unpaid dividend	10,004	10,004	_		
Long term deposits	26,465	806	25,659		
	4,379,468	4,288,952	90,516		

# Financial instruments by categories

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

	At fair value through other comprehensive	e through orehensive	At fair value through	value ugh	At amortised cost	rtised	Total	-a
	2021	me 2020	2021 2	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
				!	:			
				(Rupees in thousand)	thousand)			
Financial assets								
Long term investments	5,906,278	1,794,719		_			5,906,278	1,794,719
Long term loans				_	3,347	3,081	3,347	3,081
Long term deposits				_	49,644	11,232	49,644	11,232
Loans to employees				_	11,224	27,019	11,224	27,019
Trade debts			_		307,921	221,150	307,921	221,150
Other receivables					89,378	36,767	89,378	36,767
Short term investments			5,784,636	_	583,855	143,855	6,368,491	143,855
Cash and bank balances		_	_	_	1,132,819	1,955,126	1,132,819	1,955,126
	5,906,278	1,794,719	5,784,636		2,178,188	2,398,230	13,869,102	4,192,949
Total current							7,909,833	2,383,917
Total non-current							5,959,269	1,809,032
	At fair value through other comprehensive income	e through rehensive me	At fair value through profit or loss	value ıgh r loss	At amortised cost	rtised	Total	-la
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
				(Rupees in thousand)	thousand)			
Financial liabilities								
Trade and other payables					3,829,793	2,918,874	3,829,793	2,918,874
Short term borrowings			_	_	530,655	899,181	530,655	899,181
Unclaimed dividend					284,291	287,923	284,291	287,923
Unpaid dividend					78,297	10,004	78,297	10,004
Long term finance			_	_	508,436	223,434	508,436	223,434
Lease liabilities against right-of-use assets	-	1	1	1	5,828	13,587	5,828	13,587
Long term deposits	1	1	1	1	31,597	26,465	31,597	26,465
	I	I	I	I	5,268,897	4,379,468	5,268,897	4,379,468
Total current							5,009,919	4,180,839
Total non-current							258,978	198,629

## 48.5 Capital risk management

adequate returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The capital structure of the Group is equity based with minimal long term financing. In The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or other measures commensuration to the circumstances.

### 49 Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Underlying the definition of the fair value is the presumption that the Group is a going concern and there is no intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on arm's length basis.

The carrying values of other financial assets and financial liabilities reflected in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

### 49.1 Fair value hierarchy

IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement requires the Group to classify fair value measurement and fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurement of fair value hierarchy, which has the following levels:

- Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price.
- Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable.
- Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data. Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include
- Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments.
- The fair value of interest Rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.
- Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

The carrying values of all financial and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

Transfer between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized at the end of the reporting period during which the changes have occurred, if any. Furthermore, there have been no transfers between various levels of the fair value hierarchy. The Group's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period. Changes between various levels of fair value hierarchy are analyzed at the end of each reporting period during the annual valuation discussion between the Chief Financial Officer and the management of investee Company. As part of this discussion, the investee company presents a report that explains the reason for the fair value movement, if any.

For the year ended June 30, 2021

As at June 30, 2021, the Group held the following financial instruments carried at fair value:

	Note	2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
			(Rupees in	thousand)	
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial assets measured - FV OCI					
Long term investments - Equity shares	22	5,906,278	124,040	_	5,782,238
Financial assets measured - FVPL					
Investment in mutual funds	32.1	5,784,636	5,784,636	_	_
		11,690,914	5,908,676	_	5,782,238

Date of valuation: June 30, 2021

There were no financial liabilities measured at fair value as at June 30, 2021.

As at June 30, 2020, the Group held the following financial instruments carried at fair value:

	Note	2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
			(Rupees in	thousand)	
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial assets measured - FV OCI					-
Long term investments - Equity shares	22	1,794,719	95,366	_	1,699,353

Date of valuation: June 30, 2020

There were no financial liabilities measured at fair value as at June 30, 2020.

### 49.2 Reconciliation of fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy

	2021	2020	
	(Rupees in thousand)		
Opening balance	1,699,353	990,400	
Investment made during the year	101,960	412,943	
Surplus on fair valuation of investment	3,980,925	296,010	
	5,782,238	1,699,353	

# 50 Operating segment information

## Business segments

For management and reporting purposes, the Group has been organised into three separate reportable segments based on the products and services as follows:

- a) Tractors
- b) Tractor components
  - c) Castings

Other business activities of the Group have been presented under "others segment". Accordingly, no operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

Management monitors the operating results of its operating segments separately for the purpose of performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured consistently with operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements.

	Trac	Tractors	Tra	Tractor components	Casi	Castings	O	Others	Inter-segm elimin	Inter-segment/group eliminations	To	Total
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
						(Rupees in thousand)	thousand)					
Revenue from contracts with customers	43,953,778	22,942,275	4,859,641	2,421,542	2,418,800	1,332,568	4,351,567	2,130,129	(9,918,549)	(4,929,965)	45,665,237	23,896,549
Cost of sales	34,682,684	18,696,679	3,594,712	1,919,846	2,115,499	1,420,700	3,880,179	1,894,113	(9,949,807)	(4,926,613)	34,323,267	19,004,725
Gross profft	9,271,094	4,245,596	1,264,929	501,696	303,301	(88,132)	471,388	236,016	31,258	(3,352)	11,341,970	4,891,824
Distribution and marketing expenses	854,630	567,838	3,357	2,413	57,129	38,176	132,789	41,359	31,258	20,886	1,079,163	670,672
Administrative expenses	579,369	448,178	152,871	147,524	93,739	65,347	127,394	105,815	I	I	953,373	766,864
Other operating expenses	616,066	295,803	84,599	36,465	13,253	629	8,117	451	ı	ı	722,035	333,299
	2,050,065	1,311,819	240,827	186,402	164,121	104,102	268,300	147,625	31,258	20,886	2,754,571	1,770,835
Other income	602,309	253,694	127,655	35,537	84,733	10,368	13,300	262	(325,563)	(151,158)	567,434	148,703
Operating profit	7,888,338	3,187,471	1,151,757	350,831	223,913	(181,866)	216,388	88,653	(325,563)	(175,396)	9,154,833	3,269,692
Finance cost	9,264	217,836	25,776	55,736	52,822	77,751	2,685	8,090	(11,260)	I	79,287	359,413
Profit before taxation	7,879,074	2,969,635	1,125,981	295,095	171,091	(259,617)	213,703	80,563	(314,303)	(175,396)	9,075,546	2,910,279
Taxation	2,098,147	819,087	338,951	95,717	38,712	12,071	33,609	19,215	I	1	2,509,419	946,089
Profit after tax for the year	5,780,927	2,150,548	787,030	199,378	132,379	(271,688)	180,094	61,348	(314,303)	(175,396)	6,566,127	1,964,190

50.1 Inter-segment / group transactions have been eliminated for the purpose of consolidation.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

50.2 Allocation of assers and liabilifies		ractors	Tra	Tractor components	Castings	ings	Others	ers	Inter-segment / group eliminations	ent / group trions	T0	Total
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
						(Rupees in thousand)	housand)					
Segment operating assets												
Non-current assets												
Operating fixed assets	777,638	086'299	687,080	623,298	203,611	219,242	137,115	146,854	(11,451)	(11,451)	1,793,993	1,645,923
Capital work in progress	45,166	2,945	I	41,248	3,130	099'6	1,532	8,618	1	(28,046)	49,828	34,425
Right-of-use assets	4,896	12,931	I	I	I	1	I	I	Ι	I	4,896	12,931
Intangible assets	39,462	41,405	25,216	09	I	1	5,774	I	(6,614)	21,432	63,838	62,897
Goodwill			1	1	ı	-	1	1	18,572	18,572	18,572	18,572
Investment property	255,708	255,708	I	I	I	1	I	I	Ι	I	255,708	255,708
Long term investments	6,199,458	2,039,726	I	I	22,710	17,460	I	57,443	(315,890)	(319,910)	5,906,278	1,794,719
Long term loans	2,482	2,252	I	I	865	829	I	I	ı	I	3,347	3,081
Long term deposits		1	42,069	3,627	4,048	4,078	3,527	3,527	Ι	I	49,644	11,232
Deferred tax asset - net	-	ı	I	ı	95,525	95,525	ı	I	(95,525)	(95,525)	ı	ı
Employees' defined benefit plan	1	ı	ı	I	13,384	25,301	1	I	1	ı	13,384	25,301
Current assets												
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	161,329	157,399	273,479	199,231	131,120	123,844	20,003	14,498	I	ı	585,931	494,972
Stock in trade	5,372,584	3,857,166	485,392	353,113	359,077	172,158	272,265	167,062	I	39,739	6,489,318	4,589,238
Trade debts	141,234	102,044	525,621	429,774	47,914	28,228	198,077	268,374	(604,925)	(607,270)	307,921	221,150
Loans and advances	56,359	51,869	121,747	46,543	9,762	8,327	10,755	3,764	I	I	198,623	110,503
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	ents 65,273	43,382	7,169	979	330	722	4,348	5,242	I	I	77,120	49,972
Balances with statutory authorities	4,592,169	1,032,656	I	I	6,376	152	13,553	15,446	I	I	4,612,098	1,048,254
Other receivables	108,253	38,710	I	ı	1,371	348	2,831	62	(23,077)	(2,353)	89,378	36,767
Tax refunds due from/ (due to)												
the Government*	1	778,978	I	142,796	53,622	220,834	19,677	36,352	ı	I	73,299	1,178,960
Short term investments	6,134,636	I	I	I	3,855	3,855	230,000	140,000	I	ı	6,368,491	143,855
Cash and bank balances	849,602	1,719,462	10,619	67,601	54,893	2,553	217,705	165,510	I	ı	1,132,819	1,955,126
Non-current assets held for sale	-	1	I	1,092	I	I	I	I	ı	I	I	1,092
Total operating assets	24,806,249	10,804,613	2,178,392	1,909,009	1,011,593	933,116	1,137,162	1,032,752	(1,038,910)	(984,812)	28,094,486	13,694,678

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	Trac	Tractors	Trac	Tractor components	Cas.	Castings	Others	ers	Inter-segment / group eliminations	ent/group ations	To	Total
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
						(Rupees in thousand)	housand)					
Segment operating liabilities												***************************************
Non-current liabilities												
Long term deposits	13,433	12,643	12,884	8,590	3,708	5,232	ı	I	ı	ı	30,025	26,465
Deferred tax liabilities/ (asset)*	962,984	77,664	64,493	66,522	I	I	6,634	8,215	(95,525)	(95,525)	938,586	56,876
Employees' defined benefit plan	50,256	123,029	I	ı	34,816	696'68	ı	ı	I	ı	85,072	212,988
Lease liabilities against right-												
of-use assets	1,442	9,881	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	1,442	9,881
Long term finance- secured	128,815	101,991	73,792	42,403	24,904	17,889	ı	-	1	I	227,511	162,283
Deferred grant	13,485	6,558	7,040	5,029	260	2,694	I	I	I	I	21,085	14,281
Current liabilities												
Accumulating compensated												
absences	110,670	104,924	23,605	25,668	11,981	11,199			1	1	146,256	141,791
Trade and other payables	3,661,499	2,848,238	477,633	286,163	275,959	201,197	232,920	174,370	(583,876)	(531,597)	4,064,135	2,978,371
Contract liabilities	9,919,342	3,120,601	4,388	3,504	3,365	6,752	37,693	80,184	(44,126)	(31,316)	9,920,662	3,179,725
Current portion of lease liabilities												
against right-of-use assets	4,386	3,706	1	-	1	_	-	-	1		4,386	3,706
Current portion of long term												
finance- secured	162,797	26,944	80,072	28,545	38,056	299'5		1			280,925	61,151
Current portion of deferred grant	15,602	9,240	7,577	4,023	3,245	_	-	-	1		26,424	13,263
Current portion of long term deposits	-	-	1	-	1,572	908	-	-	1		1,572	908
Short term borrowings	-	-	128,195	405,336	402,460	493,846		ı	1	ı	530,655	899,182
Taxation- net	322,770	-	48,520	-	1	-	-	-	748	I	372,038	
Unclaimed dividend	271,595	277,113	806'8	226'9	3,442	3,487	346	346	1	1	284,291	287,923
Unpaid dividend	74,403	10,004	1	1		-	3,894	ı	1	ı	78,297	10,004
Total operating liabilities	15,713,479	6,732,536	937,107	882,760	804,068	838,723	281,487	263,115	(722,779)	(658,438) 17,013,362	17,013,362	8,058,696

Inter-segment / group balances have been eliminated for the purpose of consolidation.

### 51 Listing of subsidiary companies

Name of subsidiary	Group shareholding (%)	NCI shareholding (%)	Country of incorporation	Financial year end
Millat Equipment Limited (MEL)	45%	55.00%	Pakistan	June 30
Millat Industrial Products Limited (MIPL)	64.09%	35.91%	Pakistan	June 30
Bolan Castings Limited (BCL)	46.26%	53.74%	Pakistan	June 30
TIPEG Intertrade DMCC (TIPEG)	75%	25.00%	Dubai	December 31

TIPEG Intertrade DMCC has year-end according to the applicable law of the country of its incorporation.

51.1 Set out below is summarized financial information for each subsidiary that has Non Controlling Interest (NCI). The amounts disclosed for each subsidiary are before inter company eliminations:

	MEL	MIPL	BCL	TIPEG
		(Rupees in	housand)	
Total assets	2,178,392	810,295	1,011,593	326,867
Total liabilities	937,107	243,582	804,068	37,906
Total comprehensive income	787,034	76,550	107,879	103,544
Total comprehensive income allocated to NCI	432,869	27,489	57,974	25,886
Accumulated NCI	682,706	203,506	91,079	72,241
Cash and bank balances	10,619	10,253	54,893	207,452
Cash generated from / (used in):				-
Operating activities	757,272	98,537	104,371	102,919
Investing activities	(145,266)	(103,121)	(954)	(14,081)
Financing activities	(668,986)	_	40,308	(76,760)

### 52 Provident fund trust(s)

52.1 The Group has maintained employee provident fund trusts and investments out of provident funds have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Act and the conditions specified thereunder other than Bolan Castings Limited (BCL). The salient information of the funds is as follows:

	Note	2021	2020
Siize of the funds (Rupees in thousand)		763,801	794,966
Cost of investment made (Rupees in thousand)	52.2	565,336	610,640
Percentage of investment made		74.02%	76.81%
Fair value of investment (Rupees in thousand)		753,250	753,730

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		20	21	20	20
		(Rupees in thousand)	Percentage of total fund	(Rupees in thousand)	Percentage of total fund
52.2	Breakup of investment - amount				
	Investment in shares (listed securities)	23,116	3.03%	23,477	2.95%
	Term Deposit Receipts (TDR)	442,253	57.90%	515,955	64.90%
	Special Saving Certificate (SSC)	99,967	13.09%	71,208	8.96%
		565,336	74.02%	610,640	76.81%

52.3 Cost of ordinary shares of the Group held by the provident fund trust as at year end amounts to Rs. 23,116 thousand (2020: Rs. 23,477 thousand).

		2021	2020
		(Units	per annum)
53	Capacity and production		
	a) Tractors		
	Plant capacity (double shift)	30,000	30,000
	Actual production	35,529	20,760

The Group has a normal capacity of producing 30,000 tractors per annum on double shift basis. However, the excess production over normal capacity is due to working on overtime schedules to meet the higher demand.

### b) Batteries

The actual production capacity of the plant cannot be determined as it depends on the proportion of different types of batteries produced which varies in relation to the consumers' demand. The actual production during the year was according to market demand. During the year, the actual production capacity attained was 280,177 batteries {Standard 15 plates 233,469 batteries compared with (2020: 194,462 standard 15 plates 157,431 batteries} against annual manufacturing capacity of 300,000 standard 15 plates batteries (2020: 300,000).

There has been low market demand of batteries which lead to under utilization of our production capacity.

### c) Tractors components

Normal capacity and production is not determinable due to interchangeable components having different cycle times of production on same machines.

### d) Castings

	2021	2020
	(Metric	tons)
Installed capacity (single shift without overtime)	13,200	13,200
Actual production	10,674	6,623
Capacity utilisation	80.86%	50.17%

Production during the year was as per the market demand.

		2021	2020
54	Number of employees		
	Number of employees at the end of the year	659	685
	Average number of employees during the year	668	709
	Total number of factory employees at the end of the year	395	420
	Average number of factory employees during the year	404	440

The number of employees mentioned above does not include third party contractual employees.

### 55 Subsequent events

The Board of Directors of the Group in its meeting held on September 17, 2021 has proposed a final cash dividend of Rs.50/- per share (2020: Rs. 30 per share) and 20% bonus shares (2020: Nil) in respect of the year ended June 30, 2021. The appropriation will be approved by the members in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. These consolidated financial statements do not include the effect of these appropriations which will be accounted for subsequent to the year end.

### 56 Corresponding figures

Other than as disclosed in note 45.2, there has been no significant re-classifications or rearrangement of corresponding figures in these consolidated financial statements.

### 57 Date of authorization for issue

These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by Board of Directors of the Group in their board meeting held on September 17, 2021.

### 58 General

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of rupees, unless otherwise stated.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Chairman

### PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

As on June 30, 2021

No. of share	Sha	reholding	Number of Shares	% of
Holders	From	То	Held	Capital
1391	1	100	44,345	0.08
1146	101	500	285,224	0.51
536	501	1000	382,903	0.68
961	1001	5000	2,195,026	3.92
296	5001	10000	2,111,355	3.77
129	10001 15001	15000	1,564,534	2.79 1.71
56 41	20001	20000 25000	958,627 914,251	1.63
40	25001	30000	1,086,618	1.94
27	30001	35000	877,112	1.56
11	35001	40000	406,830	0.73
25	40001	45000	1,074,183	1.92
7	45001	50000	335,183	0.60
12 7	50001 55001	55000	626,567	1.12 0.72
8	60001	60000 65000	402,437 497,132	0.89
6	65001	70000	404,703	0.72
5	70001	75000	360,660	0.64
9	75001	80000	693,349	1.24
5	80001	85000	407,448	0.73
4	85001	90000	353,825	0.63
4	95001 100001	100000 105000	96,548 410,762	0.17 0.73
5	105001	110000	539,175	0.73
3	110001	115000	334,595	0.60
3	115001	120000	353,001	0.63
2	120001	125000	244,317	0.44
2	125001	130000	253,117	0.45
3	130001	135000	401,973	0.72
3	135001 140001	140000 145000	410,440 143,750	0.73 0.26
3	145001	150000	447,336	0.80
1	155001	160000	156,881	0.28
1	165001	170000	169,592	0.30
1	170001	175000	173,052	0.31
2	185001	190000	372,265	0.66
2	190001	195000	382,823	0.68
1	195001 205001	200000 210000	196,875 206,043	0.35 0.37
1	210001	215000	210,055	0.37
3	220001	225000	675,000	1.20
1	230001	235000	230,293	0.41
1	245001	250000	250,000	0.45
	255001	260000	258,116	0.46
1	260001 280001	265000 285000	261,016 280,803	0.47 0.50
1	290001	295000	293,047	0.52
1	320001	325000	324,391	0.58
1	340001	345000	344,362	0.61
1	355001	360000	358,371	0.64
1	365001	370000	369,815	0.66
1	375001	380000	376,168	0.67
2	390001 400001	395000 405000	782,558 403,120	1.40 0.72
2	435001	44000	876,439	1.56
1	505001	510000	509,470	0.91
1	560001	565000	560,361	1.00
1	590001	595000	590,110	1.05
1	670001	675000	674,228	1.20
1	675001 685001	680000 690000	676,384 689,144	1.21 1.23
1	745001	750000	747,805	1.33
1	820001	825000	823,163	1.47
1	835001	840000	836,767	1.49
1	860001	865000	860,704	1.54
2	940001	945000	1,888,146	3.37
1	955001	960000	956,435	1.71
1	975001	980000	977,691	1.74
1	1075001 1270001	1080000 1275000	1,078,639 1,270,836	1.92 2.27
1	1380001	1385000	1,382,309	2.47
1	2590001	2595000	2,590,479	4.62
1	2985001	2990000	2,986,421	5.33
	3665001	3670000	3,665,004	6.54
1 1	4725001	4730000	4,725,244	8.43

### CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDING

As on June 30, 2021

	egories of Shareholders	No. of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
1	Directos, CEO and their spouse & minor children	11	14,538,120	25.93
	Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan	1	4,725,244	8.43
	Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana	1	3,063,986	5.47
	Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari	1	5,047,313	9.00
	Mian Muhammad Saleem	1	2,884	0.01
	Mr. Saad Iqbal	1	977,691	1.74
	Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel	1	191,398	0.34
	Mrs. Ambreen Waheed	1	697	0.00
	Mr. Ahsan Imran Shaikh	1	33,504	0.06
	Mrs. Cyma Khan (Spouse of Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan)	1	74,237	0.13
	Mrs. Ayesha Sohail(Spouse of Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana)	1	388,050	0.69
	Mrs. Shireen Shah Aqueel(Spouse of Syed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel)	1	33,116	0.06
2	Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related partic	<b>es</b> 52	8,295,914	14.80
а	Associated Companies	0	0	0.00
b	Associated Undertakings	3	359,928	0.64
•	Delete d Destine	49	7,935,986	14.16
С	Related Parties	40	7,000,000	
C 3	NIT and ICP	4	707,352	1.26
3	NIT and ICP  Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Bankin	4 ng	707,352	1.26
•	NIT and ICP	4		
3	NIT and ICP  Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Bankin	4 ng	707,352	1.26
3 4 5	NIT and ICP  Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Bankin Financial Institutions & Pension Funds	4 <b>ng</b> 12	707,352 1,564,305	1.26 2.79
3 4 5	NIT and ICP  Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Bankin Financial Institutions & Pension Funds  Insurance Companies	4 ng 12	707,352 1,564,305 3,640,820	1.26 2.79 6.49
3	NIT and ICP  Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Bankin Financial Institutions & Pension Funds  Insurance Companies  Modarabas & Mutual Funds	4 ng 12	707,352 1,564,305 3,640,820	1.26 2.79 6.49
3 4 5 6	NIT and ICP  Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Bankin Financial Institutions & Pension Funds  Insurance Companies  Modarabas & Mutual Funds  Shareholders Holding 10% or more Voting Interest	4 12 12 31	707,352 1,564,305 3,640,820 1,933,326	1.26 2.79 6.49 3.45
3 4 5 6	NIT and ICP  Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Bankin Financial Institutions & Pension Funds  Insurance Companies  Modarabas & Mutual Funds  Shareholders Holding 10% or more Voting Interest  General Public	4 19 12 12 31 - 4,558	707,352 1,564,305 3,640,820 1,933,326	1.26 2.79 6.49 3.45 - 39.96 35.59
3 4 5 6	NIT and ICP  Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Bankin Financial Institutions & Pension Funds  Insurance Companies  Modarabas & Mutual Funds  Shareholders Holding 10% or more Voting Interest  General Public a-Local	4 12 12 12 31 - 4,558 4,494	707,352 1,564,305 3,640,820 1,933,326 - 22,402,768 19,949,963	1.26 2.79 6.49 3.45 - 39.96 35.59
3 4 5 6 7	NIT and ICP  Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Bankin Financial Institutions & Pension Funds  Insurance Companies  Modarabas & Mutual Funds  Shareholders Holding 10% or more Voting Interest  General Public  a-Local  b-Foreign	4 12 12 12 31 - 4,558 4,494 64	707,352 1,564,305 3,640,820 1,933,326 - 22,402,768 19,949,963 2,452,805	1.26 2.79 6.49 3.45 - 39.96 35.59 4.38 5.31
3 4 5 6	NIT and ICP  Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Bankin Financial Institutions & Pension Funds  Insurance Companies  Modarabas & Mutual Funds  Shareholders Holding 10% or more Voting Interest  General Public a-Local b-Foreign	4  12  12  31  -  4,558  4,494  64  122	707,352 1,564,305 3,640,820 1,933,326 - 22,402,768 19,949,963 2,452,805 2,975,146	1.26 2.79 6.49 3.45 - 39.96 35.59 4.38 5.31 0.26
3 4 5 6	NIT and ICP  Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Bankin Financial Institutions & Pension Funds  Insurance Companies  Modarabas & Mutual Funds  Shareholders Holding 10% or more Voting Interest  General Public a-Local b-Foreign  Others  Joint Stock Companies	4  12  12  31  -  4,558  4,494  64  122  49	707,352 1,564,305 3,640,820 1,933,326 - 22,402,768 19,949,963 2,452,805 2,975,146 147,386	1.26 2.79 6.49 3.45 - 39.96 35.59 4.38 5.31

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### MILLAT GROUP OF COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

As on June 30, 2021

Pattern of Shareholding of Millat Industrial Products Limited

No. of Shareholders	Size of	Total Shares Held	
	From	То	
6	1	100	447
31	101	500	8,233
59	501	1,000	46,842
49	1,001	1,500	59,396
37	1,501	2,000	66,223
23	2,001	3,000	55,426
21	3,001	5,000	77,639
51	5,001	40,000	847,537
5	40,001	100,000	251,347
4	100,001	400,000	1,261,000
1	400,001	600,000	541,250
1	600,001	6,000,000	5,737,500
200			0.050.040

Pattern of Shareholding of Tipeg Intertrade DMCC

No on 20 06 202

No. of Shareholders	Size of I	Size of Holding	
	From	То	
5	1	100	500
1	101	1,500	1,500
6			2,000

Pattern of Shareholding of Bolan Castings Limited

As on 30-06-2020

No. of Shareholders	Size of I	Total Shares Held	
	From	То	
201	1	100	9,900
513	101	500	132,20
155	501	1000	133,55
222	1001	5000	538,460
33	5001	10000	248,912
8	10001	15000	105,692
4	15001	20000	75,430
3	20001	25000	67,76
2	25001	30000	54,00
1	30001	35000	32,27
2	40001	45000	89,79
2	45001	50000	96,27
1	65001	70000	83,500
1	140001	145000	144,359
1	165001	170000	166,36
1	255001	260000	258,26
1	295001	300000	300,00
2	485001	490000	973,77
1	570001	575000	575,000
1	945001	950000	950,000
1	1125001	1130000	1,130,000
1	5305001	5310000	5,306,97
1157			11,472,529

Pattern of Shareholding of Millat Equipment Limited

As on 30-06-2020

No. of Shareholders	Size of	Total Shares Held	
	From	То	
41	1	1000	24,886
35	1001	2000	57,663
43	2001	3000	114,134
48	3001	4000	169,694
51	4001	5000	241,427
79	5001	10000	593,917
32	10001	15000	400,713
26	15001	20000	456,047
11	20001	25000	250,725
12	25001	30000	343,600
4	30001	35000	129,300
10	35001	40000	380,029
7	40001	45000	294,101
6	45001	50000	290,125
2	50001	55000	107,000
3	55001	60000	174,450
2	60001	65000	125,500
5	65001	75000	353,859
3	75001	100000	278,125
2	100001	120000	239,200
4	120001	150000	559,050
1	150001	200000	170,800
2	200001	300000	543,200
2	300001	700000	1,001,800
4	700001	2005000	7,000,662
1	2005001	11700000	11,699,993
436	Total		26,000,000

### CONSOLIDATED CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDING

As on June 30, 2021

Categor	ies of Shareholders	MIPL	%	TIPEG	%	BCL	%	MEL	%
1- Di	rectors, CEO's, spouse & minor children								
	: Sikandar Mustafa Khan	541,250	6.05	100	5.00	166,369	1.45	1,622,859	6.24
Mr	: Sohail Bashir Rana (Not a Director in MEL)	361,500	4.04	100	5.00	144,359	1.26	1,705,001	6.56
Mr	. Laeeq Uddin Ansari	339,500	3.79	100	5.00	3,120	0.03	2,047,801	7.88
Mi	an Muhammad Saleem (Not a Director in MEL)	2,499	0.03	100	5.00	2,993	0.03	2,500	0.01
Mr	. Ahsan Imran Shaikh	33,650	0.38	_	_	_	_	132,450	0.51
Sy	ed Muhammad Irfan Aqueel(CEO-MTL)								
(	Not a Director in BCL)	_	_	_	_	2,500	0.02	100,000	0.38
Mr	: Sohail Ahmad Nisar (MIPL Director only)	1.00	0.00	_	_	_	_	_	-
Mr	: Javed Aslam (CEO-MIPL)	20,000	0.22	_	_	_	_	1.00	0.00
Mr	. Abdul Hamid Ahmed Dagia (BCL Director only)	_	_	_	_	2,500	0.02	_	-
Mr	s.Tabassum Rana (BCL Director only)	_	_	_	_	80	0.00	_	_
	: Nisar Ahmed Mirani (CEO-BCL)	_	_			_		3,000	0.01
	: Muhammad Mustafa Khan(MEL Director Only)	2,500	0.03					2,142	0.01
Mr	: Muhammad Mustafa Sohail (MEL Director only)	1,000	0.01			_	_	3,950	0.02
	: Muraad Naseer Uddin Ansari(MEL Director only)	_	_	_		_	_	5,000	0.02
	: Qaiser Saleem( MEL Director only)	197,500	2.21	_		_		601,550	2.31
		1,499,400	16.75	400	20.00	321,921	2.81	6,226,254	23.95
2- As	ssociated Companies, Undertakings	.,,,						-,,	
	and related parties								
a)	Millat Tractors Limited	5,737,500	64.09	1,500	75.00	5,306,979	46.26	11,699,993	45.00
b)	Associated Undertakings	-		46,278	0.40		-	, 000 , 000	
c)	Related Parties	_	_	_	_	_			
3- NI	T and ICP	_	_	488,716	4.26	_	-		
4- Ba	anks, Development Financial Institutions ,								
No	on-Banking Financial Institutions &								
Pe	ensions Funds	_	-	_	_	575,273	5.01	_	-
5- In:	surance Companies	_	_	_	0.00	_			
6- Mo	odarabas & Mutual Funds	_	_	_	_	_	_		
7- Sh	nareholders Holding 10% or more Voting								
Int	terest (Detail as per 2 (a) above								
8- Ge	eneral Public								
	Local			4,259,863	37.13		_		
	Foreign	_	_	4,209,803	37.13	21,905	0.19		
D-1	roreign	_		_		21,900	0.19	_	
	hers								
Joi	int Stock Companies	_	_	_	_	0	0.00	_	-
Tru	ıst -	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pu	blic	1,715,940	19.17	_	_	_	_	8,073,753	31.05
Mis	scellaneous			100	5.00	451,594	3.94		
		8,952,840	100.00	2,000	100.00	11,472,529	100.00	26,000,000	100.00

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### **ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION CONSENT**



Pursuant to the allowance granted through SRO 787(I)/2014 of September 8, 2014, by the Securities Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the Company can circulate its annual balance sheet and profit and loss accounts, auditor's report and directors' report etc. ("Audited Financial Statements") along with the Company's Notice of Annual General Meeting through email to its shareholders. Those shareholders who wish to receive the Company's Annual Report via email are requested to provide a completed consent form to the Company's Share Registrar, M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Ltd.

PLEASE NOTE THAT RECEIPT OF THE ANNUAL REPORT VIA EMAIL IS OPTIONAL AND NOT COMPULSORY.

### **ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION CONSENT FORM**

The Share Registrar
Date: M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Ltd., 1st Floor, H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore.
Pursuant to the directions given by the Securities Exchange Commission of Pakistan through its SRO 787(I)/2014 of September 8, 2014, I, Mr./Ms
Name of Member/ Shareholder  Folio/ CDC Account Number
Email Address:
It is stated that the above mentioned information is true and correct and that I shall notify the Company and its Share Registrar in writing of any change in my email address or withdrawal of my consent to email delivery of the Company's Audited Financial Statements and Notice of Annual General Meeting.
Signature of the Member/ Shareholder

### MILLAT TRACTORS LIMITED

### اظهار رضامندی بابت ترسیل برق روی

سکیورٹیزاینڈا پیچنج کمیشن آف پاکستان کےالیں آراو 2014/(1)/2014 مورخہ 8 ستمبر 2014 کے بموجت سہولت مہیا گی گئی ہے کہ کمپنی اپنی سالانہ بیلنس شیٹ اورنفع ونقصان کے گوشوارے محاسب ونظمہ کی مرتب کردہ اطلائی معلومات (پڑتال شدہ مالیاتی حسابات) بشمول سالانہ اجلاس عام کی اطلاع اپنے خصص یافتگان کو بذریعیدای میل ارسال کرسکتی ہے۔وہ تمام حصص داران جو سمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارمیسرز حمید مجیدایسوی ایٹس (پرائیوٹ) کمپنی کی سالانہ رپورٹ بذریعیا کی میل حاصل کرنے کےخواہشمند ہیں ان سے التماس ہے کہ بھیل شدہ رضا مندی کے فارم کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارمیسرز حمید مجیدایسوی ایٹس (پرائیوٹ) کمپیٹر کو مہیا کریں۔

یاود ہانی رہے کہ سالا ندر بورٹ کی بذر بعدای میل وصولی اختیاری ہے لازمی نہیں ہے۔	
اظهار رضامندی بابت ترسیل برق روی فارم	تاريخ:
شیئررجىٹرار میسرزحمیدمجیدالیبوی ایٹس (پرائیوٹ)لمیٹڈ فسٹ فلور،ایچ سائم ہاؤس، 7- مینک اسکوئر، لاہور	
سکیورٹیزاینڈ ایکیچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کےالیں آر او 2014/(1)/787مورخہ 8 متمبر2014 کی تعیل کرتے ہوئے میں مسمی/مسماۃ ولدیت/زوجیت ملت ٹر کیٹرزلمیٹڈ کے پڑتال شدہ مالیاتی گوشوار ہے اور سالا نہ اجلاس عام کی اطلاع بذریعیای میل مندرجہ ذیل ای میل پتے پر حاصل کرنا چا ہتا/ج	
ممبر <i>التحص</i> دارنام: فوليوسى دُى سى اكا وَسْتُم بَمِر: اى ميل ايڈرليس:	
ہرگاہ اقرار کیا جاتا ہے کہ مندرجہ بالامعلومات سیج اور درست ہیں اور یہ کہ میں کمپنی اوراس کے شیئر رجسڑ ارکوتح بری طور پرای میل ایڈرلیس میں تبدی اور سالا نہ اجلاس عام کی اطلاع کی وصولی یامنسوخی کے بارے میں مطلع کروں گا۔	یں تبدیلی بابذر بعیرای میں کمپنی کے پڑتال شدہ حسابات
ممبر التصف دار کے دستخط:	

### PROXY FORM 58th Annual General Meeting



I / We		
of		being a member of Millat Tractors Limited and
holder of	Ordinary share	es as per Shares Register Folio No
and / or CDC Participant I.D	. No and	Sub Account No
hereby appoint	of	or failing him / her
of	or failing him / her	of as my proxy to vote for me and
on my behalf at the Annua	General Meeting of the Compa	ny to be held on Saturday, October 30, 2021 at 11:30am
at Company's Registered	Office, 9 K.M. Sheikhupura Ro	ad, Shahdara, Lahore and at any adjournment thereof.
Signed this	day of	2021
Signature	Please affix Rupees fifty revenue stamp  (Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered with the Company)	

### **Important**

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting of the Company is entitled to attend and vote instead of him/her. No person shall act as a proxy who is not a member of the Company except that a corporation may appoint a person who is not member.
- 2. The instrument appointing a proxy should be signed by the member(s) or by his/her attorney duly authorized in writing. If the member is a corporation, its common seal should be affixed to the instrument.
- 3. This Proxy Form, duly completed, must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office, 9 K, Sheikhupura Road, Lahore, not less than 48 hours before the time of holding of the meeting

### تشكيل نيابت داري 58وال سالاندا جلاس عام

MTL

MILLAT TRACTORS LIMITED	يل انهم
ملت ٹریکٹر زلمیٹیٹر	ساكن '
عام حصص بمطابق شيئر رجير ڈ فوليونمبر	رکن وحاصل
اورذیلی کھانة نمبر	اور ماسی ڈی سی کےشراکتی آئی ڈی نمبر
دیگر ساکن	ساكن يابصورت
1 بجے دو پہر، بمقام نمپنی کے رجسڑ ڈ آفس:9- کلومیٹر شیخو پورہ روڈ	كواپني جگه بروز ہفتہ مورخہ 30اكتو بر،2021ء وقت 30:1
میں رائے دہندگی کے لئے اپنانمائندہمقرر کرتا ہوں۔	شاہدرہ لا ہور میں منعقد یا ملتوی ہونے والےسالا نہا جلاسِ عام

دستخط کئے گئے مور نعہ \_\_\_\_\_\_2021ء

براہ کرم پچاس روپے مالیت کے ربو نیوٹکٹ چسپال کریں۔

> \_\_\_\_\_ (وستخط کمپنی میں درج نمونہ کے دستخط کے مطابق ہونے چاہئے)

وستخط

### نوٹس:

- 1. کمپنی کی سالانہ جزل میٹنگ میں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کا حق دار رکن اپنی بجائے دوسرے کو شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کا حق دے سکتا ہے۔جو سمپنی کارکن نہیں ہے کوئی بھی شخص پراکسی کے طور پر کام نہیں کرے گا سوائے اس کے کہ ایک کارپوریشن کسی ایسے شخص کو مقرر کرے جو رکن نہیں ہے۔
- 2. پراکسی کا تقرر کرنے والے پراکسی پر رکن (ممبران) یا اس کے وکیل کی طرف سے تحریری طور پر مجاز ہونا چاہیے۔اگر ممبر ایک کارپوریشن ہے تو،اس کی عام مہرکوپراکسی پر چسپال کیا جانا چاہیے۔
  - 3. یہ پراکسی فارم کمپنی کے رجسٹرڈ آفس9-کلو میٹر، شیخو پورہ روڈہ لاہور میں اجلاس کے انعقاد سے 48 گھٹے پہلے وصول ہو جانی چاہیے۔

